

Oral Hearing

Day 27 – Tuesday, 28th February 2023

Being heard before: Ms Christine Smith KC (Chair)

Dr Sonia Swart (Panel Member)

Mr Damian Hanbury (Assessor)

Held at: Bradford Court, Belfast

Gwen Malone Stenography Services certify the following to be a verbatim transcript of their stenographic notes in the abovenamed action.

Gwen Malone Stenography Services

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| 1 | | THE INQUIRY RESUMED ON TUESDAY, 28TH FEBRUARY 2023 AS | |
|----|----|--|-------|
| 2 | | FOLLOWS: | |
| 3 | | | |
| 4 | | CHAIR: Good afternoon, everyone. | |
| 5 | | | 10:03 |
| 6 | | Dr. Wright. Welcome back. | |
| 7 | Α. | Thank you. | |
| 8 | | CHAIR: Mr. Wolfe. | |
| 9 | | | |
| 10 | | DR. RICHARD WRIGHT, HAVING BEEN PREVIOUSLY SWORN, | 10:03 |
| 11 | | CONTINUED TO BE EXAMINED BY MR. WOLFE KC AS FOLLOWS: | |
| 12 | | | |
| 13 | | MR. WOLFE KC: Good morning, Mr. Wright. Thank you for | |
| 14 | | returning for the second day of your evidence. You | |
| 15 | | were last with us on Day 23, which was 2nd February. | 10:03 |
| 16 | | Your evidence has been transcribed and is available to | |
| 17 | | the public and, of course, the Panel and Core | |
| 18 | | Participants, and can be found at TRA02484 through to | |
| 19 | | 02630. | |
| 20 | | | 10:04 |
| 21 | | You'll recall when you were last with us that we had | |
| 22 | | brought the narrative in chronological fashion up to | |
| 23 | | that point when, on 22th December 2016 the Oversight | |
| 24 | | Committee had resolved to proceed by way of a formal | |
| 25 | | MHPS investigation to consider what, at that time, | 10:04 |
| 26 | | looked like three issues of concern with regard to | |
| 27 | | Mr. O'Brien's practice. What remains to be examined in | |
| 28 | | your evidence is that portion after December 2016 when | |
| 29 | | you had your hands on various activities associated | |

1 with MHPS, and we'll end this morning, or this 2 afternoon, with some reflections on your involvement in 3 the process. 4 5 Before stepping through those 2017 into 2018 issues, 10:05 just, if we can for some time this morning, step back 6 7 in time to go over some of the issues that arose the 8 last time in light of some information the Inquiry has received through the evidence of others in the past few 9 10 days and weeks since you were last with us. 10.05 11 12 Mr. Simon Gibson was with us on Day 25, 22nd February. 13 He recalled that you asked him to do a discreet piece of work, emphasis on that word, in the form of what was 14 15 to become known as a screening report. I asked him to 10:06 16 explain what he meant by the word "discreet", and he 17 suggested that there was to be, in essence, 18 a confidential piece, not taking his enquiries all 19 around the houses or into the canteen, as he put it, 20 but to speak to a few people. 10:06 21 22 He told us he had done other work for you of that type 23 but not in the context of an MHPS process. 24 fair? 25 That's correct. Yes. Α. 10:06 I asked him to comment in light of an understanding of 26 1 Q. 27 the MHPS Framework and the Trust's guidelines, which I put to him to the effect that the screening process, 28

or the preliminary enquiries, should be conducted by

a Clinical Manager. You'll recall we had a bit of debate about where you saw your operation of the process and whether it was compliant with the quidelines. What he said was:

10:07

10:08

10.09

"I think that Charlie McAllister and Colin Weir would have been clinically a lot closer and maybe would have been able to give a wider perspective of issues that they may have been aware of that I certainly wasn't, or maybe others weren't as well. Certainly there would be 10:07 advantages in Charlie and Colin being there, for sure."

Just on that particular point. When you reflect upon the evidence that you've given and your awareness of the situation at the time, do you have any reservations about your decision not to involve Mr. McAllister and Mr. Weir in the process of preliminary enquiries?

Α.

Mr. Weir in the process of preliminary enquiries?

Yes, I have reflected upon it and, clearly -- I mean,
I would obviously support the guidance going forward in
terms of involving clinical personnel where possible.

But, I can give you my reasons for why I asked Simon to
do it, Mr. Gibson to do it, if you wish. What was in
my head. The first thing was speed. Both
Dr. McAllister and Mr. Weir were very busy clinicians.
I needed this done at some speed once we had to get
ready for the Oversight Committee and I suspected they
wouldn't be able to complete the job in the time frame.

Mr. Gibson had been on an NCAS training programme. He
was aware of the issues. He was very well placed with

all of the key characters to be able to speak to them. 1 2 He had almost a unique breadth of experience within the organisation in terms of his involvement with the 3 people involved in this. So. I was confident he would 4 5 be able to complete this task in the time frame 10:09 required and with a degree of professionalism and 6 7 confidentiality. 8 In hindsight, yes, it would have been better to have 9 involved a clinician, but I'm not sure they would have 10 10.09 11 been able to complete the job in the time frame. 12 2 I think those reasons you have set out are consistent Q. 13 with what you told us on the last indication. 14 15 I should say, Chair, and members of the Panel, the 10:10 16 transcript from Mr. Gibson is not yet -- at least when I looked at it yesterday -- Bates numbered, but the 17 quotation I have just recited comes from page 76 and 18 19 questions 259 to 261. That should be easily married up 20 when we have the transcription. 10:10 21 22 Is there any sense, Dr. Wright, that you may have 23 thought that Mr. Weir, Dr. McAllister, were too close 24 to Mr. O'Brien to provide you with the kind of clean, 25 honest, straightforward analysis that you required for 10 · 11 the purposes of taking this forward? 26 27 Α. At the time that I asked Mr. Gibson to do the study I don't believe that was a factor in my mind. 28

it may have been that they were too close, and that is

something, you know, as events unfolded could have been an issue. But, in all honesty, at the time of the decision it was simply I had confidence that Simon was able to deliver this in the time frame and he would do the job well. That was the overriding factor in my mind.

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- 7 3 Q. Ultimately, and we'll come on later to look at
 8 Mr. Weir, who was removed -- I use that word
 9 neutrally -- from the process. He was appointed as
 10 case investigator, and that arose out of a sense that
 11 he was too close. Is that fair? We'll explore it in
 12 detail.
- 13 A. There were a number of factors, to be fair.
- 14 4 Q. Okay, we'll come to that.

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16 Dr. McAllister's evidence, Day 24, 21st February, you spoke on the last occasion at TRA-02501 about the 17 18 importance of the Associate Medical Directors, for your purposes as Medical Director. You say they were 19 20 critical to the running of the professional system. was the tenor of Dr. McAllister's evidence that there 21 22 was a somewhat distant professional relationship 23 between you and him. He said -- and this is, members 24 of the Panel, TRA-2738 through to TRA-02739 -- it was the tenor of his evidence, as I said, that there was 25 10 · 13 26 some distance between you. He was expecting monthly 27 one-to-one meetings, which was the arrangement, give or take, before you came in in July 2015. He looked to 28 29 have those meetings for support, information, a steer

on prioritisation and on the direction of travel for issues. You first met him after coming in in July 2015. You first met him one-to-one February 2016, and over a period of nine months he recalled that you only had two one-to-one meetings. Does that sound accurate?

A. I think that is accurate in terms of the one-to-one meetings, although there would have been lots of occasions when we would have been working together, and quite closely. I think it is fair to say that our relationship was not as strong as it would have been between some of the other Associate Medical Directors.

I mean, I can expand on that if you wish.

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- Q. Please do. It's perhaps relevant in the context when he wrote you on 9th May, shortly taking over an additional AMD role in Surgery, and we saw his lengthy email of 21 points. We'll come to whether there was a meeting around that in a moment. Just in terms of the closeness of your relationship, which was different or lacked closeness compared to others?
 - A. Well, I set out my stall very much at the beginning of my tenure as developing a team of Associate Medical Directors who would work closely with each other and support each other and often help out on issues that affected the entire Trust as opposed to just their own specific area of interest. I think Dr. McAllister found that a difficult and a different approach to what he was used to before. So we differed quite significantly on our approach to that.

2 On one of the occasions guite soon after I began we took the team away for a number of days on 3 a team-building exercise, and that was going guite well 4 5 as far as I could see. We had external people in from 10:16 the Leadership Centre to help us with that around this 6 7 very issue of collegiate working. Dr. McAllister left 8 that early, of his own volition, because I think he found the process very difficult. So, there was an 9 issue of communication between the two of us that 10 10 · 16 11 we worked through, I think, reasonably professionally. 12 Then there were other complicating issues that arose as 13 the tenure went on in that there was another process taking place regarding Dr. McAllister, which I was 14 15 involved in, which made it difficult to have regular 10:16 16 one-to-one meetings during that. So, it was 17 a difficult time. But what I would say is we had lot 18 of opportunities to discuss cases and issues on a regular and frequent basis, and those would have been 19 20 availed of from time to time. It didn't prevent the 10:16 working of the Department, but I realised there was an 21 22 issue there that had to be addressed. The 9th May email, he gave evidence specifically around 23 Q. 24 that at TRA-02745. Counsel was asking him about that.

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"Can you ever recall meeting Dr. Wright to discuss the email of 9th May?

He says that he suggested that -- just at the bottom of 10:17

the page. Thank you for bringing it up.

1 I attempted to the following Friday.

You say you attempted to. Were you able to meet with Dr. Wright?

He suggested that it wasn't the time or the place and it should wait to the next one-to-one."

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Does that effect your memory?

- I honestly can't remember that situation arising. Α. not saying it didn't, but I have no recollection of I can't comment on that. What I would say is the issues in that email, there were very many issues and virtually all of them already had a process in place that he would have been aware of and I was aware of, and we were working through those on an individual basis. So there wasn't one issue he was flagging up, 'I need to talk to you about this really urgently', in the way there might have been for other issues in the It was a general email of lots of issues going on and there were already processes in place for just about all of them. Whilst it was a significant email, and I accept that, it wasn't one, 'I need to talk to you about this particular issue urgently'. I don't recall any attempt to get a sooner meeting than that. It may have been, but I have no recollection of that.
- 7 Q. I want to ask you, using the word "discreet" again about a discreet issue concerning Patient 93. You should have a cipher list beside you. If you scroll to the fourth page you'll see the name of that patient towards the bottom two-thirds of the way down. Does

| 1 | | | that name many anything to you? | |
|----|---|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | Α. | No, not particularly. No. | |
| 3 | 8 | Q. | I want to show you some emails that were passing | |
| 4 | | | between managers within the Surgical Urological side in | |
| 5 | | | August/September 2016 and then ask you some questions | 10:19 |
| 6 | | | about them. | |
| 7 | | | | |
| 8 | | | If we go to TRU-754. Let's try TRU-274751. | |
| 9 | | Α. | Mr. Wolfe, this screen isn't functioning. | |
| 10 | | | CHAIR: It is Tuesday. We tend to have technical | 10:20 |
| 11 | | | difficulties on a Tuesday, Mr. Wright. Is everyone | |
| 12 | | | else's screen functioning okay? Can we just check it? | |
| 13 | | | MR. WOLFE KC: There's nothing up on your screen? | |
| 14 | | Α. | No. | |
| 15 | | | CHAIR: We've discovered loose wires and things can be | 10:21 |
| 16 | | | an issue at times. | |
| 17 | | Α. | It may be just not turned on. | |
| 18 | | | CHAIR: Easily resolved one, at least. | |
| 19 | 9 | Q. | MR. WOLFE KC: Just to contextualise this for you, | |
| 20 | | | Dr. Wright. You're looking a bit puzzled and I'm not | 10:21 |
| 21 | | | suggesting for one minute you should have known about | |
| 22 | | | this issue or that you do know about this issue, but | |
| 23 | | | I want to set it out for you, nevertheless. | |
| 24 | | | | |
| 25 | | | 31st August 2016 Mr. Haynes writes to Martina Corrigan | 10:22 |
| 26 | | | in connection with: "I can assure you Patient 93", and | |
| 27 | | | he sets out a history there in respect of the patient | |
| 28 | | | which, in a nutshell, says that this patient should | |
| 29 | | | have been triaged, having been referred as a routine by | |

the general practitioner. Had it been triaged, given 1 2 the PSA results on repeat, it would or ought to have 3 been red flagged. The triage didn't happen so the 4 patient wasn't red flagged but he came back into the 5 system after a delay of three and a half months with 10:22 a metastatic disease from a prostate primary. Although 6 7 the outcome for the patient, in Mr. Haynes' view, 8 wouldn't necessarily have changed, he considered it of concern and put it into the system as "SAI?" Let's see 9 how that develops and who knew about it. Ultimately, 10 10 · 23 11 to give you a heads up, I want to look at this in the 12 context of what you were looking at at the time: 13 a screening process leading to an Oversight Group, 14 decisions, then those decisions bypassed. I want to 15 ultimately look at whether this kind of information is 10:23 16 information that should have been drawn to your 17 attention.

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Mr. Haynes to Mrs. Corrigan, if we go up that page then. Mrs. Corrigan to Mr. Carroll. Then Mr. Carroll, 10:24 scrolling up, to Mr. McAllister. Mr. McAllister is asked to consider the series of the emails.

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"Suffice to say although the outcome for the patient would not be any different. This is, as you know, not the issue that needs to be dealt with. We await your thoughts."

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That's going to Mr. McAllister, presumably in his role

1 as AMD. Then the AMD, Mr. McAllister: My thoughts are 2 that this should go through Mr. Young, who is the Clinical Lead Urology, then Mr. Weir as the Clinical 3 4 Director, then he is happy to become involved. 5 you regard that as an appropriate process? 10:25 6 Α. It would need to be done in a timely manner. But, yes, 7 clearly the Clinical Lead and the relevant Clinical 8 Director should be involved in that process, yes, that's correct. 9 10 10 Then up the page it is back to Martina from Ronan, Q. 10:25 11 Mr. Carroll. Then it goes to -- up the page --12 Martina to flag it for Michael, Michael Young. Up the 13 page then, please. So Michael Young takes a view and 14 comes back to Mrs. Corrigan. He's saying essentially 15 that the GP got it wrong with the referral. 10:25 16 17 "The point here is that although noncurable I would 18 have thought treatment would still have been offered in 19 the form of ADT at some stage. To follow this, the 20 next step means that if still following our current 10:26 21 routine waiting time would have resulted in the patient not being seen for a year. 22 Some clinicians would have 23 regarded this as resulting in a delay in therapy". 24 What we have here is a live situation where a patient 25 10.26 has been missed. It is also seen by Mr. Weir and he 26

adds his comments through a meeting with Mrs. Corrigan,

which I needn't bring you to. It does seem that both

Clinical Director and Associate Medical Director were

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| 1 | | | aware of the case where the implications for the | |
|----|----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | patient arising out of a failed triage were, | |
| 3 | | | potentially, quite serious. A delay of three and a | |
| 4 | | | half months, albeit the outcome may not have been any | |
| 5 | | | different. | 10:27 |
| 6 | | Α. | Mm-hmm. | |
| 7 | 11 | Q. | This case joins the case of Patient 10, which was an | |
| 8 | | | SAI in the system. Is it clear to you that in August | |
| 9 | | | and September when Oversight were looking at | |
| 10 | | | Mr. O'Brien's practice, that you weren't aware of these | 10:27 |
| 11 | | | issues? | |
| 12 | | Α. | I wasn't aware of this, certainly, no. No, I wasn't | |
| 13 | | | aware of that. At that point. | |
| 14 | 12 | Q. | Is it something that you ought to have been aware of or | |
| 15 | | | ought to have been drawn to your attention? | 10:27 |
| 16 | | Α. | The process would normally be that the AMDs and the | |
| 17 | | | Governance Leads would meet within the Directorate to | |
| 18 | | | look at all the potential SAIs and consider. I would | |
| 19 | | | have expected that would have happened with this, and | |
| 20 | | | given this was connected with the case we were looking | 10:28 |
| 21 | | | at, I would have wanted it to have been drawn to my | |
| 22 | | | attention. | |
| 23 | 13 | Q. | You were seeking, through Mr. Gibson's efforts, an | |
| 24 | | | update on the kinds of issues that were to be regarded | |
| 25 | | | as difficulties or, perhaps, shortcomings in | 10:28 |
| 26 | | | Mr. O'Brien's practice? | |
| 27 | | Α. | That's right. That's correct. | |

14 Q. How was this information to come through that process

if Mr. Gibson is only speaking to Martina Corrigan and

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- the lady -- I forget her name -- with responsibility
 for patient records? Those are the two people he spoke
 to.
- A. I would have expected the Service Director to have been consulting with her AMDs and her Governance Team to bring any relevant information to the table, if you like, at the Oversight Meeting. That would normally be what would happen.
- 9 15 Q. In particular terms then, Mrs. Gishkori, knowing that
 10 an Oversight Committee had been convened to look at
 11 Mr. O'Brien's practice, should have been, I suppose,
 12 gathering appropriate intelligence from within her
 13 system to bring to the table at Oversight?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Obviously we can ask Mrs. Gishkori about that. 15 16 Q. 10:30 16 met, as you know, with Mr. McAllister and Mr. Weir, 17 perhaps I think a question mark around that, on 14th 18 September, the day after the Oversight. We can see 19 from the dates of these emails that this Patient 93 20 issue was in their in-tray at that time, or had just 10:30 left their in-tray, perhaps, with Mr. McAllister. 21

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In the interests of full transparency and to enable senior managers to take appropriate decisions, would you have expected Mr. McAllister to have drawn this case to Mrs. Gishkori's attention if she didn't otherwise know about it?

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A. That would normally be what happens in these situations and, yes, I would have expected that.

- 1 17 Q. The SAI concerning Patient 10 started life as an incident report in January. Maybe the Inquiry will do some work in terms of where it was sitting in September 2016. You say that wasn't known to you at that time?
- A. Yes, I believe so. Yes, I wasn't aware of that at that time.

10:31

10:33

- 8 18 Q. I think you explained on the last occasions that
 9 perhaps the game changer in terms of why you had the
 10 22nd December meeting leading to a formal MHPS was the 10:32
 11 information coming through in respect of the SAI
 12 concerning Patient 10?
- 13 Yes, that's right. We received an interim report. Α. 14 Obviously the chair of that SAI was concerned enough to escalate that. He wasn't keen to wait until he'd 15 10:32 16 finished writing the report, and that was the 17 appropriated thing to do. Obviously, at any one time 18 there would be lots of incidents being investigated, 19 most of them which don't come to very much so you wouldn't be aware of them all. But, yes, whenever he 20 10:32 raised that, that was a game changer for me in my mind. 21
- 22 Reflecting back on that time now and trying to help the 19 Q. 23 Inquiry generally with the process around this early 24 stage of an inquiry in a practitioner's performance, have you any reflections to offer in terms of the kind 25 of questions or the Terms of Reference that should be 26 27 set for the person conducting the preliminary investigations and, I suppose, the process for enabling 28 information to flow in to Oversight from -- it's not 29

oversight any more, of course, but to flow into the system in respect of performance?

A. I think it makes sense, and clearly in this case this makes the case that specific information regarding any intelligence an organisation has around incidents that have been raised, or clinical concerns raised in other forums through complaints or litigation, or even as a result of a multi-disciplinary team discussion, which might be relevant to an investigation, would be useful to have at the table. That should be sought at an earlier stage proactively rather than waiting.

what had tended to happen was that the -- and the reason for having the Service Director at the Oversight meeting was they would usually be fully briefed about the relevant issues within their team and usually they would have brought any relevant information to the table or, if not actually at the meeting, they would have forwarded that soon after, once they realised what the issue was. I think, with hindsight, it would have been better to have proactively and deliberately asked for that information right at the start, if there was any.

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10:35

- Of course if the Clinical Manager, be that McAllister or Weir, had been given the task by you of bringing to the table the results of a preliminary inquiry, we could say they were the people with that knowledge.

 Mr. Gibson didn't have that knowledge?
- A. I think that's a reasonable point. I think the only

thing I would say is that going to the Oversight 1 2 Meeting -- many of the issues brought to the Oversight Meeting don't go any further because they are deemed 3 not to require an MHPS investigation or any other 4 5 investigation, so that would happen from time to time. 10:35 I suppose in my mind, at what point does the MHPS 6 7 procedure start? It could have been there wouldn't 8 have been any further investigation after the Oversight, but with hindsight and looking back, yes, 9 I think that's a fair point, that the local clinician 10 10:36 11 being involved at the start would have been more likely to have that information to hand. I think that's 12 13 correct. You spoke on the last occasion at TRA-02611 about 14 21 Q. 15 following the 22nd December Oversight decision you went 10:36 16 to speak, maybe you telephoned, Mrs. Brownlee in her capacity as Chair of The Trust Board. 17 18 Yes, I went to her directly in her office. Α. 19 22 Very good. Thank you. You remarked that you told her Q. 20 about the decision, and she listened professionally, 10:36 and there was no controversy in respect of that. 21

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Could I draw your attention to what Mrs. Toal has told us in a witness statement? If I could have up on the screen, please, WIT-41056. Scrolling down. This is a Section 21 response from Mrs. Toal. She's reflecting upon the time at which you first introduced her to the Aidan O'Brien issues. She places it somewhere between late August and early September. He says:

10:37

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2 "I believe it was during this conversation that
3 Dr. Wright made me aware that Mr. O'Brien was a friend
4 of Mrs Roberta Brownlee, Chair of the Southern Health
5 and Social Care Trust. Part of the same conversation,

I can recall asking Dr. Wright if Francis Rice, Chief

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Executive, knew about the concerns."

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Can I just ask you about that. First of all, do
you agree with Mrs. Toal's recollection that at some
point, possibly late August, early September, when
introducing the Aidan O'Brien concerns that you, at the
same time, referred to the friendship between Brownlee
and O'Brien?

- A. Yes. My wife and I had been invited to Mrs. Brownlee's 10:39
 60th birthday party earlier in the year. It was the
 only time we were at a social event with her.
 Mr. O'Brien was there and it was clear they were
 friends. That's the only reason I would have known
- 20 that. But I was aware that he was at her birthday

21 party, as I was.

- 22 23 Q. That's helpful but it doesn't quite answer the -- why
 23 would you be, at the same time as relating your
 24 concerns about Mr. O'Brien, perhaps signalling that
 25 they would need to be looked at quite closely, and were 10:39
 26 being looked at quite closely, or about to be, by
 27 Mr. Gibson, why in that context are you mentioning the
- 29 A. I was aware that other people would have been aware of

friendship with the Chairperson of the Board?

- that friendship and it may have made them wary about how they interacted with the case, potentially.
- 3 24 Q. Mrs. Toal, an experienced HR professional, why did she 4 need to know this?
- 5 To be honest, I'm not sure that she necessarily Α. 10:40 6 She would have known this anyway. 7 it's something she would have been aware of as much as 8 I would have been. I don't think -- there was no other motive or intent. It was just an issue in the case 9 that could potentially have been a complicating factor 10 10 · 40 11 in how we dealt with it going forward, because 12 I suspect that some people may have been reticent to 13 become involved because of the known association, and we had to be aware of that. But I had no concrete 14 evidence to say that that happened or would have 15 10:41 16 happened otherwise. But it was an issue. It was a bit 17 of the emotional intelligence around the case.
- 18 25 Q. Was it a suggestion that we have to be extra careful
 19 here to do this by the book, or was it a suggestion
 20 that by interference or implication that we might come 10:41
 21 under some pressure here in investigating this?
- 22 I don't think at that stage there was any of that, Α. 23 It was simply just a 'be aware of the issue'. 24 I was certainly aware of that when I went to tell her 25 about Mr. O'Brien, that she had a personal interest in 10 · 41 26 this case and I just needed to be very factual, 27 professional, about how I presented that to her. Ιt was no more than that. 28
- 29 26 Q. Could I turn to the NCAS advice that had been sought in

| 1 | | | advance of 13th September Oversight Meeting. You had | |
|----|----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | directed Mr. Gibson, you will recall, to speak to NCAS? | |
| 3 | | Α. | Yes. | |
| 4 | 27 | Q. | He spoke to Dr. Colin Fitzpatrick on 7th September, but | |
| 5 | | | the report, or the written advice, I should call it, | 10:42 |
| 6 | | | dated 13th September wasn't available at the time of | |
| 7 | | | the meeting and was, in fact, received later on the | |
| 8 | | | same day as the meeting. | |
| 9 | | Α. | Mm-hmm. | |
| 10 | 28 | Q. | You said on the last indication, TRA-02575, that you | 10:42 |
| 11 | | | can't remember if the NCAS advice was discussed. You | |
| 12 | | | added you would have been wary of discussing advice not | |
| 13 | | | seen. This is just at the top of the page. Then at | |
| 14 | | | the bottom of that page you say: | |
| 15 | | | | 10:43 |
| 16 | | | "There might have been some mention of it" that's | |
| 17 | | | the advice "but without actually seeing the letter | |
| 18 | | | we couldn't have formally considered it, really." | |
| 19 | | | | |
| 20 | | | Just to be clear, and to have your observations on it, | 10:44 |
| 21 | | | Mr. Gibson, giving evidence on 22nd February, feels | |
| 22 | | | sure that the advice must have been raised verbally | |
| 23 | | | with him, although he cannot say specifically at this | |
| 24 | | | stage what he said and, of course, the minute or the | |
| 25 | | | record of the meeting is unhelpful in not mentioning it | 10:44 |
| 26 | | | at all. | |
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I'm not sure if I drew your attention to this email

specifically on the last occasion but even if I did,

I'll do it again. WIT-41573. He is writing just over two weeks after the Oversight:

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"You will recall that as part of the collation of evidence in relation to the above I sought advice from 10:45 NCAS which was discussed when the Oversight Committee met. The written advice from NCAS has now come in and is attached."

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Just on that, he's saying in specific terms, on the record, this is advice that's come in. I would have discussed this with you at the Oversight Committee.

Nobody dissented from that email to say two weeks after the meeting, 'oh, no, you didn't'.

10:45

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- I'm sure if Simon remembers this that it could have 15 Α. 16 I don't recall it. It's not in the minute. I'm not being very helpful here. It's possible it was 17 18 mentioned in passing but I can't recall the details of 19 My only question would be why would that not 20 have been minuted? Simon was doing the minutes but --21 there was no reason. I mean from my perspective, if 22 we had discussed it, there was no reason to not record 23 that and make a minute of it, but it may have just been 24 an oversight.
- 25 29 Q. Put it another way. As an experienced user of the MHPS 10:46
 26 process, you will be familiar with the indication
 27 within it which says at a preliminary stage make sure
 28 and take -- I'm paraphrasing here -- make sure and take
 29 advice from NCAS. Similarly within the Trust's local

1 guidelines, again, a difficult area, Clinical Manager, 2 don't take this decision on your own, seek advice, 3 including from NCAS. 4 5 Putting that into the mix, if you didn't receive advice 10:47 from NCAS and had a think about that, you weren't 6 7 acting in concert with your own guidelines? 8 I mean, I suppose we would have known the NCAS Α. advice had come in. Perhaps Simon indicated we were 9 broadly in line with it, I don't know. 10 But we would 10 · 47 11 have wanted to see that advice in as timely a way as we 12 could, and would have considered it obviously if it had 13 been in any way at variance with what we were 14 suggesting. I honestly can't remember that I wish I could because it would help the 10:48 15 conversation. 16 situation. I don't dispute it could have happened, but I have no recollection of it. 17 18 30 The advice -- if we can put it up on the screen, Q. 19 please, is AOB-01049. Just scroll down, please. Thank 20 you. 10:48 21 22 An aspect of the advice that was given -- just scroll 23 Thank you. Stop there. In the last paragraph 24 there's a focus on providing support to the 25 practitioner, Mr. O'Brien, including the possibility of 10:49 relieving him of Theatre duties in order to allow him 26 27 to clear his backlog. Such a significant backlog will

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support.

be difficult to clear and he will require significant

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It's fair to say, and we can go back to it if you wish, that the decision that emerged from Oversight did not deal with support for Mr. O'Brien. The letter that Mr. Gibson crafted on behalf of the Oversight Committee 10:49 after the meeting didn't provide for support for Mr. O'Brien. Plainly, and I'm conscious you can't help us with whether there was a discussion of any advice, let alone this specific advice?

10 A. Mm-hmm.

10:50

- 11 31 Q. But the process moved forward, it seems, without any 12 attention being given to supporting Mr. O'Brien through 13 this process?
- 14 Α. There would have been an expectation at Directorate level that there would have been a lot of support 15 10:50 16 That usually, in my experience, was usually what happened, through informal and formal routes. 17 18 would have obviously had this letter in front of us and 19 as the discussions ensued with Mr. O'Brien, I would 20 have expected that that support would have been 10:50 offered. As things developed, then, that letter was 21 22 never sent so that wasn't possible to implement or look Again, we would have considered this letter in 23 24 detail when we had it in front of us had the process 25 But, in any case, the normal expectation would 10:51 have been the Directorate would have managed the 26 27 individual and supported them in whatever way was appropriate, and that would have been understood by 28 29 everyone around that table, and that would have been

1 what we did with lots of cases in the past. 2 wouldn't have been a surprise and, yes, it would have been better to have been specifically outlined in that 3 4 letter: I wouldn't disagree with any of the tenor of 5 it or the discussions being made. 10:51 Obviously things took a different turn. 6 32 Q. 7 gone over that ground. Mrs. Gishkori coming with an 8 alternative plan, drafted by Mr. Weir, commented upon and annotated by Mr. Carroll. Then we have the October 9 By October you have this advice in your 10 10:52 11 hands. It has been emailed to you at the end of 12 September, as we've seen. But it's never taken out and 13 made the subject of discussion in October. 14 15 In terms of NCAS, is NCAS a troublesome hoop that you 10:52 16 had to jump through --17 No. not at all. Α. 18 33 -- or was it an organisation that was seen as central Q. 19 to a performance-related process? 20 I mean the letter should have been discussed Α. 10:52 at that October meeting. That was wrong. 21 I think, it 22 should have been clearly formally discussed. 23 24 My experience of NCAS is generally they were quite 25 I had quite a bit of experience with them, 10:53

a close relationship in the past. I found them to be

very supportive. Their advice was usually very sound.

Both in progressing an MHPS investigation and helping

with the decision-making process around exclusion, but

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1 also in looking -- sometimes at the end of an MHPS 2 process the recommendation would be that NCAS would 3 take on further work to support and assess a clinician 4 further. I've used that in the past with some success 5 to rehabilitate doctors who are in some difficulty. 10:53 6 So, no, NCAS was a very valuable organisation that 7 performed very helpful work and it should have been 8 considered at that October meeting, I think. only assume that by that stage -- I mean it should have 9 been formally considered but we had seen the letter and 10:54 10 11 events were unfolding at a different rate. But, with 12 hindsight, clearly, it should have been there. 13 I greatly valued and appreciated NCAS as an 14 organisation, and their support and advice. 15 34 Could I just then take you to a point which I think --Q. 16 I certainly have raised with you before but I just want 17 to go back on it in light of what Mr. Gibson says. 18 Back up to the bottom of the page of this letter, 19 please. You can see there that Dr. Fitzpatrick is 20 recounting what Mr. Gibson accepts he must have told 10:54 Dr. Fitzpatrick. To date, you're not aware of any 21 22 patient harm from this behaviour but there are 23 anecdotal reports of delayed referral to oncology. 24 25 when we asked you about this on the last occasion, 10:55 TRA-02579 through to 80, you said that you didn't know 26 27 the source of these anecdotal reports. You said it may

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have been tittle-tattle but, at that time, consistent

with what you said this morning, you weren't aware of

| 1 | | | complaints or SAIs at this stage. | |
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| 3 | | | Mr. Gibson, on Day 25, at page 54 of his evidence says: | |
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| 5 | | | "When thinking about this now, this issue" these | 10:55 |
| 6 | | | last two lines "should have been further | |
| 7 | | | investigated". | |
| 8 | | | | |
| 9 | | | He forwarded the letter to you and Esther Gishkori as | |
| 10 | | | we've seen. Maybe he said he is to blame for not | 10:56 |
| 11 | | | flagging the issue when he forwarded it. But, | |
| 12 | | | nevertheless, if there were anecdotal reports of | |
| 13 | | | delayed referral to oncology there was an obligation on | |
| 14 | | | the process to better understand what that meant. Did | |
| 15 | | | you agree with that? | 10:56 |
| 16 | | Α. | I mean obviously it would have been helpful to know | |
| 17 | | | where these were coming from and what level they were | |
| 18 | | | at. In a healthcare organisation there are always | |
| 19 | | | rumours and innuendos going around about every | |
| 20 | | | clinician. So there's a judgment call to be made about | 10:56 |
| 21 | | | where that becomes significant. Without hard evidence | |
| 22 | | | it is very difficult to act on. But, yes, I think | |
| 23 | | | ideally that would have been bottomed out, one way or | |
| 24 | | | another. If there wasn't substance to it then it | |
| 25 | | | shouldn't probably have been in the letter at that | 10:57 |
| 26 | | | point. If there was substance, it should have been | |
| 27 | | | investigated. | |
| 28 | 35 | Q. | I suppose the question worrying the Inquiry might be, | |
| 29 | | | in your role you have to gather the material which | |

might otherwise be available in order to make the
judgment call, and that would start with, 'Mr. Gibson,
what's this about?' In real-time he might have
remembered what it was about. 'Where has that come
from?' Then go back to the source for the anecdote, if 10:57
that was feasible, to try to work it out?

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That's where understanding where it came from would be Α. It may not be possible to go back to the source. I think this type of information, obviously, would have been teased out. Once we decided we were 10:58 doing a formal investigation this is exactly the sort of information you would like to gather. It's very difficult to do in the time period with the information given to make a preliminary decision that you were going to have an MHPS investigation. That's what the 10:58 investigation is for, to get to the bottom of all these things. Yes, it is untidy, it is not helpful, but all I can say is that anecdotal stories about doctors are very commonplace, they are very difficult to get to the bottom of in the time frame that we were dealing with, and you would hope, though, that would have been bottomed out by the investigation proper, once it started.

10:58

- 24 36 Q. Yes. Obviously the investigation proper, once it 25 started, didn't address this issue. Is it not 26 reasonable --
- 27 A. You say that, Mr. Wolfe, but I think the range of 28 people that were interviewed and discussed if these 29 issues -- I would have expected to have come out if

- there was anything of substance to them. So I just don't totally accept that point.
- 3 37 Q. Let me argue that with you. You have Terms Of
 4 Reference which, as you see, identify five issues.

We'll look at those presently. Certainly there was the 10:59
no issue within the Terms of Reference which would
cause the investigator to look at delayed referrals
through oncology. That's a long way round of saying
having got this issue on the paper, whether there is
any substance, it wasn't drawn up at the point of going 11:00

any substance, it wasn't drawn up at the point of going down the formal route in December 2016.

12 A. Yes.

- 13 38 Q. Nobody went to whoever was responsible for drafting the 14 Terms of Reference to say, 'is this worth scoping out?'
- 15 A. Yes, and I would accept that. I suppose it, again,
 16 comes back to what's the level of these anecdotal
 17 stories? Is there any real substance to them? Is
 18 there any way of tracing them? It's a difficult area.
- 19 39 Q. Yes. Can I suggest to you that this line maybe was
 20 lost --

21 A. Yes.

- 22 40 Q. -- in the process? It doesn't appear that it appears 23 in any discussion or in any agenda subsequently.
- 24 A. Yes. I think that is a reasonable point.
- 25 41 Q. The next time you speak to NCAS was after the 22nd
 26 December decision and they provided you with some
 27 advice, and we looked at that on the last occasion.
 28 Just one other point, if I may, arising out of that.

11:00

The advice is to be found at AOB-01327. Clearly it

isn't. Allow me a moment. AOB-01327. Just scroll to the bottom of that page, please? The last paragraph where the adviser, I think it's Dr. Fitzpatrick:

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"As you are aware the concerns about a doctor should be 11:02 managed in line with locality policy and the guidance in MHPS. We discussed that as the information to date noted no improvement despite the matter having been raised with doctor -- suggests that an informal approach is unlikely to resolve the situation, a more 11:03 formal process is now warranted."

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Just on that point. Were you advising NCAS in order to seek their advice about the appropriate process? Were you advising them that an informal approach had been tried and had failed, and therefore you thought that a formal approach was now necessary?

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18 I had certainly advised them that an informal approach Α. 19 had failed, in my estimation, and was asking them for 20 their advice. In my head I did believe a formal approach was now necessary. I don't think I would have 21 22 gone on to say, 'and I think you should tell us that's 23 the case'. What they advised was certainly what I was 24 thinking was probably what they were going to advise given the situation. 25

26 42 Q. Just on the informal approach. In your own mind and by 27 your own definition, what was that? Because the 28 informal approach proposed in September, if we call it

that, the informal MHPS investigation --

1 Okay. Well, I suppose -- I appreciate the language is Α. 2 confusing around this but. There would have been what I would call the informal informal approach which would 3 have been at the beginning of March with the delivery 4 5 of the letter where we hoped that this would have been 11:05 resolved simply without any further investigation. 6 7 I accept that that wasn't part of an MHPS process, but 8 that, nevertheless, was an informal attempt as well as we now knew there had been many previous informal 9 attempts to resolve this. 10 I suppose that, in 11:05 11 hindsight, was what I was regarding as the informal 12 approach. We had planned to do the more formal 13 informal approach under the MHPS guidance with the 14 letter that was to be issued, but which never happened 15 because of events that transpired and the attempts by 11:05 16 the local team to resolve this differently. meantime then we had had this escalation with the SAI 17 18 results becoming apparent to us. It was a complicated picture, I suppose, in my mind. There were lots of 19 20 informal attempts made of various types and we got to 11:06 the point, I think, where the only alternative was to 21 22 handle this formally to move this forward, because the 23 stakes had been raised, if you like. 24 43 I suppose the point is that the process that Oversight Q. 25 had determined would be appropriate in December hadn't 11:06

terms.

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been tried because it had been sidelined because of

Mrs. Gishkori's alternative, if I can put it in those

The MHPS policy or framework in supporting local

2 guidelines emphasises the need, first off, to try to

deal with this locally on an informal approach, if

4 possible. I just wonder, when you think about it, was

5 NCAS provided with an accurate account of the efforts

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on the part of the Trust to try to resolve this?

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- A. I think they were. I would have had quite a lengthy conversation about this, I'm sure, with the adviser and explained the background to the elements. I can't say that every detail was shared, but I think they would have got a flavour of -- I mean a significant flavour
- 13 44 Q. Help us, if you can. Why do you go to NCAS after the 14 decision has been made to go formal as opposed to 15 before to seek advice?

of the situation we were in.

- A. A decision is it always open to change if NCAS were disagreeing with you. It's a big thing to consider, especially when you are considering an immediate exclusion. We felt that was required but we wouldn't have done it without the support of NCAS.
- 21 45 Q. Is it not putting the cart before the horse to make the 22 decision and then go running to NCAS to confirm your 23 decision?
- A. I don't think so, because you would then be on the
 phone to NCAS about lots of cases that you might
 potentially consider an exclusion in but you weren't
 sure. It is a big thing. I think you have to be
 fairly sure that's the direction you're going in before
 you would be -- I mean this would be an unusual event

to consider immediate exclusion. I certainly wouldn't
have been ringing NCAS about most of the cases that
were on our books. I'm sure if I had they would have
wondered why I was troubling them. I see where you're
coming from. That was the direction we thought we
should go in but we wouldn't have preceded unless NCAS
had been in agreement with that.

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- 8 46 Of course NCAS can always give you advice to cause you Q. to change your mind. Is it not much more logical to 9 seek their advice in advance of any decision so that 10 11 you can weigh up that advice and take up the various 12 factors they are suggesting you weigh up and then reach 13 your decision. Have you not done it the wrong way 14 round?
- 15 Possibly. All I can say is, as I have said before, Α. 16 this was a Christmas holiday, New Year's holiday, things were moving very quickly. You know, it would 17 have been difficult to have choreographed all the 18 19 moves. This would normally have been the way, in my 20 experience, we would have operated, both in this Trust and in other Trusts, that an intended direction was 21 22 taken, then you would have consulted NCAS in the light 23 of that. I could see it probably better to speak to 24 them first, but that was not the normal way it was 25 done, in my experience.
- 26 CHAIR: Is this an appropriate time to take a break, 27 Mr. Wolfe?
- 28 MR. WOLFE KC: we certainly could do.
- 29 CHAIR: Let's take a break now for 15 minutes and come

| Τ | | back at 25 past. | |
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| 3 | | THE HEARING ADJOURNED BRIEFLY AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS: | |
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| 5 | | CHAIR: Mr. wolfe. | 11:29 |
| 6 | 47 Q. | MR. WOLFE KC: Dr. Wright, let's turn then to the | |
| 7 | | actions that then followed the decision to pursue this | |
| 8 | | matter formally. One of the first tasks you have to | |
| 9 | | undertake is to speak to Dr. Khan and let him know that | |
| 10 | | you had a difficult situation and you required his | 11:30 |
| 11 | | help. If we could just have up on the screen, please, | |
| 12 | | WIT-31899. This is you on 28th December, just after | |
| 13 | | the Christmas break, writing to Dr. Khan, presumably | |
| 14 | | for the first time to advise him of this matter. | |
| 15 | | | 11:30 |
| 16 | | Hope you had a good break. Etcetera. You have | |
| 17 | | a tricky situation you need help with. You were saying | |
| 18 | | you would like him to act as case manager under the | |
| 19 | | MHPS framework and you were going to ask Colin Weir to | |
| 20 | | act as CD. | 11:30 |
| 21 | | | |
| 22 | | We'll come to Colin Weir in a moment and look at the | |
| 23 | | various interfaces with him and the difficulties the | |
| 24 | | process ran into. The Inquiry would be interested in | |
| 25 | | your reflections on the issue of training with these | 11:31 |
| 26 | | key officers within the process. If we could just look | |
| 27 | | at something you've said about that. At WIT-18425 at | |
| 28 | | para 5.1. you say that: | |

Training for case investigators and case managers was provided mainly through the Trust development programme for senior medical staff along with individually tailored NCAS training. This was the programme that you developed in association with the Human Resources Department and the Health and Social Care Leadership Centre.

11:32

"I partly delivered this although we utilised expertise from across the Trust and also expertise from NCAS.

This would have been reviewed as part of a doctor's annual appraisal of their entire medical practice, including leadership and investigative roles."

Are you saying that was a programme you instituted

after coming into your role --

Α.

That's correct. There were lots of issues about leadership and medical management but there was a desire from the medical staff and, obviously a need that I witnessed for further training on lots of areas of medical leadership. Certainly the MHPS process and NCAS were some of the things that featured on that. We took quite a while to plan that, taking feedback from the medical staff themselves and our HR Department. We got it up and running in, I think it was the spring of 2017 by the time it was instituted. It took a while to get going. It ran then for the rest of my time as Medical Director. During that time we got virtually all the people in senior medical

leadership positions through that. But it hadn't started until after this process began.

48 Q. Would you have appreciated when making these
4 appointments that Dr. Khan and Mr. Weir were without
5 training, at least at the point of appointment?

A. Yes. This was a widespread issue within the Trust.

There were very few people who had appropriate

8 training. I mean I did recognise that as an issue.
9 However, Dr. Khan -- I'm assuming you're going to ask

why I asked Dr. Khan, not somebody else. Dr. Khan had

some very unique -- well, not unique but qualities. He had demonstrated as AMD of the Child Health Directorate

that he had a very good grasp of governance issues, of

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dealing with difficult colleagues, of understanding

systems issues. He had won many awards for that. He

was the outstanding leader within the Trust in that

area, in my judgment. I felt and believed that the

training issues could be overcome by enhancing his

training during the process. So, yes, I was aware of

that.

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The alternative really -- and the other issue for

picking Dr. Khan is I felt it was important that the

Case Manager had not been, in the recent past, working

directly with Mr. O'Brien to be objective and not have

any baggage. Mr. O'Brien had been in the Trust a long

time, so there weren't very many individuals in that

situation that one could turn to within the Trust and

29 Dr. Khan was one of the few.

1 49 Q. Yes.

2 The alternative would have been to have gone outside Α. the Trust which is possibly something we could have 3 done, I have done in the past. The difficulty with 4 5 that is in reality that would have meant, in Northern 11:35 Ireland, probably going outside the region because 6 7 Mr. O'Brien would have been well known throughout the 8 province, so to really get an objective view you would have had to have gone outside the region. I have done 9 that in the past. My experience with that is that 10 11:35 11 introduces a significant time delay to the process 12 which, in hindsight may not have been a big factor here 13 because the process was very lengthy, in any case, but 14 it's not an easy thing to do. Khan introduced -almost certainly will introduce significant time delays 11:35 15 16 to getting the process started. That was my reasoning. 17 But, yes, I suppose I was aware of the issue is the 18 short answer to the question.

19 50 Q. As I understand, they did receive training after
20 a fashion. It may well not be the kind of developed
21 training which I understand Mrs. Toal is going to tell
22 us something about today and tomorrow, which has been
23 more recently introduced.

24 A. Yes.

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25 51 Q. Notwithstanding Dr. Khan's attributes and the training
26 that he did receive, can I put to you his reflection on
27 his involvement? It's at WIT-32000. He says at A at
28 the top of the page:

"I think the most important factor was that I had no previous experience of conducting such a complex MHPS investigations as a Case Manager. I reviewed all the relevant guidelines and the MHPS Framework document. However, with no previous experience I wasn't fully quipped to carry out such a complex MHPS case

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He did receive training after the investigation had commenced. He is reflecting back that, really, this 11:37 was, in general terms, new to him and he didn't feel well-equipped. Is there -- the Inquiry is interested in this generally in the context of MHPS -- in your experience -- obviously you had experience in Belfast Trust before reaching the Southern Trust. 11:37 there a need for Trusts to build capacity, familiarity, and a degree of, I suppose, comfort with these processes among medical leadership so that those charged with these key responsibilities are able to do them, I suppose, more efficiently and with less stress? 11:38 Absolutely. It's a major issue, I think, in processing these investigations. I have to say I struggle to think of anyone who would have been comfortable with this particular one because it was quite complex and difficult. But, as a general theme, 11:38 there are very few people who would have extensive training who are doing these investigations frequently It is not just about training, it is then enough.

about updating your experience and keeping abreast of

developing issues. You may be fully trained, carry out one investigation, then not be asked to do another one So that's a major issue. for a couple of years. own personal belief is there needs to be extensive training of a bank of People within the province. 11:39 I don't think going to England or Scotland is really an appropriate response. You shouldn't need to do that. But you do need people with the right skill set who have sufficient time in their job plans who are sufficiently resourced and supported with 11:39 administrative support, and have the opportunity to use those skills in various Trusts across the province with enough frequency to keep focused and sharp. a very big challenge. It is not unlike the challenge that is faced around the investigation of SAIs. I was 11:39 involved recently in developing a report for the Department around SAIs, and similar issues have emerged from that. There needs to be a bank of people with experience who have time to carry this out appropriately and who are adequately supported. That 11:39 just doesn't really exist at the minute. Even getting experts from other Trusts is difficult. relying on grace and favour and goodwill of individuals and it's often challenging for them to be released for the time required for them to carry these out. That's 11 · 40 a very long answer. But I clearly identified within our own organisation and we began to address it, but this is a systemic problem across the region, and I suspect across the UK.

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| Т | 52 | Q. | rnank you for that. I m not going to extend your | |
|----|----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | answer any further. The Inquiry may have other | |
| 3 | | | questions arising out of that. We know we're going to | |
| 4 | | | hear from Mrs. Toal in relation to it, updates and work | |
| 5 | | | around that the Trust has carried out more recently. | 11:40 |
| 6 | | | | |
| 7 | | | I want to move to your engagement with the Department | |
| 8 | | | in relation to the decision to exclude and formally | |
| 9 | | | investigate. I start by looking at the MHPS process. | |
| 10 | | | It is WIT-18503. It says at the top of the page, | 11:4 |
| 11 | | | paragraph 26: | |
| 12 | | | | |
| 13 | | | "At any point in the process where the Medical Director | |
| 14 | | | has reached a judgment that a practitioner is to be the | |
| 15 | | | subject of an exclusion, the regulatory body should be | 11:4 |
| 16 | | | notified. Guidance on the process for issuing alert | |
| 17 | | | letters can be found in circular HSS (TC8) (6)/98. | |
| 18 | | | This framework also sets out additional circumstances | |
| 19 | | | when the issue of an alert may be considered." | |
| 20 | | | | 11:4 |
| 21 | | | Regulatory body in that sense, is that a reference to | |
| 22 | | | the Department? | |
| 23 | | Α. | No, that would be the General Medical Council, | |
| 24 | | | I believe. | |
| 25 | 53 | Q. | You wrote to the Department. You notified the General | 11:4 |
| 26 | | | Medical Council, did you? | |
| 27 | | Α. | Yes, we would have notified them and we would have had | |
| 28 | | | regular meetings with the local representative of the | |
| 29 | | | GMC to update them on the progress of any cases that | |

we had.

2 54 Q. We'll look at that. We'll go to what you say to 3 Dr. McBride as Chief Medical Officer. AOB-01339.

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Did you understand it was an obligation to inform the
Chief Medical Officer?

7 A. Yes. Yes.

- 8 55 You set out what the Trust had decided to do and the Q. 9 fact you were scoping out Terms of Reference. In terms 10 of the Department's interest or engagement with the 11 · 42 11 Trust or issues concerning MHPS when you have 12 a situation like this, is it just a case of notifying 13 them and they leave you alone and they don't engage, or 14 is there engagement and conversations that are maybe 15 not reflected in writing? 11:43
- 16 I think it depends on the specifics of the case. Α. 17 usual experience is that there wouldn't be very much 18 engagement after the initial notification. Obviously 19 you keep them updated and if an exclusion was being lifted, you follow that up. Where there would be 20 11:43 likely to be, for instance, a public interest or 21 22 a patient callback that takes it to the next level. 23 The Department are very interested then in how you are 24 managing that and managing the anxiety that would be there within the public. We weren't at that stage with 11:44 25 26 Mr. O'Brien. I wouldn't have expected at that point 27 a lot of direct engagement from them, apart from what we had done. 28
- 29 56 Q. Taking this from the specific to the more general and

1 on the basis of your experience, does the relationship with the Department work generally well in the context 3 of MHPS Trust and Department or Trust and senior officials within the Department or is that an area that, in light of your experience, you might suggest improvement or development?

> All these things can always be improved. I have never Α. experienced any particular difficulty with the

Department in this relation. They have never given me a hard time. They have always welcomed any information 11:44

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we've shared with them. In the light of a public

callback of patients there would be questions coming

back about how that was being managed, and they may

sometimes have suggestions how that could be changed,

which I would have thought would be fairly appropriate. 11:45

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I remember one occasion when after the notification of 17 18 an incident, the Minister appeared in the Department 19 about two hours later such was the public interest and, to be fair to him -- this is not in this Trust -- his 20 interest in moving the issue forward. So depending on 21 22 the issue, you get various levels of involvement.

23 never personally experienced any difficulty with them. I always felt that if I had to pick up the telephone 24

> and ring the Chief Medical Officer, for instance if that was required, that I could do that. It wasn't

something -- well, I did have to do it on one occasion

but not in this particular case. 28

29 Okay. The next significant item on your agenda was to 57 Q.

2 Yes. Α. I just want to look at that for some time. 3 58 0. There was 4 a controversy, if I can put it in those terms, about 5 the accuracy of the note made at that meeting. 11:46 Mr. O'Brien, as we know, secretly or covertly recorded 6 7 the meeting, and I will ask for your views on that. I introduce it that way because I'm going to use, as 8 I understand it, the revised note that was put 9 together, taking into account the concerns that 10 11:46 11 Mr. O'Brien had about the initial note that was 12 produced. If we go to AOB-01340. You attended this 13 meeting with some HR employee relations, advice or 14 support? Ms. Hainey. 15 Α. 11:47 16 59 Ms. Hainey. Q. 17 18 In general terms this meeting was to convey to 19 Mr. O'Brien the concerns that had been identified, the 20 decision that had been taken, which was to exclude and

meet with Mr. O'Brien, which you did on 30th December.

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24 summary? That's a reasonable summary. Obviously also to share 25 Α. 11 · 47 with him, as you alluded to before, support that might 26

of the likely process going forward.

to conduct an MHPS investigation, importantly, to ask

him to return notes and to set out for him some aspects

11:47

Is that a fair

Just on that, what support was made available to him 28 60 Q. 29 either during the process or to enable him to remedy or

be available to him during the process.

1 provide remedial steps in respect of his practice? 2 The support would have been fairly standard in this Α. situation in that we would have offered him the 3 services of our staff counselling service, which he had 4 5 the opportunity to avail of. In his particular 11:48 circumstances I also requested that before he returned 6 7 to work he attend an Occupational Health assessment to 8 ensure if his physical and mental well-being was satisfactory. We didn't always do that but I wanted 9 that done in this case because he had been on a period 10 11 · 48 11 of sick leave, so we offered that. 12 13 In terms of the support for his -- we were jumping the 14 gun a bit here, he was going to be off for a few weeks, but on his return there would have been a discussion 15 11:49 16 around what was going to be put in place around him to 17 allow him to carry out his work and the requirements 18 being made on him. But that would have been at a later 19 stage. 20 This was the monitoring plan? 61 Q. 11:49 He also would have had informal support 21 Yes. Α. 22 network from his colleagues and from his Lead Clinician 23 and Clinical Director, which is very important in these 24 circumstances. 25 62 we'll maybe come back to that in a moment. Q. 11:49

> Looking at this note we can see on this first page you begin to set out the three concerns. The first issue is triage, the second issue is the backlog of

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dictation, and the third issue is notes at home. 1 2 I ask you this, back in March 2016, the letter that issued to Mr. O'Brien from Mackle and Trouton referred 3 to a fourth issue, and that was the backlogs at clinics 4 5 or review backlog. That issue, again, formed part of 6 the Oversight Group's considerations in September, it 7 formed part of the screening report. Where did that 8 issue go to and why was it no longer a consideration of the Oversight Group? 9

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- A. My understanding is there had been measures taken
 within the Directorate to redistribute much of
 Mr. O'Brien's work amongst his colleagues. In fact,
 I know there was a meeting held with them once this
 process began to evolve to begin to deal with that. It
 was, I suppose in our minds, a lesser pressing issue
 than it had been in that there was a system in place to
 start to pick up on that.
- 18 63 Q. It doesn't appear, ever, at least on my reading of the
 19 various records, that any assessment was made of
 20 whether that was a performance issue that required
 21 further investigation through MHPS. Is that fair?
 - A. I think we were taking advice that the issue was being managed within the Directorate and the systems were in place to make it a lesser issue. In our mind, it wasn't as significant a factor as these other issues.

 That may have been a mistake, but at that point it was a less pressing issue.
- 28 64 Q. We know from the letter that issued in March 2016 that 29 a concern was expressed within this review backlog that

| _ | | MI. O BITEII was marricalling in sown of a separate | |
|----|-------|--|-------|
| 2 | | oncology patient waiting list. Again, there doesn't | |
| 3 | | seem to be any particular analysis of what that meant | |
| 4 | | and the implications of it in performance terms. | |
| 5 | | Again, you say you were receiving advice that these | 11:52 |
| 6 | | were lesser issues. Who was providing that advice? | |
| 7 | Α. | I think, with hindsight, it was probably a mistake to | |
| 8 | | not include that in the initial Terms of Reference. | |
| 9 | | I would accept that. I think we were taking notice of | |
| 10 | | the NCAS advice that we had to keep this investigation | 11:53 |
| 11 | | focused on the main issues. Again, the more issues you | |
| 12 | | investigate, the more difficult it is to run the | |
| 13 | | investigation. So there is a balance to be struck. | |
| 14 | | This was the judgment we made at this time, which, in | |
| 15 | | hindsight, may not have been right. | 11:53 |
| 16 | 65 Q. | If we go over to the next page. On the second | |
| 17 | | paragraph down you deal with the issue of exclusion. | |
| 18 | | He is being placed on immediate exclusion with full | |
| 19 | | pay. On down the page, I think. Maybe on to the next | |
| 20 | | page, sorry. | 11:54 |
| 21 | | | |
| 22 | | Another matter, coupled with exclusion, was | |
| 23 | | a requirement for him to deliver up patient notes. | |
| 24 | | You have a bit of a debate around that, as we can see | |
| 25 | | reflected in that paragraph: | 11:54 |
| 26 | | | |
| 27 | | "Mr. O'Brien stated he could not return them without | |
| 28 | | processing them himself". | |
| 29 | | You held the line that the notes needed to be returned | |

by the above date. You were accountable and needed to deal with the matter. You go on to say that if there were notes missing this would be a major problem.

Mr. O'Brien and Mrs. O'Brien queried what happens with the patients given that Mr. O'Brien has not processed them and would be the best person to process the cases?

Dr. Wright advised that you would deal with this.

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I'm just interested in this area about the implications for the patients of taking this material away from Mr. O'Brien and what was done by the Trust in relation to both the issue of triage, and there are many cases, it seemed, as well as the issue of dictation.

First of all, am I right to infer from that paragraph that Mr. O'Brien was concerned that there were Patient Safety issues if you took the case notes away from him and didn't let him progress them?

A. Yes. He was concerned at that. But I think it's also probably a reasonable call to say that he didn't seem to appreciate the Patient Safety issues that were already there, that we had identified of notes not being completed and the lack of tracking where they were in the system. So, yes, he did have a concern about that, but I don't think he appreciated the other concerns that were shared by, certainly, the Oversight team and his clinical colleagues. So, yes to a degree.

1 There were a number of reasons for wanting the notes 2 back quickly. Clearly it was potential to get the 3 patients back in the system and redistributed amongst 4 his colleagues, but there was the other side of it in 5 that there was the potential of what would be put in 11:57 the notes subsequent to this potentially -- the 6 7 investigation starting. I wanted to protect him from 8 any potential accusation that the notes had been tampered with. In my experience in the past this had 9 happened on a few occasions. It is a very difficult 10 11 · 57 11 thing to unpick once an accusation has been made. 12 as much as protecting the patients, this was about 13 protecting him. I don't think Mr. O'Brien appreciated 14 that or saw it that way, but that's what was in my 15 mind. 11:57 66 In terms of what was done by the Trust with regards to Q.

16 66 Q. In terms of what was done by the Trust with regards to
17 this group of patients reflected in both the
18 un-dictated work and in the un-triaged work, were you
19 familiar with the work that was done on that?

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A. I'm not over the detail of it, Mr. Wolfe. That was very much the responsibility and the domain of the Acute Services Directorate, and they obviously were reassuring me that they had that in hand, and I know they met with the urologists as a team to discuss how that would be done.

11:58

11:58

26 67 Q. Can you answer, for example, whether un-dictated entries were then dictated?

A. That would be difficult. I can't give you any definite information on that. Obviously what I would say is

| 1 | | | it's difficult for someone who didn't perform a clinic | |
|----|----|----|---|------|
| 2 | | | to dictate notes on what happened at the time if they | |
| 3 | | | weren't there. So that is a difficult area. | |
| 4 | 68 | Q. | Mr. O'Brien would have established appointments with | |
| 5 | | | patients for January and February and March, | 11:5 |
| 6 | | | anticipating his return to work. They were all | |
| 7 | | | cancelled, were they, because of his exclusion? | |
| 8 | | Α. | I know you're going to get frustrated at my answer. | |
| 9 | | | I can't tell you, put my hand on my heart and say what | |
| 10 | | | happened to them. That was very much an operational | 11:5 |
| 11 | | | matter which I left with them, with the Directorate. | |
| 12 | 69 | Q. | I accept your answer. | |
| 13 | | | | |
| 14 | | | Elevating it to the more general exclusion as an | |
| 15 | | | approach results in all sorts of difficulties, doesn't | 11:5 |
| 16 | | | it? | |
| 17 | | Α. | Yes. | |
| 18 | 70 | Q. | It is not just a matter of Mr. O'Brien's concerns and | |
| 19 | | | the personal impact on him, it does have an impact on | |
| 20 | | | patients generally, you would agree with that? If that | 12:0 |
| 21 | | | clinician would have been expected to be in Theatre or | |
| 22 | | | at his desk in clinic? | |
| 23 | | Α. | Absolutely it does, which is why we take a very serious | |
| 24 | | | view of it. We use it very rarely, and for the | |
| 25 | | | shortest possible time that we can. This was an | 12:0 |
| 26 | | | immediate exclusion under the terms of the MHPS for | |
| 27 | | | a period of four weeks when, actually, Mr. O'Brien, | |
| 28 | | | incidentally, was already on sick leave. It was the | |

least we felt we could do to get the measures in place

1 to ensure that he could safely return to work.

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What I would say, obviously it is very regrettable, but cancellation of lists is day and daily part of the health service. It is not taken lightly. But you'll 12:01 appreciate with waiting lists, with staff leave, with sickness, this happens all the time. There is a system in place for dealing with that and a four-week period would not be exceptional, put it that way, regrettable though it was.

12.01

12:01

11 71 Q. while you may not know the specifics of the 12 consequences for patients and the number or the nature 13 of the treatments or the encounters that may have been 14 missed, when you reflect back upon it do you still 15 believe that, weighing things up, exclusion was an 16 appropriate approach?

Yes. What one has to balance is -- I mean it's also Α. very well to say, yes, there are patients inconvenienced, but we were now aware there were serious issues going on here that had to be bottomed 12:02 out rapidly. We were aware now that there was at least one SAI and potentially there might have been others, possibly. We had to get this bottomed out very rapidly. That is the judgment that a Medical Director sometimes has to make. It is a very difficult one. is based on experience and taking all the factors into conclusion. If I was in that position again with Mr. O'Brien, I would have excluded him again

temporarily until we had satisfied ourselves we had

measures in place that he could return to work in
a safe system where he was able to work at a level that
he could cope with, both to protect his patients but
also as much to protect him from himself.

72 Q. One of the issues that came up at the meeting, I think 12:02 introduced by Mr. O'Brien -- I would just need to check this -- concerned his ability to work with private patients. If we could scroll down AOB-01343? I think it is the next page. The penultimate paragraph.

12:03

"He queried if he can continue to work with private patients. Dr. Wright suggested he take advice from his union but he said as RMO he would discourage this.

Dr. Wright suggested that Mr. O'Brien ask his colleagues to review any private patients that he has." 12:03

that you didn't want him working with private patients

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12:04

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17 That last sentence is perhaps the clearest indication

at that time?

responsibility.

A. That is correct. I was holding two roles here as his Medical Director as his employer within the Trust, which I had a lot of authority over what happened on that patch, but then also as Responsible Officer. So my advice would have been to him that he didn't. But I recognise that there are difficulties in managing patients outside of the system and he would have to make appropriate arrangements for them. That wasn't the Trust's responsibility, that would have been his

73 Q. 1 Let me just draw to your attention to the MHPS 2 provision in this respect, or at least generally 3 covering this area. WIT-18510.

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"Where there is a concern that the practitioner may be 12:05 a danger to patients" -- that's the test -- "the employer has an obligation to inform other organisations, including the private sector, of any restriction on practice or exclusion and provide a summary of the reasons." 12:05

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It goes on to say: "Where an HPSS employer has placed restrictions on practice the practitioner to agree not to undertake any work in that area of practice with any other employer." 12:05

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Mr. O'Brien working in a private capacity doesn't have, in our circumstances, another employer, per se.

12:06

19 That's correct. You raise an interesting point. Α. 20 is a difficult area. Had he been employed by a private 12:06 clinic, for instance, then I would have written to the 21 22 director of the private clinic or the RO responsible 23 for that, or possibly the RO responsible for RQIA in that instance. But this was a situation where 24 25 Mr. O'Brien saw his private patients at home and that 26 is a very difficult area to monitor or police. 27 are less and less doctors doing that these days but there are still a few, of which he was one. So there 28 29 isn't an employer to contact, you're quite right.

- We did, however, contact the General Medical Council and the Department, so in that respect we informed the system.
- Just on this, and the framework is drafted as it is and 4 74 Q. 5 the Inquiry has been charged within its Terms of Reference to look at any niggles or wrinkles that 6 7 affect the likes of this Trust and others. 8 helpfully drafted or unhelpfully drafted in terms of the range of private sector engagements or commitments 9 that a practitioner might be involved in? 10

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Α. In my experience these situations where a practitioner is working independently on their own -- where any practitioner is working independently on their own in the private or public sector there's always a risk where you don't have a team around you to challenge and 12:07 to learn from. If it is a private situation, that makes it even riskier, I think, because of all the implications of that. Where it is being conducted in one's own personal premise without any employer oversight, that's even riskier. There is a lack of 12:07 ability of the system to deal with such individuals, in my experience, and that is a risky area. It would be helpful if there is some sort of recommendation around that that comes out of this, to guide the powers that be to be able to police such situations. I think that 12:08 is certainly -- we have quite good relations -- or we did when I was working in the health sector, with the larger private employers in this area, but the individual practitioners or those working for small

- firms with one or two doctors is a challenge for the
 system, and any guidance around that that might emerge
 would be helpful, I think, in trying to tighten that
 up.
- 5 75 Certainly, I needn't bring it up on the screen, but Q. 12:08 there does seem to have been even a confusion within 6 7 the small area within which you were working. 8 Mrs. Gishkori, for example, sent an email to, I think, Mr. Gibson to say that Mr. O'Brien is at liberty to do 9 what he wants off Southern Trust premises, which 10 12:09
- wouldn't have been your interpretation of this?

 12 A. No. It wouldn't have been, actually.
- 13 76 Q. Ultimately -- and I know this issue was raised with you
 14 by the GMC liaison officer, Ms. Donnelly -- was this
 15 issue of his ability or any restriction on his ability 12:09
 16 to practice privately from his home, where did that
 17 eventually reach? Was a solution found? Was
 18 a restriction imposed?
- A. Not by ourselves. I'm not aware what happened down the
 line after I left the Trust. I wasn't aware of any
 specific restriction being imposed that I can recall,
 but there may have been something later in the process.
- 23 77 Q. Did you feel that it was the limit of your powers, 24 I suppose, to say what you said by way of --
- 25 A. That was my understanding of what I could say.

 12:10

 1 did -- yes, that's correct.
- 27 78 Q. The issue of the Serious Adverse Incident review
 28 concerning Patient 10 and Mr. O'Brien's role within it,
 29 he said to you at this meeting that he had not been

- 2 A. Mm-hmm.
- The report was at an advance at that stage of preparation. He was to have his say and wrote comprehensively on the issue. Was that unusual in your experience, by the time you were taking decisions which took into account the SAI, that he had not had an opportunity to make his input?
- It was unusual but understandable. So, yes, it would 9 Α. have been much better had he been involved in an 10 12.11 11 earlier stage. However, he was on sick leave for a significant period of this and when these serious 12 13 issues emerged and became apparent, he was still on 14 sick leave. I think the judgment was taken by the team 15 that they would wait until he returned. It would be 12:11 16 unusual to contact someone about an issue like this 17 when they were on sick leave. It was certainly not an 18 ideal situation, but I think it was an understandable one given the circumstances. 19
- 20 80 Q. You were to become aware, through this Inquiry,
 21 perhaps, that this meeting was covertly recorded. Any
 22 reflections on that? When you discovered that how did
 23 that make you feel?

12.12

A. Yes, I have a few reflections.

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I was disappointed, I think, mostly. I mean we
obviously had a very professional minute taker,

Ms. Hainey, very experienced. It wasn't as if minutes
weren't going recorded and there wouldn't be an

1 opportunity for those to be challenged if he didn't 2 agree with them. So that would have been, and that 3 was provided to him. 4 5 I'm aware and I have been involved in cases in the past 12:12 where people have requested that interviews be 6 7 recorded, and that can be accommodated if that is 8 something they desire, but it would usually be done with liaison with the Human Resources Department where 9 all sides of the conversation were recorded 10 12.12 11 appropriately and there was no possibility the 12 recording could be tampered with. I was disappointed 13 in that if they felt they wanted a recording we could 14 have facilitated that, and I have done so in the past. 15 12:13 16 I thought the covert nature of it was unprofessional and unnecessary. Sorry, I also should say unfair 17 18 because the recording recorded, from what I can see, 19 one side of the conversation quite well but was not 20 complete in that there were bits of my own conversation 12:13 that were not heard. So there are issues around the 21 22 technical quality of it which are important. 23 81 Maybe we'll follow up with you on that. Can you better Q. 24 explain that for us? More in the second recording, which you'll probably 25 Α. 12:13 come to later, there were parts of my conversation that 26

Is this the conversation you had with Mrs. O'Brien

were not audible on the recording.

after your retirement?

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Q.

- A. Yes. I'm not saying there was any discrepancy in what was written, I'm just saying it was a poor quality recording and was incomplete and therefore not satisfactory for the purpose.
- 5 83 The process by which you were looking at concerns Q. 12:14 around Mr. O'Brien had commenced in August. 6 7 that we had the March letter. Between August and 8 January you had had no engagement with Mr. O'Brien. Indeed nobody had direct engagement with Mr. O'Brien in 9 respect of the concerns that were being explored, if 10 12 · 14 11 you like, behind closed doors without his knowledge. 12 Is it, therefore, not particularly surprising that 13 trust of the process may have been a factor for him?
- 14 Α. I can understand that. All I'll say was that we 15 were -- the process is what it was. We had made 12:15 16 attempts to meet with him. In the original plan from 17 the Oversight meeting that was the intention. 18 circumstances that we have rehearsed before that didn't 19 happen. Then Mr. O'Brien was on sick leave. were dealing with a very unusual set of circumstances. 20 12:15 21 But I can fully understand why there was a lack of 22 So, yes. I personally would have been quite 23 annoyed in such a circumstance. But I think I would 24 have understood where we were with it, and I would have 25 handled the recording side of it differently. But I do 12:15 get the lack of trust and I appreciate that. 26 It is not 27 what anyone would have planned or wanted for such 28 a process.
- 29 84 Q. Mr. O'Brien wrote to you after the meeting, wrote on

| | | | 213t February, Add-01433. I might have a rogue | |
|----|----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | reference. Sorry. AOB-01443. | |
| 3 | | | | |
| 4 | | | He writes to you 21st February and the purpose of | |
| 5 | | | writing to you is that he wishes to advise of a number | 12:17 |
| 6 | | | of factual errors and omissions. There's some | |
| 7 | | | controversy about whether he received a response from | |
| 8 | | | you on this. Do you remember drafting a response? | |
| 9 | | Α. | He did receive a response but I think it was not an | |
| 10 | | | immediate response. It was a delayed one. | 12:17 |
| 11 | 85 | Q. | There is a letter, WIT-14950. You can see 13th March | |
| 12 | | | you're writing further to his letter of 21st February | |
| 13 | | | concerning the notes of the meeting. We will hear from | |
| 14 | | | Mr. O'Brien, of course, and, as I understand the | |
| 15 | | | position presently, he would insist that he didn't | 12:18 |
| 16 | | | receive a response. He didn't receive this response, | |
| 17 | | | it seems. | |
| 18 | | Α. | I can't explain that. | |
| 19 | 86 | Q. | You can't explain that. You think the letter went out? | |
| 20 | | Α. | Yes. | 12:18 |
| 21 | 87 | Q. | As the Inquiry can see if it studies this letter, you | |
| 22 | | | responded to all of his points apart from one where you | |
| 23 | | | wouldn't agree a correction. If I can just bring you | |
| 24 | | | to that. Let me just go down to the bottom of I may | |
| 25 | | | not have it here. If we go to AOB-01342, it's | 12:19 |
| 26 | | | Mr. O'Brien's letter. Just at the bottom of the page | |
| 27 | | | there was an issue raised with the notes as regards | |
| 28 | | | Mr. O'Brien's job plan, and you had queried with him if | |
| 29 | | | the job plan was unrealistic. Your note of the meeting | |

- 1 seemed to suggest that they were satisfied or he was 2 satisfied with the job plan. Do you remember that issue? 3
- Yes. I don't remember the exact words but I remember 4 Α. 5 the issue arising, yes, and being discussed.

12:19

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12:21

- 6 88 You were satisfied with your note of how it was Q. 7 discussed?
- 8 At the time I was. I can't remember the conversation Α. now. Yes, I remember the issue being raised and being 9 surprised that it wasn't as big an issue as I thought 10 12:20 11 it might have been.
- 12 89 The next step in the process was for the Oversight Q. 13 Group to meet on 10th January and, in advance of 10th 14 January, some further work was done. If we can just 15 look at aspects of this, please.

16 17 If we go to the record for 10th January meeting. 18 AOB-01363. You chaired the meeting. If we scroll 19 down, please. The various issues are being updated, 20 isn't that right? Further work is being done around getting up-to-date, figures or statistics on triage 21 22 referrals, and it's set out there. Notes being kept at home. Over the page, un-dictated outcomes. 23 24 a fourth issue, private patients. That issue hadn't

been drawn to Mr. O'Brien's attention at the meeting on 12:21 26 30th December. Can you explain from your perspective

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why that issue, although it was known to the system as

it had been drawn to Mr. Carroll's attention by Mr. Haynes on 23rd December, what was the reason why it wasn't given to Mr. O'Brien as soon as you knew about it?

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Q.

Do you know, I'll be really honest with you, I'm not Α. I think we were still working through it to see whether it was worthy of further investigation. with private patient scheduling had been an issue in the Trust before, and it wasn't always related to the individual. I think we probably hadn't made our minds up this was worth pursuing until we had more information. We had done a lot of work around 12.22 retraining people in how to process private patients and, in fact, I think subsequent to this we took a decision within the Trust to stop all in-patient private practice within the Trust completely because, to be honest, it was very difficult to organise, to 12:22 schedule, and to separate out, and the amount of disruption it caused was in excess to any potential advantage to the organisation. I can only imagine it was an area we were trying to make sure there was a genuine issue with him as an individual as opposed to 12:23 But I can't put my hand on my heart a systems area. and give you a definite reason.

It has been suggested by one or other of your colleagues that the appropriate approach with this matter, new information having come into the system after the last Oversight Committee meeting, it needed a decision of Oversight, whether -- I mean the question was whether this was going to be taken forward. As we see here, a decision was reached that there is an

12:23

issue of Mr. O'Brien scheduling his own patients in nonchronological order. Perhaps that is the process.

3 A. I mean that would make sense then, yes.

4 91 Just keeping our eye on what's said in the last 0. 5 paragraph then, I asked you in the context of the 12:24 meeting with Mr O'Brien what work was taken forward 6 7 with patients and it's clear, and I'll show you some 8 documents in a moment and ask for your comments, that Mr. Carroll was leading the operational team in working 9 through issues to reach clear outcomes for all 10 12 · 24 11 patients. It was agreed by the Oversight Committee 12 that this work would be recognised at WLI rates? 13 Waiting list initiative rates. Α.

14 92 Q. Consultants undertaking 4-hour sessions to progress the 15 issues identified. Was there ever a cost or an expense 12:24 16 put on this exercise, to the best of your knowledge?

17 A. In terms of?

18 93 Q. Financial.

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A. There was an agreed rate for waiting list initiative clinics which was established with the Health and Care social Board. That would have been fairly standard and accepted by the consultants. How many of them one would have needed, I don't think at this stage we would have bottomed that out. This would be usual practice for any backlog or any extra work required. You're obviously depending on the goodwill and energy of the local team to facilitate this, so you wouldn't have known at this stage how many of these they were able to complete. I don't think there was a total price put on

- it, but they would have known the price of the individual waiting list clinics.
- 3 94 Q. This was a cost to the Trust arising out of the failure 4 to triage and the failure to dictate. Is that the way 5 we're to understand it from your perspective?

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12:27

12.27

- A. I think that would be a reasonable assumption, yes.

 But I would say that actual waiting list clinics were

 not unusual. At this time this would have been

 a weekly occurrence for a multiplicity of reasons.
- I just want to look at some of the material that would 10 95 Q. 12:26 11 have been available to this meeting in a slightly unusual fashion. The record of 22nd December Oversight 12 13 Group was annotated to set out some of the steps that If we could look at that. 14 were being taken. TRU-257705. This is the first page of the minutes of 15 12:26
- the last Oversight Meeting, but if we scroll down to
 the next page I hope in red.
- 18 A. Mm-hmm.
- 19 96 The first issue was triage. I understand it to be Q. 20 Mr. Carroll is gathering information for the 10th January Oversight Group meeting by engaging with 21 22 Mrs. Corrigan to provide this update to the meeting. 23 As regards triage, it appears that the plan was to 24 carry out an administrative exercise with the rest of 25 the letters and ensure that these patients have not 26 already attended, and then the remaining letters will 27 be triaged by the four consultants who have advised they are willing to do this. Obviously there's quite 28 a lot more detail there. I'm showing you this 29

| 1 | | | acknowledging that when I asked you questions earlier | |
|----|----|----|---|------|
| 2 | | | I didn't put this in front of you. Does this help you | |
| 3 | | | to address particularly your understanding or | |
| 4 | | | recollection of the work that was being taken forward? | |
| 5 | | Α. | Oh, yes. This is the plan that Mr. Carroll, as the | 12:2 |
| 6 | | | Acute Services Assistant Director was tasked with doing | |
| 7 | | | this and he produced this plan and it was very much | |
| 8 | | | what was adopted by the Trust. I would have seen this | |
| 9 | | | and been aware of it being done. It was very much an | |
| 10 | | | operational decision as to how it was processed and | 12:2 |
| 11 | | | done. They were doing it appropriately, as far as | |
| 12 | | | I could ascertain. | |
| 13 | 97 | Q. | The Inquiry will look at the fine detail of that. | |
| 14 | | | I just want to put it on the screen so that we know | |
| 15 | | | it's there. | 12:2 |
| 16 | | | | |
| 17 | | | If we scroll down, for example. If there are any | |
| 18 | | | patients that need seen as urgent and are waiting | |
| 19 | | | longer than other patients then the consultants are | |
| 20 | | | willing to do additional clinics to see these patients | 12:2 |
| 21 | | | again outside of core time and after the above about | |
| 22 | | | payment has been agreed. | |
| 23 | | | | |
| 24 | | | Can I ask you this. Is it your understanding that | |
| 25 | | | concerns around this cadre of patients were being taken | 12:2 |
| 26 | | | quite seriously by the Trust and that it was recognised | |
| 27 | | | that real action needed to be carried out to see what | |
| 28 | | | issues might lie below the surface? | |

Yes, very much so. This was a significant intervention

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Α.

1 that would have caused -- I mean this would not have 2 been done lightly by the rest of the urology team, who were already under a lot of pressure trying to deliver 3 their core service. I think it is a tribute to them 4 5 that they were in agreement to take on this additional 12:30 6 work because they were concerned enough that there 7 could potentially be problems with some of the patients 8 in that group. So, I mean, yes, on every count. I won't bring the Inquiry to it in the interests of 9 98 Q. time, but on the next page there's a similar initiative 12:30 10 11 or a not dissimilar initiative in respect of the dictation issue and work around that. 12 13 14 Can I ask you about the private patients issue. 15 TRU-2557703. I'm going to have to check that. I'm not 12:30 16 entirely sure that's ... TRU-257703. I think I had an 17 extra digit in there. 18 19 It would appear that in light of Mr. Haynes' 20 intervention some work was carried out in respect of 12:31 patients who were identifiable of being in the private 21 22 care of Mr. O'Brien who then came into the NHS system 23 for TURP. Are you familiar with the work that was done 24 around this to produce this analysis? I saw the analyses. I'm not familiar with the 25 Α. 12:32 26 background to it, the detail of it. Simply the report. 27 99 Q. Within your witness statement, it is WIT-18442, at paragraph 18.1, you refer to a review conducted by 28

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Mr. Carroll of nine TURP patients. I think there was

1 eight on that list who had attended Mr. O'Brien 2 privately and who appeared to have had their operations 3 performed on the NHS within a shorter period. of this review, can you advise whether there are any 4 5 other documents, apart from what we saw just now, that 12:33 colourful table? 6 7 I would have seen the table. I don't have access to Α. 8 what lies behind that. To be honest, you'd have to ask Mr. Carroll and his team or Mr. Haynes how they 9 produced that. 10 12:33 11 100 Q. In terms of Colin Weir and Dr. Khan, they didn't 12 attend this Oversight Group meeting. Is that standard 13 procedure, or now that they were appointed should they 14 have been in attendance? 15 We were still working under the old Trust guidance, Α. 12:33 16 that was the three Directors. It wouldn't have been 17 normal to have necessarily brought it to them. 18 Sometimes we ask people to attend for different reasons 19 but it wasn't, by any means, the norm. The requirement 20 under the old guidance was for the HR Director, the 12:34 Medical Director, and the Director of the Service. 21 22 it wouldn't have been unusual for them not to be there, is what I'm saying, under the old guidance. 23 24 that was subsequently changed with the new Trust

26 101 Q. Let me look at Mr. Weir and his circumstances. We have 27 seen the correspondence issued to Dr. Khan. I haven't 28 seen any correspondence with Mr. Weir. Perhaps you 29 spoke to him?

12:34

quidance.

- 1 A. I spoke to him.
- 2 102 Q. To ask him to become involved. By 12th January he is
- 3 writing to Siobhán Hynds to say that he is yet to
- 4 receive any official confirmation to commence the
- 5 investigation. Was there a slow pace in getting this

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12:36

- 6 started?
- 7 A. I can't explain why there wasn't anything more quickly.
- 8 There was no delivered plan. I can only assume that's
- an oversight or related to people being on leave. The
- intention was that it would start, and it's regrettable 12:35
- there wasn't a formal letter at the time. I can't
- 12 explain why that would have been.
- 13 103 Q. Yes. Who was responsible -- perhaps it was yourself --
- for briefing him and explaining to him what was
- 15 expected of him?
- 16 A. I would have spoken to him initially asking him to do
- it, but then thereafter the case manager would have
- 18 taken on that role.
- 19 104 Q. Dr. Khan?
- 20 A. Dr. Khan.
- 21 105 Q. Was there a role for HR support to explain to him what
- 22 was involved?
- A. Both Dr. Khan and myself would always be supported by
- 24 HR in any of those meetings. That would be the norm.
- 25 So whether I was -- and we would certainly have taken
- 26 advice from them. Sometimes they would have
- accompanied us, but not always, but usually after
- 28 discussion with them.
- 29 106 Q. In his evidence to the Inquiry, Mr. Weir has explained

that he had, based on a previous experience, perhaps, of investigating a colleague, he had a reluctance, not to put too fine a point on it, to become involved again in investigating a close colleague. At TRA-02689, in his evidence on Day 24, he said that he spoke to you about that in, he thinks, January 2017. Maybe if we look at precisely what he has said:

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"As far as I can recall I felt resistance to this, to doing this, to be a case investigator. As I said
earlier, I had been involved in a completely unrelated and different style of an investigation of a colleague.
I found that very challenging and difficult and here
I was being put in this difficult position and feeling reluctance to doing that for the same reason".

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was that communicated to you?

I think that's putting it quite strongly. He certainly Α. had some reservations about it. However, in light of many of the conversations we've had already, it was 12:38 normal practice for the Clinical Director of the individual concerned to be the case investigator, and that was a core part of their job and their job description. It is rare that you get any case investigator wanting to do this. It is guite usual to 12:38 have a degree of resistance. But I thought it was important that someone who understood the practice and the circumstances and the team that the individual worked in was the right person to conduct the

investigation. So, yes, there was some resistance but

I wouldn't have said it was particularly strong, just

the usual reservations about, 'this is a senior

- 4 colleague, you know, this is going to be difficult'.
- 5 107 Q. You're saying in a sense that's understandable.
- 6 A. Absolutely understandable. On a human nature I have

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12:39

12:40

- 7 had to investigate colleagues, it is a very
- 8 uncomfortable place to be and you have to put aside
- 9 your personal relationships and go on your professional
- 10 training. But it's a difficult, it's a very difficult
- thing to do. But it is a core part of the Clinical
- 12 Director's job. It would have been normal practice in
- our Trust from the Clinical Director to have been the
- 14 case investigator.
- 15 108 Q. If you are putting your hands up to take on the role of 12:39
- 16 Clinical Director and receiving the salary or the pay,
- 17 really it comes with the territory, difficult though it
- 18 is.
- 19 A. It does. Mr. Weir had done this before and done it
- very well. I appreciated his reluctance, but I was, at 12:39
- 21 that point, convinced that the best person to conduct
- this investigation was someone with local knowledge of
- the team.
- 24 109 Q. You said, I think, on the last occasion you were with
- us, at TRA-2501 you were conscious of the need to
- 26 provide support through training and in other ways for
- 27 the Clinical Director role which you described as being
- the most difficult in the health service. Did you tell
- 29 us that you designed a Clinical Director training

1 programme around clinical management? 2 I think I've alluded to it before, it was the senior Α. 3 medical leadership training programme which most of them would have been Clinical Directors, but also the 4 5 Associate Medical Directors and many of the Clinical 12:40 6 Leads would have gone on that. I think eventually 7 we tried to roll it out to most of the medical staff 8 but it was targeted initially at the AMD, and Clinical Director level. 9 Mr. Weir had to field a call, and then a letter came 10 110 Q. 12 · 41 11 in, I think, directed to your attention from 12 Mr. O'Brien on 17th January. We can see the letter at 13 AOB-01365. I suppose, to summarise that letter, this 14 is, I suppose, getting on for three weeks after Mr. O'Brien has been told he's excluded and he's saying 12:41 15 16 that he's increasingly concerned regarding the procedural conduct of the investigation, flagging he 17 18 has not been informed of the Board member who would take his part in the process. He hadn't yet received 19 minutes from the December meeting, and the slow pace of 12:42 20 proceedings which, to his mind, had to be completed 21 22 within four weeks. 23 24 I know, Dr. Wright, that there's a lot of moving parts 25 here and my slow process through the timeline here is 12 · 42 perhaps highlighting that. Is it difficult to work 26

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parts and ensuring that there is effective

this process in terms of joining up all the moving

communication to all those who need to know, not least

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the clinician concerned?

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- 2 It's very challenging. Most of the people Α. involved in these investigations are -- you know, this 3 is not the only part of their job. They have other 4 5 clinical challenges, many of them. So getting them all 12:43 together at critical times is always challenging. 6 7 frustration that's felt with the slow progress of these 8 is widespread throughout the organisation, and by me as much as by the individuals directly affected by it. 9 So, yes is the answer. 10 12 · 43
- 11 111 Q. Again, taking into account that this Inquiry has to 12 reflect and maybe make recommendations around this, 13 have you any thoughts about that? Is there a need to streamline the process? Is there a need to -- I don't 14 mean that you're not professional -- but a greater need 12:43 15 16 to professionalize the process in the sense of making it somebody's specific responsibility? 17
 - A. Yes. I could share you a few thoughts on that.

 I mean, I mentioned before that for the individuals the
 Case Managers and case investigators have protected
 time in their jobs to do this, being expert enough to
 have received appropriate training to be appropriately
 resourced with administrative support, and HR support
 at the times they need it are all challenges within the
 health service at the minute. If that was improved,
 that would help a lot.

From my own office, at that point the Medical
Director's office was essentially composed of myself

and, in relation to these matters, Mr. Gibson. It was very underresourced to provide this. I had highlighted this issue before I left the Trust with a paper to try and bring forward appointments of more staff to help with this, in particular, with Deputy Medical Director 12:44 posts, one of whom would have a specific focus on this But it wasn't possible for that to be supported at the time for financial reasons. So. yes. absolutely. You were trying to do this on top of an incredibly busy and challenging job. At that time 12 · 45 I seem to recall we had a -- I'm not making excuses for myself, I'm just painting the context in which this is being done -- we had a major issue with the Emergency Department in Daisy Hill Hospital which was having to be completely restructured and was at crisis level. 12:45 There was a crisis in the breast care surgery system where we had to get a regional approach pulled together to try to ensure patients were not left wanting in the Southern Trust. There were so many issues going on. This was a relevantly small part of the Medical 12:45 Director's job and, to be honest, did not have the manpower, the time, required to focus on this. I think the main issue that would have made a difference would be protected time, training and admin support for the case managers and the case 12 · 45 investigators, because they are the ones actually carrying out the investigation. It would have been helpful for me to have had a bit more support but, to be honest, I think the bit that would really make the

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1 difference would be the time and training for case 2 managers and case investigators. 3 112 Q. I don't wish to belittle the importance of the 4 flurry --5 No, no, it's not an excuse. Α. 12:46 -- that seemed to be kick started by Mr. O'Brien's 6 113 Q. 7 letter. There was correspondence from Mr. Weir on 8 20th January advising Mr. O'Brien who the nonexecutive director would be. There was the correspondence from 9 yourself to Mr. O'Brien on 23rd January. The Inquiry 10 12:46 11 has those details. 12 13 Can we move along to the case conference that took 14 place on 26th January? What was your understanding 15 within the process, the Trust guidelines, of what the 12:47 16 case conference on 26th January was intended to do? 17 What was its role? 18 That is the Oversight Committee meeting? 19 114 Let's bring up the record of it. TRU-00037. You pop Q. 20 a question back to me of the Oversight Committee. Can 12:47 21 I put this interpretation on it and let me have your 22 views? This appears to be with those present members 23 of the Oversight Committee or in the case of 24 Mrs McVeigh, the nominee of Mrs. Gishkori, receiving a presentation from Mr. Weir in connection with the 25 12 · 48 issue primarily of exclusion. 26 27 Yes. Α. Where does this process sit within the MHPS 28 115 Q.

arrangements or the local guidelines?

1 I would probably have preferred to call it Α. 2 another meeting of the Oversight Committee, but in this case about a single case. That's where I would have 3 seen it, and we had invited, obviously in this 4 5 instance, the case manager and case investigator to 12:48 6 contribute. I suppose we were looking for reassurance 7 that the investigation had begun, that it was being 8 appropriately pursued, and to consider any issues that had arisen at an early stage. 9

We'll come back to this minute in a moment. Let's just 12:49 10 116 Q. 11 briefly look at the report that Mr. Weir had prepared. 12 It's to be found at AOB-01397. Mr. Weir provides 13 a preliminary report. If we just scroll through it. He sets out within it a bit of the background. 14 15 probably all familiar territory to this Oversight 12:49 16 It talks about the initial scoping of Committee. Mr. O'Brien's administrative practices. Just going on 17 18 Yes. He conducts what he describes as an 19 initial investigation which involves a meeting with 20 Mr. O'Brien. He sets out what Mr. O'Brien was told. 12:50 He was told, for the first time on 24th January, that 21 22 this private patient issue had emerged and was also to 23 be the subject of investigation. Scrolling on down, 24 please. There we have the fourth issue. Then 25 Mr. O'Brien sets out his perspective or his case, which 12:50 was, in essence, a combination of work pressures and 26 27 commitment to surgery in particular, and having to use SPA time to undertake Theatre activities and indeed 28 29 notification to management that he didn't have capacity

| 1 | to triage. Then Mr. O'Brien's view on proposals for | |
|----|---|-------|
| 2 | alternatives to exclusion are set out, and that | |
| 3 | involves telling Mr. Weir about the impact of exclusion | |
| 4 | on his health and his commitment to work to any | |
| 5 | monitoring arrangement in respect of his work, if that | 12:51 |
| 6 | was thought appropriate. | |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | Scrolling on down to the conclusion, please, in the | |
| 9 | next page or the summary. | |
| 10 | | 12:52 |
| 11 | I'll just draw your attention to this because it comes | |
| 12 | back to us in a moment. The investigation is at a very | |
| 13 | early stage. | |
| 14 | | |
| 15 | "While initial indications suggest some patients have | 12:52 |
| 16 | been potentially adversely affected or harmed as a | |
| 17 | result of failings in the practice of Mr. O'Brien, the | |
| 18 | case investigator is reliant on completion of the | |
| 19 | review by four consultants to determine the full | |
| 20 | implications." | 12:52 |
| 21 | | |
| 22 | He is uncertain about the full implications but he is | |
| 23 | telling you and telling the Oversight Committee that | |
| 24 | some patients have been harmed or potentially adversely | |
| 25 | affected. | 12:52 |
| 26 | | |
| 27 | That's the report that came to the case conference of | |

back to that record then at TRU-0037.

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the Oversight Committee on 26th January. If we can go

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Could I ask you this, Ann McVey came to this meeting
instead of Mrs. Gishkori. Mrs. Gishkori had apparently
planned leave for that day. Mrs. McVey had no prior
involvement in this case. Did it surprise you that the 12:53
Director of the Service had passed the role to someone
who had no prior involvement in this process?

A. I can only assume that the people that would have -she had a number of Associate Directors or Assistant
Directors who were all very competent or capable of
delegating for her. Usually she would have passed it
to Mr. Carroll, and I assume he mustn't have been
available on that day. It wouldn't have surprised me.
It happened occasionally that you had to ask your
immediate colleagues to deputise for you. It would
have been good if she had there but she was on leave,
and I can only assume that Mr. Carroll wasn't available
for that meeting.

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- 19 117 This meeting had been lined up since 22nd December. Q. I think the date was in a diary, give or take a day or 20 would you expect for an important meeting like 21 22 this, which was to determine whether there was to be further exclusion in the direction of travel with the 23 24 investigation, that your senior Director of Service would be in attendance? 25
- A. I would have preferred her to have been there but the reason she wasn't there, you really have to ask Mrs. Gishkori. It would have been helpful had she been in attendance.

I just want to show you the format of the decision 118 1 Q. 2 making at this meeting. If we scroll down we will see that -- on to the next page -- Mr. Weir is speaking to 3 the meeting. He is presumably summarising his report. 4 5 Just scrolling down. You will note the word there in 12:55 terms of advocacy, it says in his role as Clinical 6 7 Director, Mr. Weir reflected that he felt that 8 Mr. O'Brien was a good, precise, and caring surgeon. 9 He is speaking with his Clinical Director hat here as opposed to his case investigator hat. 10 Is that 12:55 11 a helpful way to approach things or should the roles --12 should he have considered himself in an entirely 13 different role now he had the case investigator hat. 14

A. One of the reasons it is preferable the Clinical
Director is the case investigator is because they can
bring these particular insights to the table. I didn't
see it as a problem at this stage.

18 119 Q. There's then a discussion about exclusion or continued
19 exclusion. Over to the top of the next page. Maybe
20 just -- can we go back? There's one point on the
21 previous page that I want to address. Just if you
22 pause there.

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"It was noted that Mr. O'Brien had successfully revalidated in May 2014 and that he had also completed 12:57 satisfactory annual reappraisals. Dr. Khan reflected a concern that the appraisal process did not address concerns which were clearly known to the organisation. It was agreed that there may be merit in considering

his last appraisal."

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What do you take from that? Does that suggest that appraisal wasn't working as effectively as it should be in the sense that if there were concerns known to the organisation about this practitioner, they should be fed in through the appraisal process and solutions considered at that point?

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12:58

- I think appraisal is primarily about supporting the Α. individual doctor. It is not a good way to identify concerns in the first instance and, in my experience, rarely is the means by which that is identified. not that you are relying on appraisal to pick up these However, if there are issues they should be issues. fed into the appraisal process. That is quite correct. 12:58 If that didn't happen, that is something that we would have wanted to have considered, I would have thought. We did have, at that point, a relativity robust system of quality assuring appraisals, but I think it was well recognised by most people working in this area that it is heavily reliant on the individual practitioner bringing information to the table as opposed to the Trust sourcing that information at first sight, and that is a weakness in the system. I think that is
- Just going to where I was going to go to then. 26 120 Q. 27 top of the next page, as case manager Dr. Khan is cast in the role of considering whether there was a case to 28 29 answer following the preliminary investigation.

realised nationally.

felt that there was and that the process going forward would be formal investigation. The decision -- just help us with this if you can. There was a decision already taken, 22nd December, by the Oversight Committee in the absence of Dr. Khan, who was only appointed by -- or the recommendation was that he would be appointed, and that was a decision taken on 22nd December. Where does this -- I call it a new decision -- sit within the process?

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In a bid to move the process forward we did indicate Α. 13:00 that direction of travel. But the case manager, once appointed, does have a lot of authority and say in how the process ensues after that. It would have been quite possible for Dr. Khan to have looked at that information and overturn our decision, and that would 13:00 have been accepted, I think, by the Oversight Committee. Once appointed he had a lot of authority in It was only right and proper that he would have considered what was before him and come to his own conclusions and we were happy to accept that. 13:00 a perfect world you would have appointed Dr. Khan first and let him take all those decisions right from the start, but we were keen to move this forward in an expedient matter, given the amount of delays we had in This was, if you like, Dr. Khan re-affirming 13:00 the past. the decision we had already taken. But it would have been his option to disagree with us, had he chosen to. MR. WOLFE KC: I am conscious is 1 o'clock, Chair. I want to take 5 minutes to finish this discrete point.

1 121 Q. Going down the page, the decision moves into the issue
2 whether there should be formal exclusion. Mr. Weir
3 reflected there had been no concerns identified in
4 relation to the clinical practice of Mr O'Brien,
5 presumably drawing a distinction with the
6 administrative practice.

Then: "Members discussed whether Mr. O'Brien could be brought back with either restrictive duties or robust monitoring arrangements..."

13:01

13:01

13:02

That was ultimately the decision, ultimately he could return to work with a monitoring plan in place. That monitoring plan wasn't before you at that time.

Just before we look at that issue, I just want to set this process in the context of what is on paper in the form Of Trust's guidelines. If we could have up on the screen, please, TRU-83700? I think this is important because, given the earlier decision, and now seemingly a new decision with Dr. Khan in the hot seat as Case Manager, if I can put it that way, it's possibly an area where there could be some confusion. This is Appendix 5 of the local guidelines. If we scroll down, please. It says if a case investigator is appointed, he produces a preliminary report for -- you didn't like the word, but it is called a case conference in the procedure.

A. Yes.

122 who enabled the case manager to decide on the 1 Q. 2 appropriate next steps. I think this is describing what we've seen in the record just now. And arrow 3 across. Case investigator, Mr. Weir, has provided 4 5 a report. What should the report contain? It should 13:03 include sufficient information for the case manager to 6 7 determine if the allegation appears unfounded, there's 8 a misconduct issue, or there's a concern about clinical performance, or if the case requires further 9 10 investigation. It appears that he takes the latter 13:04 11 bullet point. There's a case to answer, that's your 12 understanding. 13 That's my understanding. Yes. Α. Then, next arrow down. Case manager, HR case manager, 14 123 Q. 15 Medical Director and HR Director convene a case 13:04 16 conference to determine if it is reasonable and proper to exclude the practitioner. That's the conversation 17 18 within the minute we have just stopped at? 19 Yes. Α. 20 Is this the procedure you were --124 0. 13:04 21 Yes. Yes. Α. 22 125 -- following on 26th January? Q. 23 Yes, it is. Α. 24 MR. WOLFE KC: I think we could leave it there for 25 lunch, if that is convenient to you? 13:04 CHAIR: Are you going to continue with this after lunch 26 27 Mr. Wolfe? MR. WOLFE KC: This document? 28

CHAIR:

Yes.

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1 MR. WOLFE KC: I didn't plan to.

2 Can we highlight that large box in the middle.

It says there that the case conference is to include 3

the Chief Executive when the practitioner is at 4

5 consultant level, and the minutes don't show that the

Chief Executive was present at that case conference; is

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13:06

7 that correct?

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8 That is correct. He wasn't there. Α.

Is there any explanation as to why he wasn't?

I don't have one. 10 Α.

11 126 Q. MR. WOLFE KC: I think there's a general observation to be made about the role of Chief Executive in this 12

For example, we know from the process that process.

we've looked at that it is the Chief Executive's 14

15 responsibility to appoint the Oversight Committee, and

I think we'll hear from Mrs. Toal that wasn't done by

him or her, whoever the Chief Executive was, Mr. Rice, 17

perhaps, at this time. The Oversight Committee was put

together by you, essentially, albeit, perhaps, with the

knowledge of the Chief Executive. But he wasn't making 13:06

the appointments? 21

22 I think the Oversight Committee was convened jointly by Α. 23 the Director of HR and myself in the full knowledge of 24

the Chief Executive who delegated that to us. I can't

25 explain exactly why he wouldn't have been present at

26 this particular meeting but -- sorry, I just don't

27 This would not have been -- there were a lot

of -- as I said before, there was a lot of fluidity in 28

the Chief Executive's role around that time and it may 29

| 1 | | | have been related to that. I'm not sure. | |
|----|-----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | CHAIR: This is the Trust guidelines of course, this is | |
| 3 | | | not the MHPS process? | |
| 4 | | Α. | Yes. | |
| 5 | | | CHAIR: Thank you very much. Ten past two everyone. | 13:06 |
| 6 | | | | |
| 7 | | | | |
| 8 | | | THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED FOR LUNCH AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS: | |
| 9 | | | | |
| 10 | | | | 13:07 |
| 11 | | | CHAIR: Good afternoon, everyone. Mr. Wolfe. | |
| 12 | 127 | Q. | MR. WOLFE KC: Good afternoon, Dr. Wright. Just taking | |
| 13 | | | you back to the case conference, 26th January 2017. | |
| 14 | | | I just want to share with you some reflections from | |
| 15 | | | Dr. Khan in respect of his role in this context. | 14:10 |
| 16 | | | | |
| 17 | | | We can see from TRU-00039 that it's recorded that he | |
| 18 | | | considered that there was a case to answer and that | |
| 19 | | | this was also the subject of agreement by the members | |
| 20 | | | of the case conference there present. In his witness | 14:11 |
| 21 | | | statement, if we could have up WIT-31979 at f, if | |
| 22 | | | we can scroll down please. I just want to share some | |
| 23 | | | reflections about his involvement in the process. He | |
| 24 | | | says: | |
| 25 | | | | 14:11 |
| 26 | | | "As this was my first experience of being involved in | |
| 27 | | | an MHPS investigation, it wasn't very clear to me at | |
| 28 | | | the beginning what my role as Case Manager would | |
| 29 | | | involve. The Oversight Committee was comprised of the | |

| 1 | Medical Director, Director of HR, and Director of Acute | |
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| 2 | Services. The committee was already involved and had | |
| 3 | made some decisions for this case, so this blurred | |
| 4 | roles and responsibilities for me. I did have the | |
| 5 | benefit of the MHPS Framework and Trust Guidelines but | 14:12 |
| 6 | my MHPS training was not until March 2017, which was | |
| 7 | a few months into the investigations." | |
| 8 | | |
| 9 | I might have, on reflection, shared that with you this | |
| 10 | morning. | 14:12 |
| 11 | | |
| 12 | I will just put these two together. If we can go down | |
| 13 | to WIT-31981, elsewhere in his go to, yes, 10.6. | |
| 14 | Again this is Dr. Khan's witness statement: | |
| 15 | "I received advice". He is asked "outline any advice | 14:12 |
| 16 | which you received in relation to the decision" this is | |
| 17 | in the context of the case to answer. "Whether or not | |
| 18 | you accepted or applied the device. Identify the | |
| 19 | persons or bodies who provided that advice". | |
| 20 | | 14:13 |
| 21 | He says: "I received advice from the Oversight | |
| 22 | Committee members in the Oversight Committee case | |
| 23 | conference on 26th January". | |
| 24 | And he sets out who was at that meeting. | |
| 25 | | 14:13 |
| 26 | "After considering the report from the Lookback | |
| 27 | exercise" I think he must mean the preliminary | |
| 28 | report "all advised in favour of a formal | |
| 29 | investigation under the MHPS Framework." | |

Can I ask you, his uncertainty about the process is reflected in some of his comments. Is that to be expected from somebody who's new to these arrangements and hasn't had the training? Is that something to reflect upon as requiring improvement?

A. I could certainly understand why he was a little

A. I could certainly understand why he was a little uncertain. This is the first time he had been at a case conference like this and there are big decisions to be made. At the same time, he did have the guidance and would have been aware of it and would have understood his role from a written point of view. But, yes, ideally he would have received the full training before he was appointed to the post. I have already explained why that hadn't happened. Going forward, it would be appropriate that anyone in this situation would have had formal training.

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I think no matter what training you have in this role as a case manager, making a big decision like this, there would always be anxieties that you're doing the right thing, and the more experience you have, the easier that would become.

23 128 Q. Just a reflection then on something you said and which
24 Mr. Weir had an opportunity to comment on when he gave
25 evidence last week. If I could ask you to take a look
26 at WIT-17885, paragraph 57.2. You say:

"I was reassured by" -- this was in the context of -- so you're being asked did you consider that any

| 1 | | | concerns raised regarding Mr. O'Brien may have impacted | |
|----|-----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | on patient care and safety?" | |
| 3 | | | | |
| 4 | | | You said at 57.2: "I was reassured by Mr. Weir's | |
| 5 | | | assessment that the issues raised were largely | 14:15 |
| 6 | | | administrative and that no Patient Safety issues had | |
| 7 | | | arisen. The Acute Services Directorate had put | |
| 8 | | | a number of measures in place to triage patients | |
| 9 | | | appropriately and address the other administrative | |
| 10 | | | concerns raised. We believe in 2017 that the support | 14:16 |
| 11 | | | measures put in place around Mr. O'Brien were | |
| 12 | | | sufficient to ensure safe working practices as the | |
| 13 | | | investigation continued." | |
| 14 | | | | |
| 15 | | | The support measures, is that a reference to the | 14:16 |
| 16 | | | monitoring arrangements? | |
| 17 | | Α. | Yes. | |
| 18 | 129 | Q. | Just on the assurance you took from Mr. Weir's | |
| 19 | | | assessment that no Patient Safety issues had arisen, | |
| 20 | | | put as bluntly as that, can I suggest to you that looks | 14:16 |
| 21 | | | a little strange? Let me ask you to look at this. | |
| 22 | | | We've looked at it already this morning. AOB-01401. | |
| 23 | | | This is, again, Mr. Weir's preliminary report. In the | |
| 24 | | | summary he said: | |
| 25 | | | | 14:17 |
| 26 | | | "While initial indications suggest some patients have | |
| 27 | | | potentially been adversely effected or harmed as | |
| 28 | | | a result of failings in the practice of Mr. O'Brien, | |
| 29 | | | the case investigator is reliant on the completion of | |

the review by four consultants to determine the full implications."

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If you are saying you're reassured there were no

Patient Safety issues arising, and you have taken that
from Mr. Weir's assurance, how does that sit with what
he said in this paragraph here?

I think elsewhere, I'm not sure of the exact reference, Α. he does state quite clearly there are no Patient Safety I just can't put my hand on where that is. concerns. 14 · 18 But taking this as it is, he was saying there were potentially issues as a result of the failings in the practice before, but what we're saying is with the measures that we put in place to allow him to come back to work, that should have been sufficient to prevent 14:18 further issues arising going forward. I was really focusing on his return to work and what was around him at that point. I mean, that was my thrust and the

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- 20 130 Q. Let's just be clear. In terms of, for example, the
 21 failure to triage and the need to bottom out the
 22 implications of un-triaged patients, you must accept,
 23 do you, that that created patient risk concerns or
- 25 A. Potentially. Potentially. And, you know, quite possibly.

point I was trying to make.

Patient Safety issues?

- 27 131 Q. You saw that -- sorry to cut across you. You saw that 28 in December?
- 29 A. Yes, that's right. But the point I'm trying to make is

what I was referring, and maybe I didn't make that
clear in my statement, was that the results we were
putting in place to bring Mr. O'Brien back to work
should have been sufficient to have obviated and
prevented further issues like that arising. That's
what I was trying to say.

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7 132 Q. Looking at what has been classified as administrative 8 shortcomings which were to be investigated, you're 9 happy to accept, are you, that -- introduce the word 10 potentially if we need to -- placed patients at risk, 14:19 11 and you saw Patient 10's SAI?

12 A. Yes.

13 133 Q. But going forward you were confident that if an adequate monitoring support arrangement was put in place, that would obviate risk?

16 A. I think that's an accurate reflection of my view.

17 134 Q. Very well.

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If we could then go back to the record of the case conference, TRU-00039. We can see, towards the bottom of that page, that it was agreed that Esther Gishkori and Ronan Carroll would be responsible for producing the detail of a monitoring plan, and this would be provided to the case investigator, case manager, and members of the Oversight Committee. We're going to look, in a short while, at the issue of compliance with the monitoring arrangements and seek your views on that. Can you recall ever seeing the monitoring arrangements and, if you did, did you provide input on

| 1 their adequacy |
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- A. I didn't provide input into their setting up at the time. I have, obviously, subsequently seen the detail of it in response to this Inquiry. But that was delegated, if you like, to the operational team,

 Mr. Carroll, Mrs. Gishkori and her team.
- 7 135 Q. What was the thinking when it was recorded here that
 8 the operational team would provide detail of the
 9 monitoring to the Oversight Committee, amongst others?
 10 Was that intended that you would have input on the
 11 robustness or otherwise of the plan?
- I think it was intended that we would see what the plan 12 Α. 13 was ultimately. First and foremost the case manager, 14 but then subsequently the members of the Oversight I don't think it was ever intended that we 15 Committee. 14:22 16 would be directly involved in setting it up. wasn't the intention as I would have seen it. 17 That was 18 very much with the Acute Services team.
 - 136 Q. You wanted, having made a decision that the test for further exclusion wasn't met, the other side of that coin was a sufficient monitoring arrangement to obviate the risk of patient harm, and yet you were fully delegating to the service the preparation of that plan and not seeking to have any input as to its adequacy?

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25 A. I was hoping I was going to see what it was and we
26 would be kept up-to-date with how that was progressing.
27 But I wasn't intending to be hands on operationally
28 directing it. That wouldn't have been the way of doing
29 things.

- 1 137 Q. I don't presently see any link back to you or any
 member of the Oversight Committee apart from, perhaps,

 Mrs. Gishkori in respect of this monitoring
 arrangement, as at that time obviously. Mrs. Toal, for
 example, comments in subsequent years about compliance
 14:24
- with it. Did it come to you at that time or was that
 missed?

14.24

- A. It didn't come to me for quite a while, until much later.
- 10 138 Q. It was missed?
- 11 A. That was missed, yes.
- 12 It's recorded that if the monitoring process identify 139 Ο. 13 any further concerns, then an Oversight Committee would be convened to consider formal exclusion. 14 How did you envisage that working because there was deviation? 15 14:24 16 At least some managers considered that there was, other people might have a different perspective. 17 18 never came back as an issue to Oversight?
- 19 I would have been in discussions, obviously, with the Α. Case Manager from time to time during the procedure, so 14:25 20 we would have received some feedback from that 21 mechanism. You're quite right, it didn't -- and the 22 23 information we received by and large over the bulk of 24 the investigation, any deviations were guite small and being managed. So, yes, it didn't come back for 25 14 . 25 consideration of exclusion, but we were receiving 26 27 reassurances from the team at different times in 28 different places that the process, by and large, had 29 been working and there were -- I know that Dr. Khan

- received several reports to that affect during the course of the investigation.
- 3 140 Q. It wasn't a zero tolerance test?
- 4 A. No

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5 141 Q. It was --

6 A. No, I think -- I mean, it's unlikely you're ever going

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7 to get 100% with any clinician in this type of

situation. But if the vast majority was working and there was cooperation and compliance to a degree that

was reasonable, I think that's what we were looking

for. Every clinician will have outliers, for whatever

reasons, and those have to be looked at in context.

13 142 Q. If we can go over the page, please. Top the page. It

was noted that Mr. O'Brien had identified workload

pressures there, highlighted in Mr. Weir's preliminary

report, and it suggests the need for an urgent review

of Mr. O'Brien's job plan, and perhaps linked with that

in the next action for Mrs. Gishkori and Ronan Carroll

was a comparable workload activity process. Why were

they considered important?

21 A. The job plan review, obviously if he was under a very

onerous job plan and the Trust was requiring him to

work excessive hours, that could well be a major factor

in some of the issues that had been raised. As

a matter of good practice it would have been

a responsible thing to have ensured the job plan was

27 reasonable. The job planning process had fallen behind

28 within the Surgical Directorate over the previous years

so I was aware there was an issue generally. Then the

1 comparison with his peers was to people have -- the 2 best way you can get a feel for whether a job plan is 3 reasonable is to see what activity is being provided by people with similar job descriptions working in 4 5 a similar environment and similar context. So a peer 14:28 comparator would have been helpful to determine whether 6 7 what we were asking Mr. O'Brien to do was unreasonable 8 or within the abilities of a reasonable consultant working in the environment he was in. Those would have 9 been fairly sensible and routine things to have done. 10 14 · 28 11 There's no point asking someone to do more work if you 12 are already are requiring him to do excessive amounts 13 of work in the first place. That would make no sense and would be unsustainable. 14

15 143 It would appear, taking those three components Q. 16 together, monitoring arrangement, work plan, 17 comparative exercise, that the Oversight Committee at 18 this case conference were in the business of trying to 19 formulate a plan going forward that would satisfy itself that this was going to work; that, okay, there 20 might be risk of Mr. O'Brien not complying but, doing 21 22 our best, these are the components that are going to 23 try to ensure a workable practice.

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A. It was certainly to increase any chance of success.

We know, from past experience, that if somebody did
have a heavy job plan and they were working above the
level of their peers it is more likely they are not
going to be able to comply with any further requests.

So that was -- yes, I think we wanted to make sure the

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basic steps were in place to maximise the chance of success.

3 144 Q. You've told us that the first step is missed, the
4 monitoring plan didn't come back to you, didn't come
5 back to Oversight, but were these two further factors? 14:29
6 Did they come back to you as having been completed?

A. No. Not directly. These are operational matters for the Directorate and I would expected it to be -- and then for the Director to have brought it to us, were there any significant problems they hadn't been able to 14:30 address. Obviously, those issues would have been picked up during the course of the investigation by the investigator and the case manager, if those were still ongoing issues for Mr. O'Brien.

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14:31

Q. But Oversight are seized of a very delicate and a very serious issue, risking potentially patient harm if the monitoring arrangement, and all that goes with that, isn't a satisfactory arrangement and if there's a risk of deviation from it. If these matters didn't come back to the very people seized under the process of dealing with it, can that be regarded as satisfactory?

A. I would have preferred if they had come back. We were still working on the basis that we were probably going to have an investigation that wasn't going to take anything like as long as it subsequently did. The norm would be to set the investigation going, keep in touch with the Case Manager, and his final report then would illuminate. What, of course, happened that we hadn't predicted was the length of time this took to complete.

1 I think, from my own reflection, given that we then 2 became aware that this was grumbling on, we should have 3 asked for further updates on a regular basis during that time. 4

5 146 This was 26th January. The report was available to Q. 14:31 6 Mr. O'Brien and the Case Manager in the last week 7 I'm not aware of any further Oversight of June 2018. 8 Committee meeting in that period. These issues, as you've said, didn't come back to the Oversight 9 Committee. You're not aware, for example, looking at 10 14:32 11 the monitoring plan until much later. Had the 12 Oversight Committee stepped down now that the matter was in the hands of the investigator? 13

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Α. I think, in effect, that would -- the normal practice would have been for the Case Manager to have taken over 14:32 the management of the case from then on. We wouldn't normally have got involved thereafter. I do accept, however, that given the length of time and the gravity of this, this might have been something that we should have done, been more active about.

14:33

14:33

we'll come on and look at the issue of delay presently. 21 147 Q. 22 Is it right for the Inquiry to consider that while you 23 have a Case Manager under the rules of engagement, he 24 is leading the investigation in that sense of, 25 essentially, having instructed the case investigator, that's the nature of the relationship as they are 26 27 But you, the Oversight Committee, sit perhaps 28 in a tier above that. Is that an appropriate way of looking at it? 29

- I mean the Director of the Service responsible 1 Α. 2 and the team around that would have been receiving, obviously, feedback on how the various measures were 3 In the past, the normal process would have 4 5 been then if they felt that wasn't going according to 14:34 plan they could have asked for the Oversight Committee 6 7 to meet to consider such issues. On reflection, 8 looking back, I absolutely can see that that was depending too much on people initiating that action and 9 we should have been more proactive. 10 But it was the 14:34 11 case up to then that once the Case Manager started the 12 case, we tended to step back.
- 13 148 Q. If, for example, there was difficulty, for whatever
 14 reason, in agreeing a job plan, once again, are you
 15 suggesting the onus is on the Service Manager to bring 14:34
 16 that back to you or the Clinical Director?
- 17 A. No. No. There was a well agreed process in the Trust 18 for dealing with issues around job planning, in 19 particular.
- I'm conscious of that, but in the context in which you 20 149 Q. are working, in seeing that the a job plan and the need 21 22 for an agreed job plan to be revised and approved 23 urgently, and the way that links into monitoring in the 24 sense that you need a job plan that is fit for purpose, 25 that is balanced in all relevant respects, any 14:35 26 inability to reach agreement on that is something, 27 surely, that should come back to you in Oversight Committee? 28
 - A. It should have -- whether it comes through the

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- Oversight Committee or not, it should have come back to me as Medical Director, I think, certainly, and I would have picked up on that.
- 4 150 Q. We'll come back to the monitoring arrangement in just
 a moment in a slightly different way. In terms of one
 final action on this list. If we scroll down. It was
 agreed that you would update NCAS in relation to this
 case. You've said in your witness statement,

14:36

- 9 WIT-17834, that you informed NCAS of these developments
 10 by telephone over the next few days. We don't see any 14:36
 11 record of that and maybe you didn't make a record. Can
 12 you help us with who you spoke with?
- A. I did notice that. I do recall having a phone call and
 I think it may have been with Grainne Lynn. The reason
 I think I recall it is because we discussed the
 conditions in which Mr. O'Brien would come back from
 work after his temporary exclusion, which is why I'm
 pretty sure that that happened.
- 19 151 Q. It is closing that circle?
- But it is possible I mixed that up with 20 Α. 14:37 another -- I mean, I did have that conversation. 21 22 that exactly happened I can't be sure. I know then the 23 Case Manager would have taken over the liaison with 24 NCAS after that. But I do have in my mind a conversation with NCAS about Mr. O'Brien's return to 25 14:37 26 So, I'm puzzled, but I don't have a written work. 27 record of it.
- 28 152 Q. To be clear, they don't have a decision making role and 29 you weren't looking for further advice. The direction

| Т | | | appears to be from the oversight committee, in essence, | |
|----|-------|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | report back to NCAS. | |
| 3 | | Α. | We would let them know we were bringing Mr. O'Brien | |
| 4 | | | back to work, yes. | |
| 5 | 153 | Q. | Could I ask you about the Terms of Reference? The | 14:38 |
| 6 | | | Terms of Reference the commencement of a drafting | |
| 7 | | | exercise for the Terms of Reference appears to have | |
| 8 | | | been commenced, very promptly as seems to be his | |
| 9 | | | approach to things, Mr. Gibson, very shortly after | |
| 10 | | | 22nd December meeting. They go through several | 14:38 |
| 11 | | | iterations. Looking at your witness statement, you | |
| 12 | | | say: | |
| 13 | | | | |
| 14 | | | "The Terms of Reference were agreed by Mrs. Toal and | |
| 15 | | | I after being drafted by Mr. Simon Gibson after | 14:39 |
| 16 | | | discussion with NCAS in early January '17. I have been | |
| 17 | | | unable to clarify the exact date or dates containing | |
| 18 | | | any iterations". | |
| 19 | | | | |
| 20 | | | That's, for the Inquiry's note, WIT-18441. | 14:39 |
| 21 | | | | |
| 22 | | | The issue of drafting Terms of Reference is obviously | |
| 23 | | | an important one because it provides parameters for the | |
| 24 | | | subsequent investigation. Was Mr. Gibson left to his | |
| 25 | | | own devices to perform that task? | 14:39 |
| 26 | | Α. | He was asked to pull it together initially and then for | |
| 27 | | | input after that. I wouldn't say he was left to his | |
| 28 | | | own devices but he was taking the lead on it. | |
| 20 | 1 🗆 🖊 | ^ | Vos T think we snoke on the last essection about | |

whether there was an opportunity, before setting off on this journey of a formal investigation, for pause and reflection and perhaps to apply some curiosity as to whether the issues that you were aware of, and that were to become 4 with Mr. Haynes' investigation on private patients, whether there were sufficient grounds on what we knew already to look around Mr. O'Brien's practice to see if we captured everything for the purposes of an investigation?

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10 A. Mmm.

Q. Just on that point, is it your reflection that really that wasn't possible, whether legally or practically?

I wouldn't say it wasn't possible. I think we did consider the breadth of the investigation and we felt based on the evidence to date what we had was 14:41 reasonable and achievable. My own personal opinion was I didn't feel we had sufficient evidence to go on a major lookback of his clinical work. In hindsight, and knowing where this ended up, it would have been better if we'd done that at an earlier stage. 14:41 genuinely I don't believe we had really got the justification for that at that point. I mean, I think the Terms of Reference, and it is for the Panel to say whether they agree or disagree, but they were reasonable, given the information we had and the 14 · 42 primary concerns we had, in light also of NCAS' advice to not be going unnecessarily wide in terms of the investigation criteria. Put it this way, I don't think resource would have been the reason for not going

But hindsight is a wonderful thing and where 1 2 we know this ended up, I think we might have done this 3 differently. I wonder whether it requires hindsight to reach the 4 156 Q. 5 position which you've just articulated. If I can 14:42 reflect what Mr. Haynes has said. 6 WIT-53957. 7 said: 8 "The fact that some aspects of good clinical practice 9 were absent in Mr. O'Brien's working appearance, he 10 14 · 43 11 feels" -- he does add, "in retrospect ought to have 12 raised concerns that other deficiencies of good 13 practice may also have been present." 14 I think we've heard from him in relation to that. 15 14:43 16 I suppose what I'm anxious to understand from you, 17 first of all; having gone through this process and 18 knowing what 2020 revealed, would you, if you were to 19 conduct a similar process again, knowing that this 20 clinician had these four shortcomings, would it be 14:43 sufficient to stop with those shortcomings or, in 21 22 future if you were to do it, do you need to look at 23 those shortcomings and see what else they might be 24 indicative of? I think if I was doing this again I would cast 25 Α. 14 · 44 the net wider, that is based on the experience we've 26 27 had, and particularly with this case I think that is I think it would be helpful if there was more 28 right. 29 clear guidance around that available to people in my

position and those similar members of the Oversight 1 2 Committee around this because there is a tension there between casting the net widely and, to be honest, in 3 managing resource, but more importantly in limiting 4 5 collateral damage, if you like, to the public on the 14:44 6 cases where it turns out you don't find anything but 7 you have caused a lot of public concerns and anxiety. 8 I think it is that tension which is very difficult in the light of this. We always try and learn from 9 experiences, in the light of this, if I was doing this 10 14 · 45 11 again, yes, I would have cast the net wider. 12 Definitely. 13 I don't get the impression -- correct me if I'm 157 Ο. 14 wrong -- that as a matter of process this Oversight Committee sat down and said, 'well, we have these four 15 14:45 16 examples of shortcoming which are very much obvious to 17 us and we can classify it and we can almost count it, 18 and we do need to have an investigation to see what falls behind that'. It is obviously necessary to have 19 20 an investigation as a preface to any further action 14:45 such as disciplinary or what you have. 21 But there was 22 never a meeting which said, 'what are these 23 shortcomings indicative of? Have we looked to see what 24 the rest of his practice might reveal? Is there 25 anything to link these shortcomings into other areas?' 14 - 46 That kind of conversation was never started; is that 26 27 a fair assessment? It certainly didn't feature as part of the Oversight 28 Α.

Committee. That would be correct.

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| Т | 158 | Q. | I'm conscious that the MHPS and the local guidelines | |
|----|-----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | say relatively little about Terms of Reference. I'm | |
| 3 | | | conscious, also, that NCAS said to you, let's not have | |
| 4 | | | an unfocused investigation in terms of the Terms of | |
| 5 | | | Reference. In term of the person or persons best | 14:46 |
| 6 | | | placed to develop a Terms of Reference, was Mr. Gibson | |
| 7 | | | the best person for that role? Or, alternatively, | |
| 8 | | | should that have gone to somebody like the Case | |
| 9 | | | Manager? | |
| 10 | | Α. | It could have gone to the Case Manager. It probably | 14:47 |
| 11 | | | ideally would have been done by the Case Manager with | |
| 12 | | | input from the Medical Director's office and the HR | |
| 13 | | | Department. That may have been a better way to have | |
| 14 | | | progressed it. | |
| 15 | 159 | Q. | There was this bit head added to the Terms of | 14:47 |
| 16 | | | Reference. If we can just bring it up briefly? | |
| 17 | | | TRU-267983. It's number 5. | |
| 18 | | | | |
| 19 | | | "Part of the terms of the investigation are to | |
| 20 | | | determine if any of the above matters were known to | 14:48 |
| 21 | | | line managers within the Trust prior to December 2016 | |
| 22 | | | and, if so, to determine what actions were taken to | |
| 23 | | | manage the concerns." | |
| 24 | | | | |
| 25 | | | Do you know how that ended up in the Terms of Reference | 14:48 |
| 26 | | | and who authored it? | |
| 27 | | Α. | I can't completely remember but I would imagine it was | |
| 28 | | | a discussion between ourselves and the HR Department, | |
| 29 | | | but I actually can't absolutely be sure about that. | |

1 But my own feeling, and perhaps Mr. Gibson picked this 2 up, was that we needed to make sure this was not just about Mr. O'Brien but that we were looking at more 3 4 systemic issues. That's one of the advantages of 5 carrying out an MHPS investigation as opposed to maybe 14:49 going straight to a disciplinary procedure or a more 6 7 focused one is that we do have the potential then to 8 look at the systems in which the person is operating because virtually always they are a major factor in any 9 failings for a given individual. I suspect it probably 14:49 10 11 came from me indirectly, but I can't, honestly, quite 12 remember the process for that. 13 In ease of you, Mr. Gibson seemed to know nothing about 160 Q. 14 the genesis of it. For that matter, Dr. Chada, at 15 WIT-23761 says to the Inquiry: 14:49 16 17 "It became clear to me that a further Term of Reference 18 needed to be considered TOR-5 to determine to what 19 extent any of the above matters were known to managers 20 within the Trust prior to December '16." 14:50 21 She says "I believe I added this". We will ask her 22 23 about that. 24 Yeah. Α.

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25 161 Q. It does seem, if I may say so, a little unusual for an 14:50 investigator to think that she might have --

27 A. It would have been. She may have raised it with myself 28 or Mrs. Toal as a potential issue and we presumably 29 agreed. I mean, I was keen to make sure that we were looking at more systematic and system errors as opposed to -- so it may well be that Dr. Chada raised that, and we agreed with her. I can't quite recall the detail of that. But I wouldn't, as a general thrust I think we

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14:52

- would have been missing a trick if we hadn't looked wider than just Mr. O'Brien.
- 7 162 Q. The Trust Board. You went to The Trust Board, I assume 8 it's normal meeting, it's normal monthly meeting, the 9 day after the case conference, so 27th January 2017. 10 You provide the Trust Board with a confidential update, 14:51
- and we can see that at TRU-158981. Mrs. Toal was
 a Director of HR at that point?
- 13 A. That's right.
- 14 163 Q. A member of the Board, as were you. Just scroll down, 15 please. You're reporting the exclusion and the 16 investigation process and identifying the officers who 17 were going to be taking this forward. Nothing unusual 18 in that. The Board was required under the process, as 19 I understand it, to know about an exclusion, so in that 20 sense this was routine?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 164 Q. Nothing in the minute to suggest any response, and
 23 maybe none was expected from the Board. Is that fair?
- A. I think that is fair. I can't recall but I -- normally
 what happened is we just brought the information to the 14:53
 Board and that was noted.
- 27 165 Q. This doesn't come back to the Board in the sense that 28 an investigation eventually reports and then we have 29 the delay in being able to implement any aspect of what

flows from that. Should the Board be getting periodic
updates from the Medical Director's office when there's
a live MHPS process? Or, put another way, should the
Board, as a Board member, be looking for periodic
updates?

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Q.

I suppose in an ideal world, yes, they would. Α. may be an issue of just the volume of information that they have to receive about so many things. It wouldn't have been our normal practice to have gone back regularly to the Board at that time, but I can see that 14:54 that would make good sense for them to receive regular I would imagine for any Board business this might be a challenge because of the amount of information they are receiving reports on, but our practice, I think, at that time would have been simply 14:54 to have informed them that we were doing this and eventually they would have heard if there had been any significant findings from the investigation.

14:53

14:54

14:55

In terms of your experience in the MHPS environment more generally, the role of the Board and its connection with the Medical Director's office and its ability or its interest in keeping in touch with MHPS issues; is that something that doesn't need fixed generally or is there a need, in governance terms, to put something in to that system to ensure greater connectivity and communication on such issues?

A. I think historically it would be factually correct to say there wouldn't be a lot of direct oversight of these processes by the Board. That would be my

1 experience. Whether that's something that would be 2 helpful, it could be. It depends the way it is done. You wouldn't want the Board to be interfering in the 3 management of an individual investigation, which would 4 5 be very regrettable. But in terms of an oversight role 14:55 6 of ensuring the investigation had reported in a timely 7 way or that type of thing, that would be helpful, 8 But the downside would be the potential for interference in the process of what is meant to be 9 a confidential process run by the investigation team. 10 14:56 11 I'm not sure is what I'm saying to you. I think it is 12 something to be considered and that could be helpful. 13 Let me put a specific to you. You already highlighted 167 Q. 14 that one of the advantages of an MHPS process such as 15 was adopted in the context of the fifth Term of 14:56 16 Reference which allowed the investigation to look at management behaviours. There's obviously this tension 17 18 between, if you like, the confidentiality and privacy 19 of the clinician in a context which may could down 20 a disciplinary route. But here we have a situation 14:57 where the investigator's report and the Case Manager 21 22 with his input is raising some concerns, if not 23 criticisms, of management. In essence, to paraphrase, 24 they are saying, 'listen, management were aware of 25 these issues for quite a long time and their efforts to 14:57 address it were ineffectual'. That's the kind of issue 26 27 that really should get up to the Board through some mechanism or other, isn't it? 28

29

Α.

Yes.

Yes, it should. There would have been various

| 1 | | | mechanisms where that could have. One would be by | |
|----|-----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | a formal reporting of the MHPS process. You usually | |
| 3 | | | want to be waiting until the investigation has | |
| 4 | | | concluded and conclusions were reached. I suppose that | |
| 5 | | | would be one thing, but that could come through the | 14:57 |
| 6 | | | normal Directorate system or it could come through my | |
| 7 | | | office if those concerns were appearing to be | |
| 8 | | | substantiated. It would be unusual for until an | |
| 9 | | | investigation has concluded it would be unusual for | |
| 10 | | | them to come through to the Board level because you | 14:58 |
| 11 | | | don't know if they're going to be accepted or validated | |
| 12 | | | or not. Certainly, this type of issue does need to | |
| 13 | | | come to the Board in some form. That's absolutely | |
| 14 | | | right. | |
| 15 | 168 | Q. | Mr. Weir was relieved of his duties as case | 14:58 |
| 16 | | | investigator. | |
| 17 | | Α. | Yes. | |
| 18 | 169 | Q. | Let me try to explore how that might have come about. | |
| 19 | | | | |
| 20 | | | At TRU-01248 Mr. O'Brien writes a lengthy letter | 14:58 |
| 21 | | | containing a series of questions or concerns in | |
| 22 | | | association with the investigation process. | |
| 23 | | | 7th February. They're addressed, or at least spoken | |
| 24 | | | to, at a meeting with Mr. John Wilkinson on that date. | |
| 25 | | | If I could pull up WIT-17883, (vi). You've said that | 14:59 |
| 26 | | | you emailed Dr. Khan, the case manager, on | |
| 27 | | | 21st February referring to a discussion you had | |
| 28 | | | With Trust legal advisers after Mr. O'Brien had | |
| 29 | | | expressed concerns to Mr. Wilkinson about the role of | |

| 1 | | | Mr. Weir as case investigator. Can you help us with | |
|----|-----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | that? What concerns was Mr. O'Brien expressing to | |
| 3 | | | Mr. Wilkinson about the role of Mr. Weir? | |
| 4 | | Α. | I think most of that was in that letter you're | |
| 5 | | | referring to, or the | 15:00 |
| 6 | 170 | Q. | We can go back to that. The letter is TRU-01248. It | |
| 7 | | | seems to me that these are concerns regarding the | |
| 8 | | | investigation process. Let's scroll through it. | |
| 9 | | | I don't believe that there's any particular concern | |
| 10 | | | raised about Mr. Weir's role. | 15:01 |
| 11 | | Α. | I need to refresh my | |
| 12 | 171 | Q. | You take charge of the machinery. | |
| 13 | | Α. | Can you keep going down, please. Okay, hold there | |
| 14 | | | a second. Keep going. Keeping going again, please. | |
| 15 | | | Whoa. Keep going. Whoa, stop there. Keep going, | 15:02 |
| 16 | | | please. | |
| 17 | 172 | Q. | That's the correspondence. I know that correspondence | |
| 18 | | | arrived on the same day as a meeting with | |
| 19 | | | Mr. Wilkinson, 7th February. | |
| 20 | | | | 15:03 |
| 21 | | | Let me direct you to another reference. TRU-267745. | |
| 22 | | | Go to the bottom of the page in case there's anything | |
| 23 | | | there, and then we can scroll up. | |
| 24 | | | | |
| 25 | | | You are writing to Dr. Khan and you've said: | 15:03 |
| 26 | | | | |
| 27 | | | "Thanks for your help with the AOB investigation. On | |
| 28 | | | Friday last Vivienne and I" I think I know what that | |
| 29 | | | savs "after AOR approached John Wilkinson in short | |

| 1 | | | we are content that we continue with the formal MHPS | |
|----|-----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | process" | |
| 3 | | | | |
| 4 | | | We have 7th February letter and meeting. We know from | |
| 5 | | | your statement that legal advice was sought and you're | 15:04 |
| 6 | | | content to proceed with the MHPS process having lifted | |
| 7 | | | immediate exclusion. You said here: | |
| 8 | | | | |
| 9 | | | "Given Colin Weir's role as his Clinical Director at | |
| 10 | | | the time this broke there is a potential conflict of | 15:04 |
| 11 | | | interest even though from our perspective he was doing | |
| 12 | | | a great job. We need to reappoint a different case | |
| 13 | | | investigator who is not involved with AOB." | |
| 14 | | | Does that make sense to you? | |
| 15 | | Α. | I remember having the discussion with our legal | 15:04 |
| 16 | | | adviser from | |
| 17 | 173 | Q. | Let me just frame the question. It says we are taking | |
| 18 | | | the Clinical Director out of the case investigator | |
| 19 | | | role. It seems to me that that's typically a role for | |
| 20 | | | a Clinical Director, but you're taking him out because, | 15:05 |
| 21 | | | notwithstanding he is doing a great job, we need to | |
| 22 | | | find somebody who is not involved with AOB. The | |
| 23 | | | particular circumstances of this clinical director and | |
| 24 | | | his relationship with Mr. O'Brien. Isn't that the | |
| 25 | | | problem? | 15:05 |
| 26 | | Α. | There were so many issues that were proving difficult | |
| 27 | | | to respond to without making a significant change to | |
| 28 | | | the process. We discussed it with our legal team who | |
| 29 | | | felt that the CD's role was a conflict of interest, | |

2 many times in the past. 3 174 Q. That's what I'm asking you. Please explain the conflict? 4 5 They had been involved as his CD for some time whenever 15:06 Α. some of these issues arose and, therefore, may have 6 7 been involved in the administration of some of the 8 systemic issues that may be relevant. He had only been appointed in June 2016. 9 175 Q. But that was the view, I think, of the legal 10 Α. 15:06 11 advisers at the time. They were very adamant that 12 we had potentially a conflict of interest here. 13 Did you see any evidence of the conflict in terms of 176 Q. how Mr. Weir was conducting himself? 14 15 No, not personally. Α. 15:06 16 177 I don't wish to ask you about what instructions you Ο. 17 gave your lawyers but they appear to have, on the basis 18 of your evidence, told you that this was the 19 appropriate course. Leaving aside what you may or may not have told your lawyers, did you form a view that 20 15:07 there was a conflict? 21 22 I think Mr. Weir was indicating this was proving to be Α. a very difficult task for him, both personally and 23 24 professionally. He had also had some periods of

even though it has been something that we have done

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uphill struggle to conduct this investigation.

I wouldn't have said it was a direct conflict but it

was apparent that it was becoming a problem for him and

may have become a bigger problem down the line as the

ill-health over that time. He was indicating it was an 15:07

1 investigation went on.

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2 178 Q. You can't help us to understand what the conflict was?

3 Α. I think the role of managing him going forward in terms of the implementing the package of measures to ensure 4 5 that he was complying was proving to take a fair bit of 15:08 their time and it was an onerous role. To do that as 6 7 well as conduct an investigation into the same time 8 when there may have been potential breaches of the measures in place, which the CD was responsible for 9 implementing could have been a conflict at that point. 10 15:08 11 The CD was responsible, on the one hand, for ensuring 12 Mr. O'Brien complied with these various measures, but 13 he was investigating, at the same time, that process.

been problematic, where there were breaches of the measures put in place, because he would eventually then be investigate himself.

I think it was along those lines that that could have

15:09

15:09

18 179 Q. Could I ask you whether the answer you have just given is speculative or conjectural on your part?

20 A. I'm trying to recall the conversation and I think it 15:09
21 was along those lines, so I think it is more than
22 speculation, but I can't remember the details of it.

23 180 Q. Very well. Where this appears to have started in one 24 of the answers I brought you to was Mr. O'Brien was 25 raising issues or concerns. Can you better help us 26 with that?

A. I'm struggling, to be honest, to give you a clear answer to this. I think possibly he might have mentioned -- with Mr. Wilkinson I don't know, I'm not

| _ | | | sure. I in not sure where I got that I om. I thought | |
|----|-----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | it was in that letter but clearly not. | |
| 3 | 181 | Q. | Just in fairness to you, and I will draw your attention | |
| 4 | | | to something else you said in your witness statement, | |
| 5 | | | which possibly reflects one of the answers you've | 15:10 |
| 6 | | | recently given to me. WIT-18427. At 7.43 you've said: | |
| 7 | | | | |
| 8 | | | "As part of the Oversight team, I would recommend and | |
| 9 | | | appoint a case investigator. I told meet with them to | |
| 10 | | | explain the task in hand but then I would expect the | 15:10 |
| 11 | | | case manager to interact directly with them. In this | |
| 12 | | | specific situation the initial case investigator | |
| 13 | | | (Mr. Weir) was appointed in this specific case as he | |
| 14 | | | was a Clinical Director with experience in managing | |
| 15 | | | difficult issues within the Surgical team and was | 15:11 |
| 16 | | | already partly briefed on the relevant issues as he had | |
| 17 | | | prepared the preliminary report into the issues | |
| 18 | | | ari si ng". | |
| 19 | | | | |
| 20 | | | I am not sure what that means. That's he'd been | 15:11 |
| 21 | | | appointed prior to preparing the preliminary report. | |
| 22 | | | "We believed this would help to produce a timely | |
| 23 | | | report." | |
| 24 | | | | |
| 25 | | | Then you go on to say: "After representations from | 15:11 |
| 26 | | | Mr. O'Brien to Mr. Wilkinson I agreed with Mrs. Toal to | |
| 27 | | | change the case investigator. After reflecting we | |
| 28 | | | believe that Mr. Weir, as Clinical Director, would be | |
| 29 | | | hetter utilised addressing the triage and other issues | |

1 identified within the Urology team whilst we would 2 appoint a new case manager who had no other involvement 3 in the case and one who was unknown to any of the key individuals involved." Etcetera. 4 5 Mm-hmm. Α. 15:12 6 182 0. Any further observations you wish to make in relation 7 to Mr. Weir in his role? 8 I think that's a fair reflection of my Α. understanding of the situation. I got a sense that 9 Mr. Weir was finding it a very difficult procedure and 10 15:12 11 he had a lot on his plate, and that managing the 12 mechanisms around Mr. O'Brien to ensure that he was 13 complying was a substantial piece of work, and it was 14 becoming apparent that doing the two together was going 15 to be very difficult. 15:12 16 Could I turn now to your engagement with the GMC. 183 Q. 17 one discrete point arising out of that. You met with 18 Joanne Donnelly GMC Employee Liaison Adviser on 19 8th February. Mm-hmm. 20 Α. 15:13 You told her that time -- we can bring it up on the 21 184 Q. 22 screen, if necessary, the reference is TRU-161683 --23 that as regards the serious incident adverse review 24 report raised in relation to Patient 10, -- you know 25 who that is -- you would send it to her as soon as you 15:13 26 receive it. Could I draw your attention to your 27 meeting with her on 25th July? It's TRU-161700. Just 28 scroll down, please. The next section you say, this is 29 25th July.

| 1 | | | | |
|----|-----|----|--|------|
| 2 | | | "The SAI investigation is not yet complete. There had | |
| 3 | | | been a delay at the start because of difficulties | |
| 4 | | | identifying a chair, and Julian Johnson is now acting | |
| 5 | | | as chair." | 15:1 |
| 6 | | Α. | I think we were mixing up two different SAIs. | |
| 7 | 185 | Q. | Yes. You would have appreciated that Patient 10's SAI | |
| 8 | | | review under the leadership of Mr. Glackin, had | |
| 9 | | | reported in March 2017? | |
| 10 | | Α. | That's right. | 15:1 |
| 11 | 186 | Q. | But shortly thereafter, under the leadership of Julian | |
| 12 | | | Johnston, a further series of SAIs grouped as 5 cases | |
| 13 | | | was to commence its work. | |
| 14 | | Α. | That's right. | |
| 15 | 187 | Q. | That one was unfinished and wasn't to report until the | 15:1 |
| 16 | | | early months of 2020. | |
| 17 | | Α. | That's right. | |
| 18 | 188 | Q. | The Patient 10 SAI had completed and, as per your | |
| 19 | | | undertaking at the February meeting, should have been | |
| 20 | | | sent to the General Medical Council? | 15:1 |
| 21 | | Α. | It should have been, yes, but I don't think it was. | |
| 22 | 189 | Q. | No, it wasn't. Can you explain how this confusion, if | |
| 23 | | | it was confusion, may have arisen? | |
| 24 | | Α. | I think we just did a lot of business on that day. The | |
| 25 | | | investigation is not yet complete. I was referring to | 15:1 |
| 26 | | | the one that Julian Johnston was embarking upon. That | |
| 27 | | | was the one that was foremost in my mind. It was | |
| 28 | | | a mistake, I think. | |

190 Q. Obviously Ms. Donnelly isn't privy to the information.

| 1 | | | She's dependent upon you | |
|----|-----|----|--|-------|
| 2 | | Α. | Yes. | |
| 3 | 191 | Q. | to provide her with an accurate update and where | |
| 4 | | | this SAI and any other SAI sits. | |
| 5 | | | | 15:16 |
| 6 | | | Was there not a checking mechanism within your office | |
| 7 | | | to ensure proper compliance with the GMC's requests? | |
| 8 | | Α. | This never happened before. Usually information was | |
| 9 | | | shared very freely without any hesitation. This is the | |
| 10 | | | first time I ever came across anything where has | 15:16 |
| 11 | | | happened. It was simply an error, and I apologise for | |
| 12 | | | that. It should have been sent to them. There was no | |
| 13 | | | reason not to send it to them. | |
| 14 | 192 | Q. | Could I just share with you, going back to the | |
| 15 | | | monitoring plan, a perspective of Mrs. Martina | 15:17 |
| 16 | | | Corrigan. If we can have up on the screen, please, | |
| 17 | | | WIT-26314. At paragraph 70.6, scrolling down, please, | |
| 18 | | | her perspective on Mr. O'Brien's return to work | |
| 19 | | | following the lifting of exclusion: | |
| 20 | | | | 15:17 |
| 21 | | | "I do feel that, in February 2017, Mr. O'Brien should | |
| 22 | | | not have been allowed back to work so soon and | |
| 23 | | | particularly he should not have been able to come back | |
| 24 | | | until after the investigation was fully completed. | |
| 25 | | | There were too many issues and I think that, by | 15:18 |
| 26 | | | allowing him back so soon, there was not a proper plan | |
| 27 | | | in place to manage him. For example, I now think it | |
| 28 | | | was a mistake that the monitoring only took place for | |
| 29 | | | Outpatient dictation and outcomes, which was agreed by | |

1 the case managers through the Oversight Group as this 2 is where the issue had been identified in However, as I discovered 3 December/January 2016/17. 4 when doing the admin lookback in June 2020 prompted you 5 to two patients who had not been added after emergency 15:18 6 surgery to the waiting list. There were patients who 7 had been in under Mr. O'Brien's care as an emergency 8 patient or as a day case that had either no letter 9 dictated or had a delay in dictation. So whilst he changed his practice for outpatient attendances, 10 15 · 18 11 he didn't for the rest of his practice, including the 12 oncology multidisciplinary meetings." 13 14 I perhaps should have raised this when I was looking at 15 this earlier, but your reflections on this; is this 15:19 16

I perhaps should have raised this when I was looking at this earlier, but your reflections on this; is this again merely hindsight working or does it reveal in a clear way some of the connections with other areas of his practice that were there to be deduced or obtained in real-time?

15:19

15:19

A. A similar answer to earlier. Obviously, this was detected in 2020. Knowing that now, yes, I wish we had looked at that at the time. I agree with that. But, again, we didn't have any evidence of that at that time.

I don't agree that we brought him back too early.

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I refute that. I mean we already had lots of people of the view that we shouldn't have excluded him at all.

I think we brought him back in a measured and

controlled way that was reasonable given the evidence
we had at the time. So I don't agree with Ms. Corrigan
on that particular issue. I do, however, agree that it
would have been valuable to have looked wider at the
time.

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6 193 Q. You can see neatly encapsulated in this answer that
7 really what she's highlighting is -- just look across
8 at a slightly different area of his practice, you can
9 see the same administrative shortcomings which
10 obviously create patient risk as well.

11 A. Yes. Although, in fairness, that was several years later.

13 194 Q. I must press you on this. It is several years later
14 but it is the same species of problem, albeit --

15 A. No. No. I accept that. I accept that, yes.

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16 195 In terms of the role of the nonexecutive Director, Ο. Mr. Wilkinson obviously took up the mantle here. Can 17 18 you offer some reflections on that role and how you 19 imagine it should work in light of your experience? 20 The proviso within the Trust guidelines suggest that his role is -- my words -- to ensure a sense of 21 22 momentum in the process, perhaps to liaise with the 23 clinician concerned. How do you think it worked in 24 this instance?

A. This is very unusual. In previous cases I've been involved in I've actually never known anyone ever to contact the nonexecutive director at any time. I was never quite sure what the purpose of it was except if there was some major problem that wasn't being resolved

1 locally that they might ask the right questions. In 2 this case it was very unusual in the amount of interaction. I never experienced that before. Usually 3 if people had issues they would bring them first to the 4 5 Case Manager and possibly to the Medical Director and, 15:22 6 as I say, never before directly with the nonexecutive 7 I think the system clearly wasn't working director. 8 well here in that Mr. O'Brien felt he needed to go to an nonexecutive director on frequent occasions. 9 So I don't think it worked particularly well here. 10 15 - 23 11 He should have been able to bring those concerns -- as 12 in fact he did -- to the Case Manager and the Medical 13 Director in the first instance. He was bypassing the 14 first mechanism. That probably was difficult for 15 Mr. Wilkinson, I would imagine. So very unusual. 15:23 16 I think the role needs to be looked at because it 17 wasn't particularly clear what purpose. In the past, 18 as I said, it hasn't served admit useful purpose. 19 I think there is a need for the Board to have oversight 20 of what's happening, whether it is with an individual 15:23 named person like this, I'm not sure how helpful that 21 22 really is. 23 we can bring up the correspondence if necessary. 196 Q. 24 did seem to have to field quite a number of queries, 25 some multiple questions and meetings with Mr. O'Brien. 15.24 Yes. I mean I've never come across this before. 26 Α. Yes. 27 It was very unusual. I don't understand what was behind that. 28

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197

Q.

Section 8 of the MHPS, I paraphrased it earlier but

1 just to put it in the mix formally, which is to be 2 found at WIT-18499.

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"The role is to oversee the case to ensure that momentum is maintained and consider any representations 15:24 from the practitioner about his or her exclusion or any representations about the investigation."

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It wasn't, I suppose, outwith what would have been expected of him to receive what he received from 15:24 Mr. O'Brien.

Yes, I think as written down there it is quite possible Α. that would have been an avenue he would have taken. I am just saying usually people raise those issues in the first instance with the Case Manager and usually 15:25 get a satisfactory response from them. I'm not sure that necessarily Mr. O'Brien was giving the Case Manager the opportunity to respond in full before he went to the next stage. That's no reflection on any of them, it's just an observation that this was a very 15:25

unusual way it manifested itself. 21

22 I'm being asked to clarify that the quotation I read 198 Q. a moment or two to you from Mrs. Corrigan was clarified 23 24 by her. It was a reflection and not something she said 25 26

to anyone at the time. I think that's probably obvious.

15:26

27 I understood that. Α.

28 Thank you. 199 Q. okay.

29

- You retired from your position within the Trust towards late 2018?
- A. Yes. I went on sick leave in, I think, around about
 February 2018 with a recurrent cardiac problem. When
 I came back I didn't come back as Medical Director.
 I was asked to do a few specific pieces of work for the
 Chief Executive until I retired officially then in
- 9 200 Q. Before your retirement you understood that the
 10 monitoring plan was working fine without any significant divergence?
- 12 That was the impression I was being given. Α. I would 13 have discussed it occasionally with Dr. Khan and with Anita Chada, and obviously other people in the Acute 14 Services Directorate. While it was taking a long time 15 15:27 16 to get through the MHPS process, by and large, he was 17 complying and was cooperating with the process in terms 18 of his clinical activities.
- 19 201 There was a deviation in the summer of 2017 when Q. 20 Mr. Carroll escalated to Dr. Khan that there were 90 15:27 charts in Mr. O'Brien's office when the rule of the 21 22 monitoring was that there shouldn't be any, or if there 23 were any they were for the shortest possible period of 24 time commensurate with the work that had to be done, 25 and there were outstanding referrals. Do you have any 26 particular recommendation of that issue being drawn to 27 your attention?
- 28 A. No, not I don't, at the time.

August 2018.

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29 202 Q. Was it satisfactory that it wasn't drawn to your

attention or would you have expected the Case Manager and local management to try to sort it out first?

A. I would have expected them to sort it out first and, if
there was a persistent problem or any evidence that
there wasn't compliance on a deliberate basis, that
I would have been informed. But I gather it was fairly
rapidly corrected.

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8 203 Q. In terms of your office and the authority of that
9 office to try to ensure that the investigation
10 progressed with greater expedition, first of all, did 15:29
11 that office have any role in that respect?

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I would have met both the Case Manager and the case Α. investigator on an occasional basis and that their routine one-to-ones that I would have had with them for other issues and on those indications I would have asked about the progress of the investigation, whether they needed any further assistance, or whether they needed me to intervene. I was aware that time was drifting on and we had those discussions at that time. It was felt -- the consensus of those discussions was that whilst not ideal this was taking a long time. Mr. O'Brien was complying with the measures put in place to ensure Patient Safety and that they were content that they would eventually get to the end of the process and be able to make the recommendations. So they weren't looking for any intervention, but I did ask them if they wanted any. We did consider things we might have done. On balance we thought we had started this process far from perfect. It was taking

| 1 | | | it longer than required but it was the most likely one | |
|----|-----|----|---|-------|
| 2 | | | to deliver us an outcome rather than by interfering | |
| 3 | | | with other measures in the middle of an MHPS process. | |
| 4 | 204 | Q. | Could I ask you do consider a reflection from Dr. Khan | |
| 5 | | | in this respect? If I can bring up on the screen | 15:30 |
| 6 | | | WIT-32001. At 25.4 he says and this is referring to | |
| 7 | | | the non-engagement of Mr. O'Brien in the process. | |
| 8 | | | You'll recall, perhaps notably, that from around | |
| 9 | | | about November of 2017 until about March 2018 | |
| 10 | | | Mr. O'Brien may not have engaged in the investigation | 15:31 |
| 11 | | | process in the way that the investigator may have | |
| 12 | | | wished. We'll look at that with her, but this is | |
| 13 | | | Dr. Khan's perspective. It says: | |
| 14 | | | | |
| 15 | | | "The nonengagement of Mr. O'Brien for periods may have | 15:31 |
| 16 | | | been avoided if the Medical Director, who was his | |
| 17 | | | Responsible Officer had intervened earlier. I, as Case | |
| 18 | | | Manager, had discussions with the Medical Director | |
| 19 | | | (Dr. Wright) regarding this. I believe Dr. Wright had | |
| 20 | | | spoken to Mr. O'Brien but Dr. Wright would be able to | 15:31 |
| 21 | | | provide this information." | |
| 22 | | | Your reflections on that? Did you speak to Mr. O'Brien | |
| 23 | | | to give him the hurry up? | |
| 24 | | Α. | I don't recall a specific conversation with Mr. O'Brien | |
| 25 | | | regarding this. I don't think so. | 15:31 |
| 26 | 205 | Q. | Very well. | |
| 27 | | | | |
| 28 | | | You touched on this morning your meeting post | |
| 29 | | | retirement with Mrs. O'Brien? | |

1 Yes, that's right. Α.

2 206 which we know was covertly recorded. It can be found 0. 3 at AOB-56339. Any reflections on that you wish to share with the Inquiry? 4

5 This was, again, a very unusual situation. I had 15:32 Α. obviously been back at work for a number of months but 6 7 not in the role as Medical Director. I think I retired 8 around about the end of August. On the day of --I think it was on the day I actually retired I got 9 a message that Mrs. O'Brien wanted to speak to me. 10 11 I don't know what prompted that. I appreciated she had 12 been quite distressed by the whole procedure. 13 appreciated that as I was no longer an employee, 14 I probably didn't have any requirement to meet with her 15 but I felt that whatever she wanted to say in the 16 interests of being empathetic and understanding, 17 I would facilitate that meeting. I came back into 18 work -- I'm not sure, it was a few days later, I think, 19 to facilitate that in Trust HQ. Obviously I had no 20 idea this was being recorded. I was there simply to listen to what she had to say out of sympathy and 21 22 empathy, which we did. I felt the meeting went 23 reasonably well. She was obviously upset at how things 24 had happened and I listened. I tried to explain why 25 we had acted in the way we did, and we parted 26 reasonably, I think. I was very surprised to hear it 27 had been recorded. It was an informal meeting. kept no record of it. I said to her at the start, this 28 29 is an informal meeting, I'm not an employee of

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- the Trust. I'm here to listen to your concerns just on a human level. And that was it.
- 3 207 Q. You've offered the Inquiry through your statement, 4 finally, some reflections on the process overall.

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- 5 A. Mm-hmm.
- 6 208 Q. MHPS as a process, clearly, from the Trust perspective 7 for reasons we discussed earlier didn't seek to engage 8 with all of the aspects of Mr. O'Brien's practice that, I suppose, theoretically could have been engaged with. 9 You have offered your perspective on that. MHPS, it is 15:34 10 11 a difficult process, it seems, from the evidence you 12 have given?
 - A. Well, it's difficult. On paper it looks very simple but, in reality, getting all the right people together at the right time is really difficult, and almost impossible to carry out in the timeframe that the process itself suggests in most circumstances in the current climate in the NHS. I think it gives false expectations of what's possible. I probably mentioned before about ways I think it could be improved and I know there were several pieces of work done in the past with the Department regarding this in terms of trying to identify a better process. But, as far as I understand, they were never brought to a conclusion.

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25 209 Q. You have, if I could just mention, you've said in your witness statement that when you think about this case, a clear, unambiguous escalation policy to Medical Director level would have facilitated earlier resolution of these issues. If I had known the

unresolved formal process would have happened much earlier. You said that at WIT-17893.

3 A. Yes.

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4 210 Q. I want to ask you, do you think it was inevitable by
5 December 2016 that a formal process had to be
6 commenced?

A. I think it was inevitable by that stage. I think the
problem with this is this had been a situation that had
been allowed to develop over a number of years and,
clearly, the more I found out about it, the longer back 15:36

it seemed to go. It was never going to be fixed in
a few weeks. I think the trouble with that then, the
longer it has gone on, become embedded, the more

difficult it is to resolve an issue like that. As a general rule, early resolution of problems like this

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and put into a more formalised process, it usually

produces better outcomes. It is very unusual now for a case such as this or a situation like this to arise

that has been let go so long through very informal

20 routes. It used to happen a lot in the past, it hadn't 15:37

been my experience in the last five years of my

22 professional life. This is one that got away.

23 211 Q. Just on that. You can develop your answer, but if you could answer these as you go. What do you put that down to the fact it was allowed to drift through

informal channels for so long? Was it deference to

Mr. O'Brien and a reflection of how he was viewed as an

experienced practitioner who was a good surgeon, an

excellent surgeon, perhaps, and these issues were

perceived as being more on the administrative side and not likely to cause too much harm to patients?

- I think that's part of it. 3 Α. I think also a reluctance for people to put themselves in the firing line of 4 5 criticism by a very senior colleague is part of it as 15:38 Perhaps a lack of experience and knowledge of 6 7 the potential remedies that might have been available. 8 As I've said in my statements earlier, that there was a great lack of knowledge amongst even the senior 9 medical staff around MHPS and other processes and how 10 15:38 11 they would function. So certainly an education 12 component to how that could be improved. There was 13 some experience in the Trust in the past, as I now know, some of these issues had been escalated but they 14 15 hadn't been addressed formally. So there was a feeling 15:39 16 of what's the point of doing that again? That's part 17 of the reason, I think, why people were reluctant to 18 escalate, because they had seen it hadn't worked in the 19 past.
- 20 212 Q. Maybe that's a bit too oblique for me, what do you mean 15:39 by that?
- 22 In years gone by some of these issues, as I now know, Α. 23 had been raised at different stages but they didn't 24 seem to have been brought to a conclusion or 25 definitively addressed. I think there was knowledge 15:39 within the system and within the teams that had 26 27 happened, so what's the point in trying again? that reflects a naïvety and a lack of knowledge about 28 potential remedies that can be very effective when 29

| 1 | | | implemented properly. That's where we'd like to be. | |
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| 2 | | | I think earlier intervention would have potentially | |
| 3 | | | fixed these issues at an early stage and prevented us | |
| 4 | | | getting to this stage. In my experience, it is always | |
| 5 | | | a mistake to not intervene formally in these type of | 15:40 |
| 6 | | | situations because they always get worse, they | |
| 7 | | | virtually never get better. | |
| 8 | 213 | Q. | Thank you. | |
| 9 | | | MR. WOLFE KC: I have no further questions. | |
| 10 | | | CHAIR: Thank you, Mr. Wolfe. We will have some | 15:40 |
| 11 | | | questions. I will ask my colleague Dr. Swart to get | |
| 12 | | | the ball rolling. | |
| 13 | | | | |
| 14 | | | DR. RICHARD WRIGHT WAS QUESTIONED BY THE INQUIRY TEAM | |
| 15 | | | AS FOLLOWS: | 15:40 |
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| 17 | 214 | Q. | DR. SWART: My questions will be quite general, I am | |
| 18 | | | sure you will be relieved to know. Just to preface | |
| 19 | | | them, to be clear, the role of Medical Director in | |
| 20 | | | a big Trust like this is a tough job. You had a lot to | 15:40 |
| 21 | | | deal with and there was a lot going on. My questions | |
| 22 | | | are going to be more around the structure in which you | |
| 23 | | | work and your observations on that, which will be | |
| 24 | | | helpful for us in terms of going forward. | |
| 25 | | | | 15:41 |
| 26 | | | One thing that's come out from quite a lot of the | |
| 27 | | | operational witnesses and also from the medical | |
| 28 | | | witnesses and, to some extent, from our expert | |
| 29 | | | witnesses on the SAIs is this divide between the | |

1 managerial and the operational teams. Today, several 2 times, you have said that's delegated to the operational team and, equally the operational managers 3 have said, well, that goes over to the medical 4 5 hierarchy. We have seen a few examples where things 15:41 seemed to fall down between the cracks. 6 7 particularly and most obviously in the monitoring of 8 the action plan for Mr. O'Brien where a manager was put in charge of it and the Clinical Director of an AMD 9 didn't have oversight of it and you didn't actually 10 15 · 41 11 have oversight of it either. Now, none of that is 12 intentional. 13 14 My question to you is, when you arrived at the 15 Southern Health Care Trust, what was your observation 15:42 16 of the way these structures worked in practice and how 17 did this impact on you in your Board role? Do 18 you have, on reflecting on that, any recommendations 19 about how to overcome these problems? 20 There were lots of situations where the organisation of 15:42 Α. the arrangements of senior management within the 21 22 Southern Trust worked really well within Directorates. I mentioned before, Paediatrics, Mental Health, and so 23 24 on. 25 You did, yes. 215 Q. 15 · 42 These were all where we had very good working 26 Α. 27 relationships and they were perhaps smaller and

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there didn't seem to be issues in the same way we had

with the Acute Directorate, which was, to my mind, too

big and unwieldily, and over number of acute hospital sites with Surgery, Medicine, ED, all in there in the mix. So communication about all those issues that were going on was very difficult.

Q.

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It probably didn't help that the Director of Acute Services was located in one of the acute hospitals, we were physically in a different place. That made informal interactions more challenging. I think there was a lack of medical professional representation at Board level. I mean there was me, and that was it. I think to be running an acute hospital of that size with one doctor at that sort of level is probably not enough. There was very little back-up for the Medical Director in terms of ability to delegate issues to

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That's evident from the structure as it was. It's too big a job for it to be for one person really, in your view, and I would agree with that. There have been some examples of that.

other team members because there really weren't any.

You formed a view on this quite early on and you set out to develop the senior medical leadership management capability, although I think you would agree nobody quite had enough time devoted in some areas?

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26 A. Oh, yes.

27 217 Q. And you put some training in. What did you see your 28 personal role as in terms of mentoring these people? 29 Were you able to give some thought to how you could

- actually set a sort of vision for that for the Trust at all?
- On the very specific it issue of mentoring, we did 3 Α. establish a mentoring scheme within the Trust for all 4 5 clinicians. It was quite well worked through in terms 15:44 of what was available, and we had plenty of volunteers 6 7 willing to take on the role. It was, however, 8 a voluntary scheme. What we were finding was the 9 people who availed of it were not necessarily the people we thought could have benefited from it. So it 10 15 · 45 11 wasn't compulsory --
- 12 218 Q. I'm thinking more specifically have you got some
 13 Associate Medical Directors who need a bit of help and
 14 guidance really.
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 219 Q. Did you have enough time to spend with them
 17 individually to really talk them through these things?
 18 Because no training course really equips you, does it?
- 19 Α. The short answer to that is no. We did, however, 20 get our senior medical team, we offered them 15:45 opportunities to train at a regional level on various 21 22 regionally led training courses. It allowed them to network with colleagues across Trusts, and many of them 23 24 availed of that. It wasn't something we could make 25 But the time in their own job plans and the 15 · 45 time in my work plan to allow time for reflection was 26 27 very, very limited, and that was a challenge.
- 28 220 Q. For example, you had an away day and you described 29 Dr. McAllister as walking away from it. Did you pick

| 1 | | up the phone and say, 'come and talk to me, what's | |
|----|--------|---|------|
| 2 | | going on here?' Did you have enough time for that kind | |
| 3 | | of thing? | |
| 4 | Α. | Our one-to-ones often would have been an opportunity | |
| 5 | | for that. They work better with some individuals than | 15:4 |
| 6 | | others. There were one or two who didn't really want | |
| 7 | | to engage with that. | |
| 8 | 221 Q. | On that vain as well, one of the things that strikes us | |
| 9 | | as we look through the evidence and listen to people is | |
| 10 | | that there seemed to be a reluctance for the senior | 15:4 |
| 11 | | medical managers to sit down one-to-one with | |
| 12 | | Dr. O'Brien and talk to him about what was really going | |
| 13 | | on, in his view, in terms of the issues he faced. Did | |
| 14 | | you have a chance to sit down and have a conversation | |
| 15 | | with him from his perspective about what this was all | 15:4 |
| 16 | | about? | |
| 17 | Α. | Well, I met him on a number of documented occasions, | |
| 18 | | but by this stage we were into a fairly formal process. | |
| 10 | | T had met him on a number occasions before but not on | |

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a one-to-one.

I would have taken the opportunity to meet individually with consultants as they were coming up to revalidation, so it would have been my practice to meet with all those people who were coming towards that process at a fairly informal meeting. Mr. O'Brien had revalidated before I came, and then subsequently I was going through that again when I left so I didn't do that with him.

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- 1 222 Q. Were you struck by the fact that people were reluctant
 2 to sit down with him and talk to him about these
 3 issues? What do you attribute that to. Normal medical
 4 management, such as we define it, I think people mean
 5 different things, but you would naturally want to speak 15:47
 6 to people.
- 7 I think they were wary of him because they realised Α. 8 there had been several attempts in the past made to deal with these issues that had not gone well from 9 It was well-known within the 10 their perspective. 15 · 48 11 organisation about this accusation of bullying against 12 one of the AMDs who would normally have been guite able 13 to deal with issues like that, but found it 14 particularly challenging. So there was a reputation 15 There was also the known association with the 15:48 16 Chair which may well have -- I don't know, may well 17 have been overplayed, but that was in the back of 18 people's minds as well. I think Mr. O'Brien, by and 19 large, was not a great team player.
- 20 223 Q. Do you think other doctors in a similar position would 15:48
 21 have had the one-to-one meetings with their Clinical
 22 Directors and AMDs? Was that the culture in the Trust
 23 to deal with things?
- A. Not enough. Not enough. There wasn't time. The

 patches the AMDs had and the time they had in their job 15:48

 plans were not comparable. I think time to do the

 job -- now that was partly, of course, historical

 because of busy jobs, but there was also partly

 a culture that the doctors themselves didn't want to

have more time removed from their clinical work. That
was a major challenge. For instance, when I was in
Belfast Trust as an AMD it was a 50% job. It was
a bigger Trust, but nevertheless, whereas it was
unusual for AMDs to have more than one or two PAs
assigned to their job plan.

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7 224 Q. Did you set out -- was your vision to try and help 8 doctors understand why they needed to lead and manage 9 in a more modern way?

Yes, that would be my own personal professional life. 10 Α. 15 · 49 11 I think one of the most rewarding things about medical 12 management is your ability to develop new services or 13 to modernise or to improve at a level beyond your own 14 individual clinical practice. I think that's the 15 healthiest way for people to get into this side of 15:49 16 things. We wanted to develop medical management as 17 a role that people would aspire to as opposed to be forced into. Over the 20 years or so that I was 18 19 involved in that there was a great move towards that, 20 but still, I think, there is a big issue about 15:50 recruiting good, capable people into roles like this 21 22 because of how it drains them physically and 23 emotionally and how underresourced it is.

A. There has to be realistic investment into the medical manpower in terms of the financial side of it, availability of resource to give reasonable numbers of

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Q.

over this?

PAs to do these jobs. But it's not just about the

Your recommendation on that would be? How do we get

money, it is about seeing how they are valued and their views expressed.

I do think there was a bit of a culture with in the Southern Trust, as in the health service in Northern Ireland generally of keeping doctors out of positions where they could actually take decisions. That's my personal view. I think that's been unhelpful and we need to get a more mature view where they can feel engaged. I think that is beginning to happen. I know there have been a lot of changes within Southern after I left, as well.

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The other extreme would be something like the States where some people train jointly in medical leadership and management as in medicine right from the outset as a career path. We're not quite there yet, but there are some things we are doing around the adept fellows, which have been very encouraging and rewarding in giving junior doctors experience of management and leadership roles at an early stage.

22 226 Q. There's a lot to do. I would agree.

The route into that will be, I think, through the Medical Directors and medical professionals responsibility for clinical risk, Patient Safety and quality. I think that's the toughest part of the Board position because there's so much to that. There are a lot of safety and quality issues that have emerged as

a result of this Inquiry. The most striking thing is 1 people didn't realise the extent of the risk soon 2 enough, or in enough detail and this has raised 3 questions about the mechanisms by which assurance is 4 5 provided or sought and the level of inquiry that's 15:52 going on. You must have a perspective on that as 6 7 Medical Director because I'm sure you would agree it's 8 not enough to be told by a Clinical Director that doctor is a good doctor; that objective evidence was 9 needed. What was your plan in terms of your role, in 10 15:52 11 terms of improving on that? Do you think that need was 12 realised at the time or is it, indeed, realised now 13 even?

- 14 Α. I think there would have to be the ability and the 15 capacity to be much more proactive about seeking 15:53 16 That requires manpower, training and assurance. expertise. And expertise not just on measuring data 17 18 off a number of files lying in a cupboard but expertise 19 in human factors training, route, cause, analysis, some 20 of these analytical tools that have been shown to be so 15:53 valuable but where the skill base is very weak. 21 certainly in this part of the world. 22
- 23 227 Q. Did you recognise that that was a deficit?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 228 Q. Did you raise that with the Board at all? Were the
 Board aware this was an issue?
- 27 A. I raised it in terms of not specifically in that
 28 respect. I certainly raised the need to bolster the
 29 resource within the Medical Director's team for seeking

1 assurances in different ways. Not totally 2 successful -- well not successfully at all, to be honest with you. Maybe that's a reflection of the way 3 I think the Board were aware of I raised the issue. 4 5 the challenges that there were. I think, to be honest, 15:54 we were hampered, particularly in the Southern Trust, 6 7 by the multiple changes at senior levels which seemed 8 to be endless and it never allowed any individual the opportunity or the time to make their mark on the 9 10 system. I think that has been an ongoing issue for 15:54 11 some time. 12 I think they recognise the need for governance 229 Q. 13 improvements but really as Medical Director it must be 14 uncomfortable to know you haven't got enough assurance, for example, cancer standards, you get 31 and 62 days, 15 15:54 16 did you know that the peer review standards were not 17 being met to that extent in urology? I expect 18 you didn't. 19 We would have had quite good data on regard to the Α. 20 simple figures on waiting times, but the detailed 15:55 analysis was lacking. 21 22 The Board didn't get a regular update on standards in 230 Q. that way, did it? 23 24 They would have got governance reports on a regular Α. 25 basis through the governance subcommittee. 15:55 would that include compliance with peer reviews or 26 231 0. 27 compliance with obstetric reviews, whatever?

There would have been various ways of external

It partly did but not systematically enough, I think.

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Α.

1 monitoring of our quality. We had a quality report 2 that was produced annually and it would be ongoing updating during the course of the year. We would have 3 participated in peer review groups such as, you know, 4 5 the top 40 CHKS-type system which measured quality indicators. So that would have been brought to 6 7 the Trust Board but not as systematically or regularly 8 as we required, really, to have an in-depth understanding of the issues. 9

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Job planning has been mentioned by quite a few people. 10 232 Q. 11 I've looked at quite a lot of the information. Ιt 12 doesn't seem to me that the Trust job planning process 13 included, as mandated, team objectives and individual 14 objectives, and any kind of capacity information built 15 in. Is that correct? Or was that a place where that 16 happened?

- 17 A. I think that is largely correct.
- 18 233 Q. Why was that then?
- A. Well, I think it was one of the things that had been allowed to slip. We had a quite highly developed electronic system for the application of job planning.
- 22 234 Q. I've seen it. I've had to use it.
- I'm not sure it was that helpful, really, because it 23 Α. 24 did away with some of the face-to-face interactions 25 where you can have a more meaningful discussion around that. There was a review of job planning just before 26 27 we were doing a lot of work around that at the we had a job planning task force looking at 28 time. 29 various different ways to improve the process and to

1 improve the outcomes from it. That was still ongoing 2 We had had a specific issue within Surgery, actually, because of the multiple changes again of the 3 leadership roles in that Department, and the surgical 4 5 job planning was probably the worst area in the Trust. 15:57 There were other areas where it was guite good and 6 7 regularly done and meaningfully done. But I personally 8 don't know that the electronic system we had was really 9 In some ways it was a hindrance. much of a help.

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10 235 Q. You mentioned that appraisal is a tool for individual development, not really for monitoring. But appraisal can be used effectively if there's enough intervention in terms of really looking at the data available and that being provided?

15 A. Yes.

16 236 Q. Was the barrier to that not having a specific Deputy
17 Medical Director who could devote themselves to that?
18 Was the barrier cultural? Your mechanics seemed to be
19 working fine but meaningful discussion was not
20 necessarily available for us to look at.

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A. That's a very good question. The mechanics at the time I was there did work very well. Actually we knew when people were being appraised. We had almost 100% compliance. We did have a fairly advanced quality assurance check on appraisals, that the right questions up of agreed specific clinical data that was agreed within teams that were relevant to them. It was too much left to the individuals to bring data themselves.

1 So for peer comparison within urology, for instance,

that was not robust enough. Part of that would have

3 been simply the culture within Northern Ireland

4 medicine. There has been a lot of resistance to

5 introducing that type of data on a systemic basis. But 15:59

I have no doubt that having someone assigned with

7 a dedicated role as a Deputy Medical Director, for

instance, with that as their role would have been very

helpful. That's what I was trying to achieve. I don't

think that by itself would have changed the culture

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but it would have been very helpful.

13 A. It takes a lot of time to make it really work. I think

It takes a lot of time to do it well?

the colleges could have a role in this, to be honest.

For example, radiology, I was a radiologist. Getting

hard data on a radiologist's performance is quite

17 difficult but the colleges are best placed on what is

reasonable to expect. I think they have sort of ducked

their obligations there. They've stayed back from

20 coming out. In something like surgery where they could 15:59

say 'return to theatre, complication rate, mortality.

22 There are indicators that could --

23 238 Q. There's nothing to stop the Trust doing that either

though?

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Q.

25 A. There is nothing to stop, but it is much easier to

introduce if you have the colleges saying, 'this is

what you should do, folks'.

28 239 Q. One last question. NCAS, a really important tool. Why

29 did you delegate the task of speaking to NCAS at the

- beginning to Simon Gibson, because when I was Medical
 Director I would always have done that myself.
- A. I think there was just too much going on at that time
 and I knew we had to inform them quickly. It wouldn't
 normally have been my practice. I would have spoken to
 them. In fact, I can't think of any other case where
 I would have done that. It was simply -- and I can't
 remember what it was, but there are other things going
 on that I just couldn't make that call on that day.
- In that context you would then normally seek some sort 10 240 Q. 16:00 11 of assurance about the support being offered, would 12 you, in the Directorate? NCAS always say 'support them 13 through whatever you're doing'. People don't always 14 know what that means. It can mean lots of things. 15 that built into your processes now that you actually 16:01 16 know what they're doing to support the doctor?
- 17 A. To be really honest, I don't know what the process is
 18 now within the Trust because I have been gone for quite
 19 a few years.

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- 20 241 Q. I'm really asking for your view on that?
- 21 A. It is very important. Both the doctor who is the 22 subject of the Inquiry but also the doctors who are 23 the -- well, any staff who are involved in being 24 interviewed or being involved --
- 25 242 Q. Correct?

A. -- and they people conducting the investigation where these things can be quite traumatising and very difficult for them.

29 243 Q. Would you recommend that that's always brought back to

2 I mean there has to be some group to discuss these 3 things. It would help if that was formally -- I mean we looked 4 Α. 5 at this again, worked around SAIs with a similar sort 16:01 of experience that it wasn't consistently reassessed. 6 7 'are we doing this? What is left that could still be 8 done that we haven't done?' It happened very patchily. And I think the same applies for MHPS. 9 10 244 You have to get the assurance back automatically, don't 16:02 Q. 11 you? 12 13 That's all from me. I'll stop torturing you. 14 you. 15 Thank you, Dr. Swart. Mr. Hanbury, have you CHAIR: 16:02 16 any questions? 17 MR. HANBURY: Thank you. I've got not nearly as many 245 Q. 18 questions, you will be relieved to hear, and some have 19 been asked already. I have one thing on job planning. 20 we heard evidence from Colin Weir that he didn't seem 16:02 to have a lot of trouble doing the job planning for 21 22 other surgeons, not necessarily urologists, and one of 23 the sticking points appeared to be the large number of 24 administration sessions that Mr. O'Brien wanted. 25 Actually, having done a reasonable amount of job 16:02 26 planning myself, the rest of his job plan was fine and 27 standard, the number of clinics, sessions, etcetera. what do you think should have happened then? 28 29 it went up the food chain once, but when Mr. Weir, his

something. Not the equivalent of the Oversight Group,

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1 CD, was struggling?

2 It should have gone to facilitation, I think. There is Α. a facilitation process within the Trust where you take 3 somebody who is not just so directly involved in the 4 5 service but has experience of job planning to give 16:03 6 Potentially then, in my experience nearly 7 always you can revolve that issue at a facilitation 8 process, and there's always the potential for appeal. That should have been used. There was a culture within 9 the Southern Trust that they didn't use those processes 16:03 10 11 as quickly as, maybe, other organisations I have worked 12 in would have used them. My view is you can't get 13 agreement at job planning, you go to facilitation, if 14 that doesn't work out you go to appeal and you sort it. You don't let it drift would have been the preferred 15 16:04 16 approach, I think.

17 246 Q. Thank you. In retrospect quite a lot of the
18 administrational things that could have been delegated
19 might have been spotted at an earlier time. Would
20 you agree?

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16:04

- 21 A. Yes. I think that's quite right.
- 22 247 Q. Just a quick one, really. Both Dr. McAllister and the
 23 MHPS colleagues suggested taking the surgeon out of
 24 theatres for a period of time. Have you known that as
 25 an actual technique ever? I thought it was tongue in
 26 cheek when I first heard it?
- A. I don't believe that the MHPS process should be used as a stick in terms to encourage people to change their behaviour. I think the only reason for taking someone

1 out of theatre is if you felt there was a clinical 2 risk, I think. I wouldn't agree using it as a means of 3 encouraging someone to change practice. That would not 4 be appropriate.

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5 248 I agree with you. It sounds somewhat vindictive. Q.

6 Α. Yes.

7 One other thing, changing tack. With respect to 249 Q. 8 Patient 10, the serious incident report, I was surprised that Mr. O'Brien wasn't interviewed as part 9 of the serious incident process. We see later on that 10 11 the operating surgeons and the senior clinicians 12 weren't uniformly interviewed as part of the evidence 13 gathering part of the SAIs. Was that a culture or was 14 it deliberately done by other people for other reasons? 15

I think the specific issue, as far as I'm aware on that 16:05 Α. one, is that Mr. O'Brien should have been interviewed as part of that process but they felt they were unable to because he was on sick leave at the time. the reason that's been given. I think that genuinely was the reason and their intention was to involve him in it when he came back from sick leave, but things escalated in the meantime.

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In terms of interviewing the other people. No, I don't think it was a culture. I think they should have been. 16:06 What I can tell you, because I have been involved in the regional reviews of SAIs, and this is shortcoming across the piece and reflects a lack of training and experience of the investigators. Many of the same

1 issues apply about time, training, frequency of 2 conducting SAIs, and the techniques that are available It's difficult to get people with the 3 4 appropriate experience available at the right time who 5 would know that this is the way the investigation 6 should be conducted. So there are multiplied failings, 7 I think, with the current system around SAIs, and that 8 was highlighted with this case.

Thank you. I just have one more. 250 Q.

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Coming forward to January '17, when, again, Colin Weir gave some evidence at one of the Oversight Meetings stating about Mr. O'Brien being a caring and precise He was very complimentary about it. reflection, do you think it is the behaviour of a caring surgeon to not read letters from many general practitioners and not to be precise about his diagnosis and management in terms of letters and communication?

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Α. I don't think so. I don't believe so. I can see what Mr. Weir was alluding to. From what I have gleaned from Mr. O'Brien's practice, if you were the person in front of him at any given moment in time you got his 100% attention, in some ways more attention than you might with another clinician. But he didn't appreciate, as I perceive this, the need to look at his 16:08 workload in its entirety, and the implications of not following through on that. For some reason, he didn't grasp that. The short answer is no, I don't think it is the sign of a caring surgeon, but I can see what

Mr. Weir meant, that if you were the patient sitting in 1 2 front of him, you would have got his 100% attention both in theatre and at the outpatient clinic. 3 rest of his practice fell far below what was expected. 4

5 251 No more questions. Thank you very much. Q.

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Thank you, Mr. Hanbury. Just reflecting on I'll be corrected if I've got this wrong but that. I think it was Mr. Haynes who said that patients got a Rolls Royce service from Mr. O'Brien who managed to get through the door to him, but others who were 11 getting a clapped out old banger as a result, perhaps. 16:08

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That's very graphic. But I think -- I've tried to Α. struggle with this to understand the thinking behind this and whether it is just his personality or the way I'm sure there's no deliberate intent his mind works. to not serve his patients well. I'm quite convinced he is very committed in that respect. However, he failed to appreciate the effects of his shortcomings and that is a key problem. I always think, when I'm doing appraisals with any doctors, the doctors you are glad to see coming in are the ones who admit, 'I've got a problem here, I have an issue, I'm not coping with I love to see them coming because you can always help them. The ones you fear are the ones who see they are doing no wrong, and there are personalities like that and they are the most difficult

252 28 would it be a fair comment or not to say most of those Q. people would be surgeons? 29

ones to engage with.

1 In all honesty, no, I wouldn't say that. I met them in Α. 2 all walks of life. They are not all doctors either but 3 I don't appraise them. You can meet them anywhere. I think the mistake of the system is to let that go 4 5 unchallenged. If you challenge that at an early stage 16:10 6 of their careers when they are trainees or when they 7 are junior consultants or newly appointed GPS, you have 8 the opportunity to change behaviours and to help them through that. I think the difficulty is when something 9 has become entrenched for 25, 30 years, you're really 10 16:10 11 going nowhere with it. 12 It is the old dog, new tricks situation really, CHAIR: is it? 13

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A. It is really hard. And I know as I get older it is harder to change my ways. I think the system, never mind Mr. O'Brien, but the system has let people down here in that we've tolerated this for a long time before we really seriously tried to address the issues. And that has been a big mistake. I think if anything comes out of this, I hope that the system learns that that is not a good approach.

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CHAIR: I've just digressed from some of the questions I did want to ask you.

One of the things I wanted to explore with you was we heard last week from Mrs. Gishkori, who you will -- well, we have seen all the evidence of the fact there was this first Oversight Committee which she attended and she said then she came away from that -- I think it

wouldn't be a misrepresentation of the impression that she gave, but in panic mode. Because if -- here was a surgeon on her watch, as it were, who she needed to deliver the service that needed delivered, and if he left, what might happen. But she felt unable to express any of that at the meeting with yourself and I just wondered if you can maybe shed any Mrs. Toal. light on her lack of ability to do that or to raise those issues with you at that meeting? She talked about coming to the meeting with just having been given 16:12 Simon Gibson's report to you and not really having had much time to it digest it, I suppose. I just wondered what your reflection were on that position?

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Α. I would normally expect a director to come to a meeting like that fully briefed on what was going on on their 16:12 patch, having considered the outcome they want from the meeting, and with a plan for resolving the issues. for whatever reason, Mrs. Gishkori didn't have the time to put that together. But that's usually what I would expect and usually that's what would have happened. 16:13 I can't think of another situation where somebody would come to a meeting not knowing the degree of the problem and not knowing what their preferred potential solution would be. So I'm at a loss. But my normal experience would be the directors come knowing much more about the 16:13 problem than I would. They have often asked for the meeting in the first place and they have a fair idea what they want to do about it. That was very different with Mrs. Gishkori.

- CHAIR: Also, you've described how the Acute
 Directorate was the biggest if you like in the Trust
 and what she had on her plate.
- It is a challenge for anybody. To be fair to 4 Α. 5 Mrs. Gishkori, the preceding directors in that role had 16:13 6 found it a very challenging role. And I understand 7 there have been changes made to accurate directorate 8 since then. The breadth and scope of it was enormous, and the pressure she would have been under would have 9 10 been absolutely enormous. 16:14
- 11 253 Q. We can take it that she -- I mean I don't think she

 12 would be adverse to me saying she seemed ill-prepared

 13 for the meeting, the Oversight Committee meeting, given

 14 that ill-preparation, was it appropriate then for

 15 a decision to be reached at it if all three of you

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 16 hadn't actually been apprised of all the issues?
- 17 A. I think it would have been within Mrs. Gishkori`s power
 18 to ask for another meeting, if appropriate, and I'm
 19 sure we would have considered that. It wasn't
 20 something I'd ever encountered before.
- 21 254 Q. Certainly, when she contacts you after speaking to
 22 Colin Weir and Charlie McAllister, she comes up with an
 23 alternative way forward which, to her mind, was
 24 protecting her directorate by not losing what was, to
 25 all intents and purposes, a very good surgeon from the 16:15
 26 team.

16:14

- 27 A. Well, I didn't agree with her.
- 28 255 Q. You didn't agree with her yet you did agree with her.
 29 You let it happen.

1 I think one has to be pragmatic in that we had the Α. 2 director of the service and the Associate Medical Director and the Clinical Director responsible for the 3 service who were taking a particular tack. There's 4 5 only so much one can do to impose one's will. It never 16:15 had arisen before. So I was convinced that it was 6 7 worth letting the plan run to see if it would be it of 8 some benefit. I clearly was frustrated by the process. I did agree to a change of tack, which we subsequently 9 reversed, and I wasn't have surprised when we had to 10 16:16 11 reverse it, ultimately.

12 Can I just ask a couple of other things. I'm just 256 Q. 13 going back over to my notes now.

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Yes, I suppose there were -- we've heard about blurring 16:16 of responsibilities and how that contributed to the slow pace of getting to grips with the issue. Would you consider that by agreeing to go along this path that was presented by Mrs. Gishkori to you, that again was blurring the responsibilities?

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I'm not sure. I think I was being pragmatic in that it 21 Α. 22 was the only game in town, really, that was likely to work at that point. 23 I was under no illusion that 24 we may have to reconsider that approach if it didn't 25 work fairly quickly. I think there is a tension between delivering a clinical service and maintaining 26 27 high safety and quality standards. That is something that every director has to grapple with. 28 And I think in this particular instance we were slow to appreciate 29

| Т | | | the necessity to put the safety and quarity standards | |
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| 2 | | | at the top. | |
| 3 | 257 | Q. | That leads me to, you'll be glad to know, the final | |
| 4 | | | question that I want to put to you. | |
| 5 | | | | 16:1 |
| 6 | | | As someone with the experience that you had of MHPS, | |
| 7 | | | and you described at the outset of your evidence to us | |
| 8 | | | that you were a founding member of the Faculty of | |
| 9 | | | Medical Leadership and Management, and that has been | |
| 10 | | | your career path, largely, if you had to sum up one | 16:1 |
| 11 | | | thing, what do you think was the cause of things going | |
| 12 | | | awry here? Because it is quite clear to us that things | |
| 13 | | | did go awry. | |
| 14 | | Α. | Inappropriate deference based on status rather than | |
| 15 | | | ability. | 16:1 |
| 16 | | | CHAIR: Thank you. | |
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| 18 | | | Thank you very much, Dr. Wright. We do appreciate you | |
| 19 | | | had to come back on a second occasion. Just for the | |
| 20 | | | benefit of everyone here, in our down time next week | 16:1 |
| 21 | | | we will be looking at our timetabling to try to avoid | |
| 22 | | | having to call people back on a second occasion, if at | |
| 23 | | | all possible. I have to say, we might not manage it, | |
| 24 | | | but we will make every effort so that people will only | |
| 25 | | | come and speak to us once. | 16:1 |
| 26 | | Α. | Thank you very much. | |
| 27 | | | CHAIR: Tomorrow morning, Mr. Wolfe, we have Mrs. Toal. | |
| 28 | | | MR. WOLFE KC: She's here now. We could get started. | |
| 29 | | | CHAIR: I don't think that would be fair on any of us, | |

| 1 | never mind Mrs. Toal. 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. |
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| 2 | Thank you. |
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| 4 | THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED TO WEDNESDAY, 1ST MARCH 2023 AT |
| 5 | <u>10AM</u> |
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