

#### **Oral Hearing**

Day 42 – Tuesday, 16<sup>th</sup> May 2023

**Being heard before:** Ms Christine Smith KC (Chair)

**Dr Sonia Swart (Panel Member)** 

Mr Damian Hanbury (Assessor)

Held at: Bradford Court, Belfast

Gwen Malone Stenography Services certify the following to be a verbatim transcript of their stenographic notes in the abovenamed action.

**Gwen Malone Stenography Services** 

LNDEV	<b>TRA-11946</b>
<u>I NDEX</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Ms. Vicki Graham	
Examined by Mr. Wolfe KC	3
Questions by the Inquiry Panel	73
Lunch adjournment	81
Ms. Kate O'Neill	
Examined by Ms. McMahon BL	81
Questions by the Inquiry Panel	165

1		THE INQUIRY RESUMED AT 10:00 A.M. ON TUESDAY, 16TH MAY	
2		2023, AS FOLLOWS:	
3			
4		CHAIR: Good morning, everyone. Mr. Wolfe.	
5		MR. WOLFE KC: Good morning members of the Panel.	10:02
6		Your witness this morning is Vicki Graham. As you will	
7		observe from the timetable going forward, she's the	
8		first of a number of witnesses from whom you will hear	
9		who had a role in the cancer services side of the	
10		Trust's output. You will also observe, having heard	10:02
11		evidence in respect of the serious adverse incidents	
12		that were reviewed in 2020 and into 2021, that there is	
13		a particular interest in the performance of the urology	
14		multidisciplinary team, and these witnesses are germane	
15		particularly to the performance of that part of the	10:03
16		Trust's output.	
17			
18		I understand that Ms. Graham wishes to take the oath.	
19			
20		VICKI GRAHAM, HAVING BEEN SWORN, WAS EXAMINED BY MR.	10:03
21		WOLFE KC AS FOLLOWS:	
22			
23	1 Q.	MR. WOLFE KC: Ms. Graham, you have kindly in advance	
24		of today provided the Inquiry with a witness statement,	
25		as well as more recently an addendum statement tidying	10:03
26		up a few corrections. If we can have those up on the	
27		screen, please, starting with your witness statement,	
28		WIT-60853. You'll recognise that as the first page of	
29		your statement?	

1		Α.	Mhm-mhm, yes.	
2	2	Q.	We've added the note in respect of your addendum which	
3			we will come to in a moment. If we just go through to	
4			the last page of this statement at WIT-60917. You'll	
5			recognise your electronic signature there?	10:04
6		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
7	3	Q.	Dated 20th October 2022?	
8		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
9	4	Q.	Subject to the corrections set out on the addendum,	
10			would you like to adopt that statement as part of your	10:04
11			evidence to the Inquiry?	
12		Α.	Yes, please.	
13	5	Q.	Thank you. Then your addendum which is dated 4th May	
14			of this year, WIT-94667. That's the first page. If we	
15			go to the last page then at 7094670, you can see that	10:05
16			is your signature again?	
17		Α.	Yes.	
18	6	Q.	Electronically?	
19		Α.	Yes.	
20	7	Q.	Again, do you wish to adopt that addendum as part of	10:05
21			your evidence?	
22		Α.	Yes, please.	
23	8	Q.	Now, you're currently employed by the Southern Trust as	
24			a performance manager Band 7; is that correct?	
25		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	10:05
26	9	Q.	And you're on secondment in that role from 1st May	
27			2023?	
28		Α.	Yes.	
29	10	Q.	I think that's set out in paragraph 7 of this	

```
statement. We needn't turn it up. But we're not here
 1
 2
              this morning to talk about that role, we're here to
              talk about your earlier roles. Let me just outline
 3
              them. You were appointed as a Cancer Tracker MDT
 4
 5
              Coordinator, which was a Band 4 post, and you took that 10:06
 6
              post up on 18th February 2009; is that correct?
 7
              That's correct.
         Α.
 8
     11
              And you stayed in that post until 5th October?
         Q.
 9
              Yes.
         Α.
10
              2014?
     12
         Q.
                                                                         10.06
11
              Yeah, that's correct.
         Α.
12
     13
              We needn't turn it up but in order to save some time,
         Q.
13
              you've set out your main duties for that post at
              WIT-60859 but can I reduce it to this: You were
14
              employed in that role to track the progress of
15
                                                                         10:06
16
              suspected cancer patients?
17
              Yes.
         Α.
18
     14
              That is a large part of your role?
         Q.
19
              Mhm-mhm.
         Α.
20
     15
              And you also had to coordinate the weekly
         Q.
                                                                         10:07
21
              multidisciplinary team meeting?
22
              Yep, that's correct.
         Α.
              That says in very short form what were undoubtedly a
23
     16
         Q.
24
              large number of duties. We'll look at those twin sides
25
              of your role presently. In that role, you reported to
                                                                         10.07
              the Cancer Services Coordinator. Is that right?
26
27
         Α.
              Yes that's correct.
28
     17
              Who was that?
         Q.
              That was Angela Muldrew at that time.
29
         Α.
```

1	18	Q.	I think the Inquiry has heard that name. She has	
2			recently taken up a role on the governance side of the	
3			multidisciplinary team; isn't that right?	
4		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
5	19	Q.	Briefly again by way of overview, after 2014 you moved	10:07
6			into the Cancer Services Coordinator role; isn't that	
7			right?	
8		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
9	20	Q.	You took up that post on 6th October 2014?	
10		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	10:08
11	21	Q.	And you stayed in it until August 2020?	
12		Α.	Yes.	
13	22	Q.	In that role, the trackers were now reporting to you;	
14			is that right?	
15		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	10:08
16	23	Q.	Whereas you previously reported to Mrs. Muldrew in your	
17			role as a tracker, your equivalent and all other	
18			trackers were reporting to you?	
19		Α.	That's correct.	
20	24	Q.	In a nutshell, that role was to support the Head of	10:08
21			Service within Cancer Services, and the OSL, that's the	
22			operational lead?	
23		Α.	Yes.	
24	25	Q.	And you had responsibilities in performance management	
25			and commissioning functioning?	10:08
26		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
27	26	Q.	You had management of the budget agreement?	
28		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
29	27	Q.	And you had management of the administrative staff?	

1		Α.	Yes.	
2	28	Q.	Including the trackers?	
3		Α.	Yes.	
4	29	Q.	Again just for the Inquiry's note, the main duties are	
5			set out at WIT-60860 at paragraph 4.2. In that role,	10:09
6			the coordinator's role, you reported to Sharon Glenny;	
7			isn't that right?	
8		Α.	That's correct.	
9	30	Q.	She was the operational support lead, and above her was	
10			Fiona Reddick	10:09
11		Α.	Yes.	
12	31	Q.	who was the Head of Service?	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	32	Q.	We'll hear from both of those witnesses, Mrs. Glenny	
15			this week and Mrs. Reddick in due course.	10:09
16				
17			Now, as is hopefully self-evident, these roles were	
18			located within Cancer Services?	
19		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
20	33	Q.	But as we will shortly discover, your role, at least as	10:10
21			a tracker, was in support of Urology Services?	
22		Α.	Yes. For a period of time, yes.	
23	34	Q.	And you left Cancer Services in August 2020?	
24		Α.	Yes.	
25	35	Q.	Now, I want to start with a little bit of detail by	10:10
26			looking at the Cancer Tracker role. This is an	
27			opportunity for the Inquiry to understand, in the short	
28			time we have this morning, the nature of that role and	
29			why it was important, and the kind of difficulties or	

1			pressures you suffered and your staff suffered in that	
2			role and why that was the case. Then, we'll move on to	
3			look at aspects of the MDT Coordinator role.	
4		Α.	Yeah.	
5	36	Q.	Now, if we could have up on the screen please	10:11
6			WIT-60926. This is an extract from a document which	
7			commences at WIT-60920. It's a cancer performance	
8			briefing paper from I think 2015, produced by the	
9			Trust. Indeed, let's just go back to the start of that	
10			paper at 60920. There we go, that's the start of the	10:11
11			paper. That's a paper you sent in with your statement.	
12			We can see, if we just scroll down, please, that it	
13			says:	
14				
15			"Coordination and centralisation of patient pathways	10:12
16			and processes is essential to achieve ministerial	
17			targets. Central to the success of managing the	
18			patients along the pathways and achieving the cancer	
19			access targets is the tracking administrative	
20			functi on".	10:12
21				
22			So, that gives a flavour of what the job is about.	
23			Then, if we go forward to where I was at 60926 of that	
24			sequence, just a few pages on, it says:	
25				10:12
26			"The tracker has a pivotal role in ensuring that	
27			patients on the 31 and 62-day cancer pathways are	
28			fast-tracked through all of the above milestones,	
29			escalated and discussed at MDMs".	

10:13

10 · 14

10:14

10:14

Therein is a list of the core responsibilities. I have said a lot already; time to hear your voice. Could you give us a synopsis of the tracker's role? Where does your intervention as a tracker start and what are the various tasks that are undertaken through to the patient's first definitive treatment?

A. As the tracker, we had responsibilities for patients, all suspect cancer patients, should they be referred in from their GP, which is a 62-day patient, or else a 31-day patient which can come in any other way, from the hospital, any other consultant, incidental findings or that. So, as I say, we had overall responsibility for that patient from the date of referral until their first definitive treatment, and that would have been their first outpatient appointment. We would have been trying to get that within our own time scales within the pathway, the first outpatient appointment, the

diagnostics, and then their treatment if they were

confirmed cancer, and trying to get that done within

with the patient, agree with that treatment plan, and

then they have to have their first treatment by day 62

22 37 Q. What is the significance of the 31 and 62-day targets?
23 A. The 62-day target is from the date of referral from the
24 GP. They have 62 days to complete, get their first
25 outpatient appointment, get all their diagnostics done, 10:14
26 go through MDM, come up with a treatment plan, meet

from that referral.

the target.

1				
2			The 31-day is another incidental, another consultant	
3			referral. You can come in any other route for the	
4			31-day patient. While they may be on the system, the	
5			CaPPS system, their date decision to treat does not	10:15
6			start until the consultant sits down with the patient	
7			and agrees a treatment plan for them. Then they have	
8			31 days to get their treatment. It is the role of the	
9			tracker to ensure to the best of their ability that	
10			that is done within the timeframe.	10:15
11	38	Q.	Yes. It seems from reading your statement that that is	
12			the objective	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	39	Q.	that you're really asked or expected to deliver?	
15		Α.	Yes, for each patient.	10:15
16	40	Q.	And it wasn't always possible?	
17		Α.	No.	
18	41	Q.	But that seems to be the golden rule, if you like?	
19		Α.	Yes.	
20	42	Q.	You would almost feel as if you to some extent failed	10:15
21			in your task, if you didn't	
22		Α.	If you didn't get them within target, yes.	
23	43	Q.	Of course I didn't mean that you would be to blame.	
24		Α.	No.	
25	44	Q.	But that was how it was?	10:16
26		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
27	45	Q.	And if a patient if you weren't able to, with your	
28			colleagues on the clinical side, deliver on the target,	
29			that necessitated a report, didn't it?	

Τ		Α.	That's correct. That was a breach to the Trust for	
2			that patient.	
3	46	Q.	Could I ask you this: These targets as they are	
4			described in your statement and through the documents	
5			that you've supplied, was that the only emphasis in	10:16
6			your role? Was there any greater sense of delivering	
7			on a Trust vision for these patients?	
8		Α.	Well, you were there you were there to do it for the	
9			patient as well. Yes, obviously the performance was	
10			very important but behind each hospital number was a	10:17
11			patient, and the trackers were very mindful of that,	
12			that you were trying to get them the best service	
13			through the treatment or their pathway as quickly as	
14			you could. Should that have been linking in with	
15			multiple teams to get appointments brought forward,	10:17
16			linking in with the consultants, you were there to do	
17			the best that you could to hopefully get that patient	
18			through their pathway as promptly as possible, and that	
19			would probably be the overall aim.	
20	47	Q.	In terms of the quality of the patient's experience,	10:17
21			was that anything to do with you? Was that something	
22			that you would look out for?	
23		Α.	The trackers would never have had any direct contact	
24			with the patients, we were always working in the	
25			background.	10:17
26	48	Q.	Yes. You say in your witness statement that you	
27			followed the cancer access waiting times guidelines?	
28		Α.	That's correct.	
29	49	Q.	This provided information on each tumour site's pathway	

1			and targets, and it also provided the breakdown as to	
2			what could be counted as first definitive treatment?	
3		Α.	Yes. It gives scenarios of when you could apply the	
4		Α.	treatments for each cancer site.	
5	50	Q.	Yes. So, as appears obvious from what you've said in	10:18
6	50	Q.	your statement, this was in a sense a very rules-based	10:18
7			exercise; things had to be done depending on the tumour	
8				
			within particular periods of time?	
9	<b>-</b> 4	Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
10	51	Q.	And the trackers	10:18
11		Α.	Adhered to them. Yes, we followed them.	
12	52	Q.	adhered to those as best we could.	
13		Α.	We had our timelines and we had to follow them.	
14	53	Q.	Yes. We can just briefly look at some of these	
15			documents that you have referred to. WIT-60970. This	10:19
16			is the cancer waiting times guidance, and that was the	
17			handbook that you worked to; is that right?	
18		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
19	54	Q.	And if we could go to WIT-60992 within this document,	
20			these are the urological cancers. And if one was to	10:19
21			look through that in detail - we'll not do it this	
22			morning, it is really unnecessary for our purposes	
23			today - it sets out the expectations in terms of	
24			different urology cancers and what is expected in terms	
25			of the timeline?	10:20
26		Α.	Yes.	
27	55	Q.	Against that timeline, was the risk that there may not	
28	-	•	be compliance, that it may not be possible to put a	
29			patient into a clinic or into	

1		Α.	Yep.	
2	56	Q.	diagnostics within the time expected by the	
3			guideline?	
4		Α.	Yes. That would have been a daily challenge for the	
5			trackers.	10:20
6	57	Q.	Yes. And you had an escalation policy?	
7		Α.	We had an escalation policy that we followed to try and	
8			get the patients brought in sooner for an appointment,	
9			or a diagnostic or surgery.	
10	58	Q.	Again, to briefly acknowledge that policy WIT-60941.	10:20
11			That is the 2000 and	
12		Α.	2019.	
13	59	Q.	version, but there were previous iterations of that	
14			policy?	
15		Α.	Yes. There was one previous.	10:21
16	60	Q.	Can you help us with this in a nutshell. What was	
17			escalation? When did it arise as an issue for you and	
18			your trackers?	
19		Α.	I suppose whenever I first started tracking, there was	
20			more capacity within the Trust. So whenever I first	10:21
21			started tracking, it was the role of the tracker	
22			obviously to get the patients through their pathways as	
23			promptly as possible. Therefore, I would have tried,	
24			and other trackers would have tried, to link in if the	
25			first out-patient appointment wasn't by day 14, or by	10:21
26			day 10 even, we would have linked in with the red flag	
27			appointment team to try and get that appointment	
28			brought forward. If that wasn't possible, then we	
29			would have followed the escalation policy or likewise	

1			the diagnostics. So we would have tried to resolve	
2			things ourselves with the local teams to try and get	
3			the patients brought forward. Then, we referred to the	
4			escalation policy which was escalating on up for to see	
5			if maybe people at a higher level were able to put on	10:22
6			additional or extra theatre sessions or do whatever	
7			they could do to get the patient brought forward.	
8	61	Q.	Yes. If we scroll down briefly through the document,	
9			the general principles of escalation are set out.	
10			Maybe they are an exercise in common sense.	10:22
11				
12			"The earlier the better. It is easier to stand people	
13			down once the problem is resolved than to catch up on	
14			lost time. Try everything you know to resolve the	
15			problem".	10:22
16		Α.	Yes.	
17	62	Q.	What's a practical example of that?	
18		Α.	Linking in with the red flag team to see if they had	
19			any other appointments that they could maybe bring	
20			their patients forward to, any cancellations. Linked in	10:22
21			with them or maybe linked in with radiology to see if	
22			there was any other way to get the patient on another	
23			list, maybe saving two days on their pathway. Or even	
24			linking in with a consultant for a clinic appointment	
25			or surgery, or the secretary. So you tried to resolve	10:23
26			everything locally yourself. If not, then you would	
27			have escalated on up.	
28	63	Q.	And we can read the rest of that. Then it sets out	
29			triggers for escalation. Can you explain what a	

1			trigger for escalation is?	
2		Α.	So, say you were unable to get the first outpatient	
3			appointment in by day - we always aimed for day 10,	
4			but 14 was the target - so if they couldn't get it in	
5			by then and red flag appointments had no more capacity	10:23
6			no more lists to book the patient into, they would	
7			have escalated that on to me and we would have	
8			forwarded that on to the Operational Support Lead and	
9			the heads of surgeries to see if there was any maybe	
10			additional clinics that could be put on.	10:23
11	64	Q.	As a tracker, if you were at risk or your patient was	
12			at risk of breach, you would escalate it to the	
13		Α.	The next one up.	
14	65	Q.	coordinator?	
15		Α.	Yep.	10:24
16	66	Q.	When you were coordinator	
17		Α.	I would have escalated it on up.	
18	67	Q.	trackers were referring to you?	
19		Α.	That's correct.	
20	68	Q.	I think we can see what is perhaps a typical example of	10:24
21			an approach if we turn up WIT-61107. It's Christmas	
22			Eve; red flag appointment are writing to you in respect	
23			of urology escalations. I would ask you not to name	
24			the patients obviously, we'll just let the names sit.	
25			But she, that is the red flag appointments person, is	10:24
26			telling you that these patients are going to breach	
27			their first appointment deadline. If we scroll, we can	
28			see that you then take that up with Mrs. Corrigan, the	
29			Head of Urology Service. She then writes but she has	

1			obviously spoken to Mr. Michael Young, one of the	
2			urologists, and he is going to see the patient next	
3			Wednesday, it seems, or the patient. Then, you are	
4			satisfied with that?	
5		Α.	Yeah. At each point in escalations or any point in the	10:25
6			pathway, the tracker would be updating their CaPPS	
7			System so we had a very clear picture of what was done	
8			for each patient at what point in time.	
9	69	Q.	Presumably, as I think we know, escalations weren't	
10			always apparently straightforward as that?	10:26
11		Α.	No. 2015/16, I would say, for maybe 17/18 on, capacity	
12			became a problem and it wasn't always possible to get	
13			things brought forward.	
14	70	Q.	We are just going to come to those kind of issues in a	
15			moment. Tell us about first definitive treatment. It	10:26
16			appears from your statement that you were only required	
17			to track until first definitive treatment; is that	
18			correct?	
19		Α.	Yes. We were only commissioned to track to first	
20			definitive, yes.	10:26
21	71	Q.	The work starts when the referral comes in?	
22		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
23	72	Q.	And you track the patient all the way along the pathway	
24			until first definitive treatment?	
25		Α.	Correct.	10:26
26	73	Q.	And we can see in the Northern Ireland cancer access	
27			standards, if we pull up WIT-60998, this is another	
28			document that you work to; is that right?	
29		Δ	That's correct	

1	74	Q.	It's obviously from January 2008 but it remains	
2		Α.	It is still remains the same, yes.	
3	75	Q.	the same. We just scroll down into the	
4			introduction. It talks, at least in terms of the	
5			62-day patients, that.	10:27
6				
7			"75% of patients urgently referred with a suspected	
8			cancer should begin their first definitive treatment	
9			within a maximum of 62 days".	
10				10:27
11			That was for 2007, 2008. In 2008/2009, 95% of patients	
12			urgently referred as a suspected cancer should begin	
13			their first definitive treatment within a maximum of 62	
14			days. And it was the 95% target	
15		Α.	Which we were working towards.	10:28
16	76	Q.	which you were working to during your time working	
17			there?	
18		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
19	77	Q.	And different tumour sites had different definitions of	
20			what was a first definitive treatment; is that right?	10:28
21		Α.	Yes. That would be correct, yes.	
22	78	Q.	Just by way of example, and it's an issue with some of	
23			the patients from whom the Inquiry has heard. Let me	
24			ask you about prostate cancer and draw your attention	
25			to a number of entries. If we go to WIT-61008. The	10:29
26			Inquiry will have an opportunity to read this document	
27			in full but it's working through various types of	
28			treatment and tumour sites. This table deals with the	
29			situation where the first definitive treatment	

1				
2			"The first definitive treatment is normally the first	
3			intervention which is intended to remove or shrink the	
4			tumour".	
5				10:29
6			If you scroll down a little bit for me, please, you can	
7			see on the left-hand column drug treatment,	
8			chemotherapy, biological therapy or hormone therapy.	
9			Then it says, third box within that section	
10				10:30
11			"Hormone treatments should count as first definitive	
12			treatment in two circumstances. 2. Where the treatment	
13			plan specifies that a second treatment modality should	
14			only be given after a planned interval. This may, for	
15			example, be the case in patients with locally advanced	10:30
16			breast or prostate cancer where hormone therapy is	
17			given for a planned period with the aim of shrinking	
18			the tumour before the patient receives surgery or	
19			radi otherapy".	
20				10:30
21			Is that a standard or definition that you work to?	
22		Α.	Yes. Hormone therapy was a treatment.	
23	79	Q.	Yes. We'll come on to look at it in the context of the	
24			SAI review in a bit more detail later. When you saw	
25			that the patient had reached the point of first	10:31
26			definitive treatment, was that the end of your role?	
27		Α.	That was when our role, yes. That's when we would have	
28			ceased tracking.	
29	80	Q.	Yes. You wouldn't have tracked to see the outcome of	

1			that treatment?	
2		Α.	Post first definitive, no, we wouldn't have been	
3			tracking that patient.	
4	81	Q.	So, if the patient came back into multidisciplinary	
5			team and required further treatment?	10:32
6		Α.	We would have facilitated that MDM discussion but it	
7			would have been up to the referring clinician to advise	
8			us to put that patient on because we wouldn't known	
9			about them. We wouldn't have been tracking them in the	
10			Capps System.	10:32
11	82	Q.	Just to further extend this, if the patient needed	
12			further treatment, I don't know, say radiotherapy or	
13			whatever it might be, and required a date for that or	
14			an appointment, that wasn't	
15		Α.	Within our remit, no.	10:32
16	83	Q.	that wasn't the interest of the tracker at that	
17			point?	
18		Α.	No.	
19	84	Q.	Because that had gone beyond first definitive	
20			treatment?	10:32
21		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
22	85	Q.	Thank you. I want to ask you about the pressures or	
23			demands on the service. You've indicated already that	
24			it became increasingly difficult as time went by. If	
25			we go to the briefing paper that I've already opened.	10:33
26			This is the document which we looked at at WIT-60920 a	
27			short time ago. If we go to the second page of that,	
28			60922. It is the case that across all tumour sites	
29			that the demand for tracking services	

1		Α.	Yes, increased.	
2	86	Q.	indeed the demand for cancer services more broadly	
3			increased exponentially over the years?	
4		Α.	That's correct, yes. It did.	
5	87	Q.	This document takes us from, as it can be seen, 2008	10:34
6			and 2009 through to $15/16$ . $15/16$ you are in the	
7			coordinator's role for two years?	
8		Α.	Yep.	
9	88	Q.	We can see, if we look to the right-hand side of the	
10			table, this of course is 62-day suspect referrals only,	10:34
11			and the number of referrals has jumped from 2008/09	
12			from 3,092, and in '14/'15, it sat at 12,102. If we	
13			scroll on down, please. 31-day suspect referrals on	
14			WIT-60923. A smaller group but again an exponential	
15			increase over that period of time?	10:35
16		Α.	That's correct.	
17	89	Q.	Moving from 2,497 in '09 and 2010 through to almost	
18			6,000 cases in 2014/'15. Is it fair to say that the	
19			numbers continued to increase thereafter?	
20		Α.	Yes, that would be correct. It did.	10:35
21	90	Q.	We can see that, I think, in something you said in an	
22			email in 2019. If we go to WIT-61137. You're saying	
23			to your manager that you're very worried about some	
24			sites, especially lower	
25		Α.	Lower GI.	10:36
26	91	Q.	Gastrointestinal. As "it has not over 1,000", I think	
27			it should say "has now hit 1,000 plus patients"?	
28		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
29	92	Q.	Is that per month?	

1		Α.	That was just what they would have been tracking,	
2			actively tracking at that point in time.	
3	93	Q.	"You never remembered it as big as this and skin is now	
4			up at 443 and urology also in the 400s".	
5				10:36
6			Is that creating a pressure for your staff?	
7		Α.	Yes, because for each patient, you're having to go in	
8			and check first, you know, the red appointment team	
9			will have updated the first appointment, but it was the	
10			responsibility of the tracker also to keep a check on	10:36
11			appointments. You were checking the appointments for	
12			every one of those 400 patients; the diagnostics for	
13			every one of those 400 patients; you were checking NACR	
14			for every one of those outcomes, you were seeing if	
15			results have come back, listening out for MDM. So you	10:37
16			know the pressure was huge for each tracker, for each	
17			one of those patients. Even if you're given five	
18			minutes per patient to track a week, that was just for	
19			your tracking function let alone you had to also do the	
20			MDM function as well.	10:37
21	94	Q.	Of course we can't forget that the importance of	
22			tracking	
23		Α.	Yeah.	
24	95	Q.	is to ensure that the patient	
25		Α.	Is listed, yes.	10:37
26	96	Q.	is seen as quickly as possible, having regard to	
27			their condition?	
28		Α.	And that was a concern because just with the increase	
29			in the workloads, that every patient wasn't able to be	

1			tracked in a timely manner, you know as they would have	
2			liked. And therefore them patients didn't get listed	
3			maybe for MDM discussion because they weren't picked up	
4			in the tracking.	
5	97	Q.	We can see, I think in 2019, that you're expressing	10:37
6			concern about staffing pressures. If we go to WIT -	
7			it's just two pages on - 61139. You're writing that	
8			the tracking team remain under a lot of pressure;	
9			ongoing sick leave, annual leave in the team; this has	
10			resulted in a lot of cross cover, the focus solely	10:38
11			being on the MDM prep and then attending the MDM. You	
12			set out a rough guide of where you're at and no sit -	
13			no tumour site, is that - is really fully up-to-date.	
14		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
15	98	Q.	was it a case of - and just to be clear about this -	10:38
16			that although the demand on your resources was	
17			increasing with referrals, as we've seen across the	
18			board really, the employment of staff hadn't increased	
19			to deal with that?	
20		Α.	That would be correct.	10:39
21	99	Q.	Was there one tracker per tumour site or how did it	
22			work?	
23		Α.	There would mostly have been one tracker per tumour	
24			site and then maybe would have had help from a few	
25			other trackers, depending on what tumour sites that	10:39
26			they were actually covering. So if your tracking was	
27			up to date, you would have maybe offered to help out	
28			with the other trackers to try and get their tracking	
29			up-to-date.	

1	100	Q.	We can see in 2016, if we go to WIT 61098 - scroll	
2			down, please - that you're explaining almost two years	
3			into the job the particular pressures that	
4		Α.	I was facing.	
5	101	Q.	you were facing. You had been asked to take on	10:40
6			different roles to cover absences?	
7		Α.	Yep.	
8	102	Q.	You say, if I can just look at the first line, you'd	
9			attended a meeting with Ms Muldrew and Glenny, and	
10			you're telling them by way of this email that you had	10:40
11			tried to explain to them that you'd been feeling under	
12			extreme pressure due to the last few weeks and found	
13			yourself getting a bit teary to the point,	
14				
15			"Where I feel I can no longer continue to do all that I	10:40
16			have been doing. I know that the last few weeks have	
17			been very difficult and trying for everyone, and I am	
18			grateful for all the help and support, but I always say	
19			to the trackers to let me know if they feel things are	
20			getting too much".	10:41
21				
22			Was that a particular pinch-point in time where things	
23			were particularly bad, or was it	
24		Α.	It could have been a regular occurrence, just depending	
25			on your staffing levels and how many trackers maybe	10:41
26			were off sick. Because I had the tracker experience, I	
27			would have been also covering maybe one or two sites,	
28			training new trackers coming in but also doing the	
29			Cancer Services Coordinator role to the best that I	

1			could at that time.	
2	103	Q.	What does this say about the capacity of the Trust over	
3			a period of years to effectively manage the	
4			requirements or the needs of red flag referrals?	
5		Α.	I mean, I did get great support from my two line	10:41
6			managers, that wasn't the issue, but it is just there	
7			was limitations on recruitment and who we could	
8			actually get in to cover the post. Even if you did get	
9			a new member of staff, because I think in one of my	
10			emails we had two new members of staff in, but it is	10:42
11			the training, the time it takes to train the staff. I	
12			would have been doing the training as well, so	
13			therefore that was near extra pressure.	
14	104	Q.	Just let me be precise about what we are talking about	
15			here. Was there either a difficulty in doing the	10:42
16			tracking effectively, or was it both a difficulty in	
17			doing the tracking, in other words keeping up	
18		Α.	Yes.	
19	105	Q.	as well as a pressure on the urology service in	
20			being able to offer your tracking team - or the	10:43
21			patient, probably better put, it's the patient - the	
22			necessary services, whether they are diagnostic or	
23			review?	
24		Α.	Yes. It probably would have been both areas that would	
25			have been under pressure.	10:43
26	106	Q.	And was it only a factor in urology or was across the	
27			board?	
28		Α.	No, it was across all the board. All tumour sites	
29			would have been experiencing difficulties.	

1	107	Q.	Was this, to the best of your understanding, due to	
2			sheer weight of numbers, that is, the demand for the	
3			service?	
4		Α.	Yes. The demand was going up so therefore the workload	
5			was increasing alongside that, and then staffing issues	10:43
6			as well.	
7	108	Q.	Yes, but the capacity to deal with those numbers wasn't	
8			there.	
9		Α.	Yes, had reduced, yes, or maybe just hadn't increased	
10			the same way as referrals had.	10:43
11	109	Q.	You've explained in your statement, and this is	
12			paragraphs - I needn't bring them up on the screen -	
13			17.1 to 17.4 of your statement at WIT-60880, that	
14			tracking not being up to date meant it was not always	
15			possible to track all the patients on a weekly basis,	10:44
16			and if patients couldn't be fully tracked, then they	
17			were at risk of missing the listing for MDM?	
18		Α.	That's correct, and that was a concern for all	
19			trackers, you know. That didn't sit easy with them,	
20			that they weren't able to get all their patients	10:44
21			tracked on a weekly basis.	
22	110	Q.	And that delayed their pathway?	
23		Α.	And that delayed their pathway. Not for they had	
24			things in place to try and mitigate that happening. We	
25			would have used alert systems on the Capps System. If	10:44
26			you knew a patient was going for, say, a biopsy or CT	
27			scan, that we would have worked from the notification	
28			so you were going straight into those patients that	
29			were having something done to try to get them listed	

1			for the MDM discussion as promptly as you could. But	
2			again, as the number of them increased, therefore it	
3			was harder to keep on top of them as well. But we were	
4			using everything that was within the CaPPS System, the	
5			functionality, to allow us to, you know, track the most	10:45
6			pressing patients.	
7	111	Q.	We can see in terms of the performance of the Trust how	
8			it was reported to the external verification report in	
9			2017. If we just pull up the front page of that to	
10			orientate our self TRU-103831. So, this was an	10:45
11			external verification report through NICaN in October	
12			2017. The rag rating for the urology MDT was red, that	
13			is 65% compliance, against the external verifications	
14			objectives. We can see just in terms of the 62-day	
15			cancer waiting times, if we go to the next page at	10:46
16			TRU-103832 we talked earlier about the 95% target.	
17			It says in the last paragraph on the screen there:	
18				
19			"Trust performance on the 62-day cancer waiting times	
20			targets was below the 95% required. The table in the	10:47
21			annual report contained formatting errors but	
22			verification showed that 81% of patients were treated	
23			within the target".	
24				
25			That doesn't come as a surprise to you, does it?	10:47
26		Α.	No, it doesn't. I would say maybe even after that it	
27			possibly dipped even further.	
28	112	Q.	Yes. I think if we look at Sharon Glenny's statement	
29			at WIT-81745. This is the statement of Sharon Glenny,	

1			your line manager in the coordinator role?	
2		Α.	Yes.	
3	113	Q.	We can see that you're absolutely right, that cancer	
4			performance measured against the 95% target has dipped	
5			in urology from, if we look at the left-hand table from	10:48
6			81, nearly 82% in 2016/'17, down to 2020/'21 32%. Now,	
7			obviously that may have been a Covid-affected year but	
8			even if we take the last full non-Covid year, 2018/'19,	
9			it was as low as 54.5% compliance. Again, I know you	
10			left	10:48
11		Α.	Yes.	
12	114	Q.	the service in 2020 to go to a new job. Again, do	
13			those figures reflect the pressures felt on the	
14			tracking side?	
15		Α.	Yes.	10:49
16	115	Q.	Which are again reflective of what's going on in the	
17			service itself?	
18		Α.	Yes, in the service itself. It would have done.	
19	116	Q.	If we go just on down the page, I think. Scroll down.	
20			So, Mrs. Glenny refers to the use of escalations, and	10:49
21			these were sent to the Operational Head of Service, who	
22			would have been Mrs. Corrigan?	
23		Α.	Yep.	
24	117	Q.	She says that there have been capacity and demand	
25			difficulties across the whole cancer pathway throughout	10:49
26			her tenure, including delays with first appointment,	
27			with diagnostics and flexible cystoscopy, and delays	
28			ultimately with surgery.	
29				

27

1			Just scrolling down. Maybe back up, sorry. I think	
2			she makes the point ultimately that there was minimal	
3			action that could be taken due to ongoing capacity and	
4			demand difficulties. Again, does that reflect your	
5			experience; there was efforts by your staff?	10:50
6		Α.	Oh, there was. Everybody was working very hard to do	
7			the best that they could for each patient but there was	
8			limitations on what they could actually get done due to	
9			capacity.	
10	118	Q.	Could I ask you about some specific issues in terms of	10:50
11			your experience of working with Mr. O'Brien. Is it	
12			fair to say that when you were working as a tracker up	
13			until 2014 that you had experience of shortcomings on	
14			his part in terms of the delivery of triage, that is	
15			red flagged referrals, the delivery of his triage back	10:51
16			into the system?	
17		Α.	Yes, that would be correct. Not on every occasion but	
18			I would have been aware there would have been delays	
19			happening with triage.	
20	119	Q.	As a Cancer Tracker, what were your options in terms of	10:51
21			dealing with that?	
22		Α.	As a Cancer Tracker, I would have been linking with the	
23			red flag appointment team to try and, you know, see if	
24			they could get the referrals back from triage. Then	
25			that would have went through the escalation policy to	10:52
26			try and get appointments booked.	
27	120	Q.	We can see perhaps a number of examples of that, if we	
28			go to TRU-274365. If we go to the bottom of the page,	
29			please. So, Caroline Davies is red flag	

1		Α.	Appointment team, yes, that's correct.	
2	121	Q.	She is writing to you to say:	
3				
4			"I've just been through my urology referrals and I had	
5			thought I had got all my referrals back on Friday but	10:53
6			the 12 referrals below are still outstanding".	
7				
8			So, this is 15th December. If we just scroll down,	
9			just stop there, we can see these referrals are coming	
10			in and going out	10:53
11		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
12	122	Q.	on these dates?	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	123	Q.	So it's 15th December and the referrals have gone on	
15			the 8th or 9th December. If we scroll back up the	10:53
16			page, please, you then respond to that by saying to the	
17			Head of Service you refer to the patients below, and	
18			you're saying:	
19				
20			"They will not be seen by day 14 due to referrals going	10:53
21			missing the week that Mr. O'Brien was triaging. I will	
22			ask Caroline to request these from the GP surgery.	
23			Should these be booked directly into next available or	
24			should these be sent to triage"?	
25				10:54
26			Can you remember what was happening there?	
27		Α.	I think because at that time they weren't electronic	
28			referrals, they were all paper referrals that would	
29			have been faxed in, so it was probably to try and get	

1			the ones that were outstanding, because they would have	
2			kept a detailed spreadsheet of what referrals came in	
3			and what referrals went for triage and then	
4			cross-referencing when it came back from triage. So the	
5			ones that are outstanding, you have been able to	10:54
6			identify which ones they were, contact the GP surgery	
7			and re-request maybe another referral in just to try	
8			and speed things up for that patient.	
9	124	Q.	What is the significance of day 14?	
10		Α.	Day 14 was our target. We always aimed to get their	10:54
11			first appointment by day 10, and if it went outside	
12			that, day 14 was the maximum that we liked to get	
13			patients booked into for the first outpatient	
14			appointment. And we had the 72 hours for triage, that	
15			was our turnaround target. So if it didn't return back	10:54
16			within three days, that prompted an alert also.	
17	125	Q.	It was the expectation that a red flag referral should	
18			come back, was it at the latest 72 hours	
19		Α.	At latest, yeah.	
20	126	Q.	because I've seen elsewhere that ideally it should	10:55
21			come back	
22		Α.	At latest 72 hours. Ideally we would like it done sort	
23			of on the day or the next day. It was simply just to	
24			give you more time throughout the pathway. Then you'd	
25			have been coming up to the Christmas holidays there as	10:55
26			well. It was to try and get the patients in and get	
27			them seen and investigations requested before the	
28			holiday period.	
29	127	0.	Then if we look at the next month. If we go to	

1			TRU-274384. Just go to the bottom of the page, please.	
2			Caroline Davies again, red flag service?	
3		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
4	128	Q.	It's 19th January and she is saying:	
5				10:55
6			"Just to let you know I am still missing these	
7			referrals now on day 10, 11".	
8				
9			I think this is a different set of referrals from	
10			December?	10:56
11		Α.	Yes, that would be.	
12	129	Q.	If we scroll down, we can see it is 19th January. If	
13			we go to the first or any of the patients, the referral	
14			is going across on the 8th or 9th January. That gets	
15			you to day 10 or 11, as she says?	10:56
16		Α.	Yep.	
17	130	Q.	If we scroll back up to what she says. You're saying,	
18				
19			"Mr. O'Brien was on triage so I think he must still	
20			have them", et cetera. Then you have to take this up.	10:56
21			Scrolling up the page.	
22				
23			"Martina, please see below urology referrals that are	
24			outstanding. Do you think it is safe to assume that	
25			Mr. O'Brien has referrals and that we leave these until	10:56
26			he gives the referrals back".	
27				
28			Then if we just scroll up the page, Mrs. Corrigan is	
29			saving she has emailed Mr. O'Brien and assumes that he	

1			will sort it out?	
2		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
3	131	Q.	Was that I'm not for one minute suggesting it was	
4			every month	
5		Α.	Yes. It would have happened	10:57
6	132	Q.	but was that a typical experience?	
7		Α.	It could have, yes. And then in the background	
8			whenever I refer to a sector, sometimes Mr. O'Brien	
9			then would have done requested investigations so they	
10			were in the system before he would have seen the	10:57
11			patients as well, so we would have been checking other	
12			systems even though the referrals were outstanding just	
13			to see what action he was taking on them.	
14	133	Q.	If we go to TRU-257252. This is May 2015, you're in	
15			the cancer coordinator's role?	10:58
16		Α.	Yes.	
17	134	Q.	Wendy Clayton was your line manager?	
18		Α.	At that time. At that point in time, yes.	
19	135	Q.	She is writing to say that "Martina", that is Martina	
20			Corrigan:	10:58
21				
22			"Has just advised that it is Mr. O'Brien's turn to	
23			triage the red flag urology referrals next week. If	
24			there is any delay with triage, can you highlight to	
25			Martina within 48 hours and she will raise directly	10:58
26			with Mr. O'Brien".	
27				
28			Can I suggest that that email implies that it was	
29			well-recognised	

_		Α.	ies.	
2	136	Q.	by management, including your management within	
3			Cancer Services, that Mr. O'Brien's triage or his	
4			failure to triage was to be watched?	
5		Α.	Yes, that would be correct. As I say, I was only in my	10:59
6			role as service administrator post for six months at	
7			that time, so I was still getting familiar with the	
8			sort of delays that you'd have been expecting. I think	
9			they were just trying to be proactive, that we were	
10			aware and I could alert my team then if he is triaging	10:59
11			and then not Mr. O'Brien is not if they are not	
12			returned within 48 hours then, to alert Wendy.	
13	137	Q.	Did you ever obtain an explanation or seek an	
14			explanation as to why these periodic and repeated	
15			delays with return of triage were occurring?	10:59
16		Α.	I don't think ever I got an explanation but I always	
17			know either Martina or Wendy, they would have been	
18			linking in directly with Mr. O'Brien to try and get the	
19			referrals and we had to wait for them to return, or	
20			re-request other referrals then to try and get them	11:00
21			triaged. But that wouldn't have been that often, to be	
22			honest.	
23	138	Q.	Because you were sitting in the Cancer Service and not	
24			in Urology Service, was there a sense that you were	
25			powerless to do anything more than simply escalate	11:00
26		Α.	That's all. We had to follow the escalation policy.	
27			Once you had done that, it was just a matter of keeping	
28			an eye and waiting for them to return.	
29	139	0	What was the impact of delays in returning triage for	

1			you and your staff, first of all?	
2		Α.	It was a lot of chasing up for the red flag appointment	
3			team because they were constantly checking what was	
4			coming back in, updating their spreadsheet. If they're	
5			still outstanding and they still maybe would have	11:00
6			escalating again that these are still outstanding. The	
7			trackers then would have been updating the CaPPS	
8			System, linking in with the red flag appointment team.	
9			It probably would have caused a lot of emails back and	
10			forwards trying to track the progress for each	11:00
11			patients. And still being mindful that their clock was	
12			ticking and you were trying to get the patients in to	
13			be seen.	
14	140	Q.	So, against the background where there are all sorts of	
15			pressures, as you have described	11:01
16		Α.	Yep.	
17	141	Q.	this was an added difficulty that you could have	
18			done without?	
19		Α.	An additional pressure, yes.	
20	142	Q.	Was there a concern that delay risked harm to patients?	11:01
21		Α.	I don't think at that point, no, there wouldn't have	
22			been. It would more just to get the referral back just	
23			to get the patient seen in clinic. As I say, at time	
24			investigations could have been questioned by the time	
25			the referral had been returned.	11:01
26	143	Q.	The issue, it appears, doesn't ever quite resolve, or	
27			at least it continues over a period of time. If we go	
28			to, for example, 2018, TRU-279374. The Inquiry has	
29			heard some evidence already about the delays	

1			attributable to Mr. O'Brien triage in the autumn of	
2			2018. You're writing to the entirety of the urology	
3			consultant?	
4		Α.	Yes. I just then a collective group. Mhm-mhm.	
5	144	Q.	October 18. You're counting back from 12th October to	11:02
6			4th October 36 outstanding referrals?	
7		Α.	Yes.	
8	145	Q.	Are you aware of any attempts on the part of your	
9			management team to try and grapple with the need for a	
10			solution to this?	11:02
11		Α.	I do think there was ongoing discussions about it. I	
12			maybe wasn't always part of them but I do think they	
13			were trying to get things sped along, you know, so that	
14			the referrals would come back. But again, I couldn't	
15			honestly comment on that. I don't recall.	11:03
16	146	Q.	was delay in returning referrals triaged, was it a	
17			problem in other services, other cancer site services?	
18		Α.	You would have got some delays across it just wasn't	
19			always specific to urology. There could have been late	
20			upgrades or other issues with triage. Again, once you	11:03
21			emailed out, they would have maybe been returned pretty	
22			promptly. In fairness, every time I would have emailed	
23			out the consultants or that, referrals did tend to drip	
24			back into the system again to get booked.	
25	147	Q.	Yes. Is it fair to say that Mr. O'Brien was a	11:03
26			particularly well-known repeat offender when it came to	
27			triage, or were there other repeat offenders that	
28		Α.	I would say Mr. O'Brien probably more so, yes.	
29	148	Q.	Were you aware within the Cancer Service that non-red	

1			flag referrals, that is urgent and routines, were for a	
2			period of time up until early 2017 not being triaged at	
3			all by Mr. O'Brien?	
4		Α.	I wouldn't. To be honest, I was focused on the red	
5			flag referrals. I wouldn't have been aware of that, or	11:04
6			that I can remember.	
7	149	Q.	Yes. That wouldn't have been an area of business	
8			relevant to your work?	
9		Α.	No, no. We had enough ongoing within the red flags.	
10	150	Q.	Yes. Could I ask you explain this document for me	11:05
11			please, AOB-05917. If we scroll down, please. Angela	
12			Montgomery, again your line manager for a time when you	
13			were a tracker?	
14		Α.	Yes.	
15	151	Q.	She is writing in respect of a particular patient who	11:05
16			attended Mr. O'Brien's clinic on 18th November 2011.	
17			She is reporting that you have been unable to get an	
18			outcome from this appointment as you cannot locate the	
19			chart.	
20				11:06
21			"Can you please see if you could get us an outcome"?	
22				
23			What exactly was the concern there?	
24		Α.	It was to try and see what the management plan would be	
25			for that patient or what, you know I needed an	11:06
26			outcome for that clinic, that specific patient.	
27	152	Q.	Does that mean a letter or	
28		Α.	Yes, like a letter.	
29	153	Q.	a dictation, a dictated letter?	

1		Α.	Yes, from that clinic appointment for tracking	
2			purposes. In 2011 we maybe have been going up and	
3			looking through charts to see if there was any	
4			handwritten notes at that point in time.	
5	154	Q.	Does that suggest you went looking	11:07
6		Α.	Yes, I would say at that point	
7	155	Q.	looking for the chart?	
8		Α.	we did. We would have went round and actually	
9			checked the charts.	
10	156	Q.	But the chart wasn't to be found?	11:07
11		Α.	No, couldn't find the chart. Then I needed the outcome	
12			so I'd escalated it.	
13	157	Q.	Yes. Was that similarly a repeat issue as regards	
14			Mr. O'Brien's practice?	
15		Α.	It would have been, yes. I do recall then whenever I	11:07
16			would have been the tracker then with Mr. O'Brien in	
17			urology, he would have gave me a list of the outcomes	
18			of the Day 4 clinics. He would have emailed them	
19			directly to me so I was aware for each patient then	
20			what was happening with them. That kept me informed, I	11:07
21			suppose, for each patient then.	
22	158	Q.	If we could look at AOB-90395. It's not coming up.	
23			70395. You're writing to Mr. O'Brien now in 2014	
24			again. Patient reviewed at an outlying clinic SWAH on	
25			23rd December 2013. It's now 7th March 2014 and you	11:09
26			have had no joy in getting an outcome.	
27				
28			"Could you provide me with a management plan or advice	
29			if she can be removed from CaPPS?"	

1				
2			Again, is that but another example of the problem we've	
3			just looked at?	
4		Α.	Yes. Probably at that point I would have been going to	
5			Mr. O'Brien at times to try and get outcomes from the	11:09
6			patients, whether via email or if he was in clinic,	
7			going round at the end of the clinic to see if I could	
8			get an outcome for a patient.	
9	159	Q.	You've suggested that at some stage his behaviour	
10			around this changed?	11:09
11		Α.	Yes, I would say it did. I suppose the more we worked	
12			in the MDM together, Mr. O'Brien, after his Friday	
13			clinic, which would have been the Day 4 clinics, we	
14			would have seen the patients and met with them in their	
15			plan; he would have emailed me through the detailed	11:10
16			list of the plan for each patient. So, to me that did	
17			improve things.	
18	160	Q.	But as regards these outlying clinics, did that remain	
19			a problem for a longer period of time?	
20		Α.	Maybe more so, yes, for the outlying clinics.	11:10
21	161	Q.	It has been reported to the Inquiry that the issue of	
22			Mr. O'Brien failing to dictate outcomes following	
23			clinics was not particularly well known and didn't	
24			emerge as an issue really until late 2015 and then was	
25			taken up with Mr. O'Brien in March 2016. We've seen	11:10
26			from the two emails that I have brought up, 2011 and	
27			again 2014, that so far as you are aware within the	
28			cancer side of the service, you are not getting	
29			outcomes back; on occasion you can't locate the chart?	

1		Α.	Yes.	
2	162	Q.	And the explanation for that might be that Mr. O'Brien	
3			had the chart at home?	
4		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
5	163	Q.	And hadn't dictated?	11:11
6		Α.	Yes.	
7	164	Q.	You are aware of that?	
8		Α.	To a point because	
9	165	Q.	Are your managers aware of that?	
10		Α.	I would say they would have been aware of it but we	11:11
11			would as a tracker, you would have tried to get an	
12			outcome any way you could have done, should it have	
13			been checking the chart if it was there, linking in	
14			with the consultant directly. As I say, Mr. O'Brien	
15			did improve and was advising me. Therefore, I probably	11:11
16			was getting the outcomes on my patients so I wasn't	
17			necessarily seeing the bigger picture. Because if the	
18			patients were going through MDM, I was getting the	
19			outcome then as well at that point.	
20	166	Q.	If you intend taking a break, Chair, it might just be	11:12
21			convenient now?	
22			CHAIR: we'll come back at 11.30, everybody.	
23				
24			THE INQUIRY BRIEFLY ADJOURNED AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS:	
25				11:12
26			CHAIR: Okay, everyone. Mr. Wolfe.	
27	167	Q.	MR. WOLFE KC: Okay. Mrs Graham, can we now move on	
28			to the MDT part of your work. If we start perhaps with	
29			WTT-60899 From paragraph 24 12 just scrolling down	

1			you provide, I suppose, a blow-by-blow account of all	
2			of the many responsibilities that came with that part	
3			of your role?	
4		Α.	Yeah.	
5	168	Q.	Can you just take a minute or two to summarise what the	11:31
6			MDT coordinator role demanded of you.	
7		Α.	On a weekly basis, we would have compiled the list of	
8			patients that were being discussed at the meeting.	
9			That would have come from a tracking point of view or	
10			the consultants would have advised us what patients to	11:31
11			actually discuss, so that would	
12	169	Q.	If I could slow you right down. I know the	
13			stenographer spoke to us at the break. We've plenty of	
14			time.	
15		Α.	That would have been compiling the list of all the	11:31
16			patients that needed discussed for that week, whether	
17			it be with pathology, radiology, whatever it was they	
18			were looking to discuss. Then I would have been going	
19			to all the different systems, NACR et cetera, and	
20			updating that information onto the CaPPS System. Then	11:32
21			attending the meeting, taking the outcomes of the	
22			meeting, and doing the after-work as well from the	
23			meeting, the MDM outcomes.	
24	170	Q.	Helpfully there was a standard operating procedure	
25			which did you draft it?	11:32
26		Α.	I did draft it.	
27	171	Q.	Yes. We'll just let the Inquiry see it. They can read	
28			it in their own time. It's WIT-61148. It runs to	
29			several pages. Just scroll down it. Actually, there	

1			is a typo at the top	
2		Α.	Yes, in the breast	
3	172	Q.	it jumps out at you, but this is the one for the	
4			urology MDT?	
5		Α.	Yes.	11:32
6	173	Q.	Scrolling down. It talks about the methods by which a	
7			patient could be added to the MDM list. Keep going	
8			through it slowly. A patient could go onto the list	
9			through you; isn't that right?	
10		Α.	That's correct. From tracking, yes.	11:33
11	174	Q.	And scrolling on down. Keep going. Then there's an	
12			administrative process that you briefly outline before	
13			the MDM, and you set out some of the tasks associated	
14			with that. Scrolling on down. Then, administrative	
15			processes after the MDM?	11:33
16		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
17	175	Q.	I think that's essentially it. We know that the	
18			operational policy for urology cancer services if we	
19			can bring that up on the screen, please. It's	
20			TRU-99632. This is a detailed policy setting out all	11:33
21			of the nuts and bolts associated with the work of the	
22			MDT. It has specific reference to the tracker or the	
23			coordinator. If we could bring that up on the screen	
24			and if we go through to TRU-99653. It says:	
25				11:34
26			"It's the responsibility of the MDT coordinator to	
27			ensure that patients have been given appointments for	
28			investigations at appropriate times, and to schedule	
29			those patients for MDM discussion as previously	

1 agreed".

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

So, that's your initial role or primary role. Then if we go two pages down to 655 in this series, again this sets out your role on the administrative or clerical side. On down the next page, please. It talks -- I can't find it but within that policy, which was updated in 2020, you can see that at TRU-98103 it again speaks to the role of the coordinator.

1011

12

13

11:35

11:36

11:36

11:36

11:35

In terms of the role that you performed, what were the particular challenges faced by you in dealing with the MDT aspect of your work?

28

29

I would say whenever I started working as the tracker Α. and going to urology MDM, getting the clinical information was guite problematic. We're admin, we are not clinical, and you were trying to take information from maybe clinic outcomes or radiology or the referral letter and compile that in so it was ready for discussion. I can honestly say Mr. O'Brien changed that and he set up like a pro forma standard of what the patient presented with, their investigations to So, as a tracker that helped me enormously, that to me all the relevant information was there for the patient to be discussed. It gave the whole patient's history as to just one wee area that they were looking. So, therefore it gave you the whole patient's history. To me, there was a whole lot more information available for each MDM discussion. I do appreciate that would

1			probably have taken Mr. O'Brien a lot of time. As a	
2			tracker, I felt it was reassuring to know there was a	
3			lot more information there and it was coming from a	
4			clinician as opposed to somebody in an admin setting	
5			putting information in. He would also probably have	11:37
6			checked that information before the MDM as well.	
7	176	Q.	You had worked under a number of chairs at the start.	
8			Mr Akhtar; is that right?	
9		Α.	Yes, that's correct, and I covered MDMs as well. While	
10			all the information was there, it was up to the admin	11:37
11			member of staff to collate that information.	
12	177	Q.	I think in terms of what you thought of Mr. O'Brien's	
13			input to that MDM, if we could look at WIT-60889. If	
14			we scroll down to page 40.2, please. I can't find it.	
15			It was your impression that Mr. O'Brien, when you	11:39
16			worked with him as Chair of Urology MDM, that he was	
17			committed and dedicated to the role?	
18		Α.	Oh very much so.	
19	178	Q.	Yes, it's 40.2, thank you. You explain in that section	
20			of your statement why you thought that was the case.	11:39
21		Α.	Yes.	
22	179	Q.	And he assisted you in better administering the work of	
23			the MDM?	
24		Α.	Yes, I would agree with that.	
25	180	Q.	And brought information about individual patients into	11:39
26			the process in a clearer and better organised way than	
27			was the	
28		Α.	And also to preview the day before for each patient	
29			that was discussed I had to print off an MDM undate	

1			report, so therefore Mr. O'Brien had all the	
2			information for each patient which he would have	
3			reviewed, you know, the day before or after his theatre	
4			session, I believe, in preparation for the Thursday	
5			meeting.	11:40
6	181	Q.	Yes. In terms of the approach adopted at the MDM, was	
7			it Mr. O'Brien's habit to have prepared each case and	
8			to present each case? Was that your experience?	
9		Α.	Yes. O'Brien would have presented each case but there	
10			would have been general discussions from other	11:40
11			consultants. It wasn't as if it was a foregone that	
12			this is the plan and that's it. It would have been	
13			openly discussed amongst the other urologists,	
14			radiologists and pathologists. At times the	
15			discussions would have been quite lengthy, but I	11:40
16			suppose the benefit for me with the urology tracker, at	
17			the end of each discussion Mr. O'Brien was always very	
18			clear to me and always gave the management plan word	
19			for word what was going to happen for that patient.	
20	182	Q.	You have described some lengthy discussions. Does that	11:40
21			suggest that there was sometimes deliberation and	
22			debate amongst those round the table	
23		Α.	I believe so, yes.	
24	183	Q.	about the appropriate plan?	
25		Α.	Yes, there would have been discussions, but they all	11:41
26			came up collectively in my opinion with a management	
27			plan for that patient.	
28	184	Q.	Could I ask you to comment on this. If we bring up	
29			WIT-84374. This is a record of a discussion between	

1			Mr. Carroll; you'd have worked with Mr. Carroll?	
2		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
3	185	Q.	Who, when he spoke to the serious adverse incident	
4			reviewers in 2021, he was at that time Assistant	
5			Director for SEC, surgical and elective care. If we go	11:41
6			to the bottom of the page, he is being asked to comment	
7			on his impression of what it was like to work with	
8			Mr. O'Brien, and his experience of him and perhaps as	
9			shared by others. In the last paragraph he said:	
10				11:42
11			"He advised that the patients under the care of	
12			Mr. O'Brien were often elderly and held him in high	
13			esteem. The big doctor. He went on to say that staff	
14			appeared to be habitualised by Mr. O'Brien's behaviour,	
15			that they avoided challenge at the multidisciplinary	11:42
16			team meeting".	
17				
18			Do you understand what is meant by that?	
19		Α.	I can but I never witnessed that, to be honest. There	
20			was definitely ongoing discussions with other	11:43
21			consultants, and that was my take on it.	
22	186	Q.	Do you ever remember examples of Mr. O'Brien being	
23			challenged?	
24		Α.	No. I wouldn't say challenged, maybe discussions or	
25			debate, but that would have happened in every MDM, that	11:43
26			they were coming up with an agreed treatment plan for	
27			each patient, which to me is the purpose of an MDM,	
28			that it is not one decision, you know, that it comes	
29			together collectively. That's not how I perceived it	

1			at the MDT.	
2	187	Q.	Maybe it wasn't the culture of this MDT but was there	
3			ever any conversations which might be regarded as	
4			critical of steps taken by any of the consultants round	
5			the table?	11:43
6		Α.	Not that I was aware of, no.	
7	188	Q.	That wasn't	
8		Α.	No, and that certainly not the impression that I got	
9			from Mr. O'Brien. Like, I worked with Mr. O'Brien for	
10			a good number of years at the MDM, and he was always	11:43
11			very respectful and I enjoyed my time working with him.	
12			And he was very dedicated to the patients, I felt, and	
13			was always very approachable.	
14	189	Q.	The Serious Adverse Incident Review from 2020	
15			highlighted what I think was long known in the Trust,	11:44
16			that the urology MDM was not regularly quorate. That	
17			is, in specific terms, it was regularly the case that	
18			medical and clinical oncology didn't attend, and	
19			radiology were often not in attendance. Did you	
20			appreciate that as sitting as the coordinator to	11:44
21		Α.	Yes, that would have been known and that would have	
22			been escalated. I believe the Head of Cancer Services	
23			was also linking into that and had escalated it on	
24			further.	
25	190	Q.	Yes. Were you able to sense the impact of that on the	11:45
26			work of the MDT from meeting to meeting?	
27		Α.	I know there wouldn't have always been an oncology	
28			input but to me it never stopped a decision being made.	
29			Whether or not the oncology decision was made at a	

1			later point if they had been referred to oncology, but	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2			at the MDM I don't recall any patients not being	
3			discussed because of them not being there.	
4	191	Q.	If radiology weren't there, was there a workaround	
5			to if radiology input was needed, that a case would	11:45
6			be put off until he could attend?	
7		Α.	It would maybe be deferred to the next week if a report	
8			wasn't available, yes, that's correct. That would have	
9			been escalated or put on that they weren't able to be	
10			discussed.	11:46
11	192	Q.	You've referred to cancer services being aware of this	
12			and it appears that they certainly were?	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	193	Q.	Are you aware of what steps were taken to try to	
15			address these problems?	11:46
16		Α.	I know there was ongoing discussions but I wouldn't	
17			been in attendance at them so I wasn't fully aware. I	
18			do believe there was a shortage maybe of oncologists	
19			regionally and they tried to get us to link in	
20			virtually to the meeting to try and, I suppose, resolve	11:46
21			that issue. But as to the actual discussions that took	
22			place or meetings, I wasn't at them.	
23	194	Q.	The Serious Adverse Incident Review, and I think you	
24			have had an opportunity to look at the overarching	
25			report that was part of your pack?	11:47
26		Α.	Yes.	
27	195	Q.	It pointed to a problem, as they described it, that	
28			Mr. O'Brien wasn't allocating or appointing or	
29			directing a specialist nurse to patients after MDM.	

1			Now, I want to ask you about that area. There was a	
2			core nurse member of the MDM; isn't that right?	
3		Α.	That's correct. There always would have been a	
4			specialist nurse in attendance to the MDM.	
5	196	Q.	And it was usually one of two. There was	11:47
6		Α.	Yes.	
7	197	Q.	Can you remember their names?	
8		Α.	Kate O'Neill or Jenny McMahon.	
9	198	Q.	Did you know them or work with them quite closely?	
10		Α.	Oh, yes. Quite closely, yes.	11:47
11	199	Q.	Within an MDM setting, what is the role of the core	
12			nurse member? Have they much of a contribution to make	
13			to the issues that are being addressed around the	
14			table?	
15		Α.	I think if maybe they have met with the patients before	11:48
16			they had come to the MDM discussion, they were there to	
17			get the outcome and the patient and an update. I	
18			suppose it was my understanding then that they would be	
19			meeting with the patients after the MDM.	
20	200	Q.	That was your understanding?	11:48
21		Α.	My understanding, but again I wasn't aware that maybe	
22			that didn't always happen because wouldn't have been	
23			documented at that point in time.	
24	201	Q.	Say that again.	
25		Α.	It wasn't documented on Capps that they were going to	11:48
26			be reviewed by the nurse specialist.	
27	202	Q.	What understanding did you have in terms of whether	
28			there was a requirement to allocate a specialist nurse	
29			as a key worker at the MDM?	

I wasn't aware of that. 1 Α. 2 203 Is that something that was ever done, to the best of Q. 3 your knowledge, at the MDM? As in a specific nurse was allocated to each patient? 4 Α. 5 204 Yes. Q. 11:49 No, that wouldn't have been done. 6 But the nurse Α. 7 specialist definitely did seem to be aware of the 8 patients that were being discussed. In what sense? How was that obvious? 9 205 Q. Because they would have maybe emailed me through the 10 Α. 11 · 49 11 list of patients that maybe had had prostate biopsies 12 and they had been at the clinic for that. 13 So, they would have had in some cases a working 206 Q. experience of that particular patient --14 That was my understanding. 15 Α. 11:49 16 -- as part of the care pathway? 207 Q. 17 Yes, yes. Α. 18 208 But that doesn't necessarily mean, does it --Q. 19 No, it doesn't. Α. -- that the same nurse would be partnering that patient 11:49 20 209 0. 21 through the rest of their care? No. That's correct. 22 Α. Had you any sense of how that was to be achieved or at 23 210 Q. 24 least offered to the patient as a service if there was a need for further treatment after the MDM? 25 11:49 I suppose I just assumed that it would be done at the 26 Α. 27 next outpatient, you know, review appointment. Did you have any awareness of any problems around that, 28 211 Q. 29 that in some cases it wasn't happening?

1		Α.	No.	
2	212	Q.	For whatever reason?	
3		Α.	Not that I can recall, no.	
4	213	Q.	That wasn't drawn to your attention?	
5		Α.	No. And I suppose from a tracking perspective, that	11:50
6			wasn't really what I would have been focusing on. It	
7			was really more the patient as opposed to what was	
8			going on outside of that.	
9	214	Q.	I suppose that wasn't something that was tracked or	
10		Α.	No.	11:50
11	215	Q.	recorded or necessarily audited?	
12		Α.	I do think there was the function maybe in Capps, that	
13			there was a nurse specialist there, but that wouldn't	
14			have been something that we would have been recording	
15			at that point in time.	11:50
16	216	Q.	So, if there was a problem	
17		Α.	Yes.	
18	217	Q.	and the Inquiry will be looking at this, but if	
19			there was a problem in linking the patient with a	
20			specialist nurse after the MDM, that should have been	11:51
21			capable, and it would be to this day capable, of being	
22			tracked or monitored in some way?	
23		Α.	If it was identified, yes, or a nurse specialist was	
24			named, probably. But I'm not sure that would have set	
25			outside the role of the tracker to do that.	11:51
26	218	Q.	I'm not suggesting for one minute that it was your	
27			role. In fact, it appears very clear that it wasn't.	
28			Would it have been a resource intensive or difficult	
29			thing to achieve to record whether a nurse is now with	

1			that patient going forward, and that would simply have	
2			been a matter of asking a question?	
3		Α.	I think that would have been doable, yes. That would	
4			be possible, yes, I would imagine.	
5	219	Q.	I want to ask you about the issue of because we're	11:52
6			getting close in the process, after the MDM. I	
7			appreciate that a patient can come to the MDM on	
8			several occasions before a treatment decision is	
9			arrived at or, better put, a treatment recommendation.	
10			Maybe I'll start by asking you, what would be your role	11:52
11			after the MDM when a decision has been reached in	
12			respect of a patient's treatment?	
13		Α.	As I say, Mr. O'Brien would have dictated to me word	
14			for word what the treatment plan would have been for	
15			that patient.	11:52
16	220	Q.	Just to be clear, he is doing that across all of the	
17			patients?	
18		Α.	Yes, across all the patients that were listed for	
19			discussion on that day. He would have given me a	
20			detailed patient $\boldsymbol{x}$ and given me the plan. I would have	11:53
21			taken down the notes at that point in time, handwritten	
22			notes. Then after the meeting I would have come down	
23			typed them onto the CaPPS system on a Thursday evening.	
24			Whenever I had the outcome plan for each patient, I	
25			would have phoned Mr. O'Brien and he would have come	11:53
26			down after I printed out, and went through each outcome	
27			for each patient. That would have taken a considerable	
28			length of time for him to do.	
29	221	Q.	Because there can be 40 patients?	

1		Α.	40 patients, yes. I can honestly say that Mr. O'Brien	
2			sat down and read through each patient word for word.	
3	222	Q.	So what's generated as a result of that process in	
4			specific terms?	
5		Α.	I would have generated the outcome, the treatment plan	11:53
6			from CaPPS, and then would have printed out the GP	
7			letter which would have give a detailed overview of	
8			that patient and the management plan. Then, if it was	
9			for an oncology referral, that oncology referral also	
10			would have been printed out and Mr. O'Brien also would	11:54
11			have also signed that at that point in time, as well	
12			along with the GP letter, if that was the outcome.	
13	223	Q.	Okay. Let me put to you just a specific example, one	
14			that the inquiry is familiar with. Could I ask you	
15			before I put it on the screen, you'll see a name but	11:54
16			the patient should be referred to as Patient 1. I'm	
17			not sure if you have a cipher list beside you, do you?	
18		Α.	No.	
19	224	Q.	Okay. We'll call this patient Patient 1 and the	
20			Inquiry will understand who that is. If we could have	11:54
21			on the screen, please, PAT-001482. Is this what you	
22			mean by possibly the form of it? Maybe the stationary	
23			has changed over the years but is this what you mean by	
24			an MDT or MDM outcome?	
25		Α.	It would have been, but in my experience when it was	11:55
26			Mr. O'Brien, there would have been a lot more detail on	
27			it.	
28	225	Q.	So now the chairman is Mr. O'Donoghue. I emphasise	
29			that this wasn't your case, this was a case from, as we	

1			can see on the document, Patient 1 came to MDM on a	
2			couple of occasions but this was the discussion,	
3			31st October 2019. Some other tracker or coordinator,	
4			probably Mrs McVey; was that who replaced you?	
5		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	11:55
6	226	Q.	It says that "Patient 1 has intermediate risk prostate	
7			cancer, to start ADT and refer for ERBT".	
8				
9			In addition to that record that you would have typed up	
10			on Mr. O'Brien's time at greater length, there would	11:56
11			have been a letter to the GP?	
12		Α.	Correct, yes.	
13	227	Q.	In terms of what it says there in relation to the	
14			timing of any referral - ERBT, as you know, is radical	
15			radiotherapy - in terms of the timing of the	11:56
16			correspondence to oncology in Belfast, at what point	
17			would that be triggered generally?	
18		Α.	For me, looking at this here, it doesn't from a	
19			tracking perspective, it would be to start ADT, which	
20			is the hormones.	11:56
21	228	Q.	Yes.	
22		Α.	And once the tracker had seen that the hormones had	
23			been commenced, the referral, we wouldn't be aware, it	
24			doesn't specify a time frame when the oncology referral	
25			needed to be sent. The tracking, the oncology	11:57
26			referrals maybe wouldn't have been done straightaway;	
27			they could have been on hormones for a period of time.	
28			So I wouldn't have done that at that point in time	
29			because they had their definitive treatment.	

1			CHAIR: As you have probably heard from me speaking	
2			earlier, I am somewhat under the weather today. If you	
3			will just excuse me for five minutes.	
4				
5			THE INQUIRY BRIEFLY ADJOURNED AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS:	11:57
6				
7			CHAIR: Thank you, everyone. For everyone's	
8			reassurance, I have been Covid tested and it is	
9			definitely not Covid.	
10	229	Q.	MR. WOLFE KC: so we're just looking, by way of	12:03
11			example, at Patient 1, how it's described there. In	
12			terms of definitive treatment then, and we have	
13			understood from your evidence earlier that there's, if	
14			you like, "rule book" specifying how you as a tracker	
15			and an MDT coordinator are to understand with	12:03
16			particular tumour sites what is to be regarded as	
17			definitive, first definitive treatment. We've seen	
18			reference to hormones in the book earlier.	
19			Would you understand this as being a case where	
20			hormones, the ADT, is the first definitive treatment?	12:03
21		Α.	Correct. That would be my understanding.	
22	230	Q.	The implications for that in terms of you as a tracker	
23			are what? What do you do to assure yourself that the	
24			definitive treatment is instigated?	
25		Α.	You would then be checking PASS to make sure the	12:04
26			patient had been reviewed by the consultant, and that	
27			they had either been commenced on hormones at that	
28			point in time going by the clinical outcome letter on	
29			that day, or we would have been checking the system to	

1			see that the hormones had been prescribed to that	
2			patient. We always tracked it right until we knew that	
3			the hormones had been administered to the patient and	
4			then we would have closed CaPPS as treatment complete.	
5	231	Q.	I should have asked you earlier, CaPPS is Cancer	12:04
6			Patient Pathway System?	
7		Α.	Yes. That's the system the trackers would use.	
8	232	Q.	It is a timeline of various events?	
9		Α.	Yes.	
10	233	Q.	And it stops	12:05
11		Α.	Yes. We have our wait screen, which is the front	
12			screen, and therefore you are able to pick what first	
13			definitive treatment would have been for each patient,	
14			the date decision to treat had to be put in, and the	
15			date the hormones were commenced.	12:05
16	234	Q.	I don't wish to extrapolate too much from this example,	
17			I am just using it as a vehicle to illustrate what, for	
18			example, a typical outcome from MDM might look like. I	
19			want then to move, say, a bit more deeply into what is	
20			and is not the tracking role or the tracking facility	12:05
21			in such a You've said and explained very well what	
22			you would look for to see, that hormones have	
23			commenced, and once your satisfied as to that, the	
24			patient's pathway is no longer tracked; is that fair?	
25		Α.	That's correct.	12:06
26	235	Q.	What would be the situation or what would be the	
27			response by the tracker if there was a deviation from	
28			what has been handed down or recommended by the MDM?	
29		Α.	I can't ever recall that happening, to be honest. The	

1			treatment plan that was normally agreed was one that I	
2			would have seen happening at the clinic with that	
3			patient. So, I would imagine if there was something	
4			I honestly can't answer because I never come across	
5			that.	12:06
6	236	Q.	Yes.	
7		Α.	I would imagine if there was some sort of deviation,	
8			they would have checked with the consultant and it	
9			would have been through MDT again.	
10	237	Q.	The tracker has an autonomy and responsibility to make	12:07
11			a decision as to whether tracking should now stop?	
12		Α.	But if you ever were in doubt, you would have checked	
13			with the consultant.	
14	238	Q.	So, in a case where there is uncertainty as to whether	
15			first definitive treatment has commenced, for whatever	12:07
16			reason, that would necessarily involve a further	
17			conversation, in your view?	
18		Α.	Yes. But to my knowledge I don't ever remember it	
19			happening.	
20	239	Q.	Can you help us - I think you may have implicitly	12:07
21			answered this question earlier - but if the MDM	
22			decision or recommendation isn't implemented but some	
23			other course is taken, what is the role of the tracker	
24			if that other course amounts to some other form of	
25			treatment that satisfies the requirement of first	12:08
26			definitive treatment?	
27		Α.	I would have probably have closed it down as that being	
28			the first definitive, because, you know, the consultant	
29			with met with the patient and to me whether it was the	

1			patient's choice for maybe opt for something different.	
2			Again because it never happened, I can't answer it, but	
3			I would imagine if it was listed as one of the first	
4			definitive treatment and that's what happened, you	
5			would take that as the first definitive treatment.	12:08
6	240	Q.	Could I ask you, clearly Dr. Hughes and Mr. Gilbert	
7			were the authors of the serious adverse incident	
8			reviews involving nine cases. They made some general	
9			remarks across the number of cases, all of the cases	
10			being different but they saw some common themes	12:09
11			emerging. I want to put to you some of what Dr. Hughes	
12			has said, both in his Section 21 statement to the	
13			inquiry as well as in the SAI review itself.	
14				
15			If I can have up on the screen, please, WIT-84168. He	12:09
16			says in the first bullet point that we can see there:	
17				
18			"The MDM made appropriate recommendations for eight out	
19			of the nine patients".	
20				12:10
21			So what we would have seen on an MDM outcome sheet,	
22			they are saying was appropriate in eight out of the	
23			nine cases. But there was no mechanism, they say:	
24				
25			"To check that actions were implemented, whether this	12:10
26			was further investigations, staging treatment or	
27			appropriate onward referral".	
28				
29			Your evidence would seem to disagree with that in the	

1			sense that you would wait to see that there was a	
2			definitive treatment in play or in place before closing	
3			the tracking on the case?	
4		Α.	That's correct, yes. We would always wait. Just	
5			because something was said at the MDM, we always waited	12:11
6			until they were seen and the patient, I suppose,	
7			consented to whatever treatment and then we would have	
8			closed that. But that also says this included further	
9			investigations. If they had had their first	
10			definitive, we wouldn't have been tracking for further	12:11
11			investigation stage or treatment or onward referrals	
12			because we wouldn't have been aware of them.	
13	241	Q.	To take an example, if the first part of the treatment	
14			is hormones and if that satisfied the requirement of	
15			first definitive treatment, then you can and do look	12:12
16			for that; you must look for that?	
17		Α.	Yes. You must look for that, yes.	
18	242	Q.	However, and this is where he is probably right, if the	
19			second part of the treatment is then for referral after	
20			the hormones to the oncology centre in Belfast, the	12:12
21			Cancer Centre in Belfast, that is not something that	
22			you would track?	
23		Α.	No, because that was beyond what we class as first	
24			definitive, yes.	
25	243	Q.	You probably were aware that that isn't something that	12:12
26			was tracked within Cancer Services?	
27		Α.	Yes, we didn't, because that onward referral, we	
28			wouldn't have been aware of the timeframe that hormones	
29			would have been commenced. They could have been on	

1			hormones three months, six months. Therefore, we	
2			wouldn't have been known when the referral was to be	
3			sent to oncology.	
4	244	Q.	He explains - if we go onto the next page, please.	
5			Just the third bullet point on the page - that there	12:13
6			was what he calls a lack of resource within the Trust	
7			to adequately track cancer patients through their	
8			journey. He specifically says:	
9				
10			"The Urology MDM was under-resourced for appropriate	12:13
11			patient pathway tracking. The Review Team found that	
12			patient tracking related only to diagnosis and first	
13			treatment, that is 31 and 62-day targets. It did not	
14			function as a whole system and whole pathway tracking	
15			process. This resulted in preventable delays and	12:13
16			deficits in care".	
17				
18			Again, whether you were under-resourced	
19		Α.	Yes.	
20	245	Q.	you weren't resourced?	12:14
21		Α.	We weren't resourced, and we were commissioned just to	
22			track to the first definitive. That was a regional,	
23			all the Trusts were doing that. Outside of that, we	
24			weren't doing the whole patient pathway.	
25	246	Q.	would there have been discussion at your level or to	12:14
26			your knowledge above your managerial level within	
27			Cancer Services as to, if you like, the shortcoming in	
28			such a limited tracking arrangement?	
29		Α.	I wouldn't have been part of them discussions at my	

1			level, no.	
2	247	Q.	And you didn't hear any such discussions?	
3		Α.	No. It would have been maybe more to get more	
4			resources in to get for trackers, more trackers, but	
5			again it would have been to the first definitive	12:14
6			treatment.	
7	248	Q.	There is a reflection within the SAI review - I can't	
8			bring up the reference just now but the Inquiry Panel	
9			will know what I am talking about - which suggests that	
10			the experience of the reviewer, Dr. Hughes, was that	12:15
11			elsewhere tracking was to continue beyond the first	
12			definitive treatment, that this was not wholly unknown	
13			in these islands. Do you speak to or did you speak to	
14			other trackers in other places? Were you aware of what	
15			was going on in other Trusts?	12:15
16		Α.	We would have listed patients for discussion that were	
17			perhaps closed, but it would have been the clinician	
18			would have told us to put them on for discussion again.	
19			Maybe they had a staging CT scan or presented with	
20			something that they needed relisted. So we weren't	12:15
21			actively tracking that patient but you certainly would	
22			have listed them for MDM discussion again. If that	
23			warrant, like, you know you would have followed that	
24			management plan, you know, acted on that, but we	
25			wouldn't have actually being tracked on it.	12:16
26	249	Q.	So you weren't, as you've described several times now,	
27			auditing or tracking?	
28		Α.	No. If the consultant certainly asked us to list a	
29			patient for discussion, we would have done that.	

1	250	Q.	Yes, yes. What I was really asking you was were you	
2			aware of experiences elsewhere, in other Trusts for	
3			example, in Northern Ireland, about how far they	
4			tracked the care pathway?	
5		Α.	No. It was my understanding that it was still like	12:16
6			what we were doing, because it was a regional approach.	
7	251	Q.	If I could go down to the next page please, WIT-04170.	
8			On the second bullet point there, he refers under this	
9			heading of "Lack of Coherent Escalation and Governance	
10			Structures" to:	12:17
11				
12			"The governance of professionals within the MDT running	
13			through their own directorates, but there was no	
14			functioning process within cancer services to at least	
15			be aware of concerns even if the responsibility for	12:17
16			action lay elsewhere within the Trust". There was a	
17			disconnect between the urology MDT and cancer services	
18			management. The MDT highlighted in action by cancer	
19			services on oncology and radiology attendance at MDM	
20			but did not escalate other issues".	12:17
21				
22			Is that something that sits well with you, that	
23			opinion? Was there a disconnect between the service	
24			within which you sat and urology, for example?	
25		Α.	From my point of view, I don't think we escalated if	12:18
26			there was a problem with radiology and oncology, and	
27			the Head of Cancer Services was trying her best to	
28			solve that issue. Anything outside of that, I wasn't	
29			aware of.	

1	252	Q.	So, for example, you referred to, by this stage who was	
2			it Mrs?	
3		Α.	Reddick.	
4	253	Q.	Reddick?	
5		Α.	Yes.	12:18
6	254	Q.	To try to resolve issues?	
7		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	
8	255	Q.	This was when you were	
9		Α.	The tracker and the Cancer Services Coordinator, yes.	
10	256	Q.	Can you think of an example of the kind of things that	12:18
11			Cancer Services with would try to resolve for MDT?	
12		Α.	I'd say it was maybe like to get oncology input and	
13			then the radiology input as well. That would have been	
14			the two things that I can remember that was raised in	
15			my time.	12:19
16	257	Q.	Could I just bring you then to the overarching SAI	
17			report. If we go to the section on governance and	
18			leadership, WIT-84302. It says in the third bullet	
19			point, it largely repeats the sentiment we've already	
20			seen, that:	12:19
21				
22			"There was no system to track if recommendations were	
23			appropriately completed".	
24				
25			Can you see the sense, from a tracking perspective and	12:20
26			from a patient's safety perspective, of having a tool,	
27			whether it is a live tracking device or whether it's	
28			some form of audit to be in place, to bring the	
29			monitoring of the treatment further along the line?	

1		Α.	I can definitely see the benefits of it. If it was	
2			properly resourced and the functionally within CaPPS	
3			expanded to allow you to track a patient through	
4			say, they had a bladder cancer through maybe multiple	
5			occurrences or stuff like that, there definitely would	12:20
6			be a benefit for the patient.	
7	258	Q.	In light of what we heard from you in evidence earlier	
8			this morning, would I be correct to form the impression	
9			that given the resources that you had at that time	
10			within tracking, it wouldn't have been feasible to do	12:21
11			much more given the resources you had?	
12		Α.	I would agree, that's totally right. The tracker were	
13			under immense pressure with increased workload. They	
14			were struggling to track what they were commissioned to	
15			track, you know, 31-day and 62-day to first definitive,	12:21
16			let alone a whole patient's pathway for years.	
17	259	Q.	If we go into the recommendations from this review.	
18			WIT-84306. Just scroll down to recommendation 5,	
19			please. The recommendation in association with the	
20			need to ensure that MDM meetings are resourced to	12:22
21			provide appropriate tacking of patients and to confirm	
22			agreed recommendations is that appropriate resourcing	
23			would be put in place for the MDM tracking team to	
24			encompass a new role comprising whole pathway tracking,	
25			pathway audit, and pathway assurance. And this should	12:22
26			be supported by safety mechanisms from the laboratory	
27			services and clinical nurse specialists as key workers.	
28			A report should be generated weekly and made available	
29			to the MDT. The role should reflect the enhanced need	

1			for ongoing audit and assurance. It is essential that	
2			current limited clinical resource is focused on patient	
3			care.	
4				
5			So, can you see any difficulties in practice in terms	12:22
6			of how such a tracking arrangement, if it was	
7			resourced, any difficulties in terms of how it would	
8			work?	
9		Α.	I suppose the difficulty you would need very clear	
10			guidelines as to what point you actually stopped	12:23
11			tracking that patient. Do you track them forever? And	
12			what resources would you need to do that for each	
13			patient that is coming in? I know there is the audit	
14			going on now in the background, but I do see the	
15			challenges for tracking whole patient pathways from	12:23
16			come in for years. I don't know what sort of resources	
17			you would need for that.	
18	260	Q.	Recommendation 6 then is that,	
19				
20			"In the context of the need to ensure an appropriate	12:23
21			governance structure to support cancer care, this will	
22			be achieved by developing a proactive governance	
23			structure based on quality assurance audits of care	
24			pathways and patient experience for all".	
25				12:24
26			It is your understanding that audits are now being	
27			pursued under Mrs. Muldrew?	
28		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
29	261	Q.	We'll no doubt hear from her in due course.	

1				
2			Could I ask you about a particular issue about the	
3			direct referral of patients to oncology service. I	
4			want to look at this in the context of a patient called	
5			102 to see if you can help us with this. If we look	12:24
6			first of all at WIT-54874. This was an incident report	
7			raised in November 2014 shortly after you had stopped	
8			being a Cancer Tracker; isn't that right?	
9		Α.	That's correct.	
10	262	Q.	You moved to your promoted role on 6th October. So,	12:25
11			that's the incident date. If we just scroll down the	
12			page, we'll see a description of the incident. The	
13			patient was discussed	
14				
15			"At urology MDM on 20th November 2014. The recorded	12:25
16			outcome was for Patient 102 to have a restaging MRI	
17			scan. It showed confined prostate cancer and he is for	
18			direct referral to Dr. H for radical radiotherapy. For	
19			outpatient review with Mr. O'Brien".	
20				12:26
21			Then it says:	
22				
23			"Was reviewed by Mr. O'Brien in outpatients on 28th	
24			November 2014. No correspondence created from this	
25			appointment. A referral letter from the general	12:26
26			practitioner was received 16th October 2015" - that's	
27			almost a year later - "stating that Patient 102 had not	
28			received any appointments from oncology".	
29				

1			I am picking up on the use of the term "direct	
2			referral" within that. I want to ask you, within your	
3			statement, you deal at paragraph 24.16 with the concept	
4			of inter-Trust transfers?	
5		Α.	Yes.	12:27
6	263	Q.	Maybe if we just bring that up on the screen,	
7			WIT-60901. You explain that:	
8				
9			"If a patient did not have, their first treatment in	
10			the Southern Trust they would have been referred to	12:27
11			another Trust for treatment. This transfer of care	
12			between Trusts is called an inter-Trust transfer. If	
13			it had been decided at an MDM that a patient was	
14			transferred to Belfast and this was their first	
15			definitive treatment, [you] would have generated an	12:27
16			ongoing referral letter via the CaPPS system for that	
17			patient. I then would have got the oncology letter	
18			signed by the chair, and after it had been checked to	
19			ensure the management plan was correct, the oncology	
20			letters had the same governance process which was	12:28
21			followed by the GP letters. The ongoing letter was	
22			emailed directly to the relevant tracker in the Belfast	
23			Trust. My failsafe for this process was to highlight	
24			what patients required ITT to another Trust by a	
25			highlighter pen and wrote that on the patient preview	12:28
26			list", <b>et cetera.</b>	
27				
28			Can you help us with this concept of direct referral?	
29			Is that what you're in essence describing there?	

1		Α.	Yes, because they hadn't received their first	
2			definitive treatment. An inter-Trust transfer is where	
3			they go to another Trust then to receive treatment.	
4	264	Q.	And conscious again that Patient 102 was unlikely to	
5			have been your case because you had moved role.	12:28
6				
7			The incident report which I showed you there, the	
8			essence of it was that it appeared that a direct	
9			referral had been generated in your place in the	
10			Southern Trust but hadn't been received or dealt with	12:29
11			in Belfast, and it took a GP to write in a year later	
12			and raise the alarm. Can you help us to understand	
13			what might have gone wrong there?	
14		Α.	I suppose because I don't know the case exactly but	
15			I suppose one thing that could have went wrong is they	12:29
16			had hormones commenced, their first definitive, then	
17			oncology referral was generated from the Southern	
18			Trust. Therefore, because they have been closed in	
19			Capps, they wouldn't have been tracking that to see	
20			that they had got the referral. It's the only	12:30
21			explanation that I can give.	
22	265	Q.	But again, not knowing the case	
23		Α.	Yes.	
24	266	Q.	and I know we're in a sense speculating, but in	
25			terms of any case going that route, you've outlined the	12:30
26			kind of correspondence that must be generated	
27		Α.	Yep.	
28	267	Q.	at your end, at the Southern end?	
29		۸	Van	

```
If that is not responded to for whatever reason,
 1
    268
         Q.
 2
              Belfast Trust have a computer problem or somebody is
              not doing their job properly or whatever it might be,
 3
              what is the alarm bell in that situation; what is the
 4
 5
              safety net?
                                                                        12:30
              In my time I don't believe there was a safety net
 6
         Α.
 7
              there, but looking back now, there needs to be one, you
 8
              know, to follow up those patients that aren't being
              actively tracked.
                                 But once we have done our -- to me
 9
              it is with the consultant, the patient is the
10
                                                                        12:31
11
              consultant's responsibility. Because oncology
12
              referrals would also have been generated, it just
13
              wouldn't have been say a Capps oncology referral, most
              consultants would have followed that up with an actual
14
              written letter to oncology that maybe contained more
15
                                                                        12:31
16
              information on that referral than the Capps referral.
              Moving from that one to just briefly an area that you
17
    269
         Q.
18
              deal with in your statement. I'll give the Inquiry the
19
              references, WIT-60905 at paragraph 25.2. You've
20
              explained to us there that if a member of staff raised
              a concern with you when you were the Band 5 Cancer
21
22
              Services Coordinator, for example about delay, you
              would commence an investigation?
23
24
              Yes.
         Α.
25
              You'd get a chronology together because you had access
    270
         Q.
                                                                        12:32
              via Capps and other systems to the whole timeline?
26
27
              Yes, that's correct.
         Α.
              And you would try to establish what went on?
28
    271
         Q.
29
         Α.
              Yes.
```

1	272	Q.	Within your statement you cite several examples, two of	
2			which related to Mr. O'Brien's work. If we could	
3			briefly open that. I don't want to delve into the fine	
4			detail of this with you. But if we go to WIT-61045 and	
5			we can see, scrolling down the page, that you and	12:33
6			Mrs. Clayton are speaking about this case, and it	
7			generated a Datix. There is another case that you	
8			referred to, if we go on down several pages, WIT-61049.	
9			This one is described as "possible Datix". This, in	
10			fact, I can tell by the name and the details, relates	12:33
11			to what the Inquiry knows to be Patient 2, who was one	
12			of the patients who was the subject of the SAI in 2020.	
13			He was one of the nine patients and is referred to	
14			within that SAI report as Patient E.	
15				12:34
16			The question I wish to pose to you around how	
17			complaints were addressed or how concerns were	
18			addressed, you were able to formulate Datix or incident	
19			reports?	
20		Α.	Yes.	12:34
21	273	Q.	That was something within your job description and you	
22			were familiar with what was to be done?	
23		Α.	For a Datix, yes, what information was needed, yes.	
24	274	Q.	The trigger for a Datix was if you were concerned that	
25			risk had been caused to a patient, would that be a	12:34
26			trigger?	
27		Α.	Yes.	
28	275	Q.	If that was the case, you might have raised the Datix	
29			or you would refer it to a line manager who might take	

1			some appropriate action?	
2		Α.	That's correct.	
3	276	Q.	You say, and this is the issue I want to address with	
4			you. If we go to WIT-60909, you say that:	
5				12:35
6			"If I or others, while working as a Cancer Tracker MDT	
7			coordinator Band 4 or as Cancer Services Coordinator	
8			Band 5, raised any concerns that were identified as a	
9			serious adverse incident, I do not recall being advised	
10			of the outcome of any investigation if it was logged	12:35
11			onto the Datix".	
12				
13			This, you say, was due to being a Band 4 or Band 5, and	
14			it was your understanding that you did not need to	
15			know.	12:36
16				
17			So that I can fully understand, hopefully I've got this	
18			right, you might have raised a Datix incident report,	
19			we've seen one example already and I think you cite	
20			other examples?	12:36
21		Α.	Yes.	
22	277	Q.	You've raised them because of a concern that clinicians	
23			providing a service to patients which impacts on your	
24			service were maybe - this was the reason for the	
25			investigation - were maybe not doing their job	12:36
26			properly; there had been some issue or concern, perhaps	
27			a delay, leading to an impact or potential impact for	
28			the patient. Is it not important that you should know	
29			how such reports have been dealt with so that you can	

1			learn	
2		Α.	Yes, I would agree.	
3	278	Q.	for the future?	
4		Α.	Yes, I would agree with that. I think it is very	
5			important for that information to be passed down so I	12:37
6			was aware and I could also make my team aware, because	
7			if you don't know what's happened or what's went wrong,	
8			how do you fix it?	
9	279	Q.	You obviously came out of Cancer Services I think in	
10			August 2020?	12:37
11		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
12	280	Q.	You're writing this statement in 2022, I think. Had	
13			the position around this, this shortcoming as you	
14			describe it in not telling you the outcome of Datixes,	
15			had that been mended at that point?	12:37
16		Α.	Not to my knowledge. Not to my knowledge, no.	
17	281	Q.	Do you know if it is still the case, as you describe	
18			here?	
19		Α.	I don't know. I'm not sure.	
20	282	Q.	Finally, could I just ask you about a reflection you've	12:38
21			shared with the Inquiry within your statement. It's at	
22			WIT-60909. At the bottom of the page you're asked:	
23				
24			"Did you have any concerns that governance, clinical	
25			care or issues around risk were not being identified,	12:38
26			addressed and escalated as necessary within urology?"	
27			You say, "No, I did not have any concerns that	
28			governance, clinical care or issues around risk were	
29			not being identified, addressed and escalated as	

necessary while I worked in Cancer Services. I was not aware of any ongoing issues or concerns within urology services. I was aware that referral numbers were on the increase for urology and for all of the tumour sites. I was also aware that there were problems with tracking, and that it was not always possible to be kept up-to-date due to the increase in referrals across the sites, et cetera. These issues were discussed at the local cancer performance and regional cancer operational meetings".

Can it really be the case that you didn't have any concerns about these issues as posed in the question? I mean, take, for example, the failure, as you see it, to even tell you the outcomes of concerns that you raised; 12:40 take, for example, shortcomings in triage; take, for example, the fact that tracking patients stops abruptly at the first definitive treatment; did you, when you reflect upon it?

A. I suppose, when I reflect on it now, the concerns -there was no alarm bells ringing with me within urology
when I was working as urology tracker, to be honest.
Even as a service administrator, yes, there was
problems with delay and triage and capacity but that
was across multiple tumour sites, and them issues were
always raised at meetings or through escalations or
weekly reports or cancer performance meetings or the
regional cancer operational meeting. So, from my point
of view there wasn't much more that I could do to alert

1			that.	
2				
3			I suppose, on reflection with the tracking of patients,	
4			yes, it would be great to be able to track further but	
5			that was something regionally that we weren't doing, so	12:41
6			it was something that we never considered.	
7	283	Q.	Okay. I am going to leave it there with you. Thanks	
8			for your answering my questions. I'm sure the Chair	
9			might want to think about whether they have any	
10			questions for you.	12:41
11			CHAIR: Thank you very much for your evidence,	
12			Ms. Graham. I am going to ask Mr. Hanbury, first of	
13			all. I think he will have some questions for you.	
14				
15			THE WITNESS WAS QUESTIONED BY THE PANEL AS FOLLOWS:	12:41
16				
17			MR. HANBURY: Just a couple of organisational things.	
18			You have been complimentary with Mr. O'Brien for his	
19			preparations for the MDT. What about his colleagues,	
20			because they alternated week on week?	12:41
21		Α.	They did. He would have primarily been the chair when	
22			I was there, and then maybe towards the end or annual	
23			leave or if he was in another meeting, there would have	
24			been cover, I would have prepped the meeting the same	
25			for them. But once I left, I'm not sure, once the	12:41
26			chair had changed, what their prep was like, to be	
27			honest.	
28	284	Q.	But in your time	
29		Α.	In my time, I must say Mr. O'Brien was very detailed,	

1			very structured and dedicated for the patients that	
2			were being discussed.	
3	285	Q.	The other urologists, did they not do it the same way?	
4		Α.	They probably worked maybe slightly different, but they	
5			still would have been very focused on the patients that	12:42
6			were being discussed.	
7	286	Q.	Speaking about results slipping through and sort of	
8			safety nets, was there a mechanism in your time if	
9			unexpected CT results, radiology results or pathology	
10			results unexpectedly came up with a cancer diagnosis,	12:42
11			would come back to the tracker or MDM coordinator? Did	
12			that happen?	
13		Α.	That would have happened. We would have had an alert	
14			from radiology that if there was, say, like an	
15			incidental finding, that they would have emailed that	12:42
16			result or the patients' detail through to the generic	
17			cancer tracker email address that so we could put it on	
18			the CaPPS system then to track from that point moving	
19			forward.	
20	287	Q.	Right. Do you think that was robust, that mechanism?	12:43
21		Α.	It worked. And then consultants would also have	
22			notified us of incidental finds as well. As regards it	
23			being audited or not, no, it probably could have been	
24			tighter. That was our failsafe at the time, that if	
25			there were any worrying results came through, the	12:43
26			Cancer Tracker was the first point of call to get them	
27			onto the CaPPS system so that they were being actively	
28			tracked at that point in time.	
29	288	0.	In your time that did seem to work well?	

```
1
              Yes, that seemed to work well.
         Α.
 2
    289
              we have spoken about oncology but there are quite a lot
         Q.
 3
              of urological conditions that need a specialist
              surgical opinion in contrast to oncology. For example,
 4
 5
              small kidney lumps, and things like penile cancer as
                                                                        12:43
                     In your time again, when that needed to happen,
 6
 7
              did that generate an ITT or inter-Trust transfer
 8
              directly from the MDT, the MDM?
              It wouldn't happen directly. I would have printed off
 9
         Α.
              like a surgical referral or whatever if I was
10
                                                                         12.44
11
              instructed to do so, yes. And I suppose the query is
12
              if there was another first definitive, that could have
13
              been maybe we were going over and above what the role
              of the tracker was, I would have printed off a referral
14
15
              at that point in time for the patient.
                                                                         12:44
16
              Okay. And then to go on from Mr. Wolfe's question,
    290
         Q.
              would you be informed then of whether an appointment
17
18
              was issued?
19
              No, you wouldn't have been.
         Α.
              From the receiving sector?
20
    291
         Q.
              If you weren't tracking yes, no.
21
         Α.
22
              So you wouldn't know that?
    292
         Q.
23
              No.
         Α.
24
    293
              Thank you. We've spoken about the lack of guorum from
         Q.
25
              an oncology point of view. If an oncologist was there,
              for example, and the patient already knew they had,
26
27
              say, prostate cancer.
28
         Α.
              Yes.
```

29

294

Q.

And the oncologist said "That's fine, we need to see

```
them", what would happen then? Would your role be to
 1
 2
              arrange an appointment for the oncologist to move the
              patient?
 3
              I would have generated an oncology referral and then
 4
         Α.
 5
              emailed it to the relevant oncology tracker down in
 6
              Belfast.
 7
              So that was quite a smooth process?
    295
         Q.
 8
         Α.
              Yes.
              when the oncologist was there?
 9
    296
         Q.
              Yes, it would have been.
10
         Α.
11
    297
              So when the oncologist wasn't there?
         Q.
              Maybe more so because you weren't sure what they were
12
         Α.
13
              accepting.
              So it was more dependent I guess on --
14
    298
         Q.
              Yes, on the Consultant.
15
         Α.
16
    299
              A urologist making that?
         Q.
              Yes, making the referral, yes.
17
         Α.
18
    300
              Okay, thank you. We've seen one or two examples of
         Q.
19
              patients with new diagnoses coming back, maybe not
20
              quite as soon as they should, say at a month rather
21
              than I guess a week or two weeks. Was that your role
22
              or you would try to badger for an early appointment?
23
              Oh yes, we would have done.
         Α.
24
              How did that work?
    301
         Q.
              Say you would have linked in with each department or at
25
         Α.
              times we would have went to the consultant directly to
26
              see if they had any --
27
              Later slots?
28
    302
         Q.
```

29

Α.

Later slots or whatever, yeah. And in fairness they

```
did try to accommodate you the best they could to get
 1
 2
              the patient completed on target. The tracker would
              have brought that up at the start of each meeting,
 3
              where they were exactly on their pathway and where the
 4
 5
              focus, you know, the patients that need to be seen
              first.
 6
 7
              MR. HANBURY: Okay, thank you. Yes, that's all I've
 8
              got, thank you very much.
 9
              MS. GRAHAM:
                           Thank you.
              DR. SWART:
                           It must have been quite depressing to look
10
    303
         Q.
11
              at this deterioration in the percentage of patients
12
              getting to sixty two days, I think from my experience
13
              working with tracking teams, that's quite hard for the
                     what was the morale like in the tracking team?
14
              Did you have a lot of turnover of staff?
15
16
              The turnover of staff actually wasn't, you know, the
         Α.
              same staff's still there actually now, they've just
17
18
                      And I would say all the trackers took great
              grown.
19
                      They're thinking behind each number there is a
20
              patient there, and they were doing their best to get
21
              them through their pathway as quickly as they could,
22
              and it did impact on them whenever say perhaps their
              tracking wasn't up to date or the performance went down
23
24
              because it's nothing personal to them. But if it's
              vour site it's hard not to take it.
25
              It's hard isn't it?
26
    304
         Q.
27
         Α.
              Yeah.
              Did you provide any information for the Trust about the
28
    305
         Q.
29
              actual numbers of days, were you given the task for
```

```
2
              with - of letting someone know "I have a list of every
              patient who'd waited say over 104 days"?
 3
              Yes, I would have done it as a cancer service
 4
         Α.
 5
              coordinator every week. I had done a primary PTL list
              of all the patients that were over a day 85, across all
 6
 7
              the specialties I would have provided with an update
 8
              management, where they were in their pathway and that
 9
              was circulated out to all the heads of services and the
              EDs so they knew week on week how many patients were
10
11
              waiting every day.
12
              what did they do with that information?
    306
         Q.
13
              At times we didn't get any feedback because --
         Α.
              So you don't know if harm reviews were done or anything
14
    307
         Q.
15
              like that?
16
              No, because it had become a point in time there was
         Α.
              just no capacity to move them patients off.
17
18
    308
              So it would be for them to act?
         Q.
19
              Yes.
         Α.
20
              I just wondered if you'd got feedback.
    309
         Q.
              Yes, no on a weekly basis we would have -- I would have
21
         Α.
22
              provided that information.
              And again, cancer tracking, a really important part of
23
    310
         Q.
24
              most speciality teams. Did you have the chance to sit
              down with say the urology team and talk about the
25
              different kinds of hormones because one of the issues
26
27
              in this inquiry, I'm sure you've picked up is that all
              hormones are not exactly equal. Were you aware of
28
29
              that?
```

example - I'm just using an example that I'm familiar

1

1		Α.	No, and I think that's a very valid point actually on
2			reflection now, I think maybe a wee bit more learning
3			and education for the trackers so that they're more
4			aware of what is deemed, and the different types of
5			hormones, and also for the consultants maybe to have a
6			better understanding of the role of the tracker and who
7			are we best off tracking. I do think that that would
8			be a big help moving forward.
9	311	Q.	I've tried to look at the cancer rules a few times,
10			they are quite complicated aren't they?
11		Α.	Yeah.
12	212	^	The compan two sking bible mules week

12 312 Q. The cancer tracking bible rules, yeah.

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

- 13 A. The tracking, I suppose guidance is very different to 14 the clinical guidelines, and I do think that would make 15 a big difference moving forward.
- And in that same vein, cancer is evolving all the time, 16 313 Q. the standards are increasing. Did the cancer team as a 17 18 whole, in the Trust I mean, did you have annual days 19 where you got together to share learning and look at 20 where cancer is going and look at quality issues 21 because underneath all of this there's a lot of quality stuff going on. Did you have chance to do that? 22
  - A. We had maybe a few, you know, where all the cancer trackers would have met at different hospitals for maybe shared learning or for say maybe a lung consultant would come up, you know, a respiratory physician would have come on and give maybe a wee bit of education around that, but it wouldn't happen routinely just because of the increased workloads and

Τ			the MDMs.	
2	314	Q.	But you didn't have a pattern of those meetings for the	
3			Trust?	
4		Α.	No, no, on the Trust, no.	
5			DR. SWART: That's all from me, thank you.	
6	315	Q.	MR. HANBURY: We're aware of a few cases where there	
7			seemed to be some delay between the first MD and when	
8			say the abnormal results came back, cancer. And then	
9			staging investigations would happen, and then the	
10			patient would be rediscussed. I was trying to work out	
11			sort of why that would happen, but if the patient for	
12			example had been started on hormones that patient might	
13			have come off your pathway, is that correct?	
14		Α.	That quite possibly is the case on that, or else maybe	
15			we weren't aware of the patient, it was an incidental	12:50
16			finding and we hadn't been notified of that patient.	
17	316	Q.	They have already been through MDM once	
18		Α.	Oh right, they've been through. Yes.	
19	317	Q.	And this is the second interval between one and two?	
20		Α.	Then they would probably have been started on hormones	12:50
21			and then we wouldn't have tracking.	
22	318	Q.	If the patient hadn't started hormones, then you would	
23			have been on that patient to try to	
24		Α.	Yes. To expedite things further, yes.	
25			MR. HANBURY: Lovely. Thank you very much.	12:50
26			CHAIR: You will be very pleased to know I have no	
27			questions. I am not sure my voice would hold up to	
28			questioning anyone today. So thank you very much,	
29			Mrs. Graham. Thank you.	

1				
2			It is now just after 12.50. Start again at two	
3			o'clock, I think the witness is due.	
4			MR. WOLFE KC: Yes. Thank you very much.	
5			CHAIR: And Ms. McMahon is taking the witness through,	12:51
6			actually. Thank you very much	
7				
8			THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED FOR LUNCH AND RESUMED AS FOLLOW	<u>'S:</u>
9				
10			MS. MCMAHON: Chair, members of the Panel, the witness	14:01
11			this afternoon is Kate O'Neill, who is the clinical	
12			nurse specialist within Urology. She is going to take	
13			the oath.	
14				
15			KATE O'NEILL, HAVING BEEN SWORN, WAS EXAMINED BY	14:01
16			MS. McMAHON AS FOLLOWS:	
17				
18			MS. MCMAHON: Hello, Mrs. O'Neill. Thank you for	
19			coming in today to give evidence to the Inquiry. Now	
20			you've already provided some written evidence to the	14:01
21			Inquiry in the form of your statements. I just want to	
22			ask you to look at those to identify them as your	
23			statements, and your signature. We'll call the first	
24			one up. It's at WIT-80896. That's a statement you	
25			made on 20th September 2022?	14:02
26		Α.	That's correct.	
27	319	Q.	And the signature can be found at WIT-80980.	
28		Α.	That's correct.	
29	320	Q.	And is that your signature?	

```
1
         Α.
              It is, yes.
 2
              And you wish to adopt that as your evidence?
    321
         Q.
 3
              Yes. Please.
         Α.
    322
              And you then give us a more recent statement dated
 4
         0.
 5
                         That can be found at WIT-94681.
                                                                         14:02
              dated -- I think it's incorrectly dated as 27th
 6
 7
              September, the date of that is actually 12th May.
 8
              Hopefully that will be confirmed when we look at your
              signature. WIT-94683.
 9
              That's correct.
10
         Α.
                                                                         14 · 03
11
    323
         Q.
              It's actually dated 5th May. Let's get the mistake out
              of the way early perhaps and that will be the last one.
12
13
              Do you wish to adopt that as your evidence as well?
14
         Α.
              I do.
                     Thank you.
15
    324
              You've given very detailed evidence to the Inquiry, and 14:03
         Q.
16
              the Panel have your written evidence to read and all of
              the parties as well have that. The purpose of calling
17
18
              you for evidence today is so that we can focus in on a
19
              few aspects of your evidence so that we can explore
20
              those issues a little bit more.
                                                                         14:03
21
              Yes.
         Α.
22
    325
              And to give you the opportunity to explain some of your
         Q.
              evidence, and also what others have said --
23
24
              Okay. Thank you.
         Α.
25
              -- about the role of the clinical nurse specialist and
    326
         Q.
26
              the key worker.
27
              Yes.
         Α.
              Just to give you a plan of what I hope to cover this
28
    327
         Q.
              afternoon, it will a trot-through, some of these, but
```

29

1			we'll look at the background to Urology Services very	
2			briefly because the Panel have heard quite a bit on	
3			that. Then we will just look at your employment	
4			history and the evolution of your role and	
5			responsibilities. Then we'll look at Urology itself	14:04
6			and some of the staffing issues that you had. Then	
7			your nurse-led activities because I know you've	
8			detailed quite a significant number of clinical areas	
9			that you yourself cover now within Urology as well?	
10		Α.	That's correct.	14:04
11	328	Q.	Then we'll focus on the CNS and the key worker role?	
12		Α.	Okay.	
13	329	Q.	And the MDMs, MDTs, and what Mr. O'Brien said and what	
14			others have said about the clinical nurse specialist	
15			role and the key worker. Of course, we will touch upon	14:04
16			the SIA process and Dr. Hughes' process, because I know	
17			you spoke to him.	
18		Α.	Yes.	
19	330	Q.	You've helpfully put some learning in your Section 21	
20			and I just want to pick out a couple of points around	14:04
21			that.	
22		Α.	That's fine.	
23	331	Q.	This first part will probably be me speaking at you and	
24			you confirming some details, but it is really just to	
25			set the scene for the context of your evidence.	14:04
26				
27			The key focus on the questions, just to give you a	
28			sense of why I am asking certain things, is we need to	
29			look at governance aspects of CNS does and how the	

1			existing processes, or the processes that did exist,	
2			and the procedures and how everyone worked together	
3			either enhanced or prevented good governance. That's	
4			really the focus for this afternoon.	
5				14:05
6			You have been there from the beginning in urology.	
7			There have been quite a number of reports that you have	
8			survived, if I can put it what way. If I run through a	
9			couple of them to show the evolution of Urology	
10			Services. The first one was really the opening of the	14:05
11			modular Thorndale Unit in 2007.	
12		Α.	Yes.	
13	332	Q.	Then there was a regional review of adult urology	
14			services in 2009. Then the Team South Implementation	
15			Plan of 2010 which the Panel have heard quite a bit	14:05
16		Α.	Wbout?	
17	333	Q.	Ultimately then there was the national peer review in	
18			2015. Along the way, there have been external and	
19			internal patient satisfaction surveys?	
20		Α.	That's correct.	14:06
21	334	Q.	Just as a global point, if you would agree with me	
22			perhaps, that all of those reports, recommendations,	
23			learnings, have helped inform the way in which Urology	
24			Services and the clinical nurse specialist role has	
25			moved along over time?	14:06
26		Α.	I agree.	
27	335	Q.	Now, you yourself started as a staff nurse in 1992; is	
28			that right?	
29		Α.	1990. I believe.	

1	336	Q.	1990. And then you became a ward manager in 2000?	
2		Α.	Correct.	
3	337	Q.	To 2005. Then you were a G and H grade, and then a	
4			Band 7 Urology CNS from July 2005 to June 2019?	
5		Α.	Correct.	14:06
6	338	Q.	Then a band 8, 8A Urology CNS from June 2019 to	
7			present?	
8		Α.	Correct.	
9	339	Q.	I've read in your statement there was a bit of a delay	
10			in upgrading you, if I can put it like that?	14:07
11		Α.	There was indeed.	
12	340	Q.	In order to find the funds for the recognition of the	
13			work that you are doing. But you are currently an 8A?	
14		Α.	Yes.	
15	341	Q.	Is that the same grade as your colleague, Jenny	14:07
16			McMahon?	
17		Α.	It is.	
18	342	Q.	Are all CNS grade 8A?	
19		Α.	Not currently, no.	
20	343	Q.	Are they grade 7, some of them still?	14:07
21		Α.	Grade 7s.	
22	344	Q.	Would you and Ms. McMahon be the senior members of the	
23			CNS team?	
24		Α.	Senior in terms of years and experience and also in	
25			terms of the different things that we would lead.	14:07
26	345	Q.	You have said a sentence in your statement and I just	
27			want to ask you a little bit about that, just so the	
28			Panel get a flavour of your workload. You've said the	
29			iob description, which you have attached - we don't	

1			need to go to that - that it did not accurately reflect	
2			the role undertaken on a daily basis. Now, that could	
3			be perhaps said of a lot of jobs but in your case, what	
4			aspects in particular are you referring to?	
5		Α.	So that was really from the appointment to CNS level	14:08
6			from 2005 forward. As we developed and designed the	
7			new unit that became Thorndale, there was no ward	
8			manager in place for the unit. So, as the CNS Jenny	
9			and I had to share ward management responsibilities for	
10			the small team that we had. So, that covered	14:08
11			everything from sick leave to annual leave, to	
12			revalidation, to training needs, to equipment	
13			management, to just the day-to-day running of the	
14			clinics.	
15	346	Q.	The absence of a ward manager I think straddled from	14:08
16			2005 right up to 2021?	
17		Α.	To April 2021, yeah.	
18	347	Q.	All of those other additional duties fell upon you and	
19			Mrs. McMahon?	
20		Α.	They did. We shared those, and I'm not aware of any	14:09
21			other CNS within our own Trust, or indeed meeting them	
22			at regional or national conferences, that were sharing	
23			a similar workload. They didn't appear to have ward	
24			management requirements of them.	
25	348	Q.	I wonder if I can just ask you if your microphone could	14:09
26			be moved slightly closer, just so that you're picked up	
27			okay. Thank you.	
28				
29			You've reflected that in your statement. I'll just	

1			read - we don't need to go to this document - I'll just	
2			read from it. For others it is at WIT-80907 at	
3			paragraph 7.3 and you are referring to this period	
4			between 2005 and 2021.	
5				14:09
6			"During this time I assisted my colleague Jenny McMahon	
7			CNS with the provision of benign nurse-led activity in	
8			a variety of areas throughout the hospital that could	
9			provide us with suitable accommodation. From 2007	
10			onwards in the absence of a ward manager, given my	14:09
11			background in ward management, I undertook many of the	
12			roles that is required of a ward manager and was part	
13			of the core compliment of nursing staff for all	
14			clinical activity. The concern that Jenny McMahon and	
15			I had in relation to the lack of a ward manager and how	14:10
16			it may impact on our development as CNSs was escalated	
17			to the lead nurse Maureen O'Donnell and Martina	
18			Corrigan, Head of Service".	
19		Α.	That's correct.	
20	349	Q.	So, there has been an historical difficulty with	14:10
21			staffing?	
22		Α.	Historical difficulty with staffing in a very small	
23			team. So if one went off sick in a team of nine or 10,	
24			that had a significant impact.	
25	350	Q.	You've also highlighted in your statement at paragraph	14:10
26			7.8 that there was an additional need for specifically	
27			clinical nurse specialists?	
28		Α.	Yes. That need was identified in the regional review	
29			of Urology Services in 2009, where they identified the	

1			requirement for an additional two CNSs on the Craigavon	
2			Area Hospital site.	
3	351	Q.	One of the impacts of that, you've said, is the	
4			inability to progress the development of the additional	
5			nurse-led services, such as the prostate cancer	14:11
6			follow-up?	
7		Α.	Yes. In terms of the speedy of initiating them and	
8			progressing them, that would have been one of the	
9			impacts. The other significant one was the support for	
10			oncology clinics.	14:11
11	352	Q.	So, up until what year was it just you and	
12			Mrs. McMahon?	
13		Α.	Up to for an additional CNS, 2019.	
14	353	Q.	2019?	
15		Α.	10 years after the requirement for two was	14:11
16			acknowledged.	
17	354	Q.	we'll talk a little bit later on about key workers but	
18			a key worker doesn't have to be a CNS?	
19		Α.	Absolutely not, and we would have delegated that	
20			workload. If I was on leave or doing a parallel	14:12
21			clinic, I'd have delegated that workload to the staff	
22			nurse. One in particular in the earlier days, but then	
23			they increase two Band 5s temporarily up to Band 6 in	
24			2015 into '16 to assist with key worker role. However,	
25			they weren't backfilled completely, so that meant they	14:12
26			had their daily activity to complete as well as any	
27			additional that we could ask.	
28	355	Q.	So, tasks were added on rather than delegated	
29			snecifically?	

1		Α.	Yes, they were upgraded. We did get a Band 5, an	
2			additional Band 5 part-time hours at that time. But	
3			because of the turmoil that was going on in the	
4			inpatient ward in relation to high turnover of ward	
5			managers, we were asked if we could take over the	14:12
6			management of the Stone Treatment Centre as well. So,	
7			now we had Thorndale to manage and now Stone Treatment	
8			Centre in its entirety in terms of staffing and	
9			equipment, and all of the running of that.	
10	356	Q.	Now, you'll know one of the issues that the Panel want	14:13
11			to consider is the issue of key worker or clinical	
12			nurse specialist provision for patients who are either	
13			being newly diagnosed or going through a patient	
14			pathway in relation to cancer services?	
15		Α.	Yes.	14:13
16	357	Q.	Just in general terms, or you can be specific if you	
17			have examples, what was the impact on your ability to	
18			provide key workers or clinical nurse specialists for	
19			those clinics, given the state of staffing issues?	
20		Α.	So, my working week would have involved Monday morning,	14:13
21			new clinic. Productivity was the show in town in terms	
22			of meeting cancer targets. Monday afternoon, I was	
23			available for the uro-oncology clinic that Mr. Glackin	
24			would have ran. Tuesday morning, I would have been	
25			involved in prostate biopsies, nurse-led prostate	14:13
26			biopsies. Tuesday afternoon was another new clinic.	
27			Again, these new clinics averaged 20 patients per	
28			session. Wednesday morning was another new clinic,	
29			again performing biopsies and helping with all the	

1			diagnostics. Wednesday afternoon I was available for	
2			Mr O'Donoghue's clinic. Thursday morning could have	
3			been a variety of things; it could have been a locum	
4			consultant doing uro-oncology review and I would have	
5			helped out at that or sometimes there would have been	14:14
6			meetings around lunchtime on a Thursday. Thursday	
7			afternoon was MDT. I worked occasionally in the early	
8			part on a Friday morning a half day, but from about	
9			2015 on it was a four-day week."	
10	358	Q.	So from 2015 you didn't work on Friday at all?	14:14
11		Α.	Very rarely.	
12	359	Q.	Is that the days Mr. O'Brien had his clinic?	
13		Α.	He would have had his uro-oncology clinic on a Friday	
14			morning.	
15	360	Q.	Would there have been another member of staff in your	14:14
16			place on a Friday morning?	
17		Α.	There would have been but continuing with parallel	
18			work, so accessible.	
19	361	Q.	So, in lay person speak, parallel work, the nurse has	
20			her own clinic doing something else but is available if	14:15
21			needed?	
22		Α.	Yes absolutely. That was known and understood, as it	
23			would have been on a Tuesday morning for example, when	
24			I was performing prostate biopsy clinic. Mr. Haynes	
25			tended to have his uro-oncology review clinic on a	14:15
26			Tuesday morning, but the understanding was that we were	
27			accessible. He would have asked patients when he had	
28			finished his encounter with them at that time, he would	
29			have asked them would they remaining to meet their key	

1			worker, and he would have brought the notes down and	
2			set them outside the clinic room where I was performing	
3			biopsies. So, in between patients I would have taken	
4			on key worker activity and then returned to my own role	
5			again.	14:15
6				
7			If I was on leave, a staff nurse would have done that	
8			in my absence. They too would have been assisting	
9			maybe with urodynamics or flexible cystoscopies, so	
10			they were accessible.	14:16
11	362	Q.	If we just try and capture the picture up until 2020 in	
12			the clinic, uro-oncology clinic, whatever consultant	
13			was having that clinic, whatever day of the week it	
14			is - I see they have all got different days - and	
15			working on the availability of a nurse at that time?	14:16
16		Α.	Okay.	
17	363	Q.	Now by 2020, 2019 there were four CNS?	
18		Α.	By 2019 we had	
19	364	Q.	Patricia Thompson?	
20		Α.	No, that was later. Leanne McCourt was appointed in	14:16
21			2019 through support from Macmillan, and then 2020	
22			there was additional appointments with Patricia	
23			Thompson and Jason Young.	
24	365	Q.	You and Mrs McMahon was appointed on 4th July 2005?	
25		Α.	Correct.	14:16
26	366	Q.	Leanne McCourt was appointed on 1st March 2019?	
27		Α.	That's my understanding.	
28	367	Q.	Jason Young was appointed on 31st August 2020?	
29		Α.	Yes.	

Т	368	Q.	then Mrs. Thompson was appointed on 3rd August 2020?	
2		Α.	2020, yes.	
3	369	Q.	So, by 2019 there were three of you and then, by the	
4			end of 2020, there were five?	
5		Α.	There were five. If we bear in mind the training needs	14:17
6			that people have coming into a new post, as well as	
7			Jenny and myself continuing to advance our practice.	
8			Jenny and Leanne undertook nurse prescribing in late, I	
9			think September/October 2019; they commenced that	
10			course. That took a lot of their time. I think it was	14:17
11			like 50% of their working week was committed to the	
12			university for that year. So, whilst on one hand we	
13			got somebody, it dipped on the other side so the net	
14			gain was limited.	
15	370	Q.	Just while you've mentioned the nurse-led activities,	14:17
16			you have that in your statement. You have set that out	
17			- we don't need to go to this, WIT-80930 for note - and	
18			that is something that seems to be very innovative in	
19			Urology Services. There seems to be a very significant	
20			amount of nurse-led activities and concentration on new	14:18
21			skills?	
22		Α.	There is, and that is something we have promoted from	
23			Urology started. We started what I would have called	
24			ground zero when it first began. It was a speciality	
25			we knew nothing about it, but we energised ourselves to	14:18
26			learn and progress, and that's how we got to where we	
27			are. In 2015 they started the one-stop clinics and	
28			that was a new concept as well, where, in an attempt to	
29			shorten the patient's diagnostic pathway, they arrived	

for one appointment, they were assessed by the doctor,	
had their diagnostics, including ultrasound scanning,	
flexible cystoscopy or prostate biopsy as well as flow	
rates and post void residuals and all that kind of	
thing all completed in the one setting. So, by the end	14:19
of their appointment on that day, which may have taken	
a couple of hours, they left with a very clear plan.	
They were either commenced on medication for one reason	
or another; they were added to a theatre waiting list;	
they were put forward for a more diagnostic test such	14:19
as an MRI scan, but many of the clinics picked up new	
cancers and required key worker input on the day, and	
that was always facilitated. The ultrasound team would	
have informed us that they picked up for example, an	
eight centimetre renal tumour, and we would have	14:19
reported that back to the doctor and said the next	
patient due back in to for review for closure of their	
assessment today, we have identified a tumour. We	
would have had the site-specific information for that,	
the surgery information for it. In the interim before	14:20
they would be called back in to the doctor and one of	
us, we would have negotiated with the red flag team	
that we worked very closely with - it was a benefit	
that they were next door to us - but they were	
accommodating in processing people rapidly if they	14:20
required time-specific surgery. They would have seen	
them on the day to progress their pathway.	

That was something that was very advanced regionally.

1			It was recognised within the Trust in terms of their	
2			award for frontline team of the year and overall	
3			winner, but it also attracted visits from the teams	
4			from the other Trusts within the region and from the	
5			Health and Social Care Board.	14:20
6	371	Q.	Is that still the position at the moment?	
7		Α.	It is not where we want it to be, now, it obviously	
8			stopped with Covid. The reset button hasn't come back	
9			to where we want it to be, but it is definitely	
10			something that we would endeavour to have. It's there	14:21
11			in a condensed form at the minute, but we certainly	
12			would want to expand it because at that time, doing	
13			four clinics per week, we were processing up on 80 or	
14			100 new patients per week and we are not at that at the	
15			moment.	14:21
16	372	Q.	When it was that input and output at the time, is it	
17			the case that the advancements in technology and your	
18			ability to provide what sounds like a very significant	
19			wraparound service resulted in perhaps more work on the	
20			other side, where you need more key workers?	14:21
21		Α.	Well, it did. In addition to that, the fact that the	
22			nurses were performing the diagnostics primarily, it	
23			allowed additional patients to be seen at the clinic.	
24			The first few months we amended and adjusted time slots	
25			to make it as productive as possible in terms of	14:21
26			meeting cancer targets.	
27	373	Q.	You said you would have liaised and indicated to the	
28			consultant that the next patient coming in following	
29			those tests is maybe going to get news they aren't	

1			expecting?	
2		Α.	Yes.	
3	374	Q.	And would there be automatically be a key worker go in,	
4			or would the consultant be asked or would they request	
5			it? What way did that work?	14:22
6		Α.	No, we generally gathered up the information that was	
7			required for the patient and we would have went in	
8			shared that information with the consultant, and	
9			collectively we'd brought the patient or relative to	
10			give over that news and determine the pathway forward.	14:22
11	375	Q.	Was that for all consultants?	
12		Α.	That was for all consultants.	
13	376	Q.	For all urologists?	
14		Α.	Yes.	
15	377	Q.	Did you get any pushback in relation to that from any	14:22
16			consultant where they didn't want to use the key worker	
17			in that role?	
18		Α.	No, not at all. I think there was fantastic teamwork	
19			going on at that time in terms of achieving the	
20			productivity, everybody engaged, everybody helped out,	14:22
21			everyone done their best in terms of the numbers that	
22			we seen on a daily basis, I think it was fantastic.	
23	378	Q.	Mr. O'Brien in his statement has made some comments	
24			about the clinical nurse specialist, and I would like	
25			to read those out. If we can go to those at WIT-82488.	14:23
26			Just as a general point, was it your experience with	
27			Mr. O'Brien that he was supportive of the clinical	
28			nurse specialist work?	
29		Α.	Absolutely. I have found O'Brien to be supportive from	

1			Urology started. I was very new at that time into	
2			nursing and this was a brand new speciality, and he	
3			would have encouraged us to undertake training of any	
4			nature. Indeed, when I trained there was no degrees at	
5			that time, so, like a lot of others along with me, we	14:23
6			would have, through self-directed learning at	
7			universities or whatever, completed our nursing degrees	
8			in early 2000 and then progressed to take a	
9			post-graduate diploma in specialist practice. So, I	
10			definitely would have found him very supportive in that	14:23
11			nature.	
12	379	Q.	Before I read the paragraphs, were you involved in the	
13			organisation CURE?	
14		Α.	Yes, for a period of time. When it was first set up, I	
15			was a junior staff nurse at that time so I would have	14:23
16			been involved in, like, ticket sales or helping out at	
17			functions that they would have had. Then for about a	
18			10-year period from 2000 to 2010 approximately, I would	
19			have assisted with secretarial duties and the	
20			coordination of fundraising, usually gala balls and	14:24
21			that type of thing.	
22	380	Q.	Did they organise or invite people to seek funding for	
23			courses that you might have benefitted from?	
24		Α.	That would have been encouraged. It was about research	
25			and education. It was for nurses as well as doctors.	14:24
26			We would have activity encouraged junior staff and	
27			anyone in the team to avail of that. Modules at that	
28			time were probably £200 or £300 each, but if you were	
29			young, married, small children, everybody has their own	

1			challenges, this was an additional way to coax people	
2			to undertake it.	
3	381	Q.	Did you ever apply for funding for any course that you	
4			did?	
5		Α.	Yes, for some of those modules and part of the	14:24
6			post-graduate diploma in specialist practice, and for	
7			any of us attending conferences in the UK.	
8	382	Q.	Did you think CURE was a useful contribution to the	
9			urology development?	
10		Α.	Absolutely, and it certainly supported some of the	14:25
11			middle grade doctors in terms of their research work as	
12			well. So yes, absolutely.	
13	383	Q.	If we just look at Mr. O'Brien's statement at paragraph	
14			248. I just want to read these couple of paragraphs	
15			out.	14:25
16				
17			"Following my appointment in 1992, I was fortunate in	
18			having the hospital fund the purchase of equipment to	
19			undertake urodynamic studies and which was located in a	
20			room off Ward 2 South. A number of Staff Nurses keen	14:25
21			to develop specialist skills became trained and	
22			accredited, experienced and skilled in the total	
23			holistic assessment and management of lower urinary	
24			tract dysfunction in both male and female adults. One	
25			of these nurses, Ms. Jenny McMahon, was appointed a	14:25
26			clinical nurse specialist when the Thorndale Unit was	
27			opened in 2007. She has been an outstandingly	
28			competent CNS. She is one of the most experienced	

2	is an accredited prescriber. She conducts her own lower	
3	urinary tract symptom review clinics. I have always	
4	been supported by her. She has been a pleasure to work	
5	with.	14:26
6		
7	"The Department had the additional benefit of having a	
8	urology cancer CNS since 2007 with the appointment of	
9	Mrs. Kate O'Neill to that post, though she was a loss	
10	to inpatient management as she had been the ward	14:26
11	manager until then. Kate was joined by a second	
12	urology cancer CNS, Ms. Leanne McCourt in or around	
13	2016, '17. Both were based in the Thorndale Unit.	
14	Kate O'Neill has contributed significantly to the	
15	development of urological cancer services since her	14:26
16	appointment in 2007. Since the establishment of the	
17	Urology MDT in 2010, she has attended most MDMs as the	
18	MDT core nurse member. If unable to do so, she ensured	
19	that she was deputised. She was the author of the	
20	section regarding urology cancer CNS involvement in	14:27
21	Cancer Services in the Clinical Management Guidelines,	
22	which I commissioned in preparation for national peer	
23	review in 2015. She became competent in performing,	
24	transrectal ul trasound-gui ded prosthetic bi opsi es	
25	contributing significantly to diagnostic capacity. She	14:27
26	ensure that all patients were reviewed by consultants	
27	following MDM discussion and, as the MDT core nurse	
28	member, she was responsible for ensuring that all newly	
29	diagnosed cancer patients had access to a urology	

her competence by performing flexible cystoscopies and

1

1			cancer CNS for holistic needs assessment, support and	
2			sign posting, et cetera. She was assisted by Leanne	
3			McCourt. It is regrettable that there was no urology	
4			cancer CNS available to patients when attending for	
5			review at clinics at SWAH. Nevertheless, I found both	14:28
6			Kate and Leanne to be supportive of me in my practice".	
7				
8			A couple of things I want to ask you about this. It is	
9			clear that Mr. O'Brien holds you, Mrs. McMahon and	
10			Ms. McCourt in very high esteem?	14:28
11		Α.	That would be impression that we would have at work,	
12			yes.	
13	384	Q.	Would you reciprocate that with him?	
14		Α.	Absolutely. We had an excellent working relationship.	
15	385	Q.	I just want to pass on for the moment the issue around	14:28
16			the allocation of newly-diagnosed patients being the	
17			role of the MDT core nurse manager. Just while this	
18			has come up at this point, he mentions that there was	
19			no CNS available to patients at the outlying clinic at	
20			SWAH?	14:28
21		Α.	Yes.	
22	386	Q.	Can you explain why that was and what impact that had?	
23		Α.	It was definitely resource-based and there was as we	
24			said earlier, the emphasis on productivity in terms of	
25			meeting cancer targets. The agreement with the Head of	14:29
26			Service was that the CNS would not go out to any	
27			satellite clinics. The CNS focus was to be on the	
28			Craigavon site to assist with diagnostic services and	
29			provide key worker activity there. How that was	

1			managed by consultants may have differed. For example,	
2			Mr. Glackin would have had a clinic in South Tyrone	
3			Hospital Dungannon, but he would have appointed	
4			uro-oncology patients to be seen in Craigavon instead	
5			of South Tyrone as he knew there was access to CNS	14:29
6			there.	
7	387	Q.	Was that something Mr. Glackin did as part of his own	
8			practice	
9		Α.	I believe so.	
10	388	Q.	or was there an expectation that that would happen	14:30
11			with others? What was your view?	
12		Α.	I don't recall it ever being formally discussed but I	
13			was conscious that Mr. Glackin had made a decision that	
14			patients who required CNS activity would be seen on the	
15			Craigavon site, unless there was some very particular	14:30
16			reason, transport or otherwise, that they couldn't	
17			attend there.	
18	389	Q.	If they couldn't, were those patients given leaflets	
19			and information about following up?	
20		Α.	I can recall being contacted by Mr. Glackin in relation	14:30
21			to a patient who had difficulty with transport, and he	
22			contacted me at the end of his clinic to ask if	
23			particular information could be forwarded to the	
24			patient. That was posted out with my contact number.	
25	390	Q.	So, the information wasn't available at the actual	14:30
26			clinic in SWAH, it was followed through by Craigavon	
27			follow-up?	
28		Α.	Yes.	
29	391	Q.	And is that still the position today?	

1		Α.	Well, those outreach clinics	
2	392	Q.	Those are gone?	
3		Α.	Those are gone now. The one at South Tyrone doesn't	
4			have oncology patients at it.	
5	393	Q.	It is all in Craigavon?	14:31
6		Α.	Yes.	
7	394	Q.	Just on that point, the leaflets and documentation that	
8			might be helpful to people and their pathway, that's	
9			available in the room, so the consultants	
10		Α.	They are in all of the consultation rooms. The	14:31
11			information leaflets were started in 2007. Once we set	
12			up the unit, the information leaflets were available	
13			from that time forward. We've just added to them as	
14			information changed.	
15	395	Q.	Before we just move on to look in greater detail at the	14:31
16			CNS role, the key worker issue, Jenny McMahon, in her	
17			Section 21 reply, speaks about the difficulty with the	
18			shortage of consultants and the reliance on locum	
19			consultants?	
20		Α.	Yes.	14:31
21	396	Q.	I just wonder if I could read out a couple of extracts	
22			from her statement	
23		Α.	Yes, sure.	
24	397	Q.	and you can see whether you agree with her or not.	
25			For note, this is WIT-81213. She talks about the	14:31
26			overreliance on locum consultants.	
27				
28			"The result of this in my opinion has contributed to a	
29			delay in seeing new patients who had been categorised	

1			as routine, and a backlog in review patients being seen	
2			routinely. I also believe that having consulted	
3			urologists, post vacancies can cause additional	
4			pressure on existing team members and he impact upon	
5			commitments for on call, performing triage in a timely	14:32
6			manner, a necessity to attend most if not all MDT	
7			meetings in order to achieve quoracy".	
8				
9			Is that her experience of that reflecting yours?	
10		Α.	It is not up on the screen for me but it does, it	14:32
11			absolutely does.	
12	398	Q.	I can put it up if you want. Sorry, I thought you said	
13			put it up. If you want me to do that?	
14		Α.	No, that's fine. I would absolutely agree with that.	
15	399	Q.	Does that sound familiar, her concerns around that?	14:32
16		Α.	Absolutely. Because on a working day, we were involved	
17			with every activity from in in the morning to setting	
18			up the rooms; everything to make it as functional as	
19			possible. The high turnover of locum consultants, just	
20			it required from us like introductions frequently, new	14:33
21			consultant, new routine, this is where things are, this	
22			is the people you need to contact for whatever reason.	
23			So, it was like a repetitive introduction over and over	
24			again for new people.	
25	400	Q.	I think the Panel have heard information around the	14:33
26			difficulty in securing consultant urologists. I think	
27			it is not just confined to this area?	
28		Α.	Absolutely not. No, no, it seems to be a regional	
29			issua	

1	401	Q.	Has Mr. O'Brien's post been filled?	
2		Α.	No. We've still vacancies there.	
3	402	Q.	Ronan Carroll, just for the Panel's note, states at	
4			WIT-13106 states that "Mr. O'Brien's post remains	
5			vacant despite being advertised on three occasions".	14:33
6				
7			I just want to move on and ask you questions specific	
8			to key worker aspects. The terminology in the	
9			documents can be a bit confusing, the cancer nurse	
10			specialist, clinical nurse specialist, key worker; they	14:34
11			seem to be used interchangeably. For the purposes of	
12			our discussion, the key worker will be someone who is	
13			specifically allocated to someone in oncology.	
14			Ms. McMahon describes this conflation of terms at	
15			WIT-81230, and we will call this up so you can look at	14:34
16			it this time.	
17				
18			11.2, I'll read it out for you.	
19				
20			"I understand the terms urology nurse specialist,	14:34
21			specialist nurse, and clinical nurse specialist to be	
22			generic titles that can be applied to any clinical	
23			setting. In contrast, the terms cancer nurse	
24			specialist, uro-oncology nurse specialist and	
25			Macmillan cancer clinical nurse specialist are often	14:35
26			used interchangeably and refer to job titles where the	
27			main focus of the role is in cancer care".	
28				
29			Then she says:	

1				
2			"The term key worker is used to describe a function	
3			within the role of a CNS who is a core member of the	
4			cancer multidisciplinary team".	
5		Α.	That's correct.	14:35
6	403	Q.	So, the term "key worker" is a specific role and that's	
7			why it is given that name?	
8		Α.	Yes.	
9	404	Q.	It says what it does. It is a key worker	
10		Α.	Exactly.	14:35
11	405	Q.	for the person who is newly diagnosed or receiving	
12			treatment.	
13				
14			Now, we've seen comments from Mr. O'Brien in the	
15			earlier extract, and I know it is something that you	14:35
16			are aware of, that the expectation in the Trust	
17			documents, and specifically the NDT operational policy	
18			from the Trust, is that there is a requirement that the	
19			core MDT nurse and the clinician appoint a key worker?	
20		Α.	Yes.	14:36
21	406	Q.	Now, the MDT core nurse member, does that refer	
22			specifically to the person who attends the MDT when	
23			that patient is discussed?	
24		Α.	No. The core nurse member is the nurse who is	
25			identified as the lead CNS for MDT. So, they would	14:36
26			have specific roles in that, with that title.	
27	407	Q.	And is that a title that you have?	
28		Α.	Yes.	
29	408	Q.	And what does that involve?	

Т		Α.	For me, that is a high level of knowledge, skills and	
2			experience in relation to the speciality. It means	
3			involvement in service development. It involves	
4			understanding the training needs of the staff within	
5			the unit. It involves making sure the appropriate	14:36
6			information is available for patients. It involves	
7			advocacy for the patient at the MDT setting, speaking	
8			on their behalf. And as they have mentioned and you've	
9			referred to several times, the appointment of key	
10			worker and holistic needs assessment.	14:37
11	409	Q.	How does that work in practice? In that role, how do	
12			you normally allocate the key worker to a patient?	
13		Α.	So, if it is appropriate to say now the operational	
14			policies, I understand, were written at a time when	
15			there was an expectation that new appointments were	14:37
16			imminent. They had been outstanding for a significant	
17			number of years at this stage. So, the biggest	
18			challenges to me were still resourced-based in terms of	
19			identifying a key worker. It could not be done at the	
20			MDT setting because we didn't know when each clinic	14:37
21			review was occurring, so in the same way as a holistic	
22			needs assessment wasn't being done formally, it was	
23			being done informally at that time due to resources.	
24				
25			So, what we managed as a team on daily basis then, was	14:38
26			when the clinic was appointed - as I said, Mr.	
27			Glackin's was on a Monday afternoon - well, then I was	
28			able to be at that clinic or I delegated someone to be	
29			at it. It only became more complicated when there were	

1			parallel clinics going on, and it required the	
2			consultant to come out and get us when they were seeing	
3			patients, yeah.	
4	410	Q.	So, two things from that. The first is that the	
5			allocation of the key worker usually happened on the	14:38
6			day of the clinic depending on	
7		Α.	On the day of the clinic, yes, or a day or two in	
8			advance. We would have looked at the schedule, seen	
9			who all was available, what clinics were taking place	
10			and then allocating somebody to it. It is a very	14:38
11			different framework that we're in now.	
12	411	Q.	That was always the case because you couldn't	
13			anticipate staff who would be on?	
14		Α.	Exactly.	
15	412	Q.	So you waited until closer to the time and said, for	14:39
16			example, Leanne McCourt will be on - I'm just anybody's	
17			name?	
18		Α.	Yes, sure.	
19	413	Q.	She will be on Monday afternoon, Mr. Glackin, she will	
20			be the key worker for his patients?	14:39
21		Α.	Yes, indeed.	
22	414	Q.	All of them for that afternoon, if they hadn't been	
23			allocated someone?	
24		Α.	Exactly.	
25	415	Q.	Perhaps someone coming for the first time would end up	14:39
26			appointed to Ms. McCourt?	
27		Α.	Yes.	
28	416	Q.	Was it ever in your experience the practice that at the	
29			MDT, the clinical lead and you identified the key	

1			worker at that point?	
2		Α.	No, never at any stage. In the operational policy of	
3			2015 and updated again in '16, it actually determines	
4			the inadequacy of CNS services to provide this, of	
5			people to provide this service, and that the lead	14:39
6			clinics, at that time Mr. O'Brien, and I should	
7			continue to engage with the Southern Trust to advocate	
8			the appointments that were outstanding.	
9	417	Q.	So, the recognition was that it was a capacity issue	
10			that didn't allow this to happen?	14:40
11		Α.	Absolutely, yes.	
12	418	Q.	For the Panel's note, the urology cancer MDT	
13			operational policy is at WIT-84545.	
14				
15			You will have seen that Mr. O'Brien makes reference to	14:40
16			the responsibility one of the aspects of the SAIs	
17			that we will ultimately come to was the failure of	
18			certain patients to have key workers. None of the	
19			patients had been allocated a key worker or access to	
20			the CNS?	14:40
21		Α.	Yes.	
22	419	Q.	Now, you'll see that the quote from Mr. O'Brien was	
23			that there was joint responsibility. I think I can	
24			take from your evidence that the policy that the Trust	
25			operated, we can see on the screen in front of us, was	14:41
26			never going to, in fact, be able to be applied	
27		Α.	Absolutely.	
28	420	Q.	the way it was anticipated?	
29		Α.	It was a standard that was set that we couldn't	

Τ			undertake or complete.	
2	421	Q.	And even when it was updated at this point, no one was	
3			adhering to that because it wasn't possible?	
4		Α.	No. And in the evidence that Mr. O'Brien provided, I	
5			think he made reference to the fact that it was a joint	14:41
6			responsibility	
7	422	Q.	Yes.	
8		Α.	from the point of 2017 onwards, when, in fact, the	
9			same joint responsibility was written in earlier	
10			policies.	14:41
11	423	Q.	Preceded that, from that 2017 document. At times,	
12			given that the chairship of the MDT rotated and at	
13			times Mr. O'Brien would have been chair	
14		Α.	Absolutely.	
15	424	Q.	and lead clinician, there might have been times when	14:41
16			it dovetailed into yours and his responsibility?	
17		Α.	Absolutely.	
18	425	Q.	But your evidence to the Panel is that was never the	
19			way it was operated because in reality	
20		Α.	No, no, because we couldn't determine who was available	14:42
21			until closer to the time.	
22	426	Q.	Were you consulted on this policy by the Trust in	
23			advance of it being drafted?	
24		Α.	I would have had engagement with the head of cancer	
25			services, Fiona Reddick, in the lead-up to peer review	14:42
26			in the preparation of the document, yeah.	
27	427	Q.	Did you ever say to anyone, well, we are already in	
28			breach of this because that's not possible?	

29

A. With frequency, and in meeting with Fiona Reddick. I

1			think there is reference to it in notebook evidence	
2			that we provided recently, just key points that we had	
3			concerns about in terms of achieving them, key worker	
4			being one of them, and holistic needs assessment. At	
5			that stage we were even asking can you forward the	14:42
6			documentation that other teams or other specialties	
7			would be using for holistic needs assessment that we	
8			could have a look at. And that was 2015.	
9	428	Q.	You have provided a couple of examples of the way in	
10			which different consultants approached access to the	14:43
11			nurse?	
12		Α.	Yes.	
13	429	Q.	We'll find that at WIT-80968. Now, the starting point	
14			for this is that you never experienced Mr. O'Brien	
15			preventing the assistance of CNS or a key worker?	14:43
16		Α.	That was our understanding. That was my understanding,	
17			that was my experience, yes.	
18	430	Q.	Did you ever speak to Martina Corrigan to the effect	
19			that Mr. O'Brien doesn't allow us access, or it's	
20			difficult, or he is obstructive in any way?	14:43
21		Α.	No. The issues I would have raised with Martina	
22			Corrigan or any of team on a regular basis would have	
23			been more about overrun of clinics or productivity	
24			within clinics. I certainly wasn't aware that anyone	
25			was being prevented from having access to a key worker	14:44
26			in any role, no.	
27	431	Q.	Or not using CNS when available?	
28		Α.	Yes.	
29	432	Q.	Did any of your staff ever come to you and say I've	

1			noticed a pattern, or anything like that?	
2		Α.	No, there was no pattern identified. I guess the	
3			reassurance I have in relation to that is that I still	
4			have key working contact with patients that were seen	
5			as early as MDT starting in 2010/2011, and these were	14:44
6			Mr. O'Brien's patients, and I have key worker contact	
7			for patients as late as 2019.	
8	433	Q.	I just want to read this paragraph.	
9				
10			"I never felt that Mr. O'Brien prevented/obstructed CNS	14:44
11			involvement in his clinic, nor did my colleague Jenny	
12			McMahon or Staff Nurse Dolores Campbell, who would both	
13			have deputised for me on occasions, ever raise this as	
14			an issue. My job plan meant that I was generally	
15			available for uro-oncology clinics with Mr. Glackin,	14:45
16			Mr. O'Donoghue and Mr. Haynes but to a lesser extent	
17			Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Young. This meant that I would see	
18			much fewer patients with Mr. O'Brien and Mr Young".	
19				
20			Can I just stop there and ask, was there any nurse in	14:45
21			particular who would have been allocated the Friday	
22			shift who might have worked with Mr. O'Brien more?	
23		Α.	In the early days probably Staff Nurse Dolores	
24			Campbell, who then acted up into Band 6 for a period of	
25			time, and in later times Leanne McCourt.	14:45
26	434	Q.	And I think Nurse McMahon moved to benign services in	
27			2014?	
28		Α.	Yes.	
29	435	Q.	So that is why she wasn't involved in MDT and she	

1			doesn't have the oncology context that you can bring to	
2			this?	
3		Α.	That's right. Mr. Young, his new patient clinic took	
4			place on a Thursday afternoon when I was at MDT, and	
5			his uro-oncology review was generally on a Friday	14:45
6			afternoon when I wasn't there, but the same nurses	
7			would have been accessible for him and, you know, were	
8			used morning and afternoon on a Friday. That is what I	
9			was told.	
10	436	Q.	In relation to the key worker, if there were people	14:46
11			come back for review appointments or first time	
12			appointments with Mr. O'Brien on a Friday, the nurse	
13			who would have been allocated a key worker on the basis	
14			of the system you have explained would have been Dolores	į
15			Campbell and Leanne McCourt?	14:46
16		Α.	Yes, and could well have been doing parallel activity	
17			at that time.	
18	437	Q.	Then continuing on with this sentence:	
19				
20			"I do recall Mr. O'Brien introducing me to patients to	14:46
21			either plan prostate biopsy for them, engage or	
22			signpost to other services such as palliative care team	
23			or for the provision of information".	
24		Α.	Yes.	
25	438	Q.		14:46
26			"On those occasions I felt that I was able to offer	
27			information support and a contact number. On occasions	
28			would I have received phone calls from patients seeking	
29			clarity regarding their consultation with any of the	

1			consultants. Had I not been present during the	
2			consultation the patient was referring to, I would have	
3			viewed the dictated letter from NIECR for clarity in	
4			relation to their questions, or sought clarity from	
5			their consultant. For many years, I have worked a	14:47
6			four-day week".	
7				
8			I think we have established that?	
9		Α.	Yes.	
10	439	Q.	Okay, I think that's the relevant part of that extract.	14:47
11			There are different ways in which the consultants	
12			access different services. You have mentioned one	
13			incidence of resistance to nurse-led activity in your	
14			statement?	
15		Α.	Yes.	14:47
16	440	Q.	When you talk about prostate biopsy in relation to	
17			Mr. Young?	
18		Α.	Yes.	
19	441	Q.	was that just a little bit of resistance to nurses	
20			taking on that role or was it something else?	14:47
21		Α.	well, possibly. I guess if the majority of your work	
22			had been in Northern Ireland only, you weren't used	
23			with the CNS wraparound service that would have been	
24			more visible in sites throughout England. So, my	
25			feeling for it at that time was it just took Mr. Young	14:48
26			that wee bit longer to engage with it. My way of	
27			assisting that process was to ensure that I audited the	
28			services that I was providing and presented those	
29			audits at either departmental meetings or patient	

1			safety meetings to ensure that my clinical work was	
2			robust and safe. It was a gradual process but we got	
3			there in the end, and referrals into the nurse-led	
4			service began.	
5	442	Q.	The resistance, is it dissipated entirely?	14:48
6		Α.	Oh, it's gone and it didn't delay anybody in any way	
7			because we didn't have a waiting list as such for	
8			prostate biopsy. They were done within a week or two	
9			unless there was some other medical reason that they	
10			couldn't be done in that time. I also had a consultant	14:48
11			radiologist doing a list, so for a period of time I	
12			would have put Mr. Young's patient on to his list and	
13			that meant there was no delay in the pathway for them.	
14	443	Q.	You've mentioned briefly Fiona Reddick as Head of	
15			Cancer Services?	14:49
16		Α.	Yes.	
17	444	Q.	Do you have much of a link or contact with her?	
18		Α.	Very little. It would really only perhaps have been at	
19			the AGM of MDT.	
20	445	Q.	She says in her statement that she highlighted to	14:49
21			Martina Corrigan that urology patients should have a	
22			key worker urology cancer nurse specialist as part of a	
23			key performance indicator. Is that something that you	
24			are familiar with, or is that	
25		Α.	That would have been something I was familiar with but	14:49
26			again, it was always back down to the resources that	
27			hadn't been put in place.	
28	446	Q.	For the note, that statement from Fiona Reddick is	
29			WIT-91020. We don't need to go to it. Paragraph 36.1.	

Т				
2			I may know the answer to this given what you've said	
3			but I'll ask it any way. Was there ever a uniform	
4			approach to the key worker role? By that I mean with	
5			the limited resources that you had to provide that	14:50
6			role, was it ever the case that you triaged, for	
7			example, the clinics as nurses and said, well, these	
8			three people are in for first review and it's not going	
9			to be good news; this person is going to have their	
10			treatment changed and they'll need somebody in in case	14:50
11			they have any questions? Was that possible or was	
12			capacity so pushed that particular approach wasn't	
13		Α.	I think we wouldn't have had the resources to have had	
14			that depth of oversight in terms of who was attending	
15			the clinic. We do now. That's the difference that	14:50
16			additional resources in the last few years have brought	
17			about.	
18	447	Q.	Given that Cancer Services did have some overarching	
19			responsibility but Urology Cancer Services sat slightly	
20			outside that remit and sat independently, was there	14:51
21			ever any communication or conversation between the	
22			various CNSs as regards best practice?	
23		Α.	In terms of key what do you mean? Within our own	
24			team?	
25	448	Q.	Or with other teams as well; how they approached it?	14:51
26		Α.	There was no forums for engagement with other CNSs.	
27			There has recently been established within the Trust a	
28			CNS forum and it's been going possibly for about 18	
29			months, a year or 18 months now, but not at that time.	

1			But in terms of what is required for key workers and	
2			engagement with the consultants for that, I would have	
3			emailed them - and I have provided that in my evidence	
4			- in 2015, to determine the information that we wanted	
5			to bring to that encounter and the records that we	14:51
6			wanted to make in terms of what information was	
7			provided, contact number was given, permanent record of	
8			management. I sent that email again in 2017 as there	
9			was new members in the consultant team at that stage.	
10	449	Q.	So, there wasn't any expectation that the key worker	14:52
11			would be in with the consultant seeing every patient?	
12		Α.	Absolutely not. It wasn't possible. Where it was	
13			possible, it was done. Where it wasn't and we were in	
14			parallel clinics, the nurse on duty on that day would	
15			have told the consultant on his arrival for the clinic	14:52
16			there is no one available for your clinic today,	
17			however, today it's Dolores that will be assisting you	
18			with key worker activity if and when required, or	
19			whoever. We would give them the name.	
20	450	Q.	Do you think you would have been aware had there been a	14:52
21			particular consultant who was not using the key worker?	
22		Α.	I'm pretty sure I'd have been aware of that. We worked	
23			so closely, it was such a small team, a small unit.	
24			The team were open with Jenny and I about raising any	
25			concerns they had, whether it was in relation to	14:53
26			equipment, or middle grade doctors or whatever their	
27			concern was, they would have came to us with them	
28			readily.	
29	451	Q.	I want to bring up the pro forma I think you mentioned.	

1			WIT-81164. I think this is the one in use from the	
2			summer of '21?	
3		Α.	This is post-Covid. Isn't everything now? But this	
4			was used post-Covid. This will allow improved auditing	
5			of key worker activity. One of the main positives from	14:53
6			this pro forma, if you scroll down a bit, is it takes	
7			the information whether the patient wants to have a	
8			holistic needs assessment completed. When this is	
9			forwarded or submitted to the Cancer Support Service,	
10			they initiate that engagement with the patient and set	14:53
11			up the holistic needs appointment. So, we cover two	
12			areas really with that pro forma; we cover what is done	
13			on the day and then we set up the holistic needs	
14			appointment.	
15	452	Q.	Is this completed at post MDT or at first clinic?	14:54
16		Α.	At first clinic.	
17	453	Q.	Is the key worker named on this?	
18		Α.	The key worker is named on it, yes. I think up near	
19			the top. It's on the electronic version. Maybe that	
20			was an earlier one but on the electronic version that	14:54
21			we use, yes, you type in your name.	
22	454	Q.	So does this system operate in a way where you have to	
23			fill it in, it won't let you	
24		Α.	It is minimum data set. If it is not completed, it	
25			won't go.	14:54
26	455	Q.	You can't not allocate a key worker?	
27		Α.	Absolutely not. It is recorded there and that will be	
28			audited, yes.	
29	456	Q.	And the information now goes monthly through for audit	

1			rather than before; I think the position was it was	
2			yearly?	
3		Α.	Indeed. Alongside this, the audit team that is new in	
4			Cancer Services I believe, there is one person there,	
5			so they send us, for example at the beginning of June,	14:55
6			they will send us all of the new cancers in May. It is	
7			on a shared drive so any of the CNSs can go into that	
8			shared drive and complete who the key worker is for	
9			that patient. If there was any omission in it, we	
10			would look into why that was the case.	14:55
11	457	Q.	Now, you are a frequent attender at the MDMs and MDTs?	
12		Α.	Yes.	
13	458	Q.	They were initialled in April 2010 and Mr. Akhtar was	
14			sole chair until March 2012 and then Mr. O'Brien was	
15			sole chair from 2014?	14:55
16		Α.	Yes.	
17	459	Q.	And then it is a rotational chair based on the	
18			urologist of the week rota?	
19		Α.	Yes.	
20	460	Q.	So that was introduced in October 2014. Now, the	14:55
21			National Cancer Peer Review measures has certain	
22			requirements for quoracy at MDM, and one of them is a	
23			clinical nurse specialist key worker and also two	
24			urologists, a radiologist, a pathologist, a Cancer	
25			Tracker and an oncologist?	14:56
26		Α.	That's correct.	
27	461	Q.	Just from the outset, what was your experience of	
28			attendance at the MDM at quoracy?	
29		Α.	In terms of nursing presence at it, it would be highly	

1			unusual for a nurse to not be at that clinic or that	
2			MDT. I was certainly at it on every occasion that I	
3			was working and MDT was happening. In my absence,	
4			someone else would be assigned to go on my behalf.	
5			Unless for sickness or something like that, the	14:56
6			attendance rate for the CNS team or nursing team was	
7			very high. From the outset, there was severe	
8			challenges in relation to radiology and oncology input	
9			in relation to attendance, yeah.	
10	462	Q.	Your role at the MDM, what was that?	14:57
11		Α.	My role at the MDM was being the patient advocate;	
12			bringing information to the team that may not have been	
13			known or shared with them. That might have been in	
14			terms of patient's fitness for particular treatments,	
15			or their inability to engage with the treatment plan at	14:57
16			that particular time. I have given evidence in	
17			relation to examples of that.	
18	463	Q.	What was the culture towards the nurse at the MDM? Did	
19			you have any difficulties with interaction or sharing	
20			ideas or communicating with anyone?	14:57
21		Α.	No, I wouldn't have had any difficulties. I would	
22			profess not to be a great public speaker, so in the	
23			early days I might have been somewhat timid in it or	
24			whatever, but for now, and for many years, I have	
25			brought the patients' information to it. I have	14:57
26			questioned decisions around patients. All of that is	
27			very interactive, and I have found it to be supportive.	
28	464	Q.	The culture there is that you feel an equal part of the	
29			team?	

1		Α.	Absolutely.	
2	465	Q.	I just want to look at the overarching summary of the	
3			SAIs, and that can be found at DOH-00126.	
4			I think it's at the bottom of the page. You're	
5			familiar with this summary document that was shared	14:58
6			with you?	
7		Α.	Yes.	
8	466	Q.	By Dr. Hughes?	
9		Α.	That's correct.	
10	467	Q.	In March 2021?	14:59
11		Α.	Yes.	
12	468	Q.	I just want to read out the extract from the bottom.	
13				
14			"The Review Team regard the absence of specialist nurse	
15			from care to be a clinical risk which was not fully	14:59
16			understood by senior service managers and the	
17			professional Leads. The Review Team have heard	
18			differing reports around the escalation of this issue	
19			but are clear that patients suffered significant	
20			deficit because of non-inclusion of nurses in their	14:59
21			care"?	
22				
23			Next page:	
24				
25			"Statements to Urology Cancer Peer Review in 2017	14:59
26			indicated that all patients had access to a key worker,	
27			Urology cancer nurse specialist. This was not the case	
28			and was known to be so."	
29				

119

1			Just so the Panel is clear in your evidence, you don't	
2			agree with that?	
3		Α.	So, my understanding of that is that on the Craigavon	
4			Area Hospital site all patients had access to a key	
5			worker but not for the satellite clinics. And that was	15:00
6			an issue that was known to senior members of the team.	
7	469	Q.	So, the setup itself didn't facilitate access to a key	
8		•	worker but you're understanding is that the access to	
9			the key worker within the clinics within Craigavon -	
10		Α.	Yes.	15:00
11	470	Q.	- operated properly in your understanding?	
12		Α.	In my understanding if we weren't present we were	
13			definitely accessible. And in terms of reassurance, if	
14			it's appropriate in relation to that, a member of the	
15			nursing team opened, literally opened Thorndale unit in	15:00
16			the morning and a member of the nursing team closed it	
17			in the evening. They didn't leave until the last	
18			patient left because the emergency trolley needed	
19			locked away et cetera, et cetera. So there was access	
20			to a trained member of staff at all times.	15:01
21	471	Q.	Now, the Inquiry have heard from some patients, the	
22			patients experience -	
23		Α.	Yes.	
24	472	Q.	- of individuals and just give you two examples of	
25			that?	15:01
26		Α.	Okay.	
27	473	Q.	I don't need to go to these, just in summary form can	
28			be found for parties at TRA 00243:	
29				

120

1		"The daughter of Patient 1 confirms he had never been	
2		assigned a clinical nurse specialist".	
3			
4		And the daughter of Patient 5 describes a difference	
5		that a CNS made at TRA 01917. And says:	15:01
6			
7		"I wasn't aware of the existence of clinical nurse	
8		specialists or their role or function and how important	
9		it was until it was mentioned at the SAI meeting".	
10			15:01
11		And then I read up on the role and function and	
12		recognised that, you know, I think, you know, people	
13		say "why did you not complain?" If you don't know what	
14		the baseline expectations are in terms of what you're	
15		entitled to, then you don't complain. If we had known	15:02
16		that, if that hadn't been done, we would have followed	
17		that up but that was not indicated to us at any	
18		juncture.	
19			
20		Now there are two experiences of patients. Separate	15:02
21		from that, did you ever receive a call or complaint or	
22		any information that a patient hadn't received either a	
23		followup link with the CNS or a key worker allocation?	
24	Α.	Not in relation to a followup or there was no	
25		escalation from consultants or otherwise in relation to	15:02
26		key worker followup for any patients. It was	
27		distressing for us to hear this information brought to	
28		our attention in 2021. It was a shock to hear it and I	
29		think some of the kind of sentences that were recorded	

1			on that day of things that the nursing team said were	
2			said out of that environment of "how did this happen?	
3			How did this take place?" I read the testimony from	
4			the family of Patient 5 and I think there's nothing	
5			that demonstrates the need for a key worker as clearly	15:03
6			as they can, when they had it with the first diagnosis,	
7			no key worker and I think I met that gentleman and his	
8			daughters in the summer of 2020 with Mr. Haynes when	
9			the second diagnosis occurred and would have had	
10			engagement from that point forward.	15:03
11	474	Q.	So you didn't know any of those patients initially?	
12		Α.	No.	
13	475	Q.	- until the SAI process?	
14		Α.	Yes.	
15	476	Q.	And you agree that there should have been a key worker	15:03
16			allocated?	
17		Α.	Absolutely and I struggled with trying to determine why	
18			that wouldn't be the case. I did note, on looking back	
19			at the evidence, that some of the patients were	
20			admitted through the Emergency Department and that	15:04
21			progressed, you know their diagnosis. We did not have	
22			the resource to check who was on the in-patient ward at	
23			any given time. If patients were admitted through ED	
24			and were diagnosed with a cancer of whatever nature in	
25			relation to Urology, we depended on the consultant or	15:04
26			registrar to let the CNS team know that, so that we	
27			could go up and meet them with their family and bring	
28			information to them. And we have done that on	
29			occasions, we would hope with additional resources and	

1			the way we are planning things now that we can do, you	
2			know, there is more improvements to be made in relation	
3			to that.	
4	477	Q.	The way in which different consultants operate then	
5			involved the nurses being flexible, I suppose, around	15:04
6			when they were available and how they became involved	
7			in the part of the pathway?	
8		Α.	Yes, yes.	
9	478	Q.	You've said in your statement about the different ways	
10			that the consultants interacted with the patient to	15:04
11			give them information about the CNS or the key worker	
12			service?	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	479	Q.	And that can be found at WIT-80962. And I'll just pick	
15			out a couple of examples. You said Mr. Glackin may	15:05
16			have given out the pack with the contact number	
17			himself. Mr. Haynes generally requested that the	
18			patient wait until you were available. Mr. O'Brien may	
19			only have invited you into the room if the patient	
20			required nursing intervention. For example, addressing	15:05
21			change or referral on to another service such as the	
22			community continence team or the palliative team.	
23		Α.	Yes.	
24	480	Q.	So it seems they all had individual approaches to how	
25			they managed their own practice?	15:05
26		Α.	They all had variations in it, that's correct.	
27	481	Q.	You mentioned when you were made aware of the SAIs you	
28			were, I think, you were surprised?	
29		Α.	Absolutely, I think I was astounded is the word I used.	

```
482
              Astounded?
 1
         Q.
 2
              Yeah.
         Α.
              And when you got that report, I know you had a meeting
 3
    483
         Q.
              with Dr. Hughes in February '21, we'll come on to that,
 4
 5
              when you saw the report in March 2021 -
                                                                         15:06
 6
              Yes.
         Α.
 7
              - was that the first time that you saw it altogether?
    484
         Q.
 8
              Absolutely. When we met Dr. Hughes at the end of
         Α.
              February my astonishment came from the background that
 9
              this process had been going on for three or four months 15:06
10
11
              in terms of investigating the SAIs. And on reflection
12
              I would think that after one, if not two, but
13
              definitely if three people were identified as having no
14
              key worker, perhaps there was an opportunity there to
15
              engage with the CNS team or say to the CNS team, "this
                                                                         15:06
16
              is becoming a feature here, is this widespread?
17
              this something you know about? Can you do anything
18
              about this?"
19
20
              So, I was a bit taken aback that we didn't hear
                                                                         15:06
              anything of that until the outcome of the SAIs were
21
22
              ready to be signed off as such.
23
    485
              Just so the Panel is clear about the chronology, you
         Q.
24
              first saw the report and we'll go to the meeting of
25
              that, that you had, you first saw the report in March
                                                                         15:07
              2021?
26
27
              Yes.
         Α.
28
              Prior to that you had been at the MDT meeting -
    486
         Q.
29
         Α.
              Yes.
```

1	487	Q.	- when Dr. Hughes spoke about the findings. And just	
2			for the Panel's note that was the 18th of February	
3			2021?	
4		Α.	Yes, on the 18th of February he spoke to the members of	
5			the MDT.	15:07
6	488	Q.	Let me just get that up so it will help your memory.	
7		Α.	Yes.	
8	489	Q.	WIT-84347?	
9		Α.	Thank you.	
10	490	Q.	Because I just want to ask you something about the	15:07
11			notes, did you see the notes of this at any point?	
12		Α.	There was no minutes circulated from this. A member of	
13			our nursing team asked for these in October or November	
14			of last year and that was the first time that we	
15			actually seen them.	15:08
16	491	Q.	So, there is you'll see the attendance list?	
17		Α.	Yes.	
18	492	Q.	You're on that and Mrs. McMahon is on that, Martina	
19			Corrigan?	
20		Α.	Yep.	15:08
21	493	Q.	Move further down, thank you. You'll see that he sets	
22			out the background -	
23		Α.	Yes.	
24	494	Q.	- to his SAIs. And then at the start of the second	
25			paragraph he says:	15:08
26				
27			"Dr. Hughes explained that the cancer nurse specialist	
28			was excluded from these patients care. Nine patients	
29			didn't have the supporting link leading to a greater	

1			risk of fail-safe measures to ensure pathway is adhered	
2			to. Dr. Hughes said he was not sure why this happened	
3			and he doesn't know if all at MDM were aware. He has	
4			been told Mr. O'Brien didn't refer patients to cancer	
5			nurse specialists".	15:08
6				
7			Is that the first time you had heard that allegation?	
8		Α.	Absolutely.	
9	495	Q.	At the time you heard that, did you think -	
10		Α.	That's not a familiar thing to us, no.	15:09
11	496	Q.	And then the paragraph that we can see on the screen	
12			beginning:	
13				
14			"Dr. Hughes confirmed" just before that:	
15				15:09
16			"Mr. Glackin advised he was chair of Urology MDM, he	
17			took over from Mr. O'Brien. He confirmed nurses were	
18			excluded from Mr. O'Brien's practice".	
19		Α.	Yes.	
20	497	Q.	Was that was that the first time you had heard that	15:09
21			from Mr. Glackin?	
22		Α.	Yes.	
23	498	Q.	And was that your experience?	
24		Α.	That wasn't my experience.	
25	499	Q.	Then:	15:09
26				
27			"Dr. Hughes confirmed he has been speaking to nurses	
28			and will be putting recommendations into the report to	
29			reflect this"?	

```
And we were asking "what nurses?"
 1
         Α.
 2
    500
              Yes, I just want to ask you that because I have looked
         Q.
 3
              for documentation of any meeting with nurses -
 4
         Α.
 5
    501
              - to this point and I just wondered if you could point
         Q.
              us in the direction of any -
 6
 7
              I don't know who the nurses were. I know the clinical
         Α.
 8
              nurse specialist Patricia Thompson had just joined our
              team from South Eastern Trust and she was assisting
 9
              with the SAI inquiry. So there may have been queries
10
                                                                         15:10
              through Patricia but certainly not, he didn't speak to
11
12
              us and when I said I was astounded that they hadn't met
13
              with us, I can recall Martina Corrigan saying "oh there
14
              is a meeting arranged or to be arranged" and when I
15
              look back now we got an invitation to that meeting
                                                                         15:10
16
              close to 6 o'clock the evening after this meeting took
17
              place.
18
              So this was a meeting on the 18th of February 2021?
    502
         Q.
19
         Α.
              Yes.
              6 o'clock in the evening after this meeting you were
20
    503
         Q.
                                                                         15:10
21
              informed that he, Dr. Hughes, was to meet with the
22
              nurses -
23
              The following Monday -
         Α.
24
              The following Monday -
    504
         Q.
              - I think it was.
25
         Α.
                                                                         15:10
              - I think it was the 21st?
26
    505
         Ο.
27
              I think that's right.
         Α.
              Just on the point you've mentioned there, you're clear
28
    506
         Q.
              that he didn't speak to anyone?
29
```

1		Α.	No.	
2	507	Q.	From your team any way?	
3		Α.	No, as I say Patricia was part of our team, she had	
4			only just newly joined us, she was asked to be involved	
5			as in the SAI investigation as she was seen as someone	15:11
6			with no history in the Trust and you know, hadn't	
7			worked with any of the consultants, so she could look	
8			at this with a very open mind.	
9	508	Q.	Just to perhaps reinforce your belief that that's who	
10			Dr. Hughes was speaking about, he provided feed-back to	15:11
11			your feed-back on the findings. I know the CNS put in	
12			a response to the SAI recommendations and we will go to	
13			it in moment -	
14		Α.	Okay.	
15	509	Q.	- but just to close off this particular point about	15:11
16			what he could possibly be referring to when he makes	
17			this statement in front of you?	
18		Α.	Right, okay.	
19	510	Q.	And Mrs. McMahon at TRU 163161, now what has happened	
20			here the nurses have replied and we will look at your	15:12
21			reply shortly?	
22		Α.	Okay.	
23	511	Q.	Dr. Hughes has then marked your reply with what he	
24			thinks is the answer -	
25		Α.	Right, okay.	15:12
26	512	Q.	- to some of the concerns, you won't have seen this?	
27		Α.	Right.	
28	513	Q.	I won't put words in Dr. Hughes mouth but there is a	
29			nossibility that he is talking about Patricia Thompson?	

1		Α.	All right, okay.	
2	514	Q.	So you will this is reply from the nurses. You've	
3			commented specifically on the SAI terms of reference	
4			makes reference to interviews with staff and you've	
5			said:	15:12
6				
7			"Just to clarify that the CNS team have not been	
8			interviewed at any stage throughout the process".	
9		Α.	Okay.	
10	515	Q.	"We were, however, introduced to the Review Team via	15:12
11			zoom meeting on the 22nd of February". And that was	
12			four days after -	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	516	Q.	- I think it was the Thursday and you were all spoken	
15			to on the Monday?	15:13
16		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
17	517	Q.	And then you've mentioned about proof-reading and the	
18			red text here is Dr. Hughes reply?	
19		Α.	Okay.	
20	518	Q.	"Specialist nurses were specifically represented on the	15:13
21			SAI Review Team with ongoing feed-back throughout the	
22			process around details and specifics".	
23		Α.	Okay.	
24	519	Q.	Now I think the only nurse on that team was Patricia	
25			Thompson?	15:13
26		Α.	Correct.	
27	520	Q.	Did Patricia Thompson ever come to you and say "this is	
28			the context or the facts of these SAIs, could I have	
29			some more information as to why there might be no key	

1			worker or why there is an allegation of CNS	
2			involvement?" Did she ever speak to you about these	
3			issues?	
4		Α.	I think I can recall her asking, did we all have a key	
5			worker activity for Mr. O'Brien and we all did. You	15:13
6			know, so whether that was feeding into it or not.	
7	521	Q.	So it was as general as that?	
8		Α.	Yes, I can't remember any very specific questions in	
9			it.	
10	522	Q.	So, for example, there was no situation where she sat	15:14
11			with you and said "Patient X, could you just take me	
12			through, they were there on Friday morning, who was on	
13			duty? Were you fully staffed? Could there be a	
14			capacity issue?" There was no exploration as to any	
15			layers beneath the suggestion that there was either no	15:14
16			use of CNS or no key worker allocated?	
17		Α.	I can't recall anything of that detail.	
18	523	Q.	I just notice the use of plural "nurses", I know you	
19			can't speak on behalf of all of the nurses, specialist	
20			nurses -	15:14
21		Α.	All right.	
22	524	Q.	But you think you would have known if any of your team	
23			would have been approached to comment?	
24		Α.	I believe I would have, yeah.	
25	525	Q.	We don't need to go to this but in his evidence,	15:14
26			members of the Panel, Dr. Hughes states that TRA-01984:	
27				
28			"I should say that we had a clinical nurse specialist	
29			on the Review Team with us as we were going along who	

1			was new to the service and would have imparted into the	
2			i nformati on. "	
3				
4			I wonder if we can just go back to the note from the	
5			go to the meeting with Martina Corrigan, I just notice	15:15
6			the time and I wonder if I am just going to move on if	
7			you would like me to continue on?	
8			CHAIR: Maybe we should take a short break and come	
9			back at 3.30.	
10				15:15
11			THE INQUIRY BRIEFLY ADJOURNED AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS:	
12				
13	526	Q.	MS. MCMAHON: Just before the break we were looking at	
14			some of the interviews with Dr. Hughes and I want to	
15			look at the one that he had with Martina Corrigan, it	15:30
16			is found at WIT-84355. And just the second paragraph,	
17			I am just going to read that out. The date of this is	
18			18th January 2021, this is the month before the MDT one	
19			we just looked at.	
20		Α.	Okay.	15:31
21	527	Q.	"Martina advised that she worked in SHS CT for 11 years	
22			and confirmed that during that time Mr. O'Brien never	
23			recognised the role of the clinical nurse specialists.	
24			She confirmed that he never involved them in his	
25			Oncology clinics. She is aware that some of the	15:31
26			clinical nurse specialists would have asked to be at	
27			the clinics but Mr. O'Brien never included them.	
28			Martina advised that two of the clinical nurse	
29			specialists did report that they did regularly	

1			challenge Mr. O'Brien and asked them if he needed them	
2			to be in the clinic to assist with the followup of	
3			patients. But it got to the stage that staff were	
4			getting worn down by no action and they gave up asking	
5			as they knew that he wouldn't change."	15:32
6				
7			Do you recognise any of those complaints as coming from	
8			you in that paragraph?	
9		Α.	That would not be the experience that I had. I gave	
10			evidence in relation to engagement with Mr. O'Brien Uro	15:32
11			Oncology patients from 2010 onward from MDT started.	
12			And in those first three years when we were in the	
13			original Thorndale unit, I had the ability to be	
14			present throughout the consultations with Mr. O'Brien,	
15			Mr. Akhtar and Mr. Young at that time. And if I wasn't	15:32
16			available then someone else was assigned to that clinic	
17			although they would have been doing parallel work, so	
18			they would have been accessible.	
19				
20			When we returned in to the main footprint of the	15:32
21			hospital in the current Thorndale unit, the team	
22			expanded significantly in terms of consultant	
23			urologists, albeit that some of them were rotational	
24			and locums. But the team became so big that I couldn't	
25			be present at all encounters and therefore it was a	15:33
26			present or accessible for some of us at that stage.	
27	528	Q.	But there was always someone there?	
28		Α.	Yes, always someone there, yeah.	
29	529	Q.	Now, we've asked Mrs. Corrigan about those comments in	

1			a most recent Section 21 and the relevant parts of her	
2			reply are at WIT-94939. I just want to take you	
3			through some of these extracts -	
4		Α.	Yes.	
5	530	Q.	- and will give you the opportunity to comment as I	15:33
6			will do with Mrs. Corrigan -	
7		Α.	Okay.	
8	531	Q.	- when she comes to give evidence?	
9		Α.	Yes, okay.	
10	532	Q.	Paragraph 1.1, so you'll see we've asked her to look at	15:33
11			that interview and taken extracts from it, including	
12			the extract I have read out to you.	
13		Α.	Okay.	
14	533	Q.	And asked her to explain the origin of her belief or	
15			her source of information that she based that on.	15:34
16		Α.	Yes.	
17	534	Q.	If we go down to 1.1. And she said:	
18				
19			"When I began my tenure as Head of Service in September	
20			2009, there were two clinical nurse specialists in	15:34
21			post, Kate O'Neill and Jenny McMahon. I would	
22			regularly have been in the Thorndale unit as often as	
23			once or twice a week in the early years of my tenure,	
24			2009 to 2015 and at least once per month from 2016 to	
25			2019. The reduction in frequency was due to my	15:34
26			workloads, when would I have called down to speak with	
27			either the CNS, the consultants or other staff.	
28			It was my impression that Mr. O'Brien didn't recognise	
29			the potential value of having a nurse with him at	

1			clinics generally. I do not recall all the factors	
2			which led me to forming this impression of Mr. O'Brien	
3			but I believed it was influenced by things like the	
4			following. When the two clinical nurse specialists	
5			attended meetings and made suggestions about the	15:35
6			services, examples could have been changing appointment	
7			slots for the clinics, so that there were not too many	
8			people in the waiting room, equipment suggestions,	
9			suggestions regarding training for the other nurses in	
LO			the unit and so on. Mr. O'Brien, whilst he would have	15:35
L1			listened, never got involved in these conversations or	
L2			showed any interest in taking forward their suggestions	
L3			and I therefore personally felt that he didn't value	
L4			the role that they held. This was not an impression	
L5			formed I believe as a result of a single meeting but	15:35
L6			one that developed over time between approximately 2009	
L7			and 2015. "	
L8				
L9			Now, Mrs. Corrigan will be asked about her impression -	
20		Α.	Yes.	15:35
21	535	Q.	- when she gives evidence but do you have any comment	
22			to make on that paragraph?	
23		Α.	My impression would be that Mr. O'Brien engaged with	
24			the two CNS's as it were at that time on a regular	
25			basis. Involved us in many of his activities,	15:35
26			supported us in learning, in achieving additional	
27			skills. Jenny and I, bearing in mind the ward	
28			management part of our role that we had to do, you know	
9			things were coming up very frequently. We did not	

1			attend operational meetings at that stage, that only	
2			came later in the last few years. So when we got any	
3			opportunity to go to a meeting and raise an issue that	
4			we had, we generally were well rehearsed before we	
5			went. We usually went with the problem and a choice of	15:36
6			two or three solutions and it was, "what do you think	
7			best will work?" So as opposed to going and asking	
8			for, you know, what they could bring to the table to us	
9			we provided solutions a lot of the time.	
10				15:36
11			So maybe from that respect, maybe there was an	
12			interpretation Mr. O'Brien didn't engage so much but on	
13			a daily working basis that was not my experience.	
14	536	Q.	We just move up again, ask you about the statement that	
15			Mr. O'Brien never involved them in his Oncology	15:37
16			clinics?	
17		Α.	Yes.	
18	537	Q.	She says:	
19				
20			"The CNS team expanded in about 2014 with two temporary	15:37
21			Band 6's being appointed, Janice Holloway and Dolores	
22			Campbell. Kate and Jenny had plans and suggestions for	
23			these two new appointments including having additional	
24			staff to support all clinics. It was during	
25			conversations with both CNS, Kate and Jenny, that they	15:37
26			would have mentioned that this was for all the	
27			consultants although not as much for Mr. O'Brien as he	
28			rarely had a nurse in attendance at his clinics".	
29		Α.	Again that's not familiar to me and my experience	

1			Janice and Dolores stepped up, I think it was January	
2			2015 to the end of 2016 that they were in position.	
3			And as I said earlier today, they still had to continue	
4			with the normal day-to-day running functioning of	
5			clinics as they weren't fully backfilled. So they	15:37
6			definitely assisted us. It didn't have the impact that	
7			we thought it would have had because they weren't	
8			backfilled so much.	
9				
10			In relation to the conversations, that's not familiar	15:38
11			to me, the regular and repetitive conversations that we	
12			would have had would have been in relation to overrun	
13			of the clinics and productivity and that kind of thing.	
14			And where she may have said somewhere I think you said	
15			we were worn down, we might have been worn down about	15:38
16			those sort of factors but not in relation to this, this	
17			was not something that was in our vision, no.	
18	538	Q.	And just move up to paragraph 1.4:	
19				
20			"I should emphasise in this regard that I do not ever	15:38
21			recall during any of my conversations with nurses in	
22			the unit on this broad issue, any specific mention of	
23			Oncology clinics or their cancer key worker role when	
24			they were mentioning Mr. O'Brien's none use of nurses.	
25			It was usually couched in much more general terms".	15:38
26				
27			And then she goes on to refer to handwritten notes,	
28			which I will just read out, we have the handwritten	
29			notes of the minutes.	

1		Α.	Okay.	
2	539	Q.	"I also note in this regard that the handwritten note	
3			of the 18th January 2021 meeting records me saying that	
4			Mr. O'Brien never involved them in clinics with no	
5			specific reference to Oncology. In this regard the	15:39
6			handwritten note better reflects what I believe I said	
7			at the 18th January 2021 meeting, during which I would	
8			have referenced my knowledge regarding Mr. O'Brien's	
9			approach generally rather than in respect of any	
10			specific cancer or key worker role".	15:39
11				
12			Then she states when the handwritten notes were	
13			provided to her on the 11th of May, just this year when	
14			the Inquiry received them. And she says at paragraph	
15			1.5 by way of explanation:	15:39
16				
17			"Of course I now reflect and accept that had I thought	
18			about the matter in more detail I would likely have	
19			realised that this approach by Mr. O'Brien might have	
20			included the nurse's cancer key worker roles. However,	15:40
21			I believe I was perhaps less conscious or less cited as	
22			to this aspect of their work for a number of reasons	
23			including, I believe, because I did not attend MDT	
24			meetings and because of cancer as opposed to acute	
25			services role in respect of these".	15:40
26				
27			So what Mrs. Corrigan seems to be saying there, if she	
28			her belief that Mr. O'Brien didn't involve nurses in	
29			his clinics, she should have realised it would have	

1			included those cancer key worker roles.	
2		Α.	Yes.	
3	540	Q.	If she had realised that but your evidence to the	
4			inquiry is there was no issue around that as far as you	
5			knew?	15:40
6		Α.	As far as I knew and it was never escalated to me from	
7			any of the team that he was excluding them from their	
8			role as key worker. It should be noted that the Uro	
9			Oncology Review Clinic that was held on a Friday	
10			morning by Mr. O'Brien didn't necessarily or was rarely	15:41
11			filled with Uro Oncology patients, there might have	
12			been Uro Oncology MDT patient first, it might have been	
13			followed by a complex patient that he was dealing with	
14			that you know he wants to organise surgery for. Then	
15			he would have seen a Uro-dynamic patient that had just	15:41
16			finished their procedure with Jenny, then flipped back	
17			to an MDT patient. So, that was the reason that	
18			parallel activity continued alongside it and he could	
19			come to us as needed and would have knocked on the	
20			door, put his head in and said "Kate, I am going to see	15:41
21			this gentleman now and do you want to join me?" And I	
22			would I have done that.	
23				
24			All consultants work at different rates and in	
25			different patterns. For Uro Oncology review, in my	15:41
26			experience the norm for any of the consultants may have	
27			been between 15 to 20 minutes or thereabouts for a	
28			review. It was common knowledge that Mr. O'Brien's	
29			appointments were much longer than that. His	

1			appointments or his clinic were adjusted to accommodate	
2			that through the Head of Service. So his clinics were	
3			reduced from 12 to 10 and further to eight. And in	
4			latter years the eight, it would have took a	
5			considerable amount of the day to complete the eight,	15:42
6			it wouldn't have been completed in a morning.	
7	541	Q.	If we look at paragraph 1.6 the question that has been	
8			asked of Ms. Corrigan:	
9				
10			"Please identify to whom you are referring when you say	15:42
11			some of the clinical nurse specialists would have asked	
12			to be at clinics but Mr. O'Brien never included them.	
13			Detailing, how, when and in what circumstances you came	
14			to be told or made aware of this information?"	
15				15:42
16			And she says:	
17				
18			"The nurses I am referring to are Kate O'Neill, Jenny	
19			McMahon and laterally Leanne McCourt and Jason Young.	
20			I can confirm that I have no evidence of dates and	15:42
21			times but I believe this would have been mentioned to	
22			me occasionally during casual conversations about	
23			various aspects of the running of the unit if I had,	
24			for example, just called in to see how things were with	
25			them and the staff".	15:43
26				
27				
28			Do you recall telling Mrs. Corrigan that would you have	
29			asked to be at clinics but Mr. O'Brien never included	

1			you?	
2		Α.	No and nor do I recall any of the other members of the	
3			team bringing that to my attention either. If Martina	
4			came down into Thorndale on a Friday morning, for	
5			example, the patient that Mr. O'Brien could have been	15:43
6			seeing have been non-Uro Oncology at that particular	
7			time and whether that was an interpretation that we	
8			weren't involved or not, I am not sure but it wasn't	
9			something that was obvious to us.	
10	542	Q.	So we put another extract to Mrs. Corrigan:	15:43
11				
12			"Dr. Hughes asked if anyone expressed concerns about	
13			excluding nurses from the clinics and Martina advised	
14			that two of the clinical nurse specialists did report	
15			that they regularly challenge Mr. O'Brien and asked him	15:44
16			if he needed them to be in the clinic to assist with	
17			the followup of the patients. But it got to the stage	
18			were staff were getting worn down by no action and they	
19			gave up asking as they knew that he wouldn't change".	
20				15:44
21			And we have asked her to name the two nurses to whom	
22			she refers. And she says:	
23				
24			"The two nurses were Kate O'Neill and Leanne McCourt".	
25				15:44
26			Before we move on to her further explanation, is that	
27			information	
28		Α.	That's not familiar to me. The things that we would	
29			been escalating to Martina on a regular basis, as I	

1			said earlier, would have been the overrun of clinics	
2			and productivity, that kind of thing, but not that we	
3			are here and ready to provide key worker support. And	
4			at no time was I asked not to come into a room. No.	
5	543	Q.	She points out the word "regularly" in the typed note	15:44
6			is not in the handwritten note. She says:	
7				
8			"I should clarify in this regard that I do not recall	
9			the nurses saying that they regularly challenged	
10			Mr. O'Brien. I note in this regard that this word does	15:45
11			not appear in the relevant part of the handwritten	
12			meeting note".	
13				
14			So the handwritten note doesn't include the word	
15			"regularly" and the typed up note does. This is not	15:45
16			verbatim account of the meeting, obviously the notes,	
17			but she corrects that.	
18				
19			She was asked:	
20				15:45
21			"Please explain the details of how and when they	
22			reported the details you provide in this paragraph. If	
23			not to you to whom did they report and how and when did	
24			you find this information out". She says: "I can	
25			confirm this was never formally reported to me. It was	15:45
26			occasionally but not regularly mentioned to me	
27			conversationally and in passing and in the general	
28			terms referenced in my answer to question 1. As	
29			Dr Hughes is recorded as observing in the notes we	

1		all became habitualised to Mr. O'Brien's practice, and	
2		whilst we all periodically discussed the issue with	
3		each other, I can confirm that to my knowledge there	
4		was nothing formally raised in writing about the	
5		matter. I am therefore unable to provide dates or	15:46
6		further details of these conversations".	
7			
8		We move on to 3.1. This is the extract we gave her.	
9			
10		"Dr. Hughes advised that the clinical nurse specialists	15:46
11		are so important on the patient's journey. Martina	
12		agreed and said that this support for the CNS was vital	
13		both for oncology and for benign conditions and advised	
14		that Mr. O'Brien did include the CNS in urodynamics as	
15		it was the specialist nurse who performed the test.	15:46
16		However, he didn't include the CNS when he was	
17		consulting with the patient after the test".	
18			
19		She has been asked about the source of that statement.	
20		She says at paragraph 3.1:	15:47
21			
22		"I believe the source of this information was from	
23		conversations that I would have had with Jenny McMahon	
24		who did the urodynamics tests between 2014 and 2019".	
25			15:47
26		We have asked Ms. McMahon to reply to that. Do you	
27		have any familiarity with that issue?	
28	Α.	Well, I don't do the benign work but it would be	
29		familiar to me insofar as would I have helped out with	

1			urodynamics if there was times at short notice somebody	
2			became sick or that type of thing. Rather than cancel a	
3			list, I would have helped out if I could. So, my	
4			limited understanding of it is that Jenny and an	
5			assistant would have performed the urodynamic studies,	15:47
6			interpreted the results and kind of done a hand-over or	
7			presentation to the consultant in terms of the findings	
8			of that, and the consultant spoke with them afterwards.	
9	544	Q.	If we go to paragraph 4. Then Dr. Hughes has	
10			reiterated:	15:48
11				
12			"At no stage were specialist nurses allowed to share	
13			patient contact with Mr. O'Brien? Martina confirmed	
14			that yes, this was correct. She also confirmed that	
15			all of the other consultants see the benefits of using	15:48
16			a CNS and that they include them in all of their	
17			clinics".	
18				
19			Again, she is asked for the source of this. She states	
20			at 4.1.	15:48
21				
22			"I can confirm that I was aware from general	
23			conversations with CNS Kate and Leanne that they would	
24			have occasionally mentioned in passing that most of the	
25			consultants used a nurse at their clinics and this	15:48
26			could have been any of the other Band 5s in the unit,	
27			Kate McCreesh, Dolores Campbell or Janice Holloway, if	
28			Kate and Leanne were not available, but that this was	
29			not the case for Mr. O'Brien's clinics. To be clear, I	

1			did not base this statement upon a review or audit of	
2			the files of patients of Mr. O'Brien".	
3				
4			I think that you have already provided evidence that	
5			that	15:49
6		Α.	Yes. I think if this would have been brought to my	
7			attention, this would have been so standout that I	
8			would have been having a meeting with the team, saying	
9			"what's going on", "give me examples of this", and "how	
10			can we address this". So, it's not something that was	15:49
11			familiar to me.	
12	545	Q.	Just down to 4.3. Then she says about four lines down:	
13				
14			"I believe that I believe this statement on a number of	
15			grounds first from speaking occasionally with the other	15:49
16			consultants, Mr. Haynes, Mr. Glackin and	
17			Mr. O' Donoghue, who would each have endorsed the value	
18			of having a CNS or nurse with them at clinic. Second,	
19			from the fact that nurses were not making comments to	
20			me in respect of the other consultants as they had in	15:49
21			respect of Mr. O'Brien about non-use of nurses and	
22			clinical nurse specialists".	
23				
24			And you have no knowledge of that again	
25		Α.	No, no.	15:49
26	546	Q.	just to confirm. Lastly 5.2. Then we ask	
27			Mrs. Corrigan:	
28				
29			"Given your statements above to Dr. Hughes which you	

1	made in January 2021, please explain the following	
2	paragraph from your Section 21 notice dated 29th April	
3	2022 where you state that you did not become aware of	
4	the issues around key workers until November 2020 and	
5	only as a result of the SAI investigation".	15:50
6		
7	She has considered the apparent conflict in that aspect	
8	of her evidence, and she says:	
9		
10	"I believe upon reflection and upon considering both	15:50
11	the typed and handwritten notes of 18th January 2021,	
12	that both paragraphs are inaccurate and require	
13	revision as follows." She states: "I became", and	
14	she has added "specifically and acutely aware that	
15	Mr. O'Brien did not permit the clinical nurse	15:51
16	specialist to provide support as key worker to his	
17	oncology patients. I only became", and she has added,	
18	"specifically and acutely aware of this from	
19	approximately autumn 2020 from the investigations into	
20	the most recent SAI patients".	15:51
21		
22	Then she has added:	
23		
24	"I believe that this cancer key worker issue was never	
25	raised with me as a specific concern, and as the	15:51
26	oncology multidisciplinary meetings are part of the	
27	head of Oncology Services remit, I was never involved	
28	in these".	
29		

1			Then she has added this sentence:	
2				
3			"However, as mentioned in my response to Section 21	
4			notice 7 of 2023 at question 1, the broad issue of	
5			Mr. O'Brien's non-use of nurses and clinical nurse	15:51
6			specialists was mentioned to me a number of times by	
7			nurses in the years prior to 2020 and I ought, upon	
8			reflection, to have appreciated the potential cancer	
9			key worker issue as a result".	
10				15:52
11		Α.	Yes. So in relation to that, between 2010, when MDTs	
12			started, right through to the appointments were finally	
13			in place in 2020, '19 or '20, the need for additional	
14			CNSs to perform the role of key worker and holistic	
15			needs were discussed at meetings with the Head of	15:52
16			Service and the lead nurse on a repetitive and	
17			exhaustive manner. It was on the agenda every	
18			opportunity we got to talk to them, in the same way as	
19			it was when we had opportunities in planning for peer	
20			review with the lead nurse for Cancer Services. We	15:53
21			couldn't achieve those standards set out in the	
22			operational policy without additional resources.	
23	547	Q.	Could I just ask you at this juncture if Mrs. Corrigan	
24			or anyone else wanted to check if someone had a key	
25			worker, is that marked in a specific prior to the	15:53
26			pro forma that we looked at earlier?	
27		Α.	Yes, yes.	
28	548	Q.	How would I find out if they had a key worker or not?	
29		Α.	Probably only from well, from about 2015 onward from	

1			peer review, at that stage we would have completed an	
2			A4 page stating the information that we provided to the	
3			patient, the key worker name, and that they were	
4			provided with a contact number. We would have put that	
5			inside the patient's notes, so it would have required	15:53
6			going to the patient's notes to see it. There was no	
7			audit process in place to allow you to do that more	
8			formally.	
9				
10			After peer review and with engagement with Mary	15:53
11			Haughey, who was like service improvement for Cancer	
12			Services, we started to meet up. She was a new	
13			appointment and we started to meet up from 2016 onward	
14			in terms of how to improve things in the condensed	
15			resources that we had. One of those items was the	15:54
16			permanent record of management. So we audited that.	
17			It was another A4 page that we audited in the autumn	
18			into winter of 2016. The findings that of were	
19			presented to the MDT team in March of 2017, and	
20			agreement from that point forward that this should be	15:54
21			completed at every key worker encounter. Again, it	
22			would have meant looking at the patients note so it was	
23			gong to be a time resource.	
24	549	Q.	So, was it a printed off pro forma sheet	
25		Α.	Yes.	15:54
26	550	Q.	saying you'd ticked the box?	
27		Α.	Yes.	
28	551	Q.	Signed by the key worker?	
29		Α.	Mhm-mhm.	

1	552	Q.	So it would be in the medical notes, not the nursing	
2			notes?	
3		Α.	The patient got a copy.	
4	553	Q.	Was there any record in the nursing notes of a key	
5			worker being allocated?	15:55
6		Α.	No. If we were meeting a consultant with the patient,	
7			the consultant done all the scribing as such in the	
8			medical notes. There was no nursing notes at that	
9			encounter.	
10	554	Q.	If the key worker had been allocated but not used by	15:55
11			the consultant and the consultant had hand-over	
12			leaflets, they could tick this form as well, could	
13			they?	
14		Α.	They could. I wasn't in the room so I can't ensure	
15			that they did. I gave examples in my evidence that	15:55
16			Mr. Glackin, for example, if he seen us busy with	
17			biopsies or whatever, he would have came to you at the	
18			end of clinic I seen this gentlemen, I provided the	
19			information but I couldn't determine whether he filled	
20			out that page.	15:55
21	555	Q.	So, would someone then have gone and done that after	
22			that or it wouldn't possibly have been done?	
23		Α.	Possibly not.	
24	556	Q.	But the patient had received the information?	
25		Α.	The patient had received the information, yes.	15:55
26	557	Q.	I just want to go to the meeting that Dr. Hughes had	
27			with Ronan Carroll at WIT-84342. This is on the same	
28			day as the meeting with Martina Corrigan.	
29		Α.	Yes.	

1	558	Q.	I'll just read from that second paragraph.	
2				
3			"DH, Dr. Hughes, "described the issues regarding the	
4			lack of specialist nurses for AOB's patients and the	
5			impact that this had on the patients and family when	15:56
6			trying to access services. He advised that AOB's use	
7			of ADT was highlighted by the oncologist in Belfast	
8			Trust who wrote to AOB to highlight issues, but this	
9			wasn't escalated further".	
10				15:56
11			DH in the form of a question asked, "How did AOB	
12			practise this way?" And Ronan Carroll said,	
13				
14			"Believed everyone had excuses for AOB. The consensus	
15			was that he was a very strong personality who could be	15:57
16			spiteful and even vindictive. Many of the CNS were	
17			afraid of him but Ronan Carroll was unaware that the	
18			CNS were excluded from seeing AOB's patients".	
19				
20			We asked Mr Carroll again about the source of this	15:57
21			information. If we go to WIT-94962, the most recent	
22			response from Mr Carroll to that statement. You will	
23			see that there is a statement put to him and he is	
24			asked the following questions, where the source of the	
25			information is. He says - and he is referring with the	15:57
26			meeting with Dr. Hughes -	
27				
28			"I believe in the meeting I was attempting to describe	
29			to Dr. Hughes my experience of Mr. O'Brien and how	

difficult it had been over many years to deal with him as a difficult colleague in a robust and consistent manner. While I am unable to provide specific evidence to substantiate the comment that many of the CNS were afraid of him, it was my opinion and view that staff may have become influenced by his unique style which could be overbearing and somewhat intimidatory".

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

Were you afraid of Mr. O'Brien?

us for the information and left.

I read this from the information that was provided 15:58 Α. I did provide information in my own evidence that visibility, accessibility and engagement with the nursing management structure above lead nurse was limited. My engagement with Mr. Carroll was extremely I can tell you the dates -- not the dates but 15:59 limited. the two occurrences that I had any engagement with him. One was when he walked down into the unit, came into the office, there was only Jenny and myself there, it was during the time that we were looking at the re-banding. He didn't take a seat, he stood in the 15:59 office, at the office door and asked us to clarify one or two issues in relation to that re-banding, thanked

24

25

26

27

28

29

The next time that he came to the unit that I was aware 15:59 of was when Covid was hitting, to tell the team what the plans would be. Therefore, I believe that he had no understanding of our working relationship with Mr. O'Brien because he never asked for it and he never

Т			withessed it. So, I think that assumption was made.	
2	559	Q.	Let's go down to paragraph 1.5. I'll give you a full	
3			opportunity to comment.	
4				
5			"In addition at the time of the meeting with Dr. Hughes	16:00
6			I would have been aware of the 4 action plan issues	
7			identified at the end of 2016 and the start of 2017. I	
8			was engaged in the monitoring of this action plan and	
9			had been interviewed by Dr. Chada in 2017 and was aware	
10			of the more recent issues identified by Mr. Haynes in	16:00
11			June 2020 which precipitated the Trust undertaking a	
12			lookback exercise. My awareness of the CNS not	
13			undertaking the key worker role was as a result of the	
14			SAI review chaired by Dr. Hughes. There had to be a	
15			reason why the senior CNSs, Ms. McMahon and	16:00
16			Ms. O'Neill had not advised their lead nurse to whom	
17			they reported that they were not permitted to undertake	
18			their key worker role for patients tracked and	
19			discussed at the Urology MDT, which I suggested may	
20			have been fear on their part. I believe in the meeting	16:00
21			I was attempting to describe to Dr. Hughes my	
22			experience of Mr. O'Brien and how difficult it had been	
23			over many years to deal with him in a robust and	
24			consistent manner. I considered that the staff	
25			appeared to have come to passively accept AOB's	16:01
26			behavi our".	
27				
28			What Mr. Carroll is stating there is in seeking to	
29			understand why you didn't report the issue, he	

1			considers that it might have been based on fear. Your	
2			evidence would seem to be that you didn't report the	
3			issue because there wasn't an issue?	
4		Α.	To me, there was no fear. In relation to Mr. Carroll	
5			says he was aware of the four action plan issues et	16:01
6			cetera et cetera, we never had any awareness of	
7			investigations going on in relation to Mr. O'Brien, not	
8			when there was a team of two and not when there was a	
9			team of five. None of the investigative processes that	
10			were happening in the background were brought to our	16:02
11			attention at any time, either by management or by	
12			Mr. O'Brien himself, so we had no awareness of what was	
13			going on in the background. We worked as a team	
14			collectively. Mr. Carroll's interactions with	
15			Mr. O'Brien were at a management level that we would	16:02
16			not have been privy to, so perhaps theirs was	
17			confrontational but ours certainly wasn't.	
18	560	Q.	Just go to paragraph 1.7 finally on that. He is been	
19			asked to name those who fall into the category of being	
20			afraid and how he knows that information. He says:	16:02
21				
22			"While none of the CNS named in response to the	
23			question 1A above directly informed me that they were	
24			afraid of Mr. O'Brien to cause me to take further	
25			actions when Mr. O'Brien was employed as a consultant	16:02
26			urologist, my comments relayed to Dr. Hughes were based	
27			on my general perception of Mr. O'Brien's manner. He	
28			was imperious and had a propensity to instill anxiety	
29			and/or fear within the urology team. Supporting this	

1			perception, Mr. Haynes, a fellow consultant urologist	
2			giving evidence to the Urology Services Inquiry	
3			referred to Mr. O'Brien as "a challenge to challenge"	
4			and this is a view I also share".	
5				16:03
6			Is the description in that paragraph a view you share	
7			of Mr. O'Brien?	
8		Α.	No, and again I look at that as two people who were	
9			working in management role with him. So, perhaps those	
10			encounters were more difficult than what we witnessed	16:03
11			on a daily basis.	
12	561	Q.	I just want to briefly go to the meeting notes of the	
13			meeting with the CNSs and Dr. Hughes. I am not sure we	
14			have the correct page number but we'll find it from	
15			WIT-84355. If we move on down through the pages in	16:03
16			chronological order. It is WIT-84357 and this is the	
17			meeting on 22nd February 2021, and this was a meeting	
18			that preceded the MDT meeting. Dr. Hughes; Patricia	
19			Kingsnorth is present; Roisin Farrell; Patricia	
20			Thompson, who was on the SAI review time; Martina	16:04
21			Corrigan; Kate O'Neill; Leanne McCourt; Jenny McMahon	
22			and Jason Young, I presume that is?	
23		Α.	Yes.	
24	562	Q.	You recall this meeting with Dr. Hughes?	
25		Α.	I do, yes.	16:05
26	563	Q.		
27				
28			"Patricia Kingsnorth thanked all for attending. She	
29			explained she tried to arrange the meeting in January	

1			but it had to be cancelled due to Covid. She advised	
2			the meeting that the CNS care was not brought into	
3			questi on".	
4				
5			I think that is a theme throughout, that there is no	16:05
6			issue with any of the CNS at all?	
7		Α.	I think my interpretation is if you are not engaged	
8			with the patient or introduced to them, we didn't get	
9			the opportunity to offer the care that we could have.	
10			That's the most regrettable thing of this.	16:05
11	564	Q.	We see Dr. Hughes is giving information about some of	
12			the families. Dr. Hughes advised that another family	
13			had a They talk about some of the	
14			patients, talk about the issues. He says just near the	
15			bottom of the screen, "all should have input from nurse	16:06
16			specialists.	
17				
18			At this point you hadn't any knowledge of any detail of	
19			the SAIs?	
20		Α.	That's correct.	16:06
21	565	Q.	Then after setting out the background, he asks you to	
22			speak. You set out the background to the staff	
23			allocation. Then you set out the staffing issues	
24			again. Was this the first time you had been asked	
25			about capacity in relation to availability of any	16:06
26			staff?	
27		Α.	Yes.	
28	566	Q.	The bottom line there:	
29				

1			"Dr. Hughes advised that these were first review	
2			patients. He advised they weren't given phone numbers.	
3			He needs to know if Mr. O'Brien had an issue working	
4			with nurse specialists or was it a deficit".	
5				16:07
6			Then we have a comment from Leanne McCourt, and we can	
7			ask her about that tomorrow. Jenny McMahon has also	
8			made comments and she has a further Section 21 to	
9			explain those. You've said in the latter part of that	
10			paragraph of the page:	16:07
11				
12			"Kate O'Neill advised the period during 2019	
13			Mr. O'Brien only seen reviews. She asked Martina	
14			Corrigan if this was decided". "Do you recall what that	
15			was about?	16:07
16		Α.	I think I was asking was that agreement. I can recall	
17			Mr. O'Brien saying words to the effect as he was moving	
18			towards retirement, he felt obliged to review patients	
19			who had been on a substantial lengthy waiting list for	
20			inpatient procedures, I guess to see if they were well	16:07
21			enough to proceed, if they still wanted the surgery, if	
22			they had it done elsewhere; all of those features.	
23			During that period, he would not have undertaken new	
24			patient clinics. So, the amount of key worker	
25			involvement that we would have had with his patients	16:08
26			had dipped in that period. I think that is what I was	
27			highlighting at that stage, was that something had been	
28			agreed with management or otherwise.	
29	567	Q.	So, you had actually said at this meeting:	

1				
2			"Kate O'Neill advised if there was no nurse available,	
3			other staff was available to assist".	
4		Α.	Absolutely.	
5	568	Q.	Was that in the context of you being told there was	16:08
6			nobody allocated?	
7		Α.	Yes, and trying to determine how that could have came	
8			about.	
9	569	Q.		
10			"Dr. Hughes advised there are nine patients in the	16:08
11			review and they were not referred to nurse specialists	
12			and three have died. He advised families were not	
13			aware of nurse specialists. He feels nurse specialists	
14			should have been embedded".	
15				16:08
16			Then you have said:	
17				
18			"Kate O'Neill advised at MDT that nurse specialists	
19			should have been advised if available. She advised	
20			there was an audit done from March 2019 to March 2020.	16:09
21			88% was given nurse specialist contacts".	
22				
23			That was across all consultants?	
24		Α.	That was across all consultants, and that's why I have	
25			attempted to determine where the patients came from and	16:09
26			that's where I picked up some came in through the	
27			Emergency Department.	
28	570	Q.	Then Dr. Hughes asked Kate if she would send the	
29			information to him. Did you send that on?	

1		Α.	I believe I did, yeah.	
2	571	Q.		
3			"He advised he wants to be able to say resources were	
4			available but patients were not referred. He feels	
5			this is a patient's choice whether or not to avail of	16:09
6			the support of nurse specialists".	
7				
8			You've said your input on this.	
9				
10			"Kate O'Neill gave an example of contact from a	16:09
11			patient. She was never questioned when she added to	
12			MDM".	
13				
14			Further down: "Kate O'Neill asked if the SAI is to be	
15			closed at the end of the week will be inclusive of	16:10
16			Mr. O'Brien's response".	
17			Why did you feel the need to ask about Mr. O'Brien's	
18			response at that point?	
19		Α.	I suppose we were still in a state of shock and	
20			annoyance as to where the SAIs had came to. I was	16:10
21			conscious, as I'd said the previous week, that we	
22			hadn't been involved up to that point, and I was just	
23			asking the question has Mr. O'Brien been involved and	
24			had an opportunity to engage or provide a response, as	
25			I felt we hadn't been previously. So, it was nothing	16:10
26			more than that.	
27	572	Q.	Now, you haven't seen this minute or this not verbatim	
28			note of the meeting until the Inquiry?	
29		Α.	Not until the autumn or winter of last year. I suppose	

1			I didn't really know the processes of SAIs, you know,	
2			where they brought it to and who all was involved. It	
3			was a query, it was a question.	
4	573	Q.	You've said again:	
5				16:11
6			"Kate O'Neill advised it would be nice to work in an	
7			environment doing one job at a time. Reflected	
8			workload".	
9				
10			I think you have given us details of that?	16:11
11		Α.	Indeed.	
12	574	Q.		
13			"Kate O'Neill advised is to do what needs done on the	
14			day. If theatres need covered, their day would	
15			change".	16:11
16			What is that a reference to?	
17		Α.	That's just a reference to clinical activity. So, you	
18			would get the schedule for the week, you would appoint	
19			the staff to the clinical activity that was planned and	
20			then out of the blue somewhere a theatre space would	16:11
21			become available, a session for a Thursday morning or	
22			whatever, and somebody would drop their clinic to go to	
23			theatre because that was seen as the priority.	
24	575	Q.	So, at the end Dr. Hughes advised:	
25				16:11
26			"There is no criticism of nurse specialist. The issues	
27			are with the person not referring patients which is	
28			best practice. He advised this review has highlighted	
29			the importance of nurse specialists. These issues are	

1			not of nurse specialists doing".	
2				
3			You asked if this was be reflected in the report and	
4			both he and Patricia Kingsnorth said yes.	
5		Α.	Yes.	16:12
6	576	Q.	That was the end of the meeting. The other people	
7			quoted in the meeting will be asked their reflections	
8			on that.	
9		Α.	Sure.	
10	577	Q.	In order to finish that little bit of evidence, you	16:12
11			then and your team replied to the SAI recommendations	
12			that were ultimately made	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	578	Q.	in a draft report. The Panel will find that at	
15			TRU-163161 to 163166. You will recall that I showed a	16:12
16			document earlier and I just want to go back to it	
17			briefly at TRU-163161. This is the Dr. Hughes comments	
18			back to	
19		Α.	Yes.	
20	579	Q.	the CNS reply. You will see that you've said that	16:13
21			none of the CNS team were interviewed at any stage	
22			throughout the process. You set out the guidelines for	
23			all patients being assigned a key worker?	
24		Α.	Yes.	
25	580	Q.	You will see on one of the findings in relation to	16:13
26			feedback from Dr. Hughes, he has taken on board one of	
27			the findings of the guidelines that were set out, so	
28			he is going to reflect that?	
29		Δ	Okav	

1	581	Q.	So, there was a bit of toing and froing, I think,	
2			about the word "failsafe"?	
3		Α.	Yes.	
4	582	Q.	I want to give you the opportunity on that. Dr. Hughes	
5			was questioned about it, and Dr. Gilbert. I think,	16:14
6			just so we understand what you are saying if the Panel	
7			have any recommendations in that regard. Just so I can	
8			remind you, Dr. Hughes had appeared to indicate in his	
9			evidence that the failsafe issue was the nurse in some	
10			way being involved in the tracking of tests and reviews	16:14
11			and such like. But Dr. Gilbert had a slightly	
12			different angle in his evidence. We don't need to go	
13			over this but, for the Panel's note, it is TRA-01168,	
14			lines 23 and 24, where he says:	
15				16:14
16			"The purpose of the cancer nurse isn't the failsafe or	
17			a safety net, it is continuity".	
18				
19			Would you agree with that?	
20		Α.	I would agree it is continuity, yes.	16:14
21	583	Q.	There was a bit of pushback on this. Was there a	
22			concern that maybe there would be a responsibility	
23			placed on the nurse that simply wasn't possible?	
24		Α.	It wasn't a concern. If we had resources to do it, it	
25			wouldn't have been a concern. However, there could not	16:15
26			have been, and there was not in the operational policy,	
27			any indication that the nurse specialist or key worker	
28			would be responsible for the follow-on of ensuring that	
29			onward referrals took place, that results were signed	

1			off or that type of thing. I think I have provided the	
2			evidence in relation to the final year that I worked on	
3			my own as a urology nurse specialist, 2016, in terms of	
4			the numbers that came through the service at that time.	
5			I only asked for this in the last six months to try to	16:15
6			clarify for myself where we were at that time. If I	
7			can recall them correctly, in 2016 there were 444 new	
8			urological diagnoses and one CNS. The comparison I	
9			asked for was with the breast team, and there was 274	
10			diagnoses and 2.8 CNS. So, we were struggling. That	16:16
11			was a difficult year.	
12	584	Q.	Just before I go on to learnings, just to finish off,	
13			the Panel has heard some evidence that the separate or	
14			not necessarily distinct but sometimes perhaps	
15			unhelpful lines of management with operational clinical	16:16
16			can perhaps be a block to good governance. It seems in	
17			your statement that you found the separation of roles	
18			was positive for you, and I'll just read from your	
19			statement?	
20		Α.	Yes.	16:16
21	585	Q.	WIT-80906. And your line manager had both operational	
22			and clinical responsibility, which allowed you then to	
23			access the best of both worlds?	
24		Α.	Yes. That was it. All three parties, the CNSs, the	
25			lead nurse and the Head of Service could all bring	16:17
26			different skills to those conversations. I found that	
27			beneficial.	
28	586	Q.	The Panel will find that at paragraph 5.4. You said:	

Т			"From 2009 to present the line manager for operational	
2			and clinical activity became separate entities with	
3			formal separation between the Head of Service and the	
4			lead nurse. I did not consider that this separation of	
5			oversight caused any difficulties to my practice or for	16:17
6			patient care and risk management. I considered the	
7			various skill sets that each individual brought to	
8			these encounters to be beneficial and indeed enhanced	
9			discussions. All three participants, the Head of	
10			Service, lead nurse and CNSs, would have worked	16:17
11			together to address issues of patient care and risk	
12			management".	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	587	Q.	Just in relation to improvements, I think you've	
15			peppered your evidence with examples of that. Would	16:18
16			one of the biggest improvements have been increased	
17			capacity since the incidents	
18		Α.	Increased resources?	
19	588	Q.	Yes. Sorry, increased resources.	
20		Α.	Without a doubt, and there is more to be done in	16:18
21			relation to that and there is more appointments	
22			pending. It has transformed my working life. For	
23			sure. Now after MDT, we look at the rota. You are	
24			assigned to the uro-oncology clinic on the morning of	
25			the clinic. We start at 8:00 a.m., so between 8:00 and	16:18
26			9:00 you prep that clinic, you know what's coming; in	
27			fact you usually have all your documents ready, all the	
28			packs are required. The recording of the CNS pro forma	
29			will allow us to audit that service. Again, the input	

1			from the audit team in cancer services on that monthly	
2			database will allow us to check things.	
3				
4			In addition to that, I no longer have to organise the	
5			entirety of the prostate biopsy clinic. We have	16:19
6			support to do that from two consultants' secretaries,	
7			and that has improved things significantly for me.	
8	589	Q.	In relation to other issues around the specific key	
9			worker allocation, you feel the issues that arose, for	
10			example those nine SAIs, is the potential still there	16:19
11			for those issues to arise again?	
12		Α.	I think we have eliminated that significantly. There	
13			is still improvements that I feel could be done and	
14			we'll work towards those. One of those would be more	
15			engagement with the ward-based patients, whether it	16:19
16			could be considered or not going forward if we had	
17			sufficient resources to actually have a CNS on the ward	
18			round. You know, that provides a format for engagement	
19			with the ward staff and patients.	
20	590	Q.	You were involved in the lookback exercise that was	16:20
21			carried out in reviewing?	
22		Α.	Just which part of it now?	
23	591	Q.	At WIT-80977, you are referring to the lookback	
24			exercise in relation to the role of the Cancer Tracker	
25			and the benefits of tracking patients past their first	16:20
26			appointment. Is that improved, in your experience? I	
27			know the Panel heard the Cancer Tracker evidence this	
28			morning, but from your experience is that system in any	
29			way better for you?	

Τ		Α.	I think there is still improvements to be made on it.	
2			I'm not sure if they are still funded to only go to	
3			that point of first definitive treatment. But there	
4			certainly is more engagement in relation to the audit	
5			processes.	16:20
6	592	Q.	Now, you've said, looking back in your statement, that	
7			you didn't think governance arrangements were fit for	
8			purpose, and the findings indicate a disconnect between	
9			Urology MDT and Cancer Services management. Is that	
10			something that you still feel	16:21
11		Α.	I felt from the outset when the Mandeville Unit opened,	
12			you know, where people went for cancer treatment at the	
13			hospital, there was no footprint at all for Urology	
14			within that setting. I found that strange. To me, it	
15			removed the opportunity of meeting people on the	16:21
16			corridor or seeing the door open in an office where you	
17			could put your head in and say 'any progress with, you	
18			know for example, the advertisement for the CNSs, or any	
19			new equipment requirements. We didn't have that. They	
20			were in their corridor and we were in ours and the two	16:21
21			never passed, except there you would have seen these	
22			people at the AGM or MDT. There wasn't engagement all	
23			the time.	
24				
25			We would have worked closely with the cancer trackers and	16:22
26			red flag team. They would have been in and out of the	
27			unit so we would have significant engagement with them.	
28	593	Q.	Is that the situation now; is it still that disconnect?	
29		Α.	There is more to do. I thought about these just	

1			recently. We are as a team improving and striving to	
2			continue to improve. I have no doubt the cancer team	
3			is doing that and others, but we just haven't had the	
4			opportunity yet to come together and say what all has	
5			been achieved thus far, and collectively how much	16:22
6			further can we go.	
7	594	Q.	I have just taken some highlights from your evidence	
8			because it is very detailed. Is there anything else	
9			you would like to add at this point or anything you	
10			would like to say?	16:22
11		Α.	The things that I would add is, strangely enough	
12			despite all of the resource issues, I have enjoyed	
13			working with Urology. I have felt surrounded by people	
14			who are engaged to do the best for the patients.	
15			Despite retiring, I came back for two days for more	16:23
16			punishment. We get up every morning to come in and do	
17			our best. It's highly regrettable that the SAIs	
18			exposed an area where we weren't allowed or included in	
19			patients' care. That was very regrettable and I	
20			apologise to those people and their families for that.	16:23
21	595	Q.	Thank you. I have no further questions but the Panel	
22			may have questions for you.	
23				
24			THE WITNESS WAS QUESTIONED BY THE INQUIRY PANEL AS	
25			FOLLOWS:	16:23
26				
27			CHAIR: Thank you, Ms. McMahon. I am going to hand you	
28			first of all to Mr. Hanbury who I think has some	
29			questions.	

1	596	Q.	MR. HANBURY: Thank you for your impressive evidence.	
2			I have a few clinical questions, which you will find	
3			very easy hopefully. On the subject of MDM quorum	
4			first of all, obviously starting with urologists, what	
5			was your impression of how many were normally there,	16:24
6			because you were the best attender by far?	
7		Α.	For urologists themselves?	
8	597	Q.	Yes.	
9		Α.	The MDT wouldn't have continued unless there was a	
10			minimum of two.	16:24
11	598	Q.	Who were they, normally?	
12		Α.	From a selection but there was more often more than	
13			two. So, Mr. O'Brien, Mr. Haynes, Mr. Glackin,	
14			Mr. Suresh, and all of the locums as they came and	
15			went.	16:24
16	599	Q.	Mr. Young, you sort of took me by surprise when you	
17			said he had a clinic then?	
18		Α.	Yes. Mr. Young stepped back from MDT and was, in	
19			latter years, less involved with cancer work, so more	
20			to do with stones and that kind of thing.	16:24
21	600	Q.	And Mr O'Donoghue similarly?	
22		Α.	Mr O'Donoghue would have been at MDT.	
23	601	Q.	He would have been there?	
24		Α.	Yes.	
25	602	Q.	Then going on then to the sort of quorate, we have had	16:24
26			heard a lot about oncology and how sort of	
27			disappointing that was. It must have been. But what	
28			about radiology particularly; do you want to say	
29			anything more about that?	

1		Α.	No. Radiology was similar to oncology. In the early	
2			years, there was just one radiologist assigned to MDT,	
3			so if he was on leave then that required patients to be	
4			rolled over, as they termed it. To the following week.	
5				16:25
6			Now, there was instances where a patient's it was	
7			time critical that they were moved forward, and we	
8			would have engaged with the Belfast regional team to	
9			seek their assistance in those situations, and they	
10			were very receptive to that.	16:25
11	603	Q.	That was when you logged in on the sort of specialist	
12			part of the	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	604	Q.	Was there ever a time when you felt there was just not	
15			enough people there, sort of you considered really you	16:25
16			couldn't carry on?	
17		Α.	I was very conscious of the frustrations of it all down	
18			through the years. I think it reached a peak at one	
19			stage, and I can't recall what year, it may have been	
20			after Mr. Glackin started to chair it, where there was	16:26
21			a consideration should we actually cease and desist,	
22			you know, until somebody somewhere grasps this and	
23			helps us with it.	
24	605	Q.	Do you think in retrospect maybe you set the bar not	
25			quite right; maybe that word might have provoked a	16:26
26			response?	
27		Α.	If we had ceased and desisted? Maybe it was eight	
28			years later than we thought about it, you know.	
29	606	0.	Just going on to sort of more your role at MDMs.	

1			Obviously one is provided with a list of patients and	
2			how they come through and what have you. Presumably	
3			you keep a record of who you see as a CNS team?	
4		Α.	Yes.	
5	607	Q.	There is theoretically a chance to compare one list	16:26
6			with the other and spot the gap, as it were?	
7		Α.	Absolutely.	
8	608	Q.	Did you do that?	
9		Α.	However, if you were assigned as I was, I was always	
10			if I was there, not on leave, I was available for	16:27
11			Mr. Glackin's clinic, I was available for	
12			Mr. O'Donoghue's, so theirs was always going to be	
13			higher. Mr. Haynes, he would have brought the notes	
14			down and the patients would have waited et cetera. So,	
15			it dwindled down. When Mr. O'Brien ceased doing new	16:27
16			clinics, that reduced the amount of key worker activity	
17			because the same amount of patients weren't coming	
18			through for key worker for him, and I wasn't always	
19			there on a Friday. So I expected to have less for him	
20			but no one raised a concern that they weren't being	16:27
21			seen at all. As I said, I have acted at key worker	
22			points, critical points for patients throughout their	
23			journey; patients that belong to Mr. O'Brien.	
24	609	Q.	I absolutely agree. It is just a question to identify	
25			your 12% or so because we are talking about hopefully	16:27
26			small numbers there?	
27		Α.	Absolutely. Was it audited in that manner, no.	
28	610	Q.	In retrospect that might be a thing to do for the	
29			future maybe?	

1		Α.	The data that we are collecting now will allow you to	
2			do it. We know it is there.	
3	611	Q.	Exactly. Thank you for your evidence on that. On a	
4			similar sort of line, you mention this, it is	
5			understandable you can't produce skills in outreach	16:28
6			clinics as well?	
7		Α.	That's correct.	
8	612	Q.	Was there a move to say get Mr. O'Brien's, or whoever's	
9			patients they were from the regional clinics back for	
10			their first diagnostic appointment to Craigavon. Was	16:28
11			that considered?	
12		Α.	well, I said earlier that I can't recall it being	
13			discussed in any formal setting, but my awareness is	
14			that Mr. Glackin for example, made a decision to return	
15			his patients, uro-oncology patients to Craigavon except	16:28
16			if they couldn't attend for transport reasons or	
17			whatever. It is very different when you're looking at	
18			Enniskillen, it's a long way from Craigavon and	
19			patients would have readily expressed their concerns	
20			for transport issues and getting two or three buses to	16:29
21			attend an appointment, so they might not have been as	
22			keen to return back to our setting.	
23	613	Q.	I accept that, but you could flag up, because you have	
24			access to the addresses	
25		Α.	Yes.	16:29
26	614	Q.	And you could make a special effort to contact them?	
27		Α.	And, you know, with the resource we absolutely could.	
28			Throughout the period of time that Mr. Young and	
29			Mr. O'Brien were attending Enniskillen clinic, Mr.	

1			Young's practice generally would have been to emailed	
2			me and said I've met this gentlemen, he requires	
3			prostate biopsies, would you be able to organise this,	
4			this is his background, and he would have sent that to	
5			you.	16:29
6				
7			Mr. O'Brien practised differently. He would have	
8			phoned you from the clinic if you could take the call.	
9			He would have had the phone on loud speaker, he would	
10			have introduced you virtually to the patient and the	16:29
11			patient and I would have set up the appointment for	
12			prostate biopsy. But that never happened for anyone	
13			that required oncology or key worker input.	
14	615	Q.	Thank you. Just a couple of questions on outpatients.	
15			Mr. O'Brien says that you kindly shared your experience	16:30
16			seeing some of his follow-up clinic patients in	
17			prostate cancer?	
18		Α.	Yes.	
19	616	Q.	Did you ever see any patients on a sort of non-standard	
20			dose of anything as part of your review?	16:30
21		Α.	Not that I picked up that time. There was very little	
22			review clinics being done then because of the resource	
23			issue. It was miniscule of what was happening in terms	
24			of numbers. Again, I had no administrative support to	
25			help out with that. So the numbers were very, very	16:30
26			small and the majority of them were like watchful	
27			waiting, that type of patient; unfit to undergo	
28			treatment.	
29	617	Ο	So nothing untoward ever came across your desk?	

1		Α.	No.	
2	618	Q.	Just last question. There was some discussion about	
3			letters being copied to patients. What's your view of	
4			that, because I was interested to see that you	
5			frequently copied your letters to patients	16:31
6		Α.	Yes.	
7	619	Q.	But that wasn't commonly done?	
8		Α.	Yes. It wasn't a practice that everyone done, in the	
9			same way when you were sitting in with various	
10			consultants at uro-oncology clinics, people work	16:31
11			differently. Some people wrote down the majority of	
12			the consultation; others would have dictated that	
13			immediately after the consultation. So, people	
14			practised differently, but you had to be in the room to	
15			know what the practice was.	16:31
16	620	Q.	I guess that's my point. Do you think it is important	
17			that patients do get a copy of their letter, is a more	
18			direct way of	
19		Α.	They are one of the main members of the team that's	
20			making the decision, they have to be engaged in it.	16:31
21			Any virtual clinics that I am doing, they will get a	
22			copy of that letter.	
23	621	Q.	Thank you. Thank you very much.	
24	622	Q.	DR. SWART: Looking at what you have been doing, you	
25			seem to have had a very broad, very multitasking role	16:32
26			with some pretty impressive things done in an	
27			innovative way.	
28		Α.	I agree.	
29	623	Q.	It is unusual to have a specialist nurse doing so many	

1			different things at once. Where did you get your	
2			inspiration and guidance and challenge from, from a	
3			more senior level. Who was there saying have you	
4			thought of this, have you thought of that?	
5		Α.	Many people. I hope I don't get too emotional saying	16:32
6			this. The most significant was the first ward manager,	
7			the late Eileen O'Hagan. Very inspirational in her	
8			work. We were also supported as well by a member of	
9			staff who I just forget his title, it has gone from	
10			me in this instance. He engaged with urological	16:32
11			education in what was then the University of Ulster,	
12			now Ulster University. We had a lot of contacts there.	
13				
14			At the beginning of Urology, we were a young team, we	
15			were all learning together. It was nearly coerced	16:33
16			amongst each other - "if I go for this, if I try a few	
17			modules, will you do it too", so we helped each other	
18			along with it. We enjoyed our work. The fact the	
19			reason we enjoyed it is because we were surrounded by	
20			people who encouraged us.	16:33
21	624	Q.	What about did you have a senior cancer nurse in the	
22			Trust. I can't see that there was one. I see you have	
23			a lead nurse. Did you have someone who was really	
24			championing the role of cancer nurse specialist,	
25			beating at the door?	16:33
26		Α.	No, not for us. In fact, Jenny and I were doing that	
27			on our own behalf	
28	625	Q.	Yes, I can see that?	
29		Α.	because a lot of the lead nurses that were appointed	

1			at the level above us had no urological experience at	
2			all. And a bit like introducing the new locums, we	
3			felt it was quite repetitive with the appointments of	
4			lead nurses down through the year; hello, this is who I	
5			am, this is what I do, this is our desire to move	16:33
6			forward, this is what we want to expand; how can you	
7			help us with that.	
8	626	Q.	So, I can see a lot of self-direction	
9		Α.	Absolutely.	
10	627	Q.	in the evidence, but was there any Northern Ireland	16:34
11			wide forum where you had a chance to learn from others,	
12			present your work, but also receive a bit of challenge	
13			because we all learn from what, don't we?	
14		Α.	We would have met as a CNS forum for a period of time,	
15			some number of years ago, maybe twice a year. At that	16:34
16			time it would have been supported potentially by a drug	
17			rep. They would have organised it in some central	
18			place, had a light evening tea. It was usually in the	
19			evening time in our own time. Had a light evening tea;	
20			they done a presentation on whatever their aspect of	16:34
21			care or treatment was, and then they left the room to	
22			us for an hour, an hour and a half and we would have	
23			shared our experiences at that time. So, yes.	
24	628	Q.	But was there an annual ability to do that? Cancer	
25			Services Craigavon	16:34
26		Α.	No.	
27	629	Q.	presenting to the region about our challenges with	
28			maintaining peer review standards or whatever?	
29		Α.	No, not with CNSs. The only opportunity that I got to	

1			do that was with the patient and client experience	
2			group.	
3	630	Q.	I wanted to ask you about telephone calls from	
4			patients?	
5		Α.	Yes.	16:35
6	631	Q.	Following on from Mr. Hanbury's question. It has been	
7			clear to us that many patients didn't receive copies of	
8			clinic letters from consultants and so on. Most people	
9			now would do that because it's easier for the patient	
10			really. How much time did you spend answering phone	16:35
11			calls from patients with queries about what was	
12			happening to them?	
13		Α.	So they would have been periodic and they would have	
14			been shared by any of the team; whoever received the	
15			phone call attended to it. It wouldn't have been very	16:35
16			frequent at all.	
17	632	Q.	It wasn't substantial amount of time every day?	
18		Α.	Absolutely not. It escalated massively during Covid	
19			but that was by other factors outside our remit -	
20			access to GP and that type of thing. It excelled	16:35
21			during that time. But not a very frequent thing.	
22	633	Q.	What would happen? Did you have a set of process for	
23			it, did you try and deal with it; what did you do?	
24		Α.	So, for example - and I have provided this in my	
25			evidence - I had a phone call late 2019 from a key	16:36
26			worker patient who was concerned that he hadn't	
27			received an appointment in Belfast for consideration	
28			for radiotherapy. I emailed the consultant's secretary	
29			stating the patient was seen on this date, I think it	

1			was two weeks previous, it is now this date; has this	
2			information been dictated and forwarded on? She came	
3			back to me it hadn't been because the patient was going	
4			to have urodynamics done the following week and they	
5			were combining the two together.	16:36
6	634	Q.	So if the patient rang, you would try and sort it out?	
7		Α.	Absolutely, and that was with the engagement with any	
8			of the consultants where it was necessary.	
9	635	Q.	What about if the secretaries got phone calls; did they	
10			ever ring you saying patients are ringing us and we	16:36
11			don't know what's happening?	
12		Α.	They would have rang us for interpretation of things	
13			maybe, or if, for example, MDT had occurred, we had	
14			seen the patient but the dictation wasn't typed up. At	
15			that time they might have rang us, can you recall what	16:37
16			happened in this instance. Very often they would have	
17			put the patient call through to us after consulting	
18			with us first, or we would have phoned the patient	
19			back.	
20	636	Q.	Just going back to the nine patient SAI. When you were	16:37
21			astounded by that result, did you accept the result?	
22			Did you go back and check if they had been allocated a	
23			key worker and it was a mistake?	
24		Α.	Yes. I accepted the findings because they were the	
25			lived experience of the patients and their relatives so	16:37
26			I didn't contest that.	
27	637	Q.	You didn't say it wasn't right?	
28		Α.	Exactly. I did go back and look. I did have	
29			encounters with three out of the nine but after the	

1			SAIs at a later point in their care pathway.	
2	638	Q.	It wasn't a mistake, is what I am trying to say?	
3		Α.	No, not at all.	
4	639	Q.	Thank you. That is all from me.	
5	640	Q.	CHAIR: Just very briefly. You talk about yourself and	16:38
6			Jenny having being your own advocates in terms of	
7			cancer specialist nurse work. Did you ever team	
8			meetings with the other? I know there were the two of	
9			you for long enough. You were on your own, first of	
10			all, then the two of you for long enough. As a group,	16:38
11			as a small group of people, did you ever have team	
12			meetings and discuss issues and, you know, ever then	
13			have any idea of how things were going with the rest of	
14			your team?	
15		Α.	Do you mean with the consultant team?	16:38
16	641	Q.	Nurses; I am talking about the nursing body. I am	
17			talking about the Urology CNS team and Leanne McCourt	
18			and Jason Young?	
19		Α.	Yes, as they all joined, absolutely, because we wanted	
20			to determine people's interest because I think if	16:38
21			people are doing something they enjoy, they are with	
22			you longer. So, we wanted to determine what their	
23			interests were and then set out a pathway of learning	
24			for them, and education and support.	
25	642	Q.	How often would you have had those meetings?	16:39
26		Α.	We would have had them like informally, chats all of	
27			the time. Formally, probably on a quarterly basis or	
28			thereabouts.	
20	612	^	At those quarterly formal moetings, was those a proper	

1			agenda for things to be discussed? Were they minuted?	
2			How were they conducted?	
3		Α.	How were they conducted? Items for the agenda would	
4			have been brought by any of us. Our concerns were	
5			nearly always similar or shared anyhow. It was always	16:39
6			how would we improve things based on those.	
7	644	Q.	Are those the times when you say that you would have	
8			known if any of the team had any issues with any of the	
9			consultants or if they had any issues about being	
10			excluded, for example, from, as we have heard from	16:39
11			Mr. O'Brien's	
12		Α.	I feel that I would have known before a meeting. If	
13			any of the staff had a concern, they would have readily	
14			have come in with it. Readily have come in.	
15	645	Q.	It was that type of working environment?	16:40
16		Α.	Yes. It was a small tight environment. With ease they	
17			would have came to Jenny or I with issues like that.	
18	646	Q.	You didn't work on a Friday, certainly from 2015, so	
19			you wouldn't have been involved in any of Mr. O'Brien's	
20			Friday clinics after that date?	16:40
21		Α.	Yes, that's correct.	
22	647	Q.	The description you've given us is of how busy you all	
23			were. If it was Mr. O'Brien - and I am speculating	
24			because Mr. O'Brien can speak for himself - but if he	
25			felt that you were all very busy doing other things and	16:40
26			wouldn't have been right to involve you, do you think	
27			that might have been a reason for him not calling on	
28			people?	
29		Α.	I guess that is something that Mr. O'Brien has to	

1			answer. But he knew the team so well that they all	
2			reported engagement with him. Mr. O'Brien's patient	
3			experience would have said to us, you know, he was very	
4			engaging, he gave them great time, he was thorough in	
5			his consultation with them and they appreciated that.	16:41
6			For us, maybe the downside of that was the length of	
7			time that some of those consultations took.	
8	648	Q.	Given what you have said about Mr. O'Brien, and	
9			obviously he held you in high regard, can you	
10			understand why key workers weren't appointed in these	16:41
11			cases that we are looking at?	
12		Α.	I can't determine that because when I forwarded the	
13			information, in 2016 I think, the emails that I gave	
14			in, about what we wanted to do in terms of key worker,	
15			the only consultant to respond was Mr. O'Brien to that	16:41
16			email. He responded saying thank you Kate; words to	
17			the effect of this will assist us in making progress	
18			with key workership, I think he called it on that day.	
19	649	Q.	So you have no reason?	
20		Α.	No reason or explanation as to why it occurred. I	16:42
21			deeply regret that it did.	
22	650	Q.	Okay, thank you very much.	
23		Α.	You're welcome.	
24			CHAIR: It's now longer than I thought, 4.45. Tomorrow	
25			morning then at 10 o'clock.	16:42
26				
27			THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED to 10.00 A.M. ON WEDNESDAY, 17TH	
28			MAY 2023	
29				