



# Urology Services Inquiry

## Oral Hearing

**Day 37 – Wednesday, 19th April 2023**

**Being heard before: Ms Christine Smith KC (Chair)**  
**Dr Sonia Swart (Panel Member)**  
**Mr Damian Hanbury (Assessor)**

**Held at: Bradford Court, Belfast**

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Mr. Aidan O'Brien

Examined by Mr. Wolfe KC

3

Lunch adjournment

64

1 CHAIR: Good morning, everyone. Apologies for the  
2 delay. I think our technical Tuesdays and Thursdays  
3 are moving to Wednesdays, but hopefully not.  
4

5 I think we're ready to start, Mr. Wolfe. 10:29

6 MR. WOLFE KC: Yes, good morning. Your witness today,  
7 Panel, is Mr. Aidan O'Brien who, I understand, wishes  
8 to take the oath.

9 CHAIR: Very well.

10 10:30

11 MR. AIDAN O'BRIEN, HAVING BEEN SWORN, WAS EXAMINED BY  
12 MR. WOLFE KC AS FOLLOWS:  
13

14 MR. WOLFE KC: Good morning, Mr. O'Brien.

15 A. Good morning. 10:30

16 1 Q. Thank you for coming along to give evidence to the  
17 urology Inquiry. The first thing we need to do is have  
18 you adopt the witness statement you have provided some  
19 months ago. We can find it at WIT-82399. You'll  
20 recognise that, it's your response to Notice 68. 10:30

21 A. I do.

22 2 Q. The last page thereof is 82657, WIT-82657. There  
23 you'll find your signature.

24 A. That's it.

25 3 Q. Discussing matters with your legal team, there's two 10:31  
26 small corrections that you have notified to me through  
27 your legal team. I can tell the Panel they are not  
28 relevant to this week's business, and I understand from  
29 Mr. Boyle that we will have an addendum statement

1 dealing with those in due course. I'm content with  
2 that and we don't need to go to those amendments at  
3 this stage.

4  
5 You're happy to adopt that?

10:31

6 A. I am.

7 4 Q. Thank you.

8  
9 You also provided to the MHPS investigation,  
10 Dr. Chada's investigation, which we're primarily here  
11 to talk about today, you provided two statements to her  
12 and some corrections to those statements. I want to  
13 draw the Inquiry's attention to those. The first  
14 arises out of a meeting with her on 3rd August 2017.  
15 TRU-00821. You'll recognise that statement,  
16 Mr. O'Brien.

10:32

10:32

17 A. I do.

18 5 Q. And the last page of that is 829 in that series.  
19 00829. This version isn't signed.

20  
21 Just so that the Inquiry sees the form of this, you  
22 made comments to amend that statement, which you handed  
23 or sent to Dr. Chada in April 2018. I think it was  
24 2nd April. We can have those up on the screen, please.  
25 AOB-01792. As the title to the document clearly  
26 explains, they're your comments relating to your  
27 statement, Respondent's statement, of 3rd August 2017.  
28 That statement is to be read with the statement  
29 document I've brought up already; is that right?

10:32

10:33

1 A. That is correct.

2 6 Q. Are you content to have the Inquiry regard those two  
3 documents in combination --

4 A. I am.

5 7 Q. -- as an accurate account of what you're saying?

10:34

6 A. Yes.

7 8 Q. I'm obliged. Thank you for that.

8

9 Then we know that you met with Dr. Chada for a second  
10 time. That was 6th November 2017. That led to the  
11 production of a statement and, again, a commentary  
12 document correcting aspects of it followed. Let's have  
13 a look at that, TRU-00830. Again, a familiar pro forma  
14 preamble setting out the attendees at the meeting and  
15 the date of it.

10:34

16

17 The last page, please, is 834 in that series. Again,  
18 unsigned. The comments you add are to be found at  
19 AOB-01794. They run to some several pages.

10:35

20

21 Again, Mr. O'Brien, bringing those two documents  
22 together in the same form as the August interaction  
23 with Dr. Chada, are you satisfied they represent an  
24 accurate account?

10:35

25 A. I am.

10:35

26 9 Q. The Inquiry understands this already, but your first  
27 encounter with Dr. Chada dealt with the first three  
28 elements of the terms of reference. The fourth  
29 engagement primarily dealt with the fourth element,

1           which was the private patients issues.  
2        A.    That is correct.  
3    10   Q.    Thank you.  
4  
5           Now, I want to begin by asking you just about your                               10:36  
6           qualifications and career background.  We can see from  
7           your witness statement, WIT-82436, at paragraph 6 that  
8           you graduated in medicine 1978 from Queen's University,  
9           Belfast, and went on to do higher professional training  
10          in urology, which you completed in June 1991, taking up                       10:36  
11          a locum consultant role in Craigavon in the summer of  
12          1991; a spell in paediatric urology in Bristol between  
13          September 1991 and June 1992, and then back to  
14          Craigavon in what is now the Southern Trust; isn't that  
15          right?   10:37  
16        A.    That is correct.  
17    11   Q.    You took up a position as a consultant urologist in  
18           what was then the Craigavon Trust on 6th July 1992?  
19        A.    That is correct.  
20    12   Q.    And you remained in that post until July 2020?                             10:37  
21        A.    That is correct.  
22    13   Q.    For the Inquiry's convenience, there is, I suppose, an  
23           old CV from 1992 to be found in the documents.  The  
24           reference for that - we needn't bring it up - is  
25           AOB-82662.  It conveniently contains much of interest                       10:38  
26           in Mr. O'Brien's academic career history to that point.  
27  
28           we also have your appointment letter and your original  
29           job description, Mr. O'Brien.  It's not relevant for

1 present purposes to bring that up but just to assure  
2 you that the Inquiry has all of that material.

3  
4 In terms of your role in Craigavon in what was to  
5 become the Southern Trust, you set out within your 10:39  
6 statement a number of the roles that you took up. If  
7 we could just briefly run through some of those,  
8 because it wasn't a case of being consultant urologist  
9 and nothing else, there was quite a number of strings  
10 to your bow and quite a number of demands on your time. 10:39  
11 Apart from what most people might understand as  
12 a purely clinical role, it was broader than that; isn't  
13 that right?

14 A. That is correct.

15 14 Q. We can see some of that and I'll just outline it. If 10:39  
16 we go to WIT-82438, paragraph 102. You refer here to  
17 your role as a lead clinician for the Urological Cancer  
18 MDT in the Southern Trust from April 2012; isn't that  
19 right?

20 A. That is correct. 10:40

21 15 Q. And you continued in that role until December 2016?

22 A. That is true.

23 16 Q. You were also Chair of the weekly multi-disciplinary --  
24 sorry, multi-disciplinary meeting from April 2012 until  
25 September 2014 when the Chairmanship entered into 10:40  
26 a rotational format. You continued to act as Chair,  
27 albeit the baton was passed to a colleague or  
28 colleagues between meetings so you weren't the constant  
29 Chair; is that right?

1 A. I wasn't the constant Chair. We had to introduce  
2 a rota in preparation for the introduction of urologist  
3 of the week, because you couldn't have someone being  
4 a urologist of the week and possibly operating on an  
5 emergency case and having to Chair a multi-disciplinary 10:41  
6 meeting. So as lead clinician of the team,  
7 I introduced a rota in September '14.

8 17 Q. Paragraph 104, just scrolling down on to the next page.  
9 You also were appointed in January 2013 to the role of  
10 Clinical Lead and Chair of the Northern Ireland Cancer 10:41  
11 Network, or NICaN, clinical reference group in urology,  
12 a post you held through until December 2015; isn't that  
13 correct?

14 A. That is correct.

15 18 Q. Another matter - we needn't go to it - paragraph 111, 10:41  
16 you were clinical supervisor from time to time for the  
17 intercollegiate surgical curriculum programme?

18 A. That is correct.

19 19 Q. You explained at paragraph 107 - just scroll up to  
20 that - that during the years that you held these 10:42  
21 additional roles, the roles set out there, they were  
22 not accounted for in terms of time commitment and your  
23 job plan. Whilst you took on the additional duties,  
24 you were not given additional time by the Trust to  
25 perform them; is that right? 10:42

26 A. That is correct, yes.

27 20 Q. So, the duties of a clinician are set out in the job  
28 plan but these were additional tasks over and above the  
29 job plan which, if urology is to function well, both



1 within your home place, if you like, within the Trust,  
2 and regionally with your NICaN work, somebody has to  
3 take these roles on?

4 A. That's true. So, I was the one who didn't step back  
5 when it came to the regional post. It was proposed by 10:43  
6 the incumbent, who was leaving to take up a new post in  
7 Liverpool, that I would be suitable for that role of  
8 Lead Clinician and Chair of NICaN clinical reference  
9 group, and the secretariat of that group also asked me  
10 if I would do it and I said yes, if no one else offers. 10:43  
11 So no one else offered so I took on that role. It's  
12 not that I did it completely reluctantly, because I was  
13 interested in making a contribution regionally, it's  
14 also important to point out that that was in itself not  
15 a Trust appointment, but the Trust were aware, of 10:44  
16 course, that I was fulfilling that role.

17 21 Q. Was it ever a consideration for you, given the  
18 demanding nature of your clinical role within the  
19 Trust, that some of these duties were creating an  
20 unnecessary pressure for you, that objectively, 10:44  
21 perhaps, you shouldn't be taking on if you're seen to  
22 be struggling with aspects of your clinical role?

23 A. You're right. I thought about that at the time and  
24 I thought about it a great deal. I thought that the  
25 regional role with regard to NICaN was relative to 10:45  
26 Chairing the Trust's MDM, and being its lead clinician  
27 in that regard was relevantly minor even though we had  
28 a significant task ahead of us in terms of national  
29 peer review, which came up for the first time in June

1 '15. But I had been approached and I didn't feel that  
2 I was in a position to say no. I was approached, I was  
3 asked, it was proposed that I would take on that role.  
4 I think, actually, that there was an appetite within  
5 the organisation at that time to have that role filled 10:46  
6 by someone not in a clinical post in the Belfast Trust,  
7 that it would be good to rotate it out of Belfast. So,  
8 for all of those reasons, I said yes.

9  
10 With regard to being Lead Clinician of our Trust MDT 10:46  
11 and Chair of the MDM, I gave that a great deal more  
12 thought, and I discussed it with Michael Young, the  
13 Lead Clinician at that time, for the very reason for  
14 your question. The only other person who could take up  
15 that post at that time was Mr. Glackin, who had just 10:46  
16 been appointed in 2011, and we both thought perhaps  
17 that's a heavy ask in your first year or so in a post.  
18 In retrospect, Mr. Glackin would have been entirely fit  
19 for it but it was a very, very demanding role. But  
20 I did give all of that consideration to it. 10:47

21 22 Q. Thank you.

22  
23 Now, within your statement - and I don't mean to gloss  
24 over it but in the interest of time I'll mention it and  
25 you can come back with any comments - but you mention 10:47  
26 at paragraph 98 how you were the only consultant in  
27 Craigavon until January 1996. At that point, a second  
28 consultant came in.

1 As an illustration of how demanding your role was for  
2 those initial several years, and no doubt you will say  
3 since that, but certainly for those initial several  
4 years setting up the service, the Inquiry has from you  
5 a letter which you sent to Human Resources in 10:47  
6 March 1996. Just maybe put that up on the screen to  
7 show what you are saying. It is AOB-00018.

8  
9 In this letter to Human Resources, you were pointing to  
10 the scale of your role and your commitment, and you 10:48  
11 were seeking a retrospective award of, was it two  
12 sessions per week, to reflect the extra hours which  
13 perhaps nobody had foreseen in establishing the  
14 service?

15 A. Yes, I think that's correct. I mean, I was advised to 10:48  
16 do that by the Chief Executive at the time. It was,  
17 I think, for the organisation a rather unique situation  
18 to find themselves in, some one single-handed person  
19 providing a continuous service for a significant period  
20 of time really, three and a half years until 1996 when 10:49  
21 Mr. Wahid Baluch was appointed. So, apart from  
22 occasional short breaks from elective surgical  
23 provision, I provided a continual emergency service  
24 provision during that period of time. So, yes.

25 23 Q. And that was a strain? 10:49

26 A. Oh, it was continuous. I did get one break out of  
27 Northern Ireland for a week in 1995 when one of my more  
28 senior colleagues in Belfast provided cover to enable  
29 me to go to the American Urological Association

1 meeting. Apart from that, I would stay at home within  
2 Northern Ireland and take a break from elective work  
3 but I was on continuous emergency. It got increasingly  
4 busy from zero to a very busy place within a short  
5 period of time.

10:50

6 24 Q. One of the things that we should mention is your  
7 Clinical Excellence Award in 2009. We can see  
8 reference to that at AOB-00121. 12th April 2009. Just  
9 scrolling down, the Medical Director, Mr. Loughran, is  
10 telling you that the Local Clinical Excellence Awards  
11 Committee met on 23rd March 2009 to consider all  
12 consultants who submitted an application for an  
13 excellence award, and he was pleased to confirm that as  
14 a result, the committee have decided that you should  
15 receive an award effective from the previous year.

10:50

10:51

16  
17 what, Mr. O'Brien, to elaborate on that, is that kind  
18 of award reflective of, in your view?

19 A. Well, I think actually it's the only time -- I think  
20 it's the second time I had been awarded such an award.  
21 They were previously called discretionary points or  
22 discretionary awards. I felt that was a more honest  
23 description of the award because it was at the  
24 discretion of others that you would receive such an  
25 award. Frankly, I didn't like the process of applying  
26 for a Clinical Excellence Award. I always thought  
27 excellence was something, you know, that one is always  
28 in pursuit of. I just didn't like that. It was the  
29 last time I applied for one. I think it is just

10:51

10:51

1 a general recognition of your clinical standing, your  
2 clinical ability and probably the contribution that  
3 you have made to the organisation to date.

4 25 Q. Thank you. Can I take you back to something you've  
5 said in your statements about the context in which 10:52  
6 you were appointed as a consultant urologist. You  
7 refer to your discussions with the Chief Executive,  
8 Mr. Templeton --

9 A. Templeton, yes.

10 26 Q. -- at that time, and you reflect on what I take, what 10:52  
11 you interpreted anyway, as something of a struggle with  
12 the Board to try and get recognition that Craigavon  
13 required a urology service. I suppose, correct me if  
14 I'm wrong, it set something of the tone, at least in  
15 your mind, for how urology was to be regarded even up 10:53  
16 until this day. Is that a fair summary, before I go to  
17 the material?

18 A. That is a fair summary. We are where we started.

19 27 Q. If we just go to WIT-82406. At paragraph 25 you begin 10:53  
20 the process of setting out that view in your  
21 conversation with Mr. Templeton. He wanted assurance  
22 from you. This was in the context of you having done  
23 some locum work in the summer of '91, was it?

24 A. That is correct, yes.

25 28 Q. He thought it appropriate, is it fair to say, to have 10:54  
26 a full-time consultant urologist appointed. You're  
27 explaining there that he wanted a commitment from you  
28 that you would apply for the post if it ever came up.  
29 He explained that he would not be prepared to go out on

1 a limb to secure approval without having a guarantee of  
2 having one appointable person to apply, so you gave him  
3 that undertaking?

4 A. That is correct.

5 29 Q. Then if we scroll down, please, on to the next page. 10:54  
6 You explain that - the penultimate sentence in that  
7 paragraph - it took a further eight months, you say, it  
8 appears, for the hospital or Mr. Templeton to convince  
9 the Director for Public Health of the Southern Health  
10 and Social Services Board of the need for a consultant 10:55  
11 urologist.

12  
13 You take up the theme at paragraphs 29 to 30. Maybe it  
14 is more particularly set out in 30. You're making the  
15 point that within your statement, you're going to 10:55  
16 explain that what has already been described in this  
17 Inquiry as a demand/capacity mismatch was there from  
18 the start. If I'm summarising this inaccurately,  
19 correct me, please. You're saying that that is, in  
20 many respects, because of all that did go wrong and all 10:56  
21 that could have gone wrong were it not for the  
22 commitment and efforts of those charged with the  
23 provision of the service?

24 A. That is absolutely correct.

25 30 Q. Is it within this paragraph you reflect the view that 10:56  
26 urology was seen as, I suppose -- well, urology issues  
27 were seen as predominantly a male pathology, and you,  
28 I think, reflect the view that there's - again, correct  
29 me if I'm wrong - almost a bias or built-in lack of

1 favourable treatment for the service which wouldn't be  
2 there if it was a female pathology?

3 A. That's my belief, but that's not just a local  
4 experience, that's a national and international  
5 experience. I've no doubt about that whatsoever. 10:57  
6 I mean, 70 percent of adult urology patients are male.  
7 I'm not an historical authority but I think in terms of  
8 the United Kingdom, the only time that men did have an  
9 advantage in terms of healthcare provision was when  
10 British soldiers serving in world war II were awarded, 10:58  
11 or provided with, access to free dental care. It  
12 lasted for a year until their wives very successfully  
13 succeeded in getting the same free dental care. So,  
14 yes, I do think that that has to be stated. I do  
15 believe it to be the case. But it's not just a local 10:58  
16 issue.

17  
18 But there are several factors, there's the emergence of  
19 a specialty, the belated emergence of a specialty from  
20 under the cloak of general surgery. I think that there 10:58  
21 was not only, as you have already pointed out, the  
22 absence at the level of public health of an awareness  
23 of the need and how that compared with service  
24 provision throughout Europe, but there was a very, very  
25 limited, restricted view amongst the general surgical 10:59  
26 establishment of what exactly urology meant, and  
27 I think I've made some reference to that as well. So,  
28 you had the combination of all of those things to have  
29 a situation where the Director of Public Health didn't

1 even think there was a need for such a service with  
2 a population at that time of 269,000 people, and with  
3 a consultant urologist to population ratio throughout  
4 Western Europe in the 1990s of roughly one to 53,000.  
5 If Northern Ireland had been a sovereign country or 10:59  
6 were a sovereign country, we would have been at the  
7 bottom of the European league with the Republic of  
8 Ireland just above that and Great Britain just above  
9 that. So, that's where we have been for 30 years.

10  
11 Forgive me if I sound rather rhetorical, but at the end  
12 of Section 21 it asks you to reflect on what went  
13 wrong, but it's been wrong from the very start, it just  
14 got worse. 11:00

15 31 Q. Yes. We can see, certainly within the first 11:00  
16 substantial section of this Section 21 response, that  
17 you reflect in great detail, Mr. O'Brien, about the  
18 working environment in which the transformation of  
19 urological need into demand hasn't been met, in your  
20 view, because capacity of the service has been so 11:01  
21 inadequate.

22  
23 You give a number of illustrations of that. For  
24 example, at paragraph 43. Just scrolling down. Yes,  
25 thank you. You talk about the inadequacy of operating 11:01  
26 capacity against a background of increasing elective  
27 referrals.

28  
29 At paragraph 45 you reflect the disparity between an



1 increasing need for review facility or review  
2 appointments, and an incapacity or inability to meet  
3 that demand.  
4

5 Is it purely financial, Mr. O'Brien, or is there 11:02  
6 a series of systemic issues, or is it alternatively  
7 a bias, a blind spot in failing to realise the  
8 importance of this, or is it a combination of all of  
9 that?

10 A. I think it's a combination of all of that. If there is 11:02  
11 a complete absence of a service, then it's very easy by  
12 definition not to see the service. There is no need  
13 for a service that doesn't exist. It's only when  
14 a service, even grossly inadequate, as it was with me  
15 for the first three or four years, and even when there 11:03  
16 were two of us for a lot more years, does need  
17 transform into demand and demand grossly overwhelms the  
18 capacity. Then you end up with all of these  
19 distortions that you may go on to point out, such as  
20 there being no increase in operating theatre capacity 11:03  
21 in conjunction with an increase in staffing. So  
22 whereas I had four, five, and at a time six operating  
23 sessions per week if I was lucky, but I certainly had  
24 four, that was my allocation when I was a single-handed  
25 urologist. When a second one was appointed in 1996 and 11:04  
26 subsequently replaced by Mr. Michael Young in 1998,  
27 there was no commensurate increase in operating theatre  
28 capacity.  
29

1 So, you have the back end of the shop where very little  
2 is happening, and the emphasis politically is to get  
3 more people in, and it's called integrated elective  
4 access protocol. It doesn't look good at the front, so  
5 you get them in in equal measure, in 11:04  
6 a nondiscriminatory measure, then you tell them you're  
7 not going to get it at the end of the day, we're just  
8 going to put you on a list, which gets longer and  
9 longer and longer. Whereas if you look at the likes of  
10 myself or, if I may say so, Mr. Hanbury in mainland 11:04  
11 Europe, the emphasis was on operating and being there  
12 at the back of the shop actually providing the service  
13 that people ultimately needed.

14  
15 But that wasn't the case when you have such an 11:05  
16 inadequate service. But it's a big political issue.  
17 It's about taxation, it's about funding, it's about  
18 social priorities and all of that kind of thing.

19 32 Q. You will no doubt appreciate that the scope of today's  
20 proceedings into tomorrow doesn't allow us the time to 11:05  
21 ruminate to any significant degree on these issues.  
22 You will again appreciate that the Inquiry has your  
23 statement in that respect, and the Panel may later have  
24 some further questions about the environment in which  
25 you had to work. 11:05

26  
27 Just continuing further along for a little bit longer  
28 in this. You say at paragraph 75, if we go down to  
29 WIT-82428:

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"While it would indeed appear to be 'bizarre' to the uninitiated or those without longer experience, I find it entirely familiar and consistent with the success with which Trusts have been able to transfer all responsibility for the consequences of inadequacy to clinicians".

11:06

What do you mean by that phrasing?

A. Well, I think this paragraph is preceded by some other paragraphs.

11:06

33 Q. Yes, it does?

A. I see the italics above that refers to the contents of an email sent by Mark Haynes in 2019, I think. It's about, you know, I've tried to portray as comprehensively as is possible the consequences for everybody that arises due to inadequacy. I have talked about the DARO System, for example. If you see 100 people as new patients and you might not want to see 20 of them after that date but you want to review 80 but there's not the capacity to do that, you have to find some kind of safety measure or safety net that has been referred to at great length. So, who is responsible for the safety net? It's the same small number of consultants who are running to standstill providing the safety net.

11:07

11:07

11:07

Progressively you will find that measures are taken, sometimes without intent. Sometimes there are

1 unforeseen circumstances and consequences whereby the  
2 responsibility and the accountability for everything  
3 that arises due to inadequacy is progressively  
4 transferred to those few people who are providing it.

5 34 Q. Whereas you say in your second point there, I think 11:08  
6 paragraph 75, that really the responsibility should lie  
7 with the commissioners and the Trusts to put in place  
8 a proper service as opposed to devising, if  
9 I understand you correctly - I'm putting these words  
10 into your mouth as opposed to mine - is sticking 11:08  
11 plasters and putting them in the hands of clinicians to  
12 operate and police when you have many other demands to  
13 meet.

14 A. Absolutely. I mean, in a sense the Trust is the 11:09  
15 provider and the Trust will provide what it has had  
16 commissioned of it, and there's very, very little  
17 autonomy and independence of the provider from the  
18 Commissioner. The Commissioner will do what is  
19 regarded as the Department's policy and agenda, often  
20 expressed as ministerial targets and so forth. It is 11:09  
21 a circular argument because Trust commissioners and  
22 department and ministers, they're part of our society  
23 and, you know, different societies have different  
24 socio-political priorities. You see that throughout  
25 Europe. 11:10

26  
27 Sometimes I think actually if the UK and Ireland  
28 weren't islands and were attached physically and  
29 geographically to mainland Europe, it would be an awful

1 lot more difficult to have such inadequacy compared to  
2 mainland Europe because it wouldn't be tenable if you  
3 can drive across borders. So, we have a major problem  
4 and there's a major problem, as we're all aware of -  
5 but we're not here to talk about the wider picture -- 11:10  
6 but I'm a urologist, I have been for a long time and  
7 that's always been my interest, and I haven't really  
8 been particularly interested in any other speciality as  
9 such, but we have a major issue with regard to  
10 urological service and trying to meet the need, and it 11:10  
11 is grossly inadequate. I mean, it is exceptional by  
12 national standards. It doesn't pertain in Great  
13 Britain. I have many friends who are urologists in  
14 Great Britain. This is a foreign country when it comes  
15 to urological service provision, and we're not even 11:11  
16 comparing the UK with our international comparators in  
17 that regard.

18  
19 You know, this is not the place to be, you know,  
20 subjective about it, but it really is little short of 11:11  
21 being scandalous, the kind of service that has been  
22 provided and is being provided.

23 35 Q. Obviously you've put the time into explaining this in  
24 your statement and we're dwelling on it for some time  
25 this morning because this is the environment in which 11:11  
26 you had to work and in which your perceived  
27 shortcomings - at least perceived by the Trust and  
28 we'll look at those shortly - in which those  
29 shortcomings arose.

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You say at paragraph 95, WIT-82435. This rounds off that particular section. If you just go to the bottom of the page, please. Thank you. This paragraph rounds off this section of your statement that has set out those contextual factors that we've spent probably too little time talking about this morning. You say:

11:12

"Since my appointment in 1992, I have endeavoured to the very best of my ability to provide the best care that I could possibly give to the maximum number of patients whom I considered were in most need of it at any particular time. I regarded it as a vocation and a privilege to do so. However, I have endeavoured in this general narrative to describe the inadequacy of the urology service provided by the Trust, and the relentless burden carried by me and my too few colleagues to maximally mitigate the risks of patients coming to harm due to that inadequacy. I have worked far beyond any contractual obligations, as has been acknowledged. I have worked when on leave and even when on sick leave. I have tried to do the impossible, but the impossible proved not to be possible. I hope that any failings on my part may be viewed in this light".

11:13

11:13

11:13

11:14

As we look at issues such as triage and dictation and that kind of thing, that's how you wish your actions or inactions to be viewed; is that fair?

1 A. That's very fair, yes.

2 36 Q. We can see, just finally on this broad area, that,  
3 I suppose, the service of urology and these resource  
4 and organisational shortcomings which you've described  
5 not only affected consultant urologists but also 11:15  
6 affected nursing staff, for example. If I could just  
7 bring up on the screen, please, AOB-75761. Catherine  
8 Hunter was the ward manager for Ward 3 South, which,  
9 and forgive the expression, housed urological patients,  
10 but also ENT patients and -- 11:15

11 A. And some medical patients, yes.

12 37 Q. -- some medical patients.

13

14 She is writing on 12th November '15 to Esther Gishkori,  
15 who was the Director of Acute Services at that time, 11:15  
16 copying in a range of people, including yourself, the  
17 other consultants and some others about her concerns as  
18 ward manager. I suppose it might be described in  
19 summary. Maybe if we just scroll down the page and on  
20 to the next page, she sets out in a lengthy document - 11:16  
21 it runs to five or six pages - a concern, forgive the  
22 summary, but an unsafe ward where there's a significant  
23 shortfall in nursing capacity and she's looking to see  
24 what management would do about it.

25 A. That's right. 11:16

26 38 Q. In your view, was that a snapshot in time that was, if  
27 you like, temporary and passing, or is the narrative  
28 that she presents typical of a service that was in  
29 difficulty in terms of its resourcing for a number of

1 years?

2 A. For a number of years. It was not temporary. Without  
3 dwelling longer than you might want me to do, we did  
4 have a very healthy situation with regard to inpatient  
5 care with our own ward, ward 2 South, from 1992 when 11:17  
6 I started, until 2009, when we lost it effectively and  
7 our patients were scattered throughout three other  
8 general surgical wards. That resulted in a lot of our  
9 experienced staff, whose experience and skill we had  
10 spent all of those years building up and developing, 11:18  
11 they left. Thereafter, we had a progressive slide and  
12 deterioration in the quality of inpatient care, which  
13 concerned not just me but all of my colleagues. It is  
14 not insignificant to point out that this was written  
15 in November '15 -- 11:18

16 39 Q. Yes.

17 A. -- which rather coincides the period when you will want  
18 to discuss triage or the lack of it. And, indeed --

19 40 Q. Sorry to cut across you. This was, just to put it in  
20 the chronology, this was a year into the introduction 11:19  
21 of urologist of the week approach?

22 A. That's right, yes.

23 41 Q. If we just scroll down, it may just be useful to  
24 illustrate a little point -- I didn't mean to say a  
25 little point, one of the main points in the lengthy 11:19  
26 document which she wishes to illustrate. She is  
27 showing the current deficit in nursing availability.  
28 Obviously there's an effort to redress the gap by using  
29 bank or agency staff. They appear to be substantial



1 numbers?

2 A. Yes.

3 42 Q. How does that problem on the ward impact the urologist  
4 of the week? The urologist of the week, as  
5 I understand it, was intended to provide a facility  
6 whereby resource would be directed to optimising  
7 patient management.

11:20

8 A. That is correct.

9 43 Q. Inpatient management?

10 A. Inpatient management. So, in fact actually from 2009,  
11 since we lost our own ward at ward 2 South, which  
12 really was the first negative deleterious knock that  
13 we got in the service. Everything up until then,  
14 though inadequate, was moving belatedly in a dilatory  
15 manner in the right direction. But the loss of the  
16 ward was a significant blow. As I said, our patients  
17 were scattered over three wards. But then, after that  
18 approved to be disastrous for our patients, then they  
19 were concentrated in Ward 3 South. But we never  
20 recovered from that.

11:20

11:20

11:21

21  
22 With increasing concern about the quality of inpatient  
23 care, that played no small part in our increasing need  
24 for urologist of the week. I was very, very keen to  
25 have urologist of the week introduced. We really felt  
26 that calling in to see your patient or being on-call  
27 parallel with this kind of situation, with nursing  
28 care, was dangerous. So, eventually urologist of the  
29 week. This is one year later and she is pleading with

11:21

1 us and she is pleading with her line management to have  
2 this situation addressed.

3 44 Q. Yes. It is fair to say that management do respond, at  
4 least in writing. Whether the response is satisfactory  
5 is for others to judge. But we can see that 11:22  
6 Mrs. Trouton writes, I think it is the next day,  
7 13th November. AOB-75791. I won't bring the Inquiry  
8 to this but below this email are all the various  
9 representations that Mrs. Trouton has been sent from  
10 other nursing staff, and indeed from Mr. Haynes if we 11:23  
11 were to scroll down. But Catherine Hunter, the ward  
12 manager, had taken the lead on this and this is  
13 Mrs. Trouton's response. Obviously Mrs. Trouton has to  
14 work within certain parameters which aren't of her  
15 making but she indicates that: 11:23

16  
17 "Please be assured that various staff members are  
18 working to address the concerns. But there is a very  
19 real shortage of qualified staff nurses regionally and  
20 nationally and it is currently a real challenge to 11:23  
21 recruit qualified nurses permanently to this or any  
22 ward. There are, however, further recruitment  
23 strategies planned and we would hope that this will  
24 yield successful recruitment soon. That said, we do  
25 have some options for improvements to the current 11:24  
26 situation in the intervening period. "

27  
28 It was, and possibly remains, Mr. O'Brien, a complex  
29 problem that has yet to be resolved fully.

1           A.    Well, I don't know what the situation is like now  
2                because I haven't been there for three years, but  
3                it didn't really improve significantly. You know,  
4                sometimes this kind of situation can be portrayed  
5                inappropriately as a conflict between the agitators, 11:24  
6                whether it is a nurse or doctor, and managers, but if  
7                you can't recruit people, you can't recruit people and  
8                you depend on locum agencies. It is a very, very  
9                worrying situation but this is what happens. It  
10              doesn't happen overnight. You know, the big issue 11:25  
11              there -- I don't think we would have been in that  
12              position if we had not had our ward taken from us in  
13              2009 because we gave great priority to inpatient  
14              management. My colleague Michael Young, and  
15              Mehmood Akhtar at the time, and myself, a former boss 11:25  
16              of mine in Dublin when I was training, he is long  
17              deceased he was president of the Royal College of  
18              Surgeons, he said the inpatient ward is the cockpit of  
19              your service. If you don't have everything right  
20              there, it doesn't matter what you do in your operating 11:25  
21              theatre or in the outpatient clinic because, in due  
22              course, people will not want to come to you if you  
23              can't care for them.

24  
25              This was a priority item. It had been allowed to 11:26  
26              slide. It was a disaster losing the ward. In general  
27              terms, with the loss of that ward, it was one of four  
28              surgical wards so we had a 25 percent reduction in  
29              inpatient beds. But that's the kind of global

1 circumstance that...

2 45 Q. It's within that context, Mr. O'Brien, that we will  
3 turn to look at the MHPS issue, which we're primarily  
4 here to address over the next coming days. You will  
5 appreciate that this module is focused on the MHPS 11:26  
6 investigation and we anticipate that we will have you  
7 back, perhaps in the autumn, to look at some other  
8 issues. For our remaining time together, we'll be  
9 looking at your engagement with the MHPS process and  
10 your response to it. We'll be looking at how your 11:27  
11 practice was perceived and whether the perception of  
12 shortcomings in your practice was, in your view, a fair  
13 judgment. We will take the opportunity, I suppose in  
14 passing, to Hoover up some other issues such as your  
15 job planning, your relationship with Mr. Mackle, your 11:27  
16 relationship with Mrs. Brownlee, and various other  
17 issues.

18  
19 I think, Chair, if it's convenient, we could take  
20 a short break now and start into that after that? 11:27  
21 CHAIR: Very well. If we rise now and start again at a  
22 quarter to twelve.

23  
24 THE INQUIRY BRIEFLY ADJOURNED AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS:

25 11:28  
26 CHAIR: Mr. Wolfe, ready to continue?

27 MR. WOLFE KC: Yes. Thank you, Chair.

28 46 Q. Now, Dr. Chada, Mr. O'Brien, completed her report by  
29 21st June 2018, and on 10th July you supplied

1 a response to that report having had an opportunity to  
2 consider it, and that response was delivered to  
3 Dr. Khan; isn't that right?

4 A. No, I think it was delivered to Human Resources because  
5 Dr. Khan was on extended leave at that time. 11:45

6 47 Q. I understand. It was for --

7 A. For Dr. Khan.

8 48 Q. -- for his attention --

9 A. Indeed.

10 49 Q. -- as case manager, I should have said. 11:45

11

12 If we can take some time to look at that document,  
13 AOB-01879. That's the document. It may appear a  
14 little unusual, Mr. O'Brien, to be starting at the end  
15 of the process with you but we will turn and go back to 11:46  
16 the start of the process. The point here is to see  
17 what you made of the allegations by the time of the  
18 report's delivery. On the issue of the report's terms  
19 of reference, can we go to AOB-01893. Obviously  
20 a lengthy document. It takes some time to set out some 11:46  
21 historical context, a little like we've been doing this  
22 morning. In terms of the terms of reference, you  
23 worked through the five aspects of those terms.

24

25 Let's start with triage, as you have. You said: 11:47

26

27 "I do accept that I was not undertaking triage of  
28 non-red-flag referrals". You say: "I have been clear  
29 since the outset of this investigation that I was not

1 doing so because I found it impossible to do so".

2  
3 The background to that is explained above. You say  
4 that:

5  
6 "Triage is a vitally important process to ensure the  
7 patient's management is initiated effectively and to  
8 ensure that patients are correctly categorised. It is  
9 my belief that sometimes triage is necessary if the  
10 consultant urologist is to bring the value of his or  
11 her specialist expertise to the process, and that means  
12 triage becomes time-consuming. I believe that it would  
13 be beneficial to the department to allocate sufficient  
14 time for the consultants to complete triage  
15 effectively. I've raised this issue as part of my  
16 response to the SAI and I hope that the Trust will  
17 address that issue as soon as possible".  
18

19 That was the response to the Patient 10 SAI; isn't that  
20 right?

21 A. That is correct.

22 50 Q. In those two paragraphs, and obviously you say much  
23 more about it, we see reflected your view that you  
24 found triage of non-red-flag referrals to be impossible  
25 to perform during your period as urologist of the week.  
26 You do not underestimate the importance of triage, it  
27 being important for it to be done for reasons that  
28 we'll look at, but you need sufficient time to be able  
29 to perform that task?

1 A. Yes. I would also qualify that by saying that  
2 we needed to sit down around a table and agree exactly,  
3 clearly, in writing, what it was that was expected of  
4 those doing triage. What was expected. It may not  
5 necessarily have been consultant urologists that were 11:49  
6 doing triage at all, it could have been others. So,  
7 yes.

8 51 Q. The impossibility of doing triage, as you've described  
9 there, that impossibility, if we unpack that a little,  
10 that derives from your view of how triage is to be 11:50  
11 performed; isn't that right?

12 A. Yes. And before dwelling upon that, I should clarify,  
13 which I haven't done really entirely when I read that,  
14 and that is it's not that I didn't do any non-red-flag  
15 triage whilst urologist of the week; I did some, I did 11:50  
16 as much as I could find time to do. But I certainly  
17 found it impossible to complete it, and I made that  
18 very clear.

19  
20 To expand in response to your question. Yes, I found 11:50  
21 it very, very difficult as a clinician to read  
22 a referral letter about a 60-year-old woman with  
23 recurrent urinary tract infections who had no features  
24 or signs that would indicate upgrading to red-flag  
25 status; had no imaging done; had, if you look on ECR, 11:51  
26 had been on four antibiotics in the previous six  
27 months, one week each, she's no further on. Even if  
28 I label that as urgent, it may not be seen for a year  
29 and a half. How do you read that? Do you take

1 responsibility for it? I felt that we should, as  
2 clinicians, or that we should have a department that  
3 takes some kind of clinical responsibility and  
4 ownership of that lady's situation.

11:51

5  
6 I felt, actually, that -- I always felt and found that  
7 if you put that effort in at the start, it pays off.  
8 Because if you organise that ultrasound scan and it's  
9 fine, and if you prescribed a prophylactic antibiotic  
10 for six weeks or two months or whatever it may be, and  
11 by the time you see her the first time, (A) she has no  
12 other pathology on the scan and, secondly, she's cured  
13 and you give advice and she's discharged. Or,  
14 alternatively, you may find she has a bladder tumour or  
15 a kidney stone and you're finding it out a year and a  
16 half before it would be found.

11:52

11:52

17 52 Q. So that's the problem, pathology in perhaps many cases  
18 coming in to you as urgent or routine referrals.

19 A. Yes.

20 53 Q. Your decision in very many cases is not to triage them  
21 at all?

11:52

22 A. Well, I mean, I found it impossible -- I couldn't spend  
23 that 10 or 15 minutes on I would say 50 to 70 percent  
24 of the non-red-flag referrals, ordering investigations  
25 and prescribing or speaking to the patient. If you  
26 have, let's say 150 referrals per week and let's say  
27 100 of them require 10 minutes each - please work that  
28 out for me in terms of hours - if you do that, you're  
29 going to compromise inpatient care. I think I have

11:53



1 expressed that clearly. I have observed it; it does  
2 happen. You cannot spin two plates at the same time,  
3 it just doesn't work.

4 54 Q. Could I put to you this perspective. It is contained  
5 within the SAI report concerning Patients 11 to 15. 11:54

6  
7 If we have up on the screen, please, PAT-000417. You  
8 are consultant 1 for the purposes of this report. The  
9 report says:

10  
11 "Consultant 1's chosen method of triage was beyond what  
12 was required. His triage is the equivalent of  
13 a virtual clinic where he reviews NIECR and books  
14 investigations for patients. While the review team  
15 realised this was a detailed triage process, they 11:55  
16 concluded that his prioritisation of work and attention  
17 to detail meant that some patients got a higher  
18 standard of triage/care, while, crucially, others were  
19 not triaged, leading to a potentially critical delay in  
20 assessment and treatment of other patients. Consultant 11:55  
21 1 is aware of this.

22  
23 "The review team concluded that consultant 1's  
24 prioritisation of work and attention to detail led to  
25 some patients receiving a high standard of care, while 11:56  
26 others ran the real risk of having a cancer diagnosis  
27 delay until it was dangerously late".

28  
29 If you just scroll down the page, please. Further

1 down.

2

3 The review team note that the consultant of the week  
4 workload, including ward rounds, clinics, emergency  
5 theatre sessions, was a contributory factor. 11:56

6 "Consultant 1 has consistently argued that he cannot  
7 triage non-red flag referrals and carry out the duties  
8 of the consultant of the week. He has not indicated  
9 who else should carry out the triage duties. However,

10 the Review Team note that the other consultant 11:56

11 urologists were able to manage this workload and triage  
12 referral letters in a timely fashion, with other  
13 members of the consultant team also ordering  
14 investigations, providing treatment recommendations and  
15 adding patients directly to waiting lists, similar to 11:57  
16 outcomes achieved from consultant 1's 'advanced  
17 triage' ".  
18

18

19 There's two perspectives, it appears, Mr. O'Brien. You  
20 are doing it in a way that you think appropriate, or 11:57

21 you want to do triage in a way you think appropriate,  
22 but for many, many urgent and routine referrals you  
23 find that if I can't do it by way of that methodology,  
24 I'm not going to be able to do it at all. Is that  
25 a fair summary of your approach? 11:58

26 A. Yes, but it's not just as black and white as that, you  
27 know. I've listened to very many witnesses placing  
28 great emphasis on the fact that I lift the phone and  
29 speak to a person. But if you want to arrange an MRI

1 scan, you have to speak to the person actually to  
2 assess their compatibility for MRI scanning.

3  
4 I have listened to various narratives with regard to  
5 the ability or the practice of my colleagues in the 11:58  
6 conduct of triage whilst being urologist of the week,  
7 from it being, you know, we don't do that, or they do  
8 do that and they do varying things at varying times and  
9 so forth. I mean, I think it is somewhat of an irony.

10 I think, you see, the problem is that in the 11:59  
11 introduction of urologist of the week, there was  
12 undoubtedly a belief that this urologist of the week is  
13 going to be the least occupied person of the team  
14 because the others are going to be doing all the work  
15 and we'll going to be twiddling our thumbs and we'll 11:59  
16 have piles of time to do this. Within a short period  
17 of time, months, there was a general acceptance, in  
18 fact, that this person is the busiest person. You  
19 know, I just found that I couldn't do what I felt was  
20 required. I felt that there's something fundamentally 11:59  
21 wrong, if I just use that simple example, of not  
22 dealing with the lady with the recurrent urinary tract  
23 infections.

24  
25 If you look at - and forgive me, I'll give you the - 12:00  
26 yes, Patient 2. Patient 2 is referred in November '18  
27 as a routine referral with left epididymal testicular  
28 pain. He was triaged by the urologist of the week;  
29 kept as routine. If that had remained the case,

1 he would have received a first appointment about  
2 August/September 2021. Fortunately, he also suffered  
3 from ankylosing spondylitis, so a second referral was  
4 sent, which I picked up in April/May '19. What did  
5 I do? Did I respond just by making it urgent and 12:00  
6 instead of waiting two-and-a-half years, he'll just  
7 wait one-and-a-half years. No, I got an ultrascan  
8 done. That is a person with a testicular tumour which  
9 has been considered as a Serious Adverse Incident.  
10 That is the situation I found myself in, and there are 12:01  
11 many more of them.

12  
13 There are many 60-year-old ladies who have had their  
14 bladder tumours resected and have had their  
15 chemotherapy before they would otherwise have been 12:01  
16 seen.

17 55 Q. But the other side of the coin, Mr. O'Brien, is that  
18 with Patients 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15, you put those  
19 referrals in a drawer and didn't take any steps by way  
20 of triage, any variety of triage, and they went on, 12:01  
21 each of them, to develop cancer in circumstances where  
22 the information on the referral, had it been looked at,  
23 would have led to an escalation from routine in one  
24 case, urgent in four of the cases, to red-flag. Do  
25 you accept that? 12:02

26 A. I do accept that, yes.

27 56 Q. Do you accept that failing to triage routine and urgent  
28 referrals creates a risk of harm and in some cases may  
29 lead to actual harm?

1 A. Of course.

2 57 Q. Do you accept that in those five cases, a risk of harm  
3 and a delay in treatment was the common factor across  
4 four of the cases, and actual harm in the case of one  
5 of them, Patient 13, was the upshot of a failure to 12:03  
6 triage?

7 A. I mean, I'm not dismissing for one moment the risks of  
8 patients coming to potential harm or to actual harm.  
9 Actual harm has had various definitions as well.  
10 I didn't appreciate that Patient - forgive me - 13 was 12:03  
11 considered ultimately to have come to actual harm as  
12 a consequence of the delay in his triage.

13 58 Q. Certainly within the context of the report. I'll pull  
14 up the reference, maybe later. I'll come back, maybe,  
15 and use the phrasing that they use in the report, in 12:04  
16 all fairness. But there was a deeper concern about the  
17 delay in his case --

18 A. Absolutely.

19 59 Q. -- compared to the other, perhaps to put it somewhat  
20 more fairly. 12:04  
21

22 It's your perspective that you recognise that in not  
23 doing triage and in failing to pick up on the need to  
24 upgrade the referral from, say, urgent to red-flag,  
25 creates in some cases a risk of harm. But your 12:04  
26 response to it, at least in part, is, well, I don't  
27 have the time to do meaningful triage, triage that  
28 might make a meaningful difference in many cases, so  
29 I won't bring any level of triage or expertise to bear

1 on the subject?

2 A. Once again, I think that -- I mean, I'm not dismissing  
3 the significance of triage. I contributed greatly to,  
4 at a regional level, emphasising at that point in time  
5 back then, let's say 10 to 13 years ago, that perhaps 12:05  
6 consultant urologists were those people best able to  
7 undertake triage rather than considering others like  
8 junior staff, staff grades or clinical nurse  
9 specialists. I do appreciate everything that you are  
10 saying in that regard, but what I'm also saying is 12:06  
11 I found the situation whereby, as urologist of the  
12 week, if you started a ward round at nine o'clock, if  
13 you had 32 patients in a ward, if you actually had to  
14 go and see 10 outliers during the course of which you  
15 had to deal with referrals of an acute nature from two 12:06  
16 other hospitals in your geographical area, and take  
17 five cases to theatre and leave at two o'clock in the  
18 morning in order to get some sleep. Now, the  
19 alternative is that you defer the surgeries in order to  
20 do that meaningful triage. I appreciate everything 12:07  
21 you're saying. Or you don't do the ward round, or you  
22 don't go to theatre. And that's how it was done and  
23 I didn't believe to be right. I wasn't the only one  
24 who felt that was not the *raison d'être*, the whole  
25 purpose of being urologist of the week. The whole 12:07  
26 purpose of being urologist was to try to ameliorate, to  
27 try to mitigate the risks that Catherine Hunter  
28 described. It was not -- it was unfortunate. I agreed  
29 to it actively to include triage as urologist of the

1 week in order to get urologist of the week across the  
2 line, because at least it was a better option than  
3 doing a clinic because the clinic is at a fixed time  
4 whereas, whereas at least you could triage at two  
5 o'clock in the morning.

12:08

6  
7 So, I do appreciate the perspective that has been  
8 formed. As an individual I have worked very, very hard  
9 and I have always had patient care at the centre, but  
10 the most important patients that you have as urologist  
11 of the week are the inpatients. They are the  
12 critically ill. You should not be sending a junior  
13 registrar to deal with those people whilst you triage.  
14 There's something fundamentally wrong about that.

12:08

15  
16 So by, I think it was March, I don't have a record of  
17 the meeting when we all met and when we were informed  
18 of the informal default process, and I made it very,  
19 very clear that I had found it impossible.

12:08

20 60 Q. I want to come to that aspect of the narrative later.  
21 Could I ask you this just in terms of the  
22 impossibility, as you put it. There is always an  
23 opportunity, is there not, to work in a different way  
24 to bring different methods, different levels of  
25 intensity to the task at hand. Your colleagues, and  
26 you may look unfavourably at their approach to triage,  
27 but whatever standard they brought to it, they were  
28 getting it done, they were processing the cases. As  
29 the SAI suggests, they were in many cases organising

12:09

12:09

1 investigations, moving the thing along. It wasn't just  
2 a traffic light system, as I referred to it yesterday,  
3 for some; perhaps all of your colleagues. Why could  
4 you not evaluate what you were doing in order to fit  
5 within the demands on your time and the resources 12:10  
6 available to you?

7 A. You know, I think that for years I had been doing that.  
8 I think you indicate that there's always a possibility.  
9 I think it had come to a stage that it was no longer  
10 sustainable. I think language is very, very important. 12:10  
11 I thought that Mr. Haynes, when he was writing to  
12 Esther Gishkori in October '18 when he was considering  
13 resigning from the post as AMD, he talked about the  
14 Trust's "institutional blindness to unmeetable  
15 expectation". There comes a time when you have to say 12:11  
16 this situation I have found, all I was dealing with was  
17 I have found it to be unsafe, I cannot do it to the  
18 extent that I believed it should have been done.  
19 That's what I stated.

20 61 Q. If we go to the page 000401, PAT-000401. It's just a 12:11  
21 little earlier in that document. You will see the  
22 description here of each case. I won't read out the  
23 initial. We have the cipher for each patient. The  
24 first patient referred to here is Patient 13. If  
25 we just scroll down, please, he was referred with an 12:12  
26 episode of haematuria. The referral was marked routine  
27 by the general practitioner. The letter was not  
28 triaged. He was placed on a routine waiting list. It  
29 was recognised that this was an incorrect referral.



1 The conclusions reached are that the resultant  
2 six-month delay in obtaining a diagnosis - and there's  
3 a correction to the record in terms of how I described  
4 it earlier - what the SAI review team found is that it  
5 is probable that the delay is clinically significant,  
6 time will tell. 12:13

7  
8 Just taking that as an example and building it into  
9 your duties as urologist of the week, you've got red  
10 flag referrals to progress during that period of your 12:13  
11 working week and you're doing them. There may be  
12 issues about delay sometimes with them but they are  
13 being done. You've said this morning - and I wasn't  
14 aware of it until you said it - that sometimes you find  
15 yourself able to do routine or urgent referrals. 12:14

16 A. Oh, yes. Yes.

17 62 Q. Very well.

18  
19 This one is in the pile in front of you during  
20 September 2016. The letter from the GP tells you about 12:14  
21 an episode of haematuria. The SAI reviewers think this  
22 is red-flag territory. I don't have the notes in front  
23 of me. I don't think you're disagreeing with that?

24 A. Not at all.

25 63 Q. This was -- 12:14

26 A. Visible haematuria.

27 64 Q. Yes. You'll tell me if it's an unfair question but if  
28 you look at that letter from the general practitioner,  
29 the word "haematuria" would be with the other details

1 in the letter jumping out at you almost immediately as  
2 a matter of concern. You'll be thinking potential  
3 malignancy.

4 A. Yes.

5 65 Q. That doesn't take a lot of time to spot the danger for 12:15  
6 that patient?

7 A. That's right.

8 66 Q. Viewed from that perspective, these referrals, upon  
9 reflection, you should have found a way of doing them  
10 even if it meant reducing the time commitment to other 12:16  
11 aspects of your job description.

12 A. Whilst urologist of the week?

13 67 Q. Yes.

14 A. Well, this is the difficulty because we're just into  
15 a few months into the urologist of the week, finding it 12:16  
16 much more demanding than we had anticipated. I think  
17 it was in the first week of April 2015 that, as Lead  
18 Clinician of the Cancer MDT, I had tried to persuade my  
19 colleagues to do advanced triage on the red-flag  
20 referrals that came in. At that time there would have 12:16  
21 been 30, roughly 30 red-flag referrals per week. They  
22 couldn't commit to undertaking that in order to  
23 expedite the processing of the red flags. which, this  
24 patient, if he had been upgraded or if he had been  
25 referred as a red flag, was going to wait 60-odd days 12:17  
26 at that time to be seen at the haematuria clinic. If  
27 I had seen this and haematuria would have jumped out at  
28 me, you know, I would have been in touch with this  
29 person, I would have been checking to see what his

1 renal function was like, to see if he could have CT  
2 urography done, and expediting it. You may feel, and  
3 others may agree with you, that what I found in this  
4 situation to be inappropriate, it is what I found.  
5 I tried my best. I found it sat uncomfortably with the 12:18  
6 situation that pertained in that ward at that time.  
7 That was our primary duty, to offer the best possible  
8 care to those people who were acutely admitted.

9  
10 One thing that we discovered after the introduction of 12:18  
11 urologist of the week was that the urologist of the  
12 week would also be responsible for all of the other  
13 consultants' elective admissions whilst inpatients so  
14 that they could be in other places operating and doing  
15 clinics without worrying about their other patients. 12:18

16 68 Q. I hear you, I hear the background and the demands that  
17 you're explaining. But what do you say that the five  
18 patients, the subject of this SAI, a total of 30  
19 patients according to the SAI report, who are found to  
20 have cancer? What do you say to them? These patients 12:19  
21 are patients to whom you offered no care or found  
22 yourself unable to offer any care to.

23 A. Well, it's 24 patients who were upgraded out of 783  
24 referrals, and four of those patients were found to  
25 have a malignancy. Another one was added at a later 12:19  
26 date. So, four of those patients were found to have  
27 relatively early prostate cancer. Two of those have  
28 since been managed by active surveillance, that's my  
29 understanding, and two proceeded to radical

1 radiotherapy. It was concluded or considered by the  
2 SAI Panel that the delay in those patients' diagnoses  
3 did not impact upon either their management or their  
4 prognosis. I think after this period of time, I think  
5 that is agreed.

12:20

6  
7 With regard to Patient 13, I read the SAI and I was  
8 here when he appeared before the Inquiry last June.  
9 And not to detract, because this is the risk when  
10 you raise another issue, but not to detract from the  
11 significance of the delay in his diagnosis in 2017, but  
12 I cannot overstate how gravely concerned I was to find  
13 that he had been taken off my waiting list for  
14 cystoscopy and bladder mucosal biopsies on 26th  
15 January 2001 - he had been waiting for 2 years at that  
16 time - not just because he had had dermatomyositis  
17 treated with cyclophosphamide, which by then has  
18 a 16 percent probability of causing bladder cancer  
19 after 10 to 20 years, but he was on that list because  
20 he had already been found to have urothelial atypia.

12:20

12:21

12:21

21  
22 So without detracting for one moment about some months'  
23 delay in his diagnosis, it grieves me that this man may  
24 actually have had a diagnosis made one or two years  
25 before then if that action hadn't been taken in 2001.

12:21

26 69 Q. My question, Mr. O'Brien, was rather more prosaic than  
27 your answer allowed for.

28 A. Oh, sorry.

29 70 Q. What I take from your answer is that with regard to

1 these five patients, your omission to triage, in your  
2 view, was a product of the environment in which you had  
3 to work in but was inconsequential in their ultimate  
4 outcome, and in that context you have no regrets to  
5 offer?

12:22

6 A. That is not the case at all. Those are not related in  
7 any sort of causal or consequential manner whatsoever.  
8 These five patients, they are, and I am, lucky in that  
9 the delay in their diagnoses didn't impact upon their  
10 management or their outcomes. With regard to the four  
11 patients who had been found to have prostate cancer, if  
12 they had had the same diagnosis six months previously,  
13 it would not have altered their management.

12:23

14  
15 But Patient 13 is a very different patient and it could  
16 have been very, very different in his case. I'm just  
17 drawing attention to the fact that as a urologist,  
18 I found there was a much greater issue going on in the  
19 years previously. That's not dismissing or  
20 trivialising for one moment the significance of delay.

12:23

12:23

21 71 Q. Let me move on from triage then and get back to the  
22 document with which we started, which was your response  
23 to Dr. Chada's report. If we go to AOB-01894. This is  
24 the second tab of reference "Patient Notes Stored At  
25 Home". You accept that you had a significant number of  
26 charts at home. So again, by reference to the terms of  
27 reference, this is an admission, as such, as you've  
28 always accepted, that you had notes at home.  
29 You say:

12:24

1  
2  
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4  
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29

"This was well known to The Trust. At the time of my meeting on 30 December 2016, I had 288 sets of patients' notes at home dating back to April 2015. Ninety-nine of these charts were for private patients. I accept that this could be considered not to be best practice. I have assured the Trust that I have discontinued this practice and that I will not do this in the future".

12:25

I think there's a bit of inconsistency between your figures, your precise figures and the Trust's precise figures. It's not my interest at this point to poke at that, I'm highlighting it.

12:25

Your acceptance around issues is the word "could", "it could be considered not to be best practice".

12:25

A. It is not best practice. It was unfortunately. Basically, I was overwhelmed, for the reasons that we have already touched upon, the time on my demands as a consequence of those other roles that I played and the fact that home was on the way from Southwest Acute Hospital to Craigavon, and taking them home --

12:26

72 Q. Just to be clear. Sorry to cut across you. There is a correlation, is there, between your inability or your failure to do dictation at the clinic or in the days after the clinic and the retention of the notes at home?

12:26

A. Yes. Yes.

1 73 Q. They were retained at home so that, in the fullness of  
2 time, you would have them at your desk without having  
3 to recall them --

4 A. Yes.

5 74 Q. -- in order to do the dictation? 12:26

6 A. Yes. Yes.

7 75 Q. I'm obliged.

8

9 It is the case that, again, you didn't have to work in  
10 that way when you were the subject of the monitoring 12:27  
11 plan from March/April 2017. You didn't bring notes  
12 home with you?

13 A. well --

14 76 Q. Or you didn't store them at home?

15 A. I didn't store them at home, so -- 12:27

16 77 Q. You did your dictation generally promptly, albeit there  
17 were one or two exceptions to that for reasons we may  
18 look at later.

19 A. Yes. The logistics of taking patient charts to and  
20 from Enniskillen proved difficult. So, for a period of 12:27  
21 time Martina Corrigan brought them to Enniskillen and  
22 then collected them the following morning. Then we had  
23 a transition period where she delivered them and  
24 I brought them back, for the reasons that we have just  
25 stated, to enable me to dictate on them in reasonable 12:28  
26 time. Then eventually I just brought them to  
27 Enniskillen and back again. So they would have stayed  
28 in my home overnight, but it's secure and so forth.

29 78 Q. The third element of the terms of reference,

1 "Undictated Clinics" and obviously its connection to  
2 that we have just discussed, again an admission or  
3 acknowledgment on your part that it was suboptimal  
4 practice to not have dictated letters on outpatient  
5 consultations in a timely manner. You realised in 12:28  
6 particular that it is important so that the GP will be  
7 aware of the management plan. You say:

8  
9 "I had endeavoured to ensure that the clinically urgent  
10 patients were dictated upon, and had succeeded in doing 12:29  
11 so in the majority of cases. As stated above, the  
12 number of undictated outcomes was 189, markedly less  
13 than the 688 which [has] been informed to the case  
14 investigator. I had provided the documentation that  
15 sets this out. I am unaware of harm or risk of harm of 12:29  
16 any of the 189 patients who had not had letters  
17 dictated".

18  
19 I just want to look at aspect of that with you,  
20 Mr. O'Brien. I suppose first of all let's put to bed 12:29  
21 at this early point the numbers game here. You say it  
22 is 189, the Trust puts 688 on the record. As we'll see  
23 maybe later, Dr. Chada says you acknowledge that and  
24 we'll look at that.

25 12:30  
26 In terms of your figure of 189, if we go to AOB-10671.  
27 This is the appendix 12 which we've heard something  
28 about already which you gave to Dr. Chada, I think it  
29 was at your August interview with her.



1 A. Yes.

2 79 Q. If we go over the page then, please. scroll down.

3

4 I don't need to bring the Panel to this but I'll ask

5 them to take the note of TRU-255969. That's a document 12:31

6 that the Panel will have seen yesterday, and I drew

7 attention to the fact that Mr. O'Brien's secretary,

8 Mrs. Elliott, had supplied a list of the clinics where

9 the outcomes hadn't been closed, and I made the point

10 that it amounted to 61 clinics. So, what Mr O'Brien 12:31

11 appears to have done - and you can confirm this - he

12 has gone through each of these clinics --

13 A. That's right.

14 80 Q. -- and he has put his count on the cases that were

15 dictated and those that were not. Is that right, 12:31

16 Mr. O'Brien?

17 A. That is correct.

18

19 Do you mind if I say, there's a very simple explanation

20 for the confusion. When my secretary was requested in 12:32

21 December '16 to provide a list of the clinics for which

22 outcomes had not been completed, this word "outcome"

23 encapsulates and can be confusing, because you can have

24 a dictated outcome. But really what she actually

25 provided was a list of 61 clinics for which none of the 12:32

26 outcome sheets had been provided at that time. That is

27 the simple, straightforward explanation for this

28 significant disparity.

29

1 So, they equated the lack of complete outcome sheet for  
2 each of the 61 clinics; they came to the premature  
3 conclusion that there were 668 patients who attended  
4 these clinics, none of whom had any outcome determined  
5 by having correspondence dictated. That was not the 12:33  
6 case, as you can see.

7 81 Q. Well, we can see here, as we look down through it,  
8 we know that Mrs. Elliott sent her document on  
9 15th December. You're saying here that, by reference  
10 to the words "return by 30th December", we know that - 12:33  
11 or we suspect and you can confirm it for us - from your  
12 email correspondence around that time, you were  
13 continuing to dictate on outcomes during your sick  
14 leave and perhaps right up to late December. So, it is  
15 the case, to look at it in its fullest context, that 12:34  
16 you were significantly behind on dictation?

17 A. That's right.

18 82 Q. And you were busy trying to improve the situation  
19 rights up to, if we draw the line at 30th December when  
20 you had your meeting leading to your exclusion? 12:34

21 A. Yes.

22 83 Q. So the figures are to be viewed in that context as  
23 well.

24  
25 If you just scroll down and on to the next page, we can 12:34  
26 see the figure of 189 is the figure of unprocessed  
27 cases. Just so that we're clear what the word  
28 "unprocessed" means in terms of what you felt you still  
29 had to do, you still had to put a letter on a tape, to

1 use old-fashioned technology, and get it to your  
2 typist, and then that letter would be sent to the GP,  
3 perhaps the patient in some cases, and on to the chart  
4 so that colleagues within the hospital knew what was  
5 going on. 12:35

6 A. Hmm-mm.

7 84 Q. Are there any other elements of processing?

8 A. Yes, there would have been an outcome. If all of them  
9 had been done, they would have all had an outcome.  
10 Sometimes that tabulated outcome can also give rise to 12:35  
11 confusion because the outcome doesn't really include  
12 that they had a CT scan requested. It is, as in these  
13 columns, either they're discharged, they're going to be  
14 put on a list for outpatient review, or they're going  
15 to be put on another list such as for inpatient day 12:36  
16 surgery or diagnostics, or they may not have attended.

17 85 Q. You would recognise, I think, the force of the point  
18 made by Mr. Carroll yesterday, and I don't again need  
19 to bring this up on the screen, but it is at TRU-258863  
20 and 864. Mr. Carroll's point was, even if you look at 12:36  
21 this bottom line, when you fail to dictate, then the  
22 Trust is unaware as to what is to happen to the  
23 patient. Waiting lists are not filled out for clinics,  
24 for theatre, and of course the general practitioner  
25 doesn't get to know what's going on in respect of his 12:37  
26 or her patient. That's the mischief that a failure to  
27 complete outcomes creates.

28 A. Well, the communication one is -- certainly that is the  
29 case. Not only the communication, the recipient of the

1 correspondence to whom its directed, but anyone else  
2 who wants to view it, that is undoubtedly the case.

3  
4 It is important, nonetheless, that Mr. Carroll pointed  
5 out that these people weren't disadvantaged in terms of 12:37  
6 timing, whether it is review or on a waiting list,  
7 because they were all routine. That's an entirely  
8 separate issue all together. You know, I have listened  
9 to, you know, the fact that the Trust are not able to  
10 manage their waiting lists, and that would be 12:38  
11 a novelty.

12 86 Q. One of the things picked up upon by the SAI review team  
13 for Patient 10 led by Mr. Glackin was, I suppose, the  
14 length of time before dictation arrives, before the  
15 outcome is processed. I was to take your view on that. 12:38  
16

17 If we go to AOB-01246. This is the "Dear Tracey"  
18 letter we saw something of yesterday. He sets out  
19 three concerns which were, I suppose, of general  
20 application or of more general application beyond the 12:39  
21 instant case of Patient 10. If we scroll down the  
22 page, please. It says:

23  
24 "During the manual look-back exercise, a particular  
25 patient's chart could not be found on Trust premises. 12:39  
26 The chart did appear in the Acute Governance office  
27 week commencing 28th November. After informal queries,  
28 it is understood that patient notes are not transported  
29 Via Trust vehicles to or from Mr. O'Brien's outlying

1 clinics. This could compound efforts to establish any  
2 chart location or outstanding dictation".

3  
4 That's the issue about records not making their way  
5 back to the Trust. 12:40

6  
7 But scrolling down to his third point then. He says:

8  
9 "There is clear evidence that this patient's letter was  
10 not triaged in October 2014", which was the same week 12:40  
11 which was relevant to Patient 10's case. That's why  
12 they're looking at these cases.

13  
14 "The patient seen by Mr. O'Brien in January 15 in the  
15 SWAH. The outpatient letter was dictated 11th November 12:40  
16 2016 and typed 15th November 2016. The Review Panel  
17 have grave concerns that there are other urology  
18 patients' letters not being dictated in a timely  
19 manner".

20 12:41  
21 It is fair to say, is it not, that some of these delays  
22 in completing outcomes for patients were very great?

23 A. Yes.

24 87 Q. Many, many months.

25 A. Yes. 12:41

26 88 Q. Again, I think I've seen you say in places you had made  
27 efforts to try and deal with the more urgent cases  
28 first. Did you have a method to that and, in that  
29 context, how does a patient such as this wait almost

1 two years before his outcome is complete by way of  
2 dictation?

3 A. Well, you know, you hope that you're able to identify  
4 the clinical priority patients by virtue of their  
5 pathology, their symptoms, their diagnoses, their 12:42  
6 management, their need for onboard referral and so  
7 forth; and then those that are less urgent or not  
8 urgent at all, it appears to be -- that's how  
9 I distinguish between the two. That's not an excuse,  
10 of course, for having anybody who has attended a clinic 12:42  
11 in January '15 not having an outpatient letter dictated  
12 until November '16. I don't have a detailed knowledge  
13 of who that patient turned out to be but I gather there  
14 was no consequence to that. But that's apart from the  
15 lack of communication. 12:42

16 89 Q. You obviously had a private practice from home. Did it  
17 suffer from a similar tardiness or difficulty in  
18 processing communication --

19 A. Yes.

20 90 Q. -- or was that prioritised? 12:43

21 A. No, not prioritised over NHS. The same kind of  
22 principle was applied to it as I applied to my NHS  
23 practice. Something that was urgent was dealt with and  
24 something that was less urgent suffered tardiness.

25 91 Q. You've said, very plainly, in your response to the 12:43  
26 investigation report that you're unaware of harm coming  
27 to any patient as a result of delay in dictation.  
28 Would you agree with the proposition that communicating  
29 promptly with the general practitioner, giving him or

1 her a clear readout on what is to be expected in terms  
2 of next steps for his or her patient is, as it were,  
3 something of a safety net in the system to ensure that  
4 if anything does slip, say the need for radiotherapy  
5 for whatever reason falls through the net at the City 12:44  
6 Hospital, that at least the general practitioner would  
7 have your letter, if it was done in time, to know what  
8 was going on?

9 A. Well, I agree with you entirely in general but in  
10 relation to, I think, the patient that you may be 12:44  
11 referring to, of course the GP did have the letter  
12 because the letter was generated by the MDM, and  
13 generated to the Cancer Centre. I believe in addition  
14 to that, the outcomes of the MDM were emailed to the  
15 Cancer Centre. 12:45

16 92 Q. This is Patient 102?

17 A. 102, I believe. Yes.

18 93 Q. That was. That's the patient I have in mind. Just if  
19 we outline something of the history of that. The  
20 recommendation of a multi-disciplinary meeting in late 12:45  
21 2014 was that Patient 102 should be referred for  
22 radiotherapy directly; isn't that right?

23 A. That's right.

24 94 Q. What does that mean in terms, "directly"? Were you the  
25 Chair of the MDM? 12:45

26 A. I don't know because I don't have a record.

27 95 Q. What is the process of direct referral?

28 A. So direct referral means a direct inter-Trust Transfer,  
29 or ITT we refer to it in Northern Ireland. When

1 I previously reviewed this particular patient -- I've  
2 been able to do some detective work and find from my  
3 email file this patient. I reevaluated him by getting  
4 an MRI scan done again, and that he would be discussed  
5 at our local MDM with a view to direct inter-Trust 12:46  
6 transfer. I'll explain that in a moment because it is  
7 important to say that the patient was advised that this  
8 was the plan.

9  
10 when we discussed him at our local MDM, it was agreed 12:46  
11 with our regional MDM that he would be transferred from  
12 us to the Cancer Centre for treatment. The automatic  
13 thing is that the clinical summary and the update and  
14 the findings in the agreement is produced in the letter  
15 format which goes both to the GP and the person to whom 12:47  
16 you're referring.

17 96 Q. The GP had, by dint of that process, a clear indication  
18 of what is to be expected for the patient?

19 A. Absolutely. I reviewed that patient out of courtesy to  
20 him, just to confirm that the referral had been made. 12:47  
21 In addition, which was my routine practice at that  
22 time, I e-mailed an update pertaining to my review of  
23 him, saying that patient has been advised that the  
24 referral has been made, and that goes on to the CAPPS  
25 system. That is the next update that appears on the 12:48  
26 system so the next time that that person is discussed  
27 at the MDM, if they ever are, that will be included in  
28 the letter to the GP.

29 97 Q. Just to be clear, does the general practitioner have



1 access to CAPPs?

2 A. They don't have access to CAPPs. They get the letter  
3 generated by CAPPs.

4 98 Q. You saw the patient at an outpatient clinic on  
5 28th November 2014, so that's after the direct 12:48  
6 referral?

7 A. That's right.

8 99 Q. The point made in the incident report that Mr. Haynes  
9 raised in respect of that incident, just to put the  
10 conclusion on it, the patient doesn't actually make its 12:48  
11 way to radiotherapy until late 2015, 12 months later.  
12 So, Mr. Haynes raises an incident report which focuses  
13 on the failure to get patient into the system for  
14 radiotherapy, for reasons which were no doubt  
15 investigated, but he highlights a failure of dictation 12:49  
16 arising out of your outpatient encounter with the  
17 patient in November 2014.

18

19 Can I ask you this: Should that patient have had the  
20 benefit of a dictated outcome sent to his general 12:49  
21 practitioner?

22 A. He did have.

23 100 Q. Arising out of your 28th November?

24 A. I don't believe so. I mean, I reviewed that man that  
25 day just to confirm that he had been referred. I would 12:49  
26 never have considered that I additionally had to then  
27 do another letter of referral. So, not only has it  
28 been generated but apparently it wasn't received by the  
29 Cancer Centre, and the outcome also actually e-mailed

1 to the Cancer Centre. I mean, how many times in one  
2 week do you have to write to the Cancer Centre.

3 101 Q. I understand that's one part of the process and the  
4 Inquiry will know that there was some failure in that  
5 process with the Cancer Centre. What I am focused on 12:50  
6 is whether, following the MDM, you should be sitting  
7 down with the patient explaining that a referral has  
8 been made and the implications of that, and no doubt  
9 there's an element of a consenting process around that  
10 or at least an explanation to allow the patient to go 12:51  
11 away and think. The GP, as you say, has had the  
12 benefit of being copied into the direct referral.  
13 Should there additionally be a letter generated by that  
14 encounter to explain to all that need to know,  
15 particularly the general practitioner, that I've seen 12:51  
16 your patient, he or she is content with radiotherapy  
17 and these are to be the next steps?

18 A. Well, I accept your point to a degree. The patient had  
19 consented to it before the direct referral was made.  
20 The direct referral had definitely been made. The 12:51  
21 patient was -- the GP was advised that the direct  
22 referral had been made. In fact, the GP direct  
23 referral letter generated from the MDM will have said  
24 "for review by Mr. O'Brien". So, the only thing that  
25 the GP didn't know about was that I had reviewed him 12:52  
26 and that I intended to review him in February '16, is  
27 it, I think? The following year.

28 102 Q. Very well. But, broadly, you accept the observation  
29 I've made at the start of this, that a dictation to the

1 general practitioner is there, at least in part, as  
2 a communication tool which provides a safety net?

3 A. I agree with that entirely, but I just don't accept in  
4 this case that it was a failure to do that letter.  
5 It's not that letter at all, actually. The proposition 12:52  
6 that a failure to write another referral letter to the  
7 Cancer Centre was the reason that this person didn't  
8 get --

9 103 Q. No, I haven't suggested that.

10 A. Yes, okay. 12:53

11 104 Q. Could I give you another example and take your view on  
12 this, if you're able to help us. It is Patient 103.  
13 If I could put up on the screen, please, WIT-54883. If  
14 we go to the bottom of that page, please.  
15 12:53

16 Regarding this patient, as we will see from to these  
17 emails I'm going to take you through, Mr. O'Brien, this  
18 was a patient seen by you in 2015, September and  
19 December. It appears that she required surgery for the  
20 removal of a nonfunctioning kidney. She presented in 12:53  
21 Accident & Emergency in April 2016. When Mr. Haynes  
22 saw her for the first time, he found that there was no  
23 correspondence on the ECR arising out of your  
24 encounters with her and there were no notes available  
25 to him on the ward. I take that to be what we'll find 12:54  
26 from these emails.

27

28 Peter Beckett, do you know who that is?

29 A. I do, yes.

1 105 Q. He's in Daisy Hill?

2 A. No. He's a general practitioner in Armagh.

3 106 Q. The general practitioner for this patient. He is  
4 writing in to Mrs. Corrigan. I'm looking at the  
5 address here and I'm wondering how it got to

12:54

6 Mrs. Corrigan. But in any event, he is in receipt of  
7 a letter stating that she is to have a nonfunctioning  
8 kidney removed. He's unsure as to the care provider,  
9 whether it is you or Mr. Haynes, and the ECR doesn't  
10 help so he is asking Martina to assist him with that.

12:55

11

12 If we scroll up, please. Just go beyond that one,  
13 please. Thank you. On up.

14

15 So, Martina engages with Mr. Haynes and is able to  
16 write back to Mr. Beckett to say that Mr. Haynes had  
17 seen her in A&E. Mr. Haynes is copied into this email.  
18 Then if we scroll up, please, Mr. Haynes explains the  
19 problems he has encountered. By this stage the lady is  
20 obviously on the ward. He had not been involved in her

12:55

21 care to date; he had not received a referral; there are  
22 no letters on ECR, and "her notes detailing previous  
23 consultations were not available to me on the ward".  
24 He has discussed a plan going forward, that will depend  
25 on how her current plan settles, but he is considering  
26 an urgent laparoscopy nephrectomy.

12:56

27

28 Do you know or recall that case, Mr. O'Brien? I want  
29 to be as fair as I can with you.

1 A. Yes, vaguely. I remember this was a relatively young  
2 person and she had a nonfunctioning, I think, cystic  
3 kidney or polycystic kidney. I don't... it's a long  
4 time ago. I remember her being in the ward then under  
5 the care of Mr. Haynes subsequently, having had her 12:57  
6 surgery.

7 107 Q. Is it clear that he's pointing out omissions by you --  
8 A. Yes, absolutely.

9 108 Q. -- on the part of -- sorry, in the context of your  
10 encounters with her at the tail end of the previous 12:57  
11 year?

12 A. Yes.

13 109 Q. Should there have been information on ECR?  
14 A. Should have been, and there should have been a referral  
15 to him. Because that was the plan because she was 12:57  
16 a young woman in her 20s, I think, if I remember  
17 correctly. Obviously laparoscopic nephrectomy would  
18 have more much appropriate for her than open  
19 nephrectomy, and I didn't do any laparoscopic surgery.  
20 I accept that entirely. 12:58

21 110 Q. Is that a situation where a failure of referral,  
22 a failure of dictation, a failure to complete the  
23 clinical encounter does place a patient at risk of  
24 harm?

25 A. Yes. This case is most regrettable. I remember this 12:58  
26 case very well, because she could have had infection in  
27 that kidney or -- if I remember correctly, it wasn't  
28 a stone-bearing kidney, if I remember it correctly,  
29 attention was drawn to it by her pain or discomfort

1 related to a polycystic kidney. But that's as good as  
2 my memory is at present.

3 111 Q. Thank you for helping us with that.

4  
5 Just two points before the imminent break. Private 12:59  
6 patients, you deal with that issue in your response to  
7 Dr. Khan. If we just have that on the screen, please.  
8 AOB-01894. Bottom of the page, please.

9  
10 So, whereas you have admitted or acknowledged 12:59  
11 shortcomings, albeit within particular contexts and  
12 particular circumstances which we have spent some time  
13 looking at, with regard to private patients it's a flat  
14 rejection of Dr. Chada's finding and any culpability on  
15 your part for the alleged preferential treatment of 13:00  
16 private patients; isn't that right?

17 A. That is largely right. It's almost 100, but you have  
18 dealt with this issue at length with other witnesses.

19 112 Q. Yes. Don't fear, we will deal with it at length at 13:00  
20 some point. But what I'm putting out on the table here  
21 is by the end of the process, and it was a lengthy  
22 process, and again we'll look at some of the reasons  
23 for that, this was your position?

24 A. Yes.

25 113 Q. Three acknowledgments or admissions, this one solidly 13:00  
26 rejecting?

27 A. Yes.

28 114 Q. And, indeed, as appears, I think, from what you say  
29 here, a critique and a robust critique of the process

1 adopted to investigate this issue?

2 A. Yes.

3 115 Q. You thought there should have been a comparative  
4 analysis?

5 A. Yes.

13:01

6 116 Q. When you looked at Mr. Young's workings, you couldn't  
7 see that?

8 A. Yes.

9 117 Q. We'll look at some of that as we go on.

10

13:01

11 The final issue to deal with, and I'm going to leave it  
12 hanging and come back to it in some detail after lunch  
13 is the role of management. That was the fifth aspect  
14 of the terms of reference. It is your belief, as you  
15 say here, that management knew of the problems that you  
16 were having with administrative practices; "management  
17 did not take the opportunities to assist me. It is  
18 apparent from the written statement gathered by  
19 Dr. Chada, that when some members of management  
20 indicated that they would like to address these issues  
21 with me informally, they were instructed not to do so".

13:01

13:01

22

23 That's, I think, a reference to something Mr. Weir said  
24 to Dr. Chada. We'll have an opportunity, as we go on,  
25 to look at aspects of what management knew and your  
26 concern that over a lengthy period of time, you were  
27 deprived of the necessary support and assistance to  
28 deal with the issues that were described at  
29 shortcomings.

13:02

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At this stage, I'm going to come back to that issue directly after lunch.

CHAIR: Okay. 2.05, ladies and gentlemen.

13:02

THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED FOR LUNCH AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS:

CHAIR: Good afternoon, everyone.

MR. WOLFE KC: Good afternoon, Chair. Good afternoon, Mr. O'Brien.

14:06

118 Q. Just before lunch we'd reached the last parts or last entry in your piece to Dr. Khan in response to the investigation. It's up on the screen in front of us. Just going down the page to the next page, you pick up on the fact, or you make the assertion, I should say, that when the issues were raised with you in the meeting March 2016, you asked for some guidance on what I could do and you received no assistance. That's the meeting with Martina Corrigan and Eamonn Mackle?

14:06

A. That right.

14:07

119 Q. We'll come to that later this afternoon, hopefully.

But just on this issue of management support. As I understand it, Mr. O'Brien, we'll pull up a theme that is recurrent through much of your statement AOB-02 --

14:07

CHAIR: Mr. wolfe, can we just stop a minute? I think there might be a technical problem. We're just checking monitors.



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That's everything sorted, I believe, Mr. Wolfe. Sorry for interrupting.

120 Q. MR. WOLFE KC: In the context of the points you make to Dr. Khan about the lack of management support, I just want to draw out a theme from your Section 21 statement. AOB-02029. This is your grievance that you put in towards the end of 2018. If we just scroll down to the fourth paragraph. You say you have provided to Dr. Chada details of the pressures that you were under for many years with waiting lists for both inpatient treatment and review, and "how I was using available time to ease that backlog". You say:

"There had been times when I fell behind in administrative work in the past and would have worked additionally to ease that backlog. This was always known to the Trust and the Trust was always aware that the volume of work was overwhelming".

Just to draw that out a little, Mr. O'Brien. Is that, in more specific terms, you saying that, to use your description earlier this morning, you were spending a lot of the time at the back of the operation doing theatre work to help ease these backlogs and these pressures, and there is a correlation between doing that work, given that there's only so many hours in the day, and the falling behind aspect, which is described here and was to be the subject, at least in part, of

1 the MHPS investigation?

2 A. That's accurate and fair. It's a trade-off, really.  
3 It's making judgment calls. The beneficiary of any  
4 particular week or day can be different from the next  
5 week or day.

14:12

6 121 Q. I just want to show the Inquiry, as you say the Trust  
7 knew this and maybe this is one illustration of it.  
8 AOB-00686. Just scroll down to the page so we can see  
9 Mrs. Corrigan's... Thank you.

10

14:12

11 Martina is writing to you in relation to triage:

12

13 "Can you advise please when these will be triaged".

14

15 Up the page, Heather Trouton to Martina Corrigan:

14:13

16

17 "If you don't get a response by Wednesday can you  
18 please advise or escalate". Then Martina Corrigan to  
19 Heater Trouton: "Aidan and Monica are on annual leave  
20 this week but he normally does this sort of admin when  
21 he is off so I will advise next week if this has not  
22 been sorted".

14:13

23

24 was that part of your pattern, playing catch-up at  
25 convenient times because you spent a lot of time at the  
26 back of the house doing the theatre work?

14:13

27 A. That's definitely the case. That was the case and had  
28 been for all of my working life at the Trust.

29 122 Q. In your engagement with Dr. Chada, you presented her

1 with Appendix 11, which was an outline of your various  
2 commitments beyond the administration requirements of  
3 your role. Let's just take a look at that. It's at  
4 AOB-10653. Appendix 11, then scroll down.

14:14

5  
6 Here you are seeking to illustrate, I think by  
7 reference to your job plan, what you were doing by way  
8 of inpatient operating over and above the commitment  
9 expected from you in your job plan. Is that the proper  
10 way to put it?

14:15

11 A. That's the proper way to put it, yes.

12 123 Q. You say for 2016, which is obviously an important year  
13 in our chronology, that the job plan required 61. Is  
14 that 61 sessions; PAs?

15 A. 61 sessions, yes.

14:15

16 124 Q. And you performed 83.25. Do you multiply each session  
17 by four to get the hours?

18 A. You do.

19 125 Q. Is that the way to do it? Yes.

14:15

20  
21 You record at the bottom:

22  
23 "All of this additional operating was directed to those  
24 patients in most need".

14:16

25  
26 Another document which is on this point which we find  
27 that you've disclosed, AOB-23225. Is this you drilling  
28 down and illustrating in greater detail the 2016 figure  
29 that we've just looked at?

1 A. That is correct.

2 126 Q. Are these your own records or are these hospital Trust  
3 records?

4 A. No, these are mine. I have constructed this record.

5 127 Q. Yes. The session figure, is that something that the 14:16  
6 Trust would have a record?

7 A. Oh, they would have. Absolutely.

8 128 Q. Just scrolling down through it. Over the next page,  
9 please, takes us all the way through the year, and  
10 obviously then you yourself go into - without dwelling 14:17  
11 on the detail - you yourself go off work for medical  
12 reasons in November 2016?

13 A. Yes.

14 129 Q. So it brings us up to then. Just working up from the  
15 bottom here, here we have your job plan, 58. A matter 14:17  
16 of fine detail perhaps, the last document we looked at  
17 had your job plan at 61 sessions. Maybe you can have  
18 a think about that. If you feel you can clarify that,  
19 please do.

20 14:17

21 The 83.25 sessions is the same figure as we saw in the  
22 previous document but then you add to that, I suppose,  
23 follow-up on each of these patients, whether it is  
24 perioperative care; is that after the theatre?

25 A. So, normally we would be allowed for one hour prior to 14:18  
26 the commencement of theatre, you know, with the  
27 patients, and half an hour afterwards. I found it  
28 necessary and reasonable to allocate an hour of  
29 administrative time per session as well, making up that

1 total.

2 130 Q. These are estimates made by you --

3 A. Yes, yes.

4 131 Q. -- of the commitment to get a patient pre-theatre,  
5 through theatre and out the other end? 14:18

6 A. Yes, yes. The 1.5 of perioperative patient care would  
7 be quite standard surrounding to bookend an operating  
8 day.

9 132 Q. This document, you'll have to forgive me, I'm not quite  
10 sure of the circumstances in which this particular 14:19  
11 document was developed. I know that the one I first  
12 showed you was for Dr. Chada's investigation. This is  
13 a follow-up on that, is it?

14 A. It is. The previous one was almost the cover summary  
15 document, and I did this here for all of those years of 14:19  
16 2013 up to '16. The same as this.

17 133 Q. Is it in broad terms? There may be other purposes for  
18 it but is this to attempt to demonstrate or illustrate  
19 how many hours in the working year were devoted to X?

20 A. Yes. 14:19

21 134 Q. And when you look at the number of hours over and above  
22 your job plan, I assume you are suggesting to the  
23 Inquiry through me that there weren't enough hours  
24 available to do all the administrative tasks that the  
25 Trust required of you? 14:20

26 A. That is exactly right. Yes.

27 135 Q. Okay. How does it come about, Mr. O'Brien, that in  
28 circumstances where you know that the basic  
29 requirements of your role - the triage, the

1 administration after clinics, those kind of things -  
2 you know that all of those ducks aren't in a row, those  
3 tasks are not being completed by you in the way that  
4 the Trust would want. So, those basic tasks aren't  
5 being performed. But are you putting your hand up and 14:20  
6 volunteering to do over and above tasks in theatre,  
7 obviously for the good reason of tending to people in  
8 pain and distress and difficulty, but with the full  
9 knowledge that you're doing that and the basic stuff  
10 isn't being done? 14:21

11 A. Well, it's a combination of both. For example, in 2013  
12 - I've have made reference to it in my witness  
13 statement - where there was a ministerial target,  
14 I think, to meet 35 weeks maximum waiting time by 30th  
15 September. Having achieved that, then for 31st 14:21  
16 December, we had to meet a 26-week target. It is  
17 a combination of expectation on the part of the Trust  
18 to do additionality, to meet ministerial targets, and  
19 it is me volunteering for those reasons at other times  
20 as well. It's a mixture in there. 14:22

21 136 Q. Is there a financial incentive to doing these sessions?  
22 A. No. If you were to scroll back upwards, most of the --  
23 in the early years, I did all of that extended  
24 operating on typically a wednesday, the extended bit,  
25 unpaid. If there's work done on a Saturday, it would 14:22  
26 typically be paid in this later year. For example,  
27 27th August may have been paid, I can't recall.  
28 Friday, not at all. So, once again, there may have  
29 been an additional payment when finance was available

1 to do that. I can tell you if would only have been  
2 done on a Saturday if there were finance because you  
3 have to fund other staff as well. But mid-week, no,  
4 that wouldn't be the case, you wouldn't have been paid.

14:23

5  
6 I think by the time -- I can't recall whether by 2016,  
7 I can't recall whether 12:00 noon to 8:00 p.m. had  
8 become part of my job plan, but we can check on that at  
9 a later time.

10 137 Q. So why are you doing this work if the basic elements of 14:23  
11 your work can't be performed in time? You partly  
12 answered it by saying it's sometimes political  
13 ministerial requirement. You could refuse to do that,  
14 couldn't you and say, listen, I have catching up to do  
15 with my basic job requirements, or is that not the real 14:24  
16 world?

17 A. Well, it's not the real world when it comes to  
18 the Trust having an imperative to meet a particular  
19 target that is set for a particular date. That was  
20 anything but optional. Once again, it's a trade-off. 14:24  
21 I can't find the designation of the patient that  
22 we heard from, I think it was in June, who waited  
23 a long time to have a stent removed, a young man. So,  
24 there you have it. You are trying to get stents  
25 removed, stents replaced. 14:24

26 138 Q. Allow me a moment. I think I can find it for you.  
27 Maybe not.

28 A. You know, if you take, for example, Patient 16 is a  
29 case in point. There are many cases in point. You

1 know, it's not like as if the patients whom we are  
2 taking in are necessarily in a static state since when  
3 they were entered on the waiting list. Like, you have  
4 a painful right knee and it just remains painful and  
5 the persistence of pain isn't accompanied by some 14:25  
6 deterioration in the knee joint requiring more  
7 extensive or riskier surgery. We're talking here about  
8 people who, because of the longevity of their duration  
9 on the waiting list, are suffering incrementally  
10 increasing risk of coming to harm. So it's a difficult 14:26  
11 situation to be in. And I wish it -- I love dictating;  
12 I love doing administration. I couldn't do everything  
13 at the same time, it's like spinning plates. There are  
14 too few plate spinners, basically.

15 139 Q. Can I ask you about something you committed to upon 14:26  
16 your return to work in 2017. If we go to TRU-00720.

17  
18 You are speaking to Colin Weir on the 24th January and  
19 you're discussing alternatives to exclusion. If  
20 we just scroll down, please, you talk about the impact 14:28  
21 exclusion had had on you. Just scrolling down a little  
22 further so I can see more text. Thank you.

23  
24 You say that you are entirely happy to return to work  
25 within a defined framework. You say you would be 14:28  
26 accepting of working within normal time constraints,  
27 both for operating lists and clinics, and agreed that  
28 any clinics would have outcomes recorded and dictation  
29 done by the end of that clinic. Entirely open to



1 regular review and monitoring. You say if you had been  
2 advised in March that these concerns would lead to  
3 this, then you would have taken the time out to clear  
4 your backlog. Just scroll down.

14:28

5  
6 Essentially, the last bullet probably captures it. You  
7 were happy to work within a defined framework set by  
8 the Trust to comply with hospital policies and  
9 procedures, to work to predetermined time scales, and  
10 you gave an assurance that no patient files would be  
11 removed from the Trust.

14:29

12  
13 Can I interpose that into your description of this  
14 additionality and being unable to cope or manage, and  
15 having to play catch-up regularly with your  
16 administration, and compare that with the commitment  
17 you were able to give in 2018 in order to return to  
18 work from exclusion. How were you able to give that  
19 commitment to manage all the plates that were spinning  
20 within your practice and to deliver on the Trust's  
21 expectations thereon?

14:29

14:30

22 A. I could only consider making that commitment by  
23 undertaking not doing any additionality, basically. At  
24 that point in time, you know, my first and top priority  
25 was to get back to work. To answer your question,  
26 I don't think -- I had to reduce the number of plates  
27 to be spun.

14:30

28 140 Q. And how was that achieved?

29 A. It was achieved over the next period with difficulty in

1 that I had to reduce the time spent in an Oncology  
2 Review Clinic in order to spend the time on a Friday on  
3 annual leave to do triage, which I still couldn't  
4 complete entirely within each urologist of the week  
5 week. So, I had to spend an awful lot of my own free 14:31  
6 time doing these things, whether it's triage --  
7 141 Q. Just to be clear, was there any additionality after  
8 returning to work in 2016?  
9 A. Ever, until I left?  
10 142 Q. Yes? 14:31  
11 A. Oh, there was. Yes.  
12 143 Q. Your example of taking yourself out of certain clinics  
13 on a Friday, the Oncology Review Clinic, does that  
14 demonstrate that there was, with the Trust's blessing,  
15 options available to you to move the furniture around a 14:31  
16 little to enable you to better comply with the  
17 expectations?  
18 A. Yes. When these expectations were made, yes, there  
19 was, but with a cost to patients. Patients don't get  
20 reviewed at a clinic that doesn't take place. 14:32  
21 144 Q. Yes.  
22  
23 Just going back to your Section 21 statement at  
24 WIT-82547, paragraph 415. The page reference is  
25 obviously 546, just for the record. 14:32  
26  
27 You say:  
28  
29 "Overall, I did not feel that I received much support

1 from the Trust in respect of concerns raised. Over the  
2 years, the concerns that I had remained largely  
3 unchanged, having not been adequately addressed and  
4 resolved. It proved to be a frustrating and concerning  
5 experience. It gave rise to a sense of fatigue and 14:33  
6 disillusionment with regard to raising concerns. I did  
7 often wonder whether repeatedly raising the same  
8 concerns which were not resolved made it even more  
9 difficult for them to be resolved. I was certainly  
10 left with the belief that raising concerns was no 14:33  
11 longer productive".

12  
13 I want to ask you about this sense of despondency  
14 you're reflecting here. How deep-rooted was that and  
15 when did it begin to affect you? 14:33

16 A. I would say by the late '90s. If we can just briefly  
17 recall, starting from scratch in 1992, there had been  
18 a lot of progress. It might have been inadequate in  
19 its totality but a lot of progress, and with a lot of  
20 support from the most senior people in the Trust, as it 14:34  
21 was at that time, particularly from the Chief  
22 Executive, John Templeton. I think I have related that  
23 in that response. Such as, for example, for  
24 a department, a single-handed department in its  
25 infancy, to secure Northern Ireland's only onsite 14:34  
26 lithotripter was a huge achievement. To have research  
27 fellows. To have set up with Roberta Brownlee a cure  
28 to fund all that. There was a lot of dynamism. I had  
29 a very good relationship with the Chief Executive in

1 particular in that I would go to him every -- say twice  
2 a year at least, anyhow, and try to not make it any  
3 more than that, with the same shopping list. Then  
4 after a few years with the same items on your shopping  
5 list and you're still asking for the same. Sometimes 14:35  
6 I did come to the conclusion that repeatedly asking for  
7 the same was only not productive, but I felt it was  
8 counterproductive. I felt, actually, if the person  
9 whom you were asking eventually gave in, why did they  
10 not give in three years ago? So I felt it created 14:35  
11 a kind of obstinacy, and I'm not the only one.

12  
13 As you can see from Katherine Hunter, looking at her  
14 this morning, her testimony, it goes back to the '90s.  
15 You are left with disillusionment and fatigue; don't 14:36  
16 waste time raising concerns and asking for things  
17 because it is a waste of time.

18 145 Q. To bring this back to a specific thing, you'll recall  
19 in 2011 you engaged in a facilitation process with  
20 Dr. Murphy -- 14:36

21 A. That's right.

22 146 Q. -- in respect of your job plan?

23 A. Yes.

24 147 Q. If we can take a look at that. If we start with  
25 AOB-00308. This is your comments and concerns 14:36  
26 regarding your proposed job plan. It's a note in  
27 preparation for facilitation. The Inquiry can  
28 obviously look at the totality of the note. One of the  
29 issues which I think becomes significant during the

1 process is the time allowed for administration relating  
2 to direct patient care, and that's ultimately a matter  
3 that led to disagreement; is that fair?

4 A. Yes.

5 148 Q. No doubt there's other issues within this which we 14:37  
6 could focus on but just trying to follow that through.  
7 Six pages further down at 14 in the sequence,  
8 AOB-00314, we have the record of your facilitation  
9 meeting. Admin time is discussed at the top; you say  
10 that was a substantive issue for you. There was 14:38  
11 inadequate time allocation within the proposed job  
12 plan. You describe it - I take these to be your  
13 words - as being grossly detached from reality. You  
14 had been allocated 4.25 hours for admin and you explain  
15 why that is inadequate. 14:38

16  
17 The upshot of this meeting, to your disappointment,  
18 I think, is set out at TRU-265964. This is Dr. Murphy  
19 writing to you. He says:

20 14:39  
21 "I have compared your proposed job plan with those of  
22 your colleagues in urology and am content that the time  
23 you have been allowed for administration seems  
24 appropriate. One of your colleagues has been allowed  
25 slightly more time; however, he has agreed to undertake 14:39  
26 an additional clinic which will generate more  
27 administration".

28  
29 He goes on to look at the historical aspects. He says

1 he will allow you a transitional period at a slightly  
2 higher allowance of 0.75 of a PA until February 2012,  
3 and he says this will result in a total of 2.75 PAs  
4 over and above the 10 programmed activities, but from 1  
5 March 2012 the transitional period will end and you 14:40  
6 will be left with 12 PAs.

7  
8 He says, and I'm interested in your views on this:

9  
10 "This will undoubtedly require you to change your 14:40  
11 current working practices and administration methods.  
12 The Trust will provide any advice and support it can to  
13 assist you with this".

14  
15 You, as it appears from correspondence, were 14:41  
16 disappointed with this outcome?

17 A. Yes, I was disappointed because you ask for -- I think  
18 actually this is accompanied by my request for seven  
19 hours of administration time, but that seven  
20 hours didn't include the time that was going to be 14:41  
21 required to action results and reports because that  
22 directive had just recently come in. So seven hours.  
23 Essentially what happens then is that you, having gone  
24 to facilitate -- if you ask, my experience is you end  
25 up with less than what you ask for, and it gets worse. 14:41  
26 Over the years the amount of time allocated to  
27 administration that was proposed in job plans certainly  
28 never increased and it just got progressively less.

29 149 Q. He makes two points of significance, perhaps. One,

1 your allocation for administration is at least as  
2 generous as your colleagues, with one exception, which  
3 he explains. Secondly, he's urging you to give  
4 appropriate consideration to changing the way you work,  
5 your working methods, to enable you to better manage 14:42  
6 within the time allowed.

7  
8 The first point is is he right, that you had been  
9 generously compensated and it is now an appropriate  
10 time for the Trust to claw back on that and reduce your 14:42  
11 admin time?

12 A. You see, it's a complex answer possibly to that. I've  
13 heard it being said by Mr. Mackle that, you know,  
14 I wouldn't have looked forward to or wouldn't have  
15 welcomed this outcome because it results in reduced 14:43  
16 remuneration. The reality for me, at that time and  
17 since, for me and for many other people, is that  
18 we work grossly in excess of job planned activity.  
19 Whether it's 12 or 12.75 is, frankly, irrelevant. The  
20 motivation for getting you from 12.75 to 12 is not to 14:43  
21 encourage you necessarily to change your administrative  
22 practices, it is just to pay you less.

23  
24 Ultimately, if you fast forward to 2022 and 2023, you  
25 end up with a situation whereby you have people 14:44  
26 proffering different views as to whether Mr. O'Brien or  
27 Mr. Haynes or Mr. Glackin uses their free time as  
28 efficiently as possible in the service of the Trust or  
29 in providing care for their patients, whether it is at

1 two o'clock in the morning and then going to bed or, as  
2 Mark Haynes has done, getting up at five o'clock to  
3 work for two hours. That's the reality.

4  
5 It's almost esoteric at this stage whether you are 14:44  
6 dictating a letter to your patient at six o'clock in  
7 the morning, in the case of one consultant, or whether  
8 actually you are phoning the patient at nine o'clock in  
9 the evening in the case of the other, because neither  
10 of them are being paid in any case. That's the 14:44  
11 reality. Being honest about it, that is the reality  
12 for a lot of hard-working consultants.

13 150 Q. Let me just further develop that with you. If we look  
14 at what Mr. Mackle says to you. WIT-90291. He emails  
15 you on 5th December -- or was it 12th May? I think it 14:45  
16 is 5th December. He's building on this point about  
17 changing your working practices and administrative  
18 methods. He said he organised a meeting to discuss  
19 this with you.

20 14:45  
21 "I note however you cancelled the meeting. I am  
22 therefore concerned we haven't met to agree any support  
23 that you may need. I would appreciate if you would  
24 contact me directly this week to organise a meeting.  
25 If however you are happy that you can change your 14:46  
26 working practice without the need for Trust support,  
27 then you obviously do not need to contact me to  
28 organise a meeting".

29 You say in your Section 21 response, it is paragraph



1 603 - we don't need to have it up on the screen - you  
2 cannot now recall why you had had to cancel the  
3 meeting; you don't recall rearranging it; you don't  
4 recall Mr. Mackle recontacting you. But, in any event,  
5 you do not consider his engagement in such meetings  
6 helpful in addressing the issues you faced.

14:46

7  
8 First of all, in terms of your working methods, was  
9 there anything that you could have done/changed in  
10 order to bring you within the time allowed within your  
11 job plan so that you weren't working unpaid hours?

14:47

12 A. I'm not so sure that there was. I know that very many  
13 people have been critical of me for being in contact  
14 with patients by telephone and why didn't I have my  
15 secretary or some other person such as a scheduler -  
16 which we didn't have - to organise your admissions or  
17 theatre list or whatever, which seemed to me just like  
18 putting the cart before the horse. You have a clerical  
19 person actually who picks four people and then comes  
20 along to you and asks do you think this is appropriate,  
21 and I say well, I don't know because they've been on  
22 the list for four years, I better ring up to see if  
23 they are dead or alive or what has changed.

14:47

14:47

24  
25 I don't think there was much change I could do. My  
26 secretary couldn't do that kind of work. She did the  
27 administrative aspect of it when I organised it.

14:48

28 151 Q. Is there not a serious point there to be made about  
29 your ability to delegate to either more junior

1 clinicians or to the administrative team that  
2 surrounded you and other clinicians to free up more  
3 time so that you could more readily achieve the  
4 administrative targets that had been set for you?

5 A. No. You couldn't possibly delegate to a registrar, 14:48  
6 certainly not in our department, I've never known of  
7 it, to choose and organise an operating list. I don't  
8 know what Mr. Hanbury's experience has been but my  
9 experience has been that most trainees actually  
10 complete their training and they have never set eyes on 14:49  
11 a waiting list. They wouldn't know one if it shook  
12 hands with them. We didn't have any clerical staff to  
13 do that.

14  
15 Around about that time, I think the general surgeons 14:49  
16 did try schedulers and found that it didn't work.  
17 We certainly didn't use them at all. We didn't have  
18 any clerical staff or junior medical staff to whom to  
19 delegate these tasks at all, never mind in some kind of  
20 more efficient manner. 14:49

21 152 Q. Did you think there was an air of unreality about  
22 Mr. Mackle even suggesting that there might be a way of  
23 assisting you?

24 A. Yes. And...

25 153 Q. Was it more than that? Did you distrust him? 14:49  
26 A. Well, it's not that I -- I wouldn't have gone to him  
27 seeking help.

28 154 Q. I mean, you've said in your witness statement 'I can't  
29 recall the reasons why I didn't' --

1 A. I think actually I did have to cancel it first time  
2 around for some reason. I can't remember what it was.  
3 He organised the time; it didn't suit. But I wouldn't  
4 have gone back to Mr. Mackle, you know, asking for  
5 support from him or the Trust by way of him. I just 14:50  
6 wouldn't have done that.

7 155 Q. He was the Associate Medical Director --

8 A. Yes.

9 156 Q. -- with responsibility for the service?

10 A. Yes. 14:50

11 157 Q. I suppose a medical line manager within the hierarchy  
12 to you?

13 A. Yes.

14 158 Q. He's reaching out on the face of this email  
15 correspondence offering to explore with you ways around 14:50  
16 this difficulty. And you wouldn't have gone to him?

17 A. No.

18 159 Q. Why not?

19 A. Well, Mr. Mackle was Clinical Lead with Simon Gibson as  
20 Project Lead in the reconfiguration of the wards two 14:51  
21 years previously, which was undertaken without any  
22 consultation with us consultant urologists at all. It  
23 was a fait accompli announced one day.

24 160 Q. That's why I was asking was there no longer any trust  
25 in your relationship with him -- 14:51

26 A. No.

27 161 Q. -- in terms of getting things done?

28 A. No. None.

29 162 Q. How do we get out of this trap or vicious circle, if

1 you like? You are running to standstill. You're  
2 hitting out in your evidence that the Trust knows all  
3 about your problems but isn't providing assistance.  
4 Here you have, on the face of it, a good faith offer to  
5 discuss assistance with you and you don't go; and you 14:52  
6 didn't deliberately, it seems, go?

7 A. I regarded this as just a procedural ticking of the  
8 box. How do we get out of it? We don't get out of it.  
9 Because you're working for a Trust that, by this  
10 stage - I think I've tabulated it in my witness 14:52  
11 statement - I think there was something like  
12 a 50 percent increase in the inpatient waiting list  
13 between June '10 and June '11. Things had remained  
14 pretty static because we had a waiting list initiative  
15 undertaken by an Australian team in the mid noughties 14:53  
16 which stabilised the situation for a period of time, up  
17 until June '10. Then thereafter you had significant  
18 annual increases in all of the metrics that demonstrate  
19 the progressive inadequacy of the service. So, you  
20 continue -- I continued to run to standstill. 14:53

21  
22 I accept that others may consider that some part of my  
23 running was not as efficient as some others, but that's  
24 what I did.

25 163 Q. I want to ask you something more about your 14:53  
26 relationship with Mr. Mackle. You raised on  
27 30th January 2012 a written grievance relating to what  
28 you perceived as a breach of contract, an unlawful  
29 deduction, an unauthorised deduction from your pay. And

1 we don't need, perhaps, to worry about the fine detail  
2 of it but you had a clear understanding that monies  
3 were due to you for some additionality, some additional  
4 work, and you saw documentation which showed that  
5 Mr. Mackle had intervened without reference to you and 14:54  
6 deducted it, and that gave rise to a complaint. You've  
7 explained that your complaint was upheld, you received  
8 the money but because of Mr. Mackle's difficult  
9 personal circumstances at that time, you parked the  
10 grievance and reserved the right to reactivate it if 14:55  
11 you saw fit. Is that a fair summary of the background  
12 from your perspective?

13 A. That's a fair summary, yes.

14 164 Q. I suppose the further chronological or historic 14:55  
15 background to this involved a number of interactions  
16 which didn't go your way. We've seen your unhappiness  
17 with the modernisation, so-called, that Mr. Mackle and  
18 Mr. Gibson had overseen. We've seen his involvement in  
19 the job plan issue and the facilitation. He also had  
20 dealings with you in respect of the IV antibiotic 14:56  
21 issue, and I think the cystectomy issue that we'll  
22 maybe take a look at at another time.

23  
24 The build-up to your complaints about the deduction  
25 from your pay was not a happy build-up in terms of your 14:56  
26 relationship with Mr. Mackle; is that fair?

27 A. That's very fair, yes.

28 165 Q. It was reported to Mr. Mackle, on his evidence, that  
29 Roberta Brownlee had reported to senior management that

1 you had made a complaint to her that Mr. Mackle had  
2 been bullying and harassing you. Did you make that  
3 complaint to her?

4 A. Absolutely not and, you know, I can give you some  
5 reasons why I wouldn't. Because we're neighbours, 14:57  
6 we're good friends. She had been my patient away back  
7 years ago. It would have been totally inappropriate to  
8 put someone who has done so much for urology by way of  
9 CURE in such a position. I would never have done it.  
10 So, the short answer is no. 14:58

11 166 Q. Thank you.

12  
13 would she, nevertheless, have known your unhappiness  
14 with how you felt you were being treated by Mr. Mackle?

15 A. I genuinely and honestly do not believe she would have 14:58  
16 any reason - certainly not from me or from any party in  
17 my family - to have known that. I can't think of --  
18 no, I don't believe.

19 167 Q. So you're clear that to the best of your knowledge, no  
20 member of your family and certainly not yourself ever 14:58  
21 discussed your unhappiness regarding Mr. Mackle's  
22 management of you with Mrs. Brownlee?

23 A. That's right. I mean, my children wouldn't have been  
24 in a position to be doing that anyhow, so it's just my  
25 wife and I. No, certainly not. That has never arisen. 14:59  
26 Absolutely not. I'm saying it, I want to emphasise the  
27 no, because it's not just because to the best of our  
28 ability or memory or knowledge that it didn't happen.  
29 When you value someone like I value Roberta Brownlee,

1 and what she has done and what we have done together,  
2 like we have funded half a dozen research fellows and  
3 higher degrees, and all things that I may have made  
4 some reference to, I certainly would not have. I know  
5 what's proper and improper. So the answer is no. 14:59

6 168 Q. very well. That's very clear. Thank you for that.

7  
8 It's certainly the case that we can see from a number  
9 of pieces of evidence that the word around the place  
10 with certain people was such a complaint had been made. 15:00  
11 If you think you're into the realms of speculation,  
12 then simply say so, but I give you the opportunity to  
13 explain or provide a hypothesis, if you wish, as to how  
14 that kind of belief or understanding came to be part of  
15 the currency with certain members of the staff? 15:00

16 A. well, there are two beliefs that could easily be  
17 confused. One is I certainly didn't make any complaint  
18 about Mr. Mackle harassing or bullying me. I have no  
19 reason, for the reasons I have just stated, that  
20 Roberta Brownlee did on my behalf. But the second 15:01  
21 reason I believe is not a complaint about harassment,  
22 but was there harassment, was there an observation on  
23 the part of others, including myself, that I was  
24 harassed, because I do believe that I was harassed  
25 repeatedly during those years. I believe I attended 15:01  
26 meetings with both Mr. Mackle and Dr. Rankin, that,  
27 looking back on them, they should not have been  
28 conducted in the manner in which they were conducted,  
29 and they should not have been tolerated by me and by my

1 colleagues who attended similar meetings because of the  
2 manner in which they were conducted.

3  
4 So, did I feel harassed? Certainly. Did I make  
5 a complaint? No. I don't think that Roberta Brownlee 15:01  
6 had any reason from me or my family to do so. Did  
7 someone else speak to him because of what's on the  
8 grapevine and what was maybe general knowledge? That's  
9 a possibility, but I can't speculate as to who that may  
10 have been. 15:02

11 169 Q. why did you not make a complaint of harassment, if  
12 that's how you felt?

13 A. why? Things were bad enough without making them worse  
14 for myself. That's why.

15 170 Q. On the face of it, your complaint was one of financial 15:02  
16 deduction. Mr. Mackle provided an explanation as to  
17 his fault in relation to that. He should not have made  
18 that deduction; certainly not without consulting with  
19 you and taking soundings. That was, I suppose, the  
20 extent of his concession around that. That issue was 15:03  
21 in your favour.

22  
23 Can you help us understand how an issue like that  
24 resolved, apparently with a degree of goodwill or ease,  
25 it didn't need to go to a hearing or anything like 15:03  
26 that, how does that lead to a situation -- what's your  
27 understanding of how that leads to a situation where  
28 you are being told, and it seems to be Mr. Mackle's  
29 understanding as well, that he would no longer place



1 himself in a position of a direct managerial  
2 relationship with you. So, for example, he would not  
3 attend the March meeting accepted. He would not attend  
4 meetings with you, generally, to work through any  
5 issues. How does that happen on the back of 15:04  
6 a financial dispute?

7 A. I don't think it happened on the back of a financial  
8 dispute at all.

9 171 Q. Okay.

10 A. I think the financial dispute was so black and white 15:04  
11 that, to me, I think it was right and proper that it  
12 should have been addressed in the form of a formal  
13 grievance and resolved in that matter. My response on  
14 its being resolved is suspend it. I wouldn't have had  
15 any desire to progress things along a disciplinary 15:04  
16 matter, irrespective who had done that to me. So  
17 I don't think there's any connection at all between  
18 that particular grievance and this complaint.

19

20 I didn't know at all that there was a standoff or he 15:05  
21 wasn't -- or these other arrangements were made for  
22 other people to intersect with me until I read all of  
23 this documentation more recently. I wasn't aware of  
24 that.

25 172 Q. You weren't aware of? 15:05

26 A. That he wasn't to meet with me. Wasn't it Mr. Brown  
27 had been appointed instead to interact with me? Or he  
28 was not to meet with me on his own.

29 173 Q. I think that's what Mr. Mackle said. The pieces were,

1 I suppose, choreographed so that Mr. Brown took  
2 a more...

3 A. Yes.

4 174 Q. You didn't know that until when?

5 A. I don't think I was aware of that until '21/22 when 15:05  
6 I saw all that documentation being disclosed to me as  
7 part of this Inquiry. I was entirely aware that  
8 Mr. Brown would meet with me about the records in the  
9 bin, for example, but I had no idea that it was by  
10 arrangement. I didn't pass any remarks on the fact 15:06  
11 Robert Brown was meeting with me because I've known him  
12 as long as I've known Eamonn Mackle so it wasn't an  
13 issue.

14 175 Q. Just so I'm clear, you weren't given any understanding  
15 that Mr. Mackle - whether formally or informally, 15:06  
16 however it came about - but you didn't know he had been  
17 removed from, stepped aside, whatever the description  
18 is, from managing you directly?

19 A. No. No.

20 176 Q. I just want to ask you about that. If we look at 15:06  
21 AOB-56083. Just at the bottom of the page, please.  
22

23 This is a meeting with Mr. Wilkinson, who was the  
24 nonexecutive director, who was, as you know, engaged in  
25 the MHPS process. You attend a meeting with him. 15:07  
26 I think this meeting is March 2017 but I'll have that  
27 checked. You attend with your son, Mr. Michael  
28 O'Brien. Michael says -- and the dictation maybe  
29 doesn't give the best sense of this:

1  
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29

"But it had also been agreed at that time, around that time that the grievances were being issued that he would have no dealings with him again". You interject and say:

15:08

"Yes, I sought and obtained an assurance from Dr. Rankin and from Eamonn Mackle himself, particularly from Dr. Rankin, that I would have had no more dealings or meeting with him because I was on the point of breakdown as a result of his treatment over a period of years".

15:08

Does that account more accord with the reality of it? You had taken steps, according to this, to produce a situation where he wouldn't be managing you?

15:08

A. I had a number of -- I was invited, to put it politely, or summoned, to a number of meetings with Dr. Rankin and Eamonn Mackle over a period of time from 2010 up until -- I can't remember when this relates to. They were anything but -- they were not pleasant; they were brutal. Being told that I had to obey my political masters, having allegations fired at you. I had come to a stage where my previous secretary one day said to me, "Can you meet with Dr. Rankin and Mr. Mackle tomorrow or the next day?", and I asked her, "What's it about", and she said "It's about cystoscopies". I was wondering what's the next item on the agenda, you know, it's cystoscopies.

15:09

15:10

1  
2 So I went to this meeting. The typical form was  
3 Dr. Rankin thanks you for coming and then thereafter  
4 she generally wouldn't speak. And after Eamonn,  
5 Mr. Mackle assaults you with "I thought you knew that", 15:10  
6 "I thought you were told that". I just actually had to  
7 put my hands up and I said "Please stop". I was on the  
8 point of breakdown at this stage. I do not know  
9 actually how I managed to turn it around. And he went  
10 on to continue speaking. I said, "Please, stop". 15:11  
11

12 So what this was about - this is typical - is that  
13 there was an elderly lady on my inpatient waiting list  
14 for quite some time since she had been referred to me  
15 by a gynaecologist after she had had unsuccessful 15:11  
16 surgery for stress incontinence performed; the  
17 gynaecologist being of the very recent review that this  
18 lady would be suitable for an ileal conduit urinary  
19 diversion. I had seen her two years previously;  
20 we have long waiting lists. I thought at the time -- 15:11  
21 she also had vaginal discharge. I thought what I'll do  
22 is I'll put her on the list for cystectomy and ileal  
23 conduit urinary diversion. So, this is why I was being  
24 summoned - "You still have a patient -- you have  
25 a patient on your waiting list for cystectomy after you 15:11  
26 have been told that you are not allowed to do  
27 a cystectomy any more. There was no inquiry, no  
28 questioning. This was a pattern going on for two  
29 years.

1 177 Q. So, this is an example of kind of bullying or  
2 harassment behaviour that --

3 A. I just couldn't take it any more, Mr. Wolfe.

4 178 Q. Thank you for that background. The question I was  
5 probing with you was your suggestion that it wasn't 15:12  
6 until 2021 that you received information that  
7 established for you that Mr. Mackle had been moved out  
8 of the managerial picture. But what you're telling  
9 Mr. Wilkinson is something contrary to that. You had  
10 made an intervention and you had spoken to Dr. Rankin 15:12  
11 and, as a result of that, you were fully aware that  
12 Mr. Mackle would no more have dealings or meetings with  
13 you. Is that a more accurate way of putting it?

14 A. It's possibly more accurate but it's not entirely  
15 accurate, because that day was difficult. If you would 15:13  
16 just allow me to expand a little bit on it. Because  
17 I was allowed -- I asked "Can I do the ileal conduit  
18 urinary diversion without a cystectomy"? No problem.  
19 So, I was allowed to do the more difficult, the riskier  
20 reconstructive surgery without doing the relatively 15:13  
21 simple cystectomy. It worked out very, very well for  
22 the lady.

23

24 I just said, please, I can't take any more. The  
25 following day Dr. Rankin contacted me. The following 15:14  
26 day, it was a Friday. I was in theatre doing extra  
27 operating and she said she would wait around for me and  
28 I was concerned about that. But I went to her office  
29 and she was -- I was very appreciative of it because

1 she said she was very worried about my state the day  
2 previous, and I just said I can't take any more of this  
3 kind of behaviour, as I said earlier. She undertook  
4 that there would be no more such behaviour either,  
5 I have to say implicitly, at least from herself or,  
6 indeed, from Mr. Mackle. 15:14

7  
8 So, I mean, months later I met with Dr. Rankin and it  
9 was a very, very different kind of meeting. I had no  
10 idea, as I said to you just now, that definite 15:15  
11 arrangements were put in place for other people to  
12 replace Mr. Mackle in his stead thereafter. Is that  
13 reasonable?

14 179 Q. Well, your answer here seems fairly clear that at some  
15 point long before 2021, you knew through Dr. Rankin 15:15  
16 that you'd have no more dealings -- or Mr. Mackle would  
17 have no more dealings with you. Is that fair?

18 A. I tried to explain. You know, I didn't mind meeting  
19 with Mr. Mackle at any time provided that they were  
20 conducted in a manner entirely different from 15:15  
21 previously. Dr. Rankin give me that undertaking. She  
22 honoured it herself and, as far as I was concerned, so  
23 did Mr. Mackle thereafter, including in the manner in  
24 which he approached me in the March 2016 meeting. So,  
25 if that answers you. 15:16

26 180 Q. I think the transcript speaks for itself.

27 MR. WOLFE KC: Chair, perhaps a short break now.

28 CHAIR: we'll come back at 3.35, Mr. Wolfe.

29 MR. WOLFE KC: Very well.

1  
2 THE INQUIRY BRIEFLY ADJOURNED AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS:

3  
4 CHAIR: Everyone.

5  
6 Last session of the afternoon, Mr. Wolfe. 15:36

7 MR. WOLFE KC: Yes.

8 181 Q. Mr. O'Brien, I want to use the remainder of our time  
9 this afternoon to chart the pathway, if you like, into  
10 what happened in March 2016 by going over in not too 15:36  
11 much detail, hopefully, but sufficient detail to allow  
12 you to get your position across and for me to reflect  
13 some of the position we've heard from witnesses already  
14 in respect of the issues which were then to emerge and  
15 form part of the investigation. 15:36

16  
17 Starting with triage. I suppose when we think about  
18 it, the earliest indication that the Inquiry appears to  
19 have received of you facing a difficulty in processing  
20 triage and management wishing to speak to you about it 15:37  
21 was from 1996, when, in the statement of Mr. Mackle,  
22 he, as Lead Clinician For Outpatients said he spoke to  
23 you about a folder of triage that you were maintaining  
24 at that time. Does that accord with your memory?

25 A. Not entirely because, as I have stated in my witness 15:37  
26 statement, I had four folders because I had four  
27 categories at that time, which was, you know, as soon  
28 as possible, urgent, soon, and routine. And I was  
29 single-handed, and I really had to keep a control over

1 how I would manage things. And this is pre-digital  
2 era. So the as soon as possible was generally a thin  
3 one and emptied, and urgent was generally well emptied,  
4 and soon and routine was the most.

5  
6 That system worked very, very well for me because if  
7 I got another referral from somebody previously  
8 referred and I had them in chronological order and all  
9 of that kind of thing, it worked for me. It worked  
10 after Mr. Baluch was appointed because I was able to

11 siphon off some of these on to his clinics. For a  
12 relatively brief period after Mr. Young was appointed,  
13 by which time he had inherited a backlog from  
14 Mr. Baluch and was building up his own and wanted to  
15 have somewhat of a clean slate. I believe it was  
16 somewhere around that time, it doesn't matter if it was  
17 '96 or '97 or '98, and I no longer held these folders,  
18 or ring binders as they were, really, and they were  
19 given over to the central booking office or referring  
20 booking centre.

21 182 Q. Thank you. I suppose the clean point I want to make to  
22 you and take your response on is this: From early  
23 times in your career at Craigavon, let's call it the  
24 Southern Trust for present purposes, all the way  
25 through to, and we'll take it through to December 2016,  
26 were you facing challenges in being able to deliver on  
27 triage in the way that the Trust expected you to do,  
28 and that in turn led to the Trust putting pressure on  
29 you, engaging with you, asking you to get things back,



1 that kind of thing? Do you recognise that as a general  
2 pattern?

3 A. Yes. Entirely, yes.

4 183 Q. Let me put up on the screen Mrs. Trouton's take on it.  
5 She was Assistant Director within Acute Directorate  
6 from in or about 2009 through to March 2016.

15:40

7 WIT-120004. Sorry, I'll rephrase that, WIT-12004.  
8 I haven't written down the paragraph numbers so I'll  
9 have to just peer into this. Scroll down, please.

10

15:41

11 At paragraph 57, she describes the following.

12

13 "An escalation process was put in place with initial  
14 action through normal administrative processes had not  
15 proven effective. The issue was escalated both through  
16 the administrative admin, management lines and directly  
17 to the Head of Urology and ENT. The Head of Urology"  
18 -- I think that's Mrs. Corrigan in those terms?

15:41

19 A. That's right.

20 184 Q.

15:41

21 "And ENT would have contacted Mr. O'Brien directly and  
22 requested urgent return of triage. This was usually  
23 effective but, on occasion, it was escalated to myself  
24 and the Director of Acute Services for action. On  
25 intervention at senior level, Mr. O'Brien would then  
26 have completed and returned his triage. He would then  
27 have managed it appropriately for a time and then the  
28 cycle of delayed triage would start again".

15:42

29

1 Is that again a pattern that you would accept as being  
2 a reasonable synopsis?

3 A. It is.

4 185 Q. From your perspective I should say that the Inquiry is  
5 aware that when looking at monthly reports on triage, 15:42  
6 there are occasions when the amount of outstanding  
7 triage is very small; one case in some months during  
8 early, I think, 2013.

9 A. That's right. Yes.

10 186 Q. What is this sort of peak and trough pattern, if I can 15:43  
11 put it like that, reflective of?

12 A. Me having too much to do and not enough hours to do it.  
13 Just that's it. It's not like, you know, you would  
14 tend to one thing and then when you have that done,  
15 then you turn your attention to another priority, as 15:43  
16 you perceive it to be.

17 187 Q. The issue would appear to have been on the agenda for  
18 a meeting involving the Chief Executive in 2009.  
19 I just want to look at that with you. WIT-16552.  
20 Let's just go to the first page so I can better 15:44  
21 orientate you to what is happening here. It is the  
22 1st December 2009. The persons in attendance include  
23 Mairead McAlinden, then Acting Chief Executive. Then  
24 you can see the remainder of the cast list including  
25 Eamonn Mackle and Heather Trouton. If we scroll to the 15:44  
26 next page, you can see what's being said about the  
27 triage of referrals. It says it is undertaken by one  
28 of three consultants within the required time scale.  
29 One consultant is triage is three weeks and he appears

1 to refuse to change to meet current standard of  
2 72 hours. I asked Mr. Mackle and I think Mrs. Trouton  
3 about that, and I think it was their evidence that this  
4 related to you, you being the outlier here.

15:45

5  
6 whether or not you accept that suggestion, do  
7 you recall any particular follow-up after this 2009  
8 meeting, any particular initiative to engage with you?

9 A. I don't have any recall. I do know that subsequent to  
10 2009, I would have met with Heather Trouton and with  
11 Martina, and I can certainly recall meeting with Debbie  
12 Burns. But I don't know if any of those meetings  
13 emanated from this action plan.

15:45

14 188 Q. Okay. This perhaps saves me a little bit of time. You  
15 can recall that senior operational managers such as  
16 Debbie Burns and the Assistant Director, Mrs. Trouton,  
17 did meet with you from time to time to try to address  
18 issues around triage?

15:45

19 A. I think Heather Trouton did more frequently than  
20 Debbie. My engagement with Debbie Burns was very much  
21 based upon and centred around the priorities regarding  
22 cancer timelines, my role as lead of MDT, and even the  
23 regional lead role as well. That led to she requesting  
24 Mr. Young to help out for a period of some six months.  
25 It was the intent, anyhow.

15:46

26 189 Q. This is the meeting with Mrs. Burns?

27 A. Mrs. Burns, yes.

28 190 Q. We'll come to that just presently. That was in --

29 A. 2014.

1 191 Q. -- 2014; correct.

2

3 I just want to seek your sense of what was happening to  
4 address the issue of triage. I think if we can agree  
5 as a general proposition, because I'm sure you have 15:47  
6 seen the emails like me, that periodically you are  
7 receiving from, for example, 8th October 2013,  
8 Mrs. Trouton flags that a large number of untriaged  
9 referrals, this is serious delay and can't be ignored.  
10 March '14, 67 patients awaiting triage. 17th April, 59 15:47  
11 patients. You don't disagree with me when I say you  
12 were receiving these communications asking you to get  
13 this done?

14 A. I'm not so sure all of them, actually, were triaged by  
15 me, by the way, but I agree with you that I was copied 15:48  
16 in to those. And I might have been the main culprit.

17 192 Q. But then in terms of the response, your response was,  
18 what, getting them done then as soon as you could?

19 A. Getting them done as soon as I could and then turning  
20 my attention to another priority. That's the way it 15:48  
21 was.

22 193 Q. In the pre-urologist of the week creation, you were  
23 receiving both red flag, urgent and routine?

24 A. Yes.

25 194 Q. While we can see that there was delay and you were 15:48  
26 chased, before urologist of the week were you, in fact,  
27 triaging almost universally or completely --

28 A. Oh yes.

29 195 Q. -- all of the referrals regardless of the

1 classification?

2 A. Oh, yes.

3 196 Q. So the numbers that are investigated as part of MHPS,  
4 they are all after the creation of the urologist of the  
5 week? 15:49

6 A. Most definitely. Yes.

7 197 Q. We can see on 26th November 2013 that you wrote the  
8 following email to Martina Corrigan. TRU-267905.  
9 Sorry, let me just repeat that, it's TRU-276905. Just  
10 to the bottom of the page, please. So 24th November. 15:50  
11 "Urgent. Needing response. Missing triage". You're  
12 asked by Mrs. Corrigan:  
13  
14 "Please advise, this is holding up picking patients for  
15 all clinics as these letters have not been triaged and 15:50  
16 I know that this will need to be escalated early this  
17 week if not resolved".  
18  
19 So that is the broad issue and I suppose it is typical  
20 of what we see in various emails. If we go then to 15:50  
21 what you say in response. You say:  
22  
23 "I really am so sorry that I have fallen so behind in  
24 triaging. However, whilst on leave I have arranged all  
25 outstanding letters of referral in chronological order 15:51  
26 so that I can pass them to CAO" --  
27 A. Central Appointments Office.

28 198 Q. Thank you. "Via Monica". That was your secretary?

29 A. That was my previous secretary, yes.

1 199 Q.

2 "In that order, beginning tomorrow. I know that I have  
3 fallen behind particularly badly (except for red flag  
4 referrals which are up to date) and I do appreciate  
5 that this causes many staff inconvenience and 15:51  
6 frustration, and that all have been patient with me.  
7 I can assure you that I will catch up, but am  
8 determined to do so in a chronologically ordered  
9 fashion".

10

15:51

11 So, a conciliatory response from you. In your witness  
12 statement, you deal with that, you may recall. May we  
13 have on the screen WIT-82562. At paragraph 468,  
14 referring to that email, where you are saying you are  
15 sorry for falling behind, you reflect that: 15:52

16

17 "Surely the response to that should have been to  
18 provide adequate time to carry out the tasks within my  
19 job plan, rather than simply raise the issue, know that  
20 the cause was overwork, yet do nothing substantive to 15:52  
21 address it, leaving me to address and resolve the  
22 backlog while on leave".

23

24 So, during these catch-up engagements, these meetings,  
25 and we will go on to look at what Mrs. Burns and you 15:53  
26 discussed in 2014, up to then did you get a sense that  
27 really there is nothing to be done for you other than  
28 to continually urge you to get with the Trust's  
29 message?

1 A. I think that's probably reasonably fair at that time,  
2 yes.

3 200 Q. Were you asking for -- I mean, you say here what should  
4 have been provided was adequate time. During any of  
5 these interactions up until 2014 when you met with 15:53  
6 Mrs. Burns, was there any specific facility or  
7 assistance requested by you?

8 A. No.

9 201 Q. What did you have in mind or what could have helped you  
10 to address this issue that you acknowledge had been 15:54  
11 with you for many years?

12 A. I think that, looking back, if it was considered to be  
13 of fundamental and primary importance by the Trust,  
14 that we should have, you know, looked at what else  
15 I was doing. We're looking here at on 8th October 15:54  
16 2013. Earlier on today I was reminding you that I was  
17 then facing a ministerial target of 26 weeks by  
18 31st December '13. I can tell you that we had at that  
19 time approximately 500 people waiting up to 59 weeks,  
20 and under a lot of pressure to achieve that. So it's 15:55  
21 rather unfortunate for me at this point in time that  
22 that is the dilemma that was current at that time.

23

24 So, you know, I can't run - and I wasn't the only one  
25 running - we can't run to standstill to meet the 15:55  
26 ministerial target and to meet every other unmeetable  
27 expectation, as Mr. Haynes described it.

28

29 This is about choices. It's about sitting down and

1 discussing how do we actually tackle this in a more  
2 sustainable way. And really was there a more  
3 sustainable way. Was the real world solution to this  
4 is we all continue what we're doing and trying to do  
5 the best we think and muddle on and try to minimise  
6 risk to as many people as possible? That's how I felt  
7 about it.

15:55

8 202 Q. Mr. Haynes suggests that in or about 2007 or 2008, you  
9 were permitted some time away to clear your  
10 administrative backlog, and that a request for that was  
11 then -- a request for further time away was made by  
12 you, or at least he understood that it had been made by  
13 you, in 2009, and there was some correspondence in  
14 relation to in 2009. Can I just seek your views on  
15 that. If we go to AOB-007131.

15:56

15:57

16 A. By the way, I think you're making reference to  
17 Mr. Mackle rather than to Mr. Haynes.

18 203 Q. Did I say Haynes? I beg your pardon. I should have  
19 said Mackle, of course. Thank you for the correction.

15:57

21 So Mr. Mackle is writing to Joy Youart. I had thought  
22 that that might have been written to Simon Gibson as  
23 well but I'm not sure why that name has been covered.  
24 But it's clear Simon is the person to whom it's  
25 addressed, so I'm not sure why that has been redacted.

15:58

27 Leaving that aside, the preamble is:

28  
29 "Simon, thanks for discussing Aidan's request to cancel



1 clinical work during July" - this is  
2 obviously July 2009 - "to allow him to clear the  
3 backlog of paperwork and his several concerns in  
4 relation to that".

15:58

5  
6 The first issue he raises:

7  
8 "I think approximately two years ago the Trust funded  
9 a similar exercise to allow Aidan to catch up. It was  
10 agreed then that this was a one-off and it was his  
11 responsibility (as per consultant contract) to prevent  
12 such a backlog developing again".

15:58

13  
14 Just on that Mr. O'Brien, is that factually correct?  
15 Do you remember that you had been granted  
16 a dispensation from clinical work to allow you to catch  
17 up on the other side of your practice?

15:59

18 A. I was neither aware of it then and I have remained  
19 unaware of it ever since. This is the kind of tone of  
20 correspondence I would have received from Mr. Mackle.

15:59

21 204 Q. You make it clear that this suggestion of a further  
22 request in 2009 is incorrect.

23 A. It is.

24 205 Q. Let me just pull up your letter in respect of that.  
25 Your letter of 12th June is AOB-00133. So 12th June,  
26 scrolling down. What you say is, second paragraph:

15:59

27  
28 "I certainly did not make or submit to anyone any  
29 request to do so".

1  
2 It doesn't appear, within that correspondence anyway,  
3 that you have challenged the suggestion that two years  
4 earlier you had been granted a dispensation to catch up  
5 with your administrative work. But your evidence today 16:00  
6 is that that's --

7 A. Well, I have no recall of it. That's right.

8 206 Q. If it had happened, that you had been granted the  
9 dispensation that Mr. Mackle recalls or recalled at  
10 that time, then there would be no issue, there would be 16:01  
11 no reason to challenge it, but you didn't challenge  
12 him?

13 A. About the previous one or this one?

14 207 Q. Yes.

15 A. Which? 16:01

16 208 Q. The previous one.

17 A. The previous one. No, to my mind it was fabrication,  
18 as this one was. And I insisted -- I mean this is --  
19 this occurred after a period of a number of weeks  
20 following the revelation that we were losing our ward. 16:01  
21 That's the background to that. You probably are aware  
22 of that in documentation. Trying to ameliorate the  
23 concerns of nursing staff; arranging meetings of the  
24 Acute Director with nursing staff having had no  
25 consultation; trying to work around this; facing an 16:02  
26 existential threat to our service. That's why I had  
27 a backlog then. So I didn't request any respite to  
28 clear the backlog of paperwork. I did request  
29 a retraction and apology.

1 209 Q. Yes. You didn't receive it?

2 A. No, not at all.

3 210 Q. Why didn't you challenge his assertion relating to the  
4 previous time?

5 A. For the same reason, actually, that it was hardly worth 16:02  
6 my while challenging this one, except that I'm glad  
7 that there's a paper trail because I didn't get an  
8 apology.

9 211 Q. Is it the case that throughout this lengthy timeline,  
10 and we'll come to 2014 and your meeting with Mrs. Burns 16:03  
11 just now, that you weren't being offered any way out of  
12 the backlog; that these events didn't happen and  
13 nothing else was devised for you?

14 A. No.

15 212 Q. The events of late 2013, we've looked at 16:03  
16 Mrs. Corrigan's email to you and your response to it,  
17 that you would catch up in chronological order.  
18 We know that Mrs. Trouton then wrote to Mr. Brown  
19 around that time saying that there was a need to speak  
20 about this issue. She wanted Mr. Brown in the capacity 16:04  
21 of both colleague and Clinical Lead, Clinical  
22 Director - Clinical Lead, sorry, being Mr. Young - to  
23 address these matters with you. Ultimately, the matter  
24 ended up on Mrs. Burns' desk; isn't that correct?

25 A. I'm not quite sure. I am not aware that was the origin 16:04  
26 of it but certainly I met with Mrs. Burns about that  
27 and other issues.

28 213 Q. If we look at TRU-282019. Mrs. Burns recalls a very  
29 helpful meeting with you on 20th February -

1 Mrs. Corrigan had also attended - and says you have  
2 agreed to not triage new referrals with the exception  
3 of those named to yourself. Also to think about if any  
4 additional admin support would assist him. Deborah  
5 Burns directing her remarks to Michael Young says:

16:05

6  
7 "I know this may place an additional burden on the rest  
8 of the team but appreciate you accommodating".

9  
10 So the measure that was being put in place, I think you  
11 would call it in your witness statement at  
12 paragraph 459, as a temporary measure to relieve you of  
13 triage through Mr. Young, but it was only temporary and  
14 it failed to address the underlying cause which was  
15 progressively exacerbated by the additional roles we  
16 looked at this morning - NICaN, Clinical Lead and Chair  
17 of the MDT, MDM.

16:06

16:06

18  
19 This pragmatic approach on the part of Mrs. Burns and  
20 your colleague Mr. Young, that was helpful?

16:06

21 A. Very helpful, yes.

22 214 Q. In addition, you're being asked to consider whether  
23 additional administrative support would assist you. Is  
24 that something you gave consideration to?

25 A. Yes. With Martina, there was an offer can we make it  
26 easier in some way to print referrals off for you or  
27 that kind of thing. But it was just I didn't think it  
28 was going to make any difference and someone else doing  
29 it made an enormous difference. At this stage, I was

16:07

1 still spending three, four hours a week preparing for  
2 MDM, as well as Chairing it and some period afterwards.  
3 I was spending at least one hour per week as lead  
4 clinician of NICaN. Detaching that from how that  
5 relates to any hours allocated to administration and 16:08  
6 any job plan, I mean if that weren't there, I may not  
7 have needed that degree of help with triage at that  
8 time. So, I was spending quite a bit of time in those  
9 other roles, basically.

10 215 Q. That was the year then that you moved to urologist of 16:08  
11 the week?

12 A. Yes.

13 216 Q. Mrs. Trouton recalls in her statement that your new  
14 urology colleagues refused to let there be a situation  
15 where you wouldn't triage. Does she recall that 16:08  
16 correctly?

17 A. No. Sorry.

18 217 Q. We'll bring it up on the page. TRU-00806. Just go to  
19 the bottom of the previous page and we'll catch the  
20 full context. Thank you for that. I think just up a 16:09  
21 little bit further. I think she's catching  
22 Mr. Young's, at paragraph 10, intervention. The issues  
23 were improved for a period of time. He says:

24

25 "While I was concerned about his practice, I was 16:09  
26 content patients were being seen and red flags were  
27 being done. As most referrals come in as red flags,  
28 I was satisfied patients were being seen. I did have  
29 a concern about upgraded referrals but there was no

1 data to show how many were being upgraded so I felt  
2 relatively comfortable the patients coming in as red  
3 flags were being seen. The numbers being upgraded were  
4 not many and I felt that the risks was relevantly small  
5 for the one that may slip through".

16:10

6  
7 I think she's talking about the introduction of the  
8 UOW, urologist of the week process or arrangement. She  
9 then says:

10  
11 "New urology colleagues were not willing to let him not  
12 triage".

16:10

13  
14 Your observations on that?

15 A. That's new to me. Anyhow, can you imagine how that  
16 would make -- I have never been told my colleagues  
17 would not allow me not to triage.

16:10

18 218 Q. Assuming for the sake of our discussion that that is an  
19 observation that she's been able to pick up from  
20 discussion or whatever, but certainly with the  
21 discussions around urologist of the week, you were  
22 content, indeed would it be fair to say that you were  
23 an instigator, of triage forming part of the job  
24 description for urologist of the week?

16:11

25 A. I wasn't an enthusiast for it but it was an awful lot  
26 better than agreeing, which I would never have done, to  
27 have urologist of the week each morning only and do an  
28 outpatient clinic in the afternoon, as was proposed and  
29 hung in the air for quite some time. I personally

16:11

1 refused to buy into that. So, in order to get  
2 urologist of the week over the line, I agreed that we  
3 would do triage as well.

4 219 Q. But it was with a lack of enthusiasm; is that correct?

5 A. I would have willingly participated in it and done it 16:12  
6 completely if there had been time. But triage was an  
7 add-on to urologist of the week. In fact, I have seen  
8 it reported that urologist of the week of the week was  
9 introduced to facilitate triage. Nothing could be  
10 further from the truth. 16:12

11  
12 Just to correct one thing, she may not have intended to  
13 say it. The majority of referrals received are not red  
14 flags. They constitute about 20 percent of the total.

15 220 Q. Very well. But in a context where the UOW, if I can 16:13  
16 call it that, arrangement is being put in place, there  
17 was probably, would you agree, an understanding amongst  
18 your colleagues that everybody had to do it?

19 A. That was the understanding, that we would do it. Yes.

20 221 Q. Whether that was reflected to her more aggressively 16:13  
21 than that, as maybe that sentence suggests, is  
22 something I don't think we asked her. She has that  
23 evidence there and we have your views on it. You  
24 weren't aware of that?

25 A. No. I actually think what she may be reflecting is 16:13  
26 Mr. Young, he certainly agreed to help out with triage.  
27 I think that he may have had some sense that his  
28 colleagues or other colleagues may have been less  
29 willing to help out in a similar manner, and he did it

1 all himself. I think that's possibly what that short  
2 sentence reflects.

3 222 Q. We don't need to bring it up; hopefully it's  
4 a well-trodden path. We can recall from your witness  
5 statement to Dr. Chada that you have said that you 16:14  
6 considered that the Trust knew that you weren't  
7 triaging because you used words like "it's impossible  
8 to do", "I find it impossible to do", but you regret  
9 not saying explicitly to colleagues or to Trust  
10 management that you're not doing it? 16:14

11 A. When it came to the time of the investigation and  
12 looking back, at the time I felt it was entirely  
13 adequate to say that something is impossible, it is  
14 impossible. It's not "nearly impossible". This goes  
15 back to the working environment that not just 16:15  
16 clinicians, but even people in management that work  
17 very hard, there's an endless expectation that the  
18 impossible will somehow, by some means, prove to be  
19 possible after all. Impossibility is not a word often  
20 used. It's not used in common parlance when it comes 16:15  
21 to impossible situations in healthcare, they use words  
22 like "challenging" instead, whereas, in fact, actually  
23 the truth is it's impossible.

24 223 Q. Could I put Mr. Young's perspective around that to you.  
25 TRU-00754. If we scroll down, please to paragraph -- 16:15  
26 yes, just before that.

27  
28 He reflects that he knew that you found triage arduous  
29 and would often say you had difficulty completing



1 triage on a timely basis. Issues would be raised at  
2 departmental meetings. He says:

3  
4 "However, I was unaware that triage was not being  
5 done".

16:16

6  
7 Then he goes on, if we look down to 20:

8  
9 "My experience of Mr. O'Brien is that if he was not  
10 wanting to do something, he wouldn't be pushed into  
11 doing it. Mr. O'Brien would be the first to politely  
12 say when he didn't agree with something. I am not  
13 aware of Mr. O'Brien saying he wasn't doing triage.  
14 I knew he may have been behind with triage but not that  
15 he wasn't doing it".

16:16

16:17

16  
17 Then if we look at 22:

18  
19 "I would have expected Mr. O'Brien to have come to me  
20 and alerted me about the referrals not being triaged.  
21 I hadn't spotted that it was such an issue".

16:17

22  
23 would the proper thing to have done, Mr. O'Brien, upon  
24 reflection, would be to have gone to Mr. Young, your  
25 Clinical Lead, with the batch of duplicate referrals  
26 and put them on his desk and say, "I can't do them and  
27 I'm not doing them. I think it's unsafe and  
28 unsatisfactory to require me to do them. Bring me  
29 a solution"?

16:17

1 A. That is my regret. So I find it difficult, if not  
2 impossible, to have told people I wasn't going to do  
3 the impossible. I regret not handing them back.  
4 I kept them because I felt at least if I get time --  
5 I mean, there was a default process in. I know that 16:18  
6 the default process is considered to have been  
7 a weakness in this system. In fact, I was quite  
8 surprised at the time that when referrals were  
9 received, they weren't actually put on a list in  
10 accordance with the clinical priority that the referrer 16:18  
11 allocated to them, although referrers did not always  
12 allocated any clinical priority. Then you had them  
13 triaged, and it could be altered.

14  
15 Then to read down the line that the default, what they 16:19  
16 call a default, would be actually done away with  
17 because it is unsafe. How do you know when to triage?  
18 These people are not on the list at all. So I thought  
19 perhaps I'll check that patients have been given  
20 appointments, and that's what I was working through as 16:19  
21 well. But a greater point is I wish I had handed them  
22 back; not necessarily to Mr. Young but to the referral  
23 and booking centre.

24 224 Q. You make the point about the default system. You  
25 recall, I think, in your statement that on the occasion 16:19  
26 in early 2015 when that was discussed at a meeting with  
27 the consultants, again you highlighted what you were  
28 finding was the impossibility of doing triage. Who led  
29 that meeting? Who was rolling out the defaults or

1 explaining the defaults?

2 A. That was the staff from the regional booking centre.  
3 I remember Leigh-Anne Brown and Katherine Robinson  
4 being there. I remember more myself being there, where  
5 I was sitting and who I was sitting beside. I wasn't 16:20  
6 rushing in with glee to tell my colleagues that I found  
7 this impossible, and I didn't want to elaborate how  
8 I considered some of them found it to be possible by  
9 not giving due attention, as I saw it, to the other  
10 greater priorities when urologist of the week. So, 16:20  
11 I said it was impossible for me to do it all.

12 225 Q. Would you agree that the existence of the default  
13 mechanism and the awareness that it was necessary is  
14 perhaps the clearest illustration that you weren't  
15 doing triage? 16:21

16 A. On that day actually we were told that, you know, there  
17 were -- I wasn't the only difficulty with regard to  
18 triage, and our speciality wasn't the only speciality  
19 having difficulty with triage in terms of turnaround  
20 times. So the advice, and my understanding of it is 16:21  
21 we now have this system where people are at least on  
22 a waiting list. And I thought, yeah, that makes sense.  
23 Yet other people have viewed it differently, as  
24 a weakness, that it masked triage not being done.  
25 That's a different -- that's not to detract from the 16:22  
26 arguments surrounding triage.

27 226 Q. The concern more specifically might be it became  
28 a sticking plaster for triage not being done rather  
29 than leading to any particular initiative to address



1 "I will speak with him again today and then let Robin  
2 follow up on this. One of the things that was said to  
3 me before is that he is not the only consultant who  
4 brings a chart home, but I suppose with Aidan it is  
5 more the amount he brings home and the length of time 16:24  
6 he keeps them for. I will let you now how I get on".  
7

8 We will obviously hear from Mrs. Corrigan in relation  
9 to that. There were several emails of discussion or  
10 intended discussion with you to ask you to return 16:25  
11 patient notes, whether individual notes or what  
12 you might have at home. Do you recall being told,  
13 essentially, you shouldn't be keeping notes at home?

14 A. I think, yes, maybe once or twice in terms of the  
15 generality, whereas much more frequently - I think 16:25  
16 someone quoted 60-odd emails requesting 60-odd charts  
17 individually. I think someone has said that -- has  
18 testified to the fact that I always returned them and  
19 returned them expeditiously and so forth. If that  
20 answers your question. 16:26

21 230 Q. I think one is right. If one were to do a survey on  
22 the emails on triage, I think that would be at the top  
23 of the list. I can take you through them individually  
24 if required, but there's certainly indications of  
25 conversations with you asking you to get charts back. 16:26

26 A. Yes.

27 231 Q. Were you aware of what was the position on  
28 12th February 2014, that the Trust was creating  
29 incident reports when charts which were clearly in your

1 position weren't to hand within the hospital when  
2 another clinician may have required them?

3 A. No. I'm only smiling because I had never heard tell of  
4 incident report forms until a few years after that,  
5 when someone said to me that they had filled in an 16:27  
6 incident report. I thought it was something to do with  
7 the Inland Revenue and went and Googled it. I have  
8 never filled out myself. No, I didn't know about that.

9 232 Q. Again, a pattern is noted in how you deal with patient  
10 charts. If we bring up on the screen TRU-277892. 16:27  
11 In October 2014 -- just scroll between a little,  
12 please. Heather Trouton is asking Martina Corrigan:  
13

14 "Are you aware that this issue of notes with Aidan  
15 O'Brien is still a problem? Has it improved at all". 16:28  
16 Up the page. "It had improved but I feel it may be  
17 slipping again and I will talk to Aidan again".  
18

19 was there, again, a pattern, rather like triage but  
20 perhaps for different reasons, of you complying with 16:28  
21 the request to get notes back and then falling into the  
22 difficulty for whatever reason of not getting them back  
23 or not getting them back quickly enough?

24 A. That wouldn't be my recall of it at all. I'm not  
25 denying that Martina may have spoken to me. I don't 16:29  
26 have any recall of any word with me about charts at  
27 home following any documented intent to do so. I don't  
28 recall it and I don't deny it. I just don't have any  
29 recall of it.

1 233 Q. Was it, to the best of your recollection, to take the  
2 figure at or around December 2016 or early January 2017  
3 when you returned circa 300 charts - it's a bit less,  
4 I think, by your estimate - but was that generally the  
5 order of the number of charts you'd have kept at home, 16:29  
6 returning them when you did the dictation? But  
7 generally was it of that order retained at home?  
8 A. I think that was its peak and it's unfortunate it  
9 should have been so large. And, like, 88 of them were  
10 simply the hospital charts, the NHS charts of people 16:30  
11 whom I had seen privately, literally with no need for  
12 it at all. But there you are.  
13 234 Q. Yes. You were pre-empting me earlier on dictation.  
14 Just to put the question to you succinctly. You were  
15 never approached until March 2016 when you met with 16:30  
16 Mr. Mackle in relation to the issue of tardiness or  
17 delay in respect of dictation.  
18 A. I have no recall of anyone ever raising it with me.  
19 Unless you can find some evidence to the contrary?  
20 235 Q. No, I was going to suggest to you that the origin of 16:31  
21 this concern, according to Mrs. Trouton's evidence -  
22 and I'll just give the reference, I don't think I need  
23 to bring it up on the screen, it is WIT-12127 - she  
24 says that towards the end of her tenure as Assistant  
25 Director for SEC in 2015, a new concern was raised with 16:31  
26 her and Mr. Mackle by the Head of Urology - that would  
27 have been, of course, Mrs. Corrigan - as to Mr. O'Brien  
28 not regarding patient outcomes on the electronic  
29 patient centre administration system, and she says, "or

1 often in patient notes".

2

3 what she got from your fellow clinicians who were new  
4 to the Trust or relatively new to the Trust and who  
5 were carrying out a validation process on backlogs,  
6 including on some of your cases was this revelation  
7 issue, and we'll stick to dictation rather than get  
8 into a debate about what all of it was, that it wasn't  
9 done.

16:32

10

11 Should the Trust have been otherwise aware that you  
12 weren't doing it or weren't able to do it?

16:32

13 A. Should I have told them?

14 236 Q. Well, that was going to be the next question. Should  
15 you have told them?

16:32

16 A. I don't know the answer to that. What disappointed me  
17 most was that I wasn't told by my colleagues, that no  
18 one raised it with me. But that's one of the  
19 disappointments throughout all of this process, is the  
20 days of horizontal communication with one another  
21 seemed to have gone completely and replaced by  
22 escalation. I don't know the answer to your question,  
23 sorry.

16:33

24 237 Q. Well, we saw this morning with a particular patient,  
25 the young female, you had failed to dictate; you  
26 accepted you should have dictated and referred the  
27 patient to Mr. Haynes because of the particular  
28 pathology or issue. That sort of shortcoming you would  
29 have recognised, had you thought about it or reflected

16:33



1 on it, was causing difficulty?

2 A. Yes.

3 238 Q. You would also have appreciated that you were in  
4 difficulty in being able to progress your dictation --

5 A. Yes.

16:34

6 239 Q. -- in the manner that you must have known was expected  
7 of you by the Trust?

8 A. Yes.

9 240 Q. In that kind of context, should you not be going and  
10 saying, listen, it may not be entirely visible to you  
11 but I have these notes at home because I'm running  
12 behind with my dictation and I will endeavour to catch  
13 up, in much the same way you said to Mrs. Corrigan in  
14 the autumn of 2016 as you were going into some period  
15 of absence. Should you have been more transparent  
16 about that?

16:34

16:34

17 A. I hadn't thought about it. On thinking about it now,  
18 possibly, yes. In the course of asking the question,  
19 you referred to dictation as something that was  
20 expected of me. I hadn't read or heard of that  
21 expectation prior to this issue arising. I wasn't  
22 aware that there was any expectation on the part of the  
23 Trust, certainly, that there should be dictation done  
24 at the end of each consultation. I'm not saying that  
25 it's not optimal to do so, I'm just making that point.  
26 I suppose, actually, that that contributes to my not  
27 reporting to the Trust in a more transparent way.

16:35

16:35

28

29

1 Then, I would have to confess, in addition to that,  
2 I would ask myself in advance, you know, what support  
3 are they really going to give me? I felt I was on my  
4 own to tackle it. Maybe that I mistaken on my part,  
5 and perhaps it would have been better, and particularly 16:36  
6 for Patient safety concerns, to do otherwise. But  
7 that's how I felt at the time.

8 241 Q. There may be some surprise at what you've just said,  
9 that you didn't understand that it would be the  
10 expectation that you would dictate following a clinical 16:36  
11 encounter. Now, we discussed this morning the range of  
12 tasks that are associated with completing a clinical  
13 encounter, which included letter to the general  
14 practitioner, making arrangements to place the patient  
15 on whatever appropriate waiting list, or to discharge, 16:36  
16 depending. So, a range of things may have to be done  
17 after the clinical encounter. You prioritised matters,  
18 you've explained. You dealt with the urgent ones first  
19 and then had intended to make your way through the less  
20 urgent ones as time allowed. 16:37

21  
22 Is that not at least an implicit admission on your part  
23 that you realised that the norm, the normative position  
24 was dictate and complete the clinical encounter?

25 A. All I'm just saying is that it is possible to have all 16:37  
26 of those blood tests done, all of those urine cultures  
27 done, to have requested the CT scan or whatever, and  
28 arrange to review the person in one month's time with  
29 an outcome entered on PAS. It is possible to do that

1 without necessarily dictating a letter as well to the  
2 GP. It is optimal that a letter would additionally be  
3 sent to the GP and anybody else to whom it may need to  
4 be sent, including the patient. All I'm just stating  
5 is, apart from that, I wasn't aware of any expectation  
6 on the part of The Trust that every encounter should  
7 include all of those things, including the dictation.

16:38

8 242 Q. Thank you. Your position is clear.

9  
10 Finally, just to complete, I suppose, the pathway to  
11 what was to come later in 2016, let me just ask you  
12 about private patients. We know obviously from what  
13 you said to Dr. Khan, and Dr. Chada before that, that  
14 you maintain a population of no fault, and you have  
15 explained that. I just want to ask you in the same way  
16 I asked you in relation to the other three issues, was  
17 any concern about private patients and your management  
18 of them into the NHS for treatment whether in  
19 diagnostics or in theatre ever raised as an issue by  
20 operational management or medical management?

16:38

16:39

16:39

21 A. No.

22 243 Q. Thank you.

23  
24 If I could just show you Mr. Young's response to  
25 Mr. Haynes around this. If we could have up on the  
26 screen, please, TRU-270116, so you can see the email.  
27 Perhaps you are familiar with it already.

16:39

1 Earlier in 2015, in April or May time, Mr. Haynes had  
2 written to Mr. Young expressing concerns about how he  
3 understood or how he perceived private patients were  
4 being given an advantage by you. He alludes to that.  
5 He says, 2nd June, just the bottom of the email there:

16:40

6  
7 "I emailed you on 2nd June 2016 about the ongoing  
8 issues of patients on waiting lists not being managed  
9 chronologically and in particular private PA".

10 16:40

11 Mr. Young responds, 26th November:

12  
13 "I had spoken before to the person in question  
14 regarding this issue in general and the justification  
15 of urgency, and I agree since the waiting list for some 16:41  
16 things are so long, for example, urodynamics. Will  
17 have to speak again then".

18 He is saying - he doesn't name you - but he says he has  
19 spoken to the person and the justification of urgency  
20 and suggesting to Mr. Mackle will have to speak again. 16:41  
21 So, he is suggesting to Mr. Haynes that he will have to  
22 speak again to you, assumedly. A suggestion of two  
23 possible conversations with you.

24 A. Yes.

25 244 Q. We will have to ask Mr. Young for his view on whether  
26 they happened.

16:41

27 A. Yes.

28 245 Q. Do you recall Mr. Young --

29 A. I have no recall of -- if you're asking specifically

1 whether there was ever a discussion between Mr. Young  
2 and myself about any allegation that any private  
3 patients of mine were ever given preferential treatment  
4 in the view of anybody else in the form of jumping the  
5 queue, the answer to that is no. I have my own view on 16:42  
6 queue jumpers.

7 246 Q. Just if I can make the question more general then.  
8 You've narrowed the parameters of your answers to the  
9 question I have posed to you. Did he ever say to you,  
10 for example, generally, as regards your private 16:42  
11 practice, you just have to be careful that people  
12 moving from your private practice on to NHS treatment  
13 have to be -- that move has to be clinically justified  
14 in a context where we have a massive waiting list  
15 concern? 16:43

16 A. No. I remember actually one conversation that we did  
17 have that followed shortly after a multi-disciplinary  
18 meeting, where Mr. Young had submitted a case to be  
19 discussed, a patient who he had performed a radical  
20 nephrectomy on years previously, then years later, 16:43  
21 having remained well, she had a single lesion in her  
22 rib and it looked like as if it was a metastatic  
23 lesion. Should he biopsy it or should he just ask  
24 a thoracic surgeon to re-site that part of the rib.  
25 I think I was Chairing that MDM. Mr. Haynes objected 16:43  
26 to us discussing, at an NHS MDM, a patient who was  
27 being followed up by another person privately.  
28 I remember Michael -- I was doing appraisal at the  
29 time, so that's interesting. It could have been around

1 about this time in November/December '15. He raised  
2 with me about, you know, Mr. Haynes having a concern  
3 about private patients, and I couldn't understand why  
4 he would have any such concern. It was in the context  
5 of this particular event happening at MDM. We both -- 16:44  
6 I certainly passed it off as Mr. Haynes having  
7 a particular antipathy to private practice, and I have  
8 heard him express that before. He did conduct  
9 a private practice, as I recall, in Sheffield, and  
10 he didn't enjoy the experience. I think he felt that 16:45  
11 patients came along with a lot of expectations, that  
12 possibly they would be treated preferentially.

13  
14 So apart from that single episode, but I didn't come  
15 away from that with any concern that people thought 16:45  
16 I was giving any private patients of mine preferential  
17 treatment. I knew all private patients had the right  
18 to go on to an NHS waiting list of whatever kind.

19 247 Q. So if nobody, Mr. Young in particular, didn't send  
20 a shot across your bows or mention Mr. Haynes' concern, 16:45  
21 were you nevertheless confident in your understanding  
22 of what the rules of the game were in terms of private  
23 patients moving across into the NHS?

24 A. Yes. I think the only omission on my part is that in  
25 '15 and certainly until this was raised as an issue and 16:46  
26 I moved over entirely to digital dictation and so  
27 forth, I don't think, and I cannot recall whether there  
28 were these change of status forms that were available  
29 online. I certainly used them after January '17 or

1 after 30th December '16.

2  
3 At this period of time with regard to the rules, as you  
4 refer to them, in terms of clinical priority, I had  
5 major reservations in general terms about there just 16:46  
6 being two categories of clinical priority, urgent and  
7 routine.

8  
9 You know, you've heard how Mr. Haynes' views with  
10 regard to admitting people in chronological order. 16:47  
11 I've even seen it referred to in the documentation as  
12 "strict chronological order". It is clinically  
13 indefensible to be organising the treatment of people  
14 who are on waiting lists up to six years long because  
15 things change all the time, whether they are NHS 16:47  
16 patients or private patients.

17 248 Q. In broad terms, and we can maybe descend into some of  
18 the specifics tomorrow, your view of the proper  
19 approach was regardless of the origin of the patient  
20 and regardless of their position on a chronological 16:47  
21 waiting list, there is a need to carry out a clinical  
22 assessment of the patient's urgency or priority, and,  
23 if the patient passes this clinical test, for example,  
24 a TURP patient may be more or less urgent in terms of  
25 the need for the process for the procedure. Is that 16:48  
26 the way you worked it?

27 A. Absolutely.

28 249 Q. Thank you.

29 MR. WOLFE KC: It is now 4.50, I think we should close

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for today.

CHAIR: Yes. Thank you, Mr. Wolfe. Thank you,  
Mr. O'Brien. We'll see you again in the morning. Ten  
o'clock. Thank you.

16:48

THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED TO 10:00 A.M. ON THURSDAY 20TH  
APRIL 2023