

#### **Oral Hearing**

#### Day 11 – Thursday, 17th November 2022

Being heard before: Ms Christine Smith KC (Chair)

**Dr Sonia Swart (Panel Member)** 

Mr Damian Hanbury (Assessor)

Held at: Bradford Court, Belfast

Gwen Malone Stenography Services certify the following to be a verbatim transcript of their stenographic notes in the abovenamed action.

**Gwen Malone Stenography Services** 

1	THE INQUIRY RESUMED ON THURSDAY, 17TH DAY OF	
2	NOVEMBER, 2022 AS FOLLOWS:	
3		
4	CHAIR: Morning, everyone. Mr. Haynes, welcome back.	
5	MR. WOLFE KC: Good morning, Chair, Dr. Swart,	10:06
6	Mr. Hanbury. I understand there is a petition	
7	gathering force and if I couldn't allow for a break at	
8	half eleven the petition will be presented, so we will	
9	break somewhere between twenty past and half eleven, if	
10	that's suitable, Chair.	10:06
11	CHAIR: Certainly suitable to us, yes.	
12	MR WOLFE KC: Just recapping on a couple of pieces from	
13	yesterday, I called out a rogue reference when dealing	
14	with the very important Aidan O'Brien perspective, as I	
15	think I called it. Let me pull up the reference now,	10:07
16	just so that we can do it full justice. It's at	
17	WIT-82597. Just for the record, while that's coming	
18	up, I called yesterday WIT-82957, so that, if you want	
19	to go back to that, anybody, that's where the problem	
20	arose. The point I was dealing with was, I had	10:07
21	reflected, Mr. Haynes' view that there was a demand	
22	capacity mismatch and then I juxtaposed that with	
23	Mr. O'Brien's observations that the issues which arose	
24	in relation to his practice were inextricably linked to	
25	the inadequate system I was working within. So that's	10:08
26	the point fully framed.	
27		
28		

2		AS FOLLOWS:	
3			
4	1 Q.	Moving from that, can I pick up with you, Mr. Haynes,	
5		just a couple of, I suppose, procedural points that	10:08
6		I was dealing with yesterday and, upon reflection, I am	
7		not sure I fully bottomed them out with you. One was	
8		in relation to the Datix. We saw, I think it was in	
9		the context of Patient 102 where you had raised a Datix	
10		in connection with an MDM decision that had not been	10:08
11		implemented concerning Patient 102. Ultimately, as	
12		I think I demonstrated, the processing to stop with	
13		a David Cardwell e-mailing Mrs. Corrigan with the	
14		instruction that she should speak to the Consultant	
15		involved, who we understand to have been Mr. O'Brien.	10:09
16		Just in relation to a Clinician completing a Datix or	
17		an IR1 such as you did here, can you help us by	
18		stepping through what you understand the various parts	
19		of a process, either leading to a decision for an SAI	
20		on the back of the Datix, or not as the case may be.	10:09
21		You fill it in; where does it go?	
22	Α.	My understanding it goes, it's within the Datix system,	
23		so it's a fully electronic system. It's not a piece of	
24		paper passed around. Once the Datix, IR, the Incident	
25		Report form is filled in that's picked up by a member	10:10
26		of the Governance team, and David Cardwell would be	
27		part of that team. There's an initial screen of	
28		Incident Reports, because Incident Reporting system is	
29		used for a whole manner of things. Some of them can	

MR. MARK HAYNES CONTINUED TO BE EXAMINED BY MR. WOLFE

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1			be, say, a slip on a wet floor, that sort of thing, and	
2			some of them can be Clinical concerns.	
3	2	Q.	Yes.	
4		Α.	There's an initial screen that takes place in terms of	
5			the severity and there's an agreed grading system for	10:10
6			severity of potential incidents, but also the type of	
7			incident in terms of where it then goes. For instance,	
8			a ward level incident of a slip on a wet floor would	
9			not come to the Incident Report screening that I'd sit	
10			on as an Associate Medical Director. There's	10:11
11			a screening, if you like, out of those things that are	
12			felt to be part of different bits of, if you like, the	
13			Trust system, and there's a screening based upon the	
14			severity with then brought to the screening are those	
15			that are related to Clinical practice and above I am	10:11
16			going from memory, I think it's above a certain	
17			severity level.	
18	3	Q.	Yes. Sorry, I just lost it in my hearing. If they	
19			percolate up to a level where somebody in the	
20			Governance team thinks they should reach, did you say	10:11
21			a Screening Committee?	
22		Α.	It's a screening it's the team so it's Governance,	
23			member of the governance, the Assistant Director and	
24			the AMDs.	
25	4	Q.	Yes.	10:12
26		Α.	Yes.	
27	5	Q.	Just to be clear, I think you answered it clearly	
28			yesterday, but Patient 102, which variously described	
29			as a failure to issue correspondence but more	

1			generally, a failure to implement an MDM decision to	
2			refer to Radiotherapy, delaying treatment for	
3			approximately 12 months, that should certainly have	
4			made it to the Screening Committee or the Incident	
5			Committee?	10:12
6		Α.	I would have thought so, yeah. It would be my view.	
7	6	Q.	Yes. Again, just a procedural type issue arising out	
8			of that case. You explained yesterday that, to the	
9			best of your understanding, this was a case where the	
10			MDM decision was for referral to Oncology?	10:13
11		Α.	For a direct referral to Oncology which means there	
12			should in that decision, there's a referral that	
13			should be created at the Multidisciplinary Team Meeting	
14			to go to Oncology.	
15	7	Q.	Yes. The question that spins out of that is, there's	10:13
16			various people with jobs to do at MDM, so the	
17			Clinician, the treating Clinician would present the	
18			case at the MDM?	
19		Α.	That's the case in some Multidisciplinary Team	
20			Meetings, it's not the case in Urology. In Urology,	10:13
21			the Chair on the day of the meeting presents all the	
22			cases.	
23	8	Q.	Okay. If the consensus of the MDM is for a referral,	
24			and a direct referral as in this case, who holds the	
25			responsibility to ensure that the form is completed or	10:14
26			the letter is issued to the people who should receive	
27			the referral? In other words, presumably the Cancer	
28			Centre in Belfast?	
29		Α.	The outcome from the MDM is, you typically generate it	

1			live at the time of the MDT, usually by essentially	
2			a live transcription from the Chair and annotated by	
3			the MDM Coordinator. The MDM Chair checks them and	
4			approves them before they are circulated. The direct	
5			referral itself is generated, it's my understanding, by	10:14
6			the MDM Coordinator, and my memory of that SAI is that	
7			MDM direct referral was generated but then there was no	
8			record of it having then subsequently been received and	
9			therefore the patient didn't get an appointment.	
10	9	Q.	Yes. I think we are going to try to get access to	10:15
11			those patient notes and associated notes to work	
12			through that process, but, for present purposes,	
13			I think that's helpful.	
14				
15			We rounded off yesterday by considering the case of	10:15
16			Patient 93, you will recall, which was, not to put too	
17			fine a point on it, a failure of Triage, and we worked	
18			through how you e-mailed through your observations in	
19			relation to that, and they eventually reached	
20			Mr. Young. Before that, chronologically the case of	10:16
21			patient 93 appears to have arisen in or about August	
22			2016. In January of that year, you were doing a clinic	
23			when you saw a Patient 10 just orientate yourself to	
24			her and you raised a Datix or an IR1, which we can	
25			find at PAT, I think it's at three zeros, if not	10:16
26			4 zeros, 51.	
27				
28			Highlight that for me, just the main text.	
29				

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1			We can see, Mr. Haynes, just at the bottom of the	
2			screen, that you are the reporter, 6th January 2016.	
3			This was a case where you were concerned about a number	
4			of issues, it appears. I think, judging by the text,	
5			you were concerned about the quality, or the accuracy	10:18
6			is perhaps a more honest way of putting it, of the	
7			Radiology report in respect of this lady, and you	
8			highlight in the middle of that text that the patient	
9			was referred to the Urology Department on 29th October	
LO			2014 for assessment. Then you go on to say that the	10:18
L1			referral was not Triaged on receipt. Essentially,	
L2			there were two issues that went forward from that	
L3			Incident Report and were considered as an SAI review	
L4			under the charge of, I think, Mr. Glackin; is that	
L5			correct?	10:19
L6		Α.	Yeah.	
L7	10	Q.	Was this the first case that had come across your desk	
L8			or your surgery with a specific problem flowing from	
L9			a failure to conduct Triage?	
20		Α.	I think it was the first time I'd noticed that there	10:19
21			was a failure to Triage and, as it says on the Incident	
22			Report forms, the report is fact rather than opinion,	
23			so I haven't put in any thought there. I do recollect	
24			that clinic, I recollect many of my consultations with	
25			the family. In preparing for the Clinic, I tended to,	10:20
26			before turning up to Clinic, look at the patients I was	
27			due to see, very much in a planning and preparation for	
28			the Clinic. This was a new patient Clinic where we had	
00			the ability to get ultracound scans we could do	

flexible cystoscopies, we could do prostate biopsies
where needed. I tended to before attending the Clinic
put together a quick review of the patients who were
coming so that I could give the, if you like,
a heads-up to the nursing staff in Clinic that day as $$_{\rm 10:21}$$
to what would be required during that Outpatient
Clinic. In that initial review of Patient 10's
referral and then looking at the scan, it was apparent
to me that the scan report of the MRI did not fit with
the reason the scan was requested. As I said, there 10:21
was a report of two cysts, I think, in the kidney, one
at the upper pole, and one at the lower pole, and the
MRI report only commented on one of them, which caused
me to have a look at the scans myself. Again, my
memory is I actually liaised with a Radiology colleague $_{10:21}$
before the Clinic saying I think there's an issue been
missed here in this report, this is what I am going to
need to get in terms of up-to-date scans. In that
review, and when I saw the patient, it was apparent to
me that the referral letter itself had not been triaged $_{10:22}$
as well. As I say, the Incident Report is fact and not
opinion, but my opinion at that time, and I would
maintain it now, is that there was an opportunity that,
if, at Triage, someone had spotted the same
inconsistency between the reason the MRI was requested 10:22
and the MRI report, it could have been detected that
there was an issue with that report, and actually,
potentially, there may be a more significant finding
and therefore the nations might have needed ungrading

1		from Routine.	
2	11 Q.	Yes. You use the word opportunity there. I think	
3		that's also the word used by the SAI Review Team when	
4		they came to report later that year or early next year.	
5		Let me just see if I can find that. If we can go to	10:23
6		PAT-00007 in that series? We can see just in that	
7		fourth paragraph there, it says:	
8			
9		"The Review Panel agree that in relation to the	
10		patient, the opportunity to upgrade the referral to red	10:23
11		flag was lost by the omission of Triage resulting in	
12		a 64 week delay to diagnosis of a suspicious renal	
13		mass."	
14			
15		Mr. O'Brien, in his defence, argued that even if this	10:24
16		had been triaged by him, he would still have treated it	
17		as routine because he would not have seen the problem	
18		here on the Radiology report. You emphasise the word	
19		"opportunity", as does the Review Team. Does that	
20		suggest that what you are saying is that not everyone,	10:24
21		not every Clinician in the time available to Triage	
22		would necessarily have spotted the problem, but if you	
23		had triaged, there was at least a chance, or an	
24		opportunity, that the problem could have been spotted?	
25	Α.	Yes. You know, it's an opportunity, that I'd reflect	10:25
26		that I'd identified it on a relatively quick review of	
27		the referral letters in advance of that Clinic, that	
28		would not have been a huge amount different in terms of	
29		what I was thinking as to what I would have done at	

Τ			Triage of similar referrals.	
2	12	Q.	In many respects, I suppose, albeit extremely	
3			unfortunate and traumatic for this patient, but in many	
4			respects the bigger point is that the failure to do	
5			Triage in any case for the purposes of reviewing the	10:25
6			GP's designation, is the bigger issue; it's the broader	
7			issue affecting the Service and affecting, potentially,	
8			any patient coming into the Service on a referral?	
9		Α.	Yeah. If, for whatever reason, the condition the	
10			patient is being referred to, is referred on at the	10:26
11			wrong urgency category, and that Triage process doesn't	
12			happen, then the patient will continue on the pathway	
13			for the referral category, and in this case that was	
14			routine.	
15	13	Q.	It was this kind of discovery in a live case such as	10:26
16			this that became, I think I've seen it described as the	
17			Index Case, this kind of discovery was to give rise to,	
18			in 2017, a rather urgent Lookback across a number of	
19			cases from the period '15, '16, to see what else could	
20			be discovered in other cases arising out of failure to	10:27
21			Triage?	
22		Α.	Yeah. My recollection of the steps that went through	
23			is the SAI Panel, as you say which was chaired by	
24			Mr. Glackin, identified or confirmed that that referral	
25			hadn't been triaged. They then asked the question were	10:27
26			any other referrals from that same week not triaged,	
27			and identified that there were some other referrals	
28			from that week not triaged. That led on to events	
29			where a significant number of un-triaged referrals were	

1			in a filing cabinet in Mr. O'Brien's office, and from	
2			there, all of them un-triaged referrals were then	
3			triaged effectively late by the rest of the Consultant	
4			team through early 2017.	
5	14	Q.	I'm going to come, just in the right order, a little	10:28
6			later this morning, the SAI arising out of the five	
7			patients which you participated in. You were the	
8			Urologist participant in that review.	
9				
10			Just before we move away from that case, that was	10:28
11			January '16. You'd also, as we noted yesterday, had	
12			the failure of Triage in Patient 93's case, which was	
13			later in 2016. Can I just pick you up on something	
14			you've said in your witness statement? If we could	
15			have up on the screen WIT-53952? If we could just	10:29
16			look at 73.6 of your statement. Within this paragraph	
17			you are talking about the period after becoming	
18			Associate Medical Director and you are saying:	
19				
20			"The absence of an induction process or handover for	10:30
21			incoming AMDs was also a factor" in the difficulties	
22			you faced.	
23				
24			You say: "For example, it was only after the	
25			identification of the un-triaged referrals in 2017 that	10:30
26			I was made aware that this had been an issue previously	
27			with Mr. O'Brien."	
28				
29			That is seeming to suggest that it was only after you	

Т		nad become AMD that you became aware of the issue of	
2		a lack of Triage?	
3	Α.	As I read that paragraph, I think, as I made in my	
4		corrections yesterday, I'd made a date error in terms	
5		of as I wrote my statement and had put that from my	10:30
6		memory it was just after I became AMD that this	
7		happened, which was wrong. I actually became AMD in	
8		October 2017, but I think the general point I am making	
9		within that statement is that it was only after that	
10		2017 period of finding the lack of Triage that I was CD	10:31
11		for Surgery and Trauma and Orthopaedics at the time, so	
12		Clinical Director at the time, but myself and Colin	
13		Weir, who was the CD for Urology, hadn't been made	
14		aware through anything that there had been a historic	
15		issue with lack of Triage by Mr. O'Brien. As there's	10:31
16		been other people's statements, there had been	
17		a history of that same issue being picked up	
18		previously.	
19	15 Q.	The issue of failure to triage on time was,	
20		nevertheless, an issue that you were bound to have been	10:32
21		aware of more generally, even if it wasn't associated	
22		in your mind necessarily with Mr. O'Brien? Let me	
23		orientate you a little bit further on this point. If	
24		we turn to TRU-274344 on the screen please. Just	
25		scroll down. Yes.	10:33
26			
27		In late 2014, you are in post just over six months.	
28		Martina Corrigan is writing to all of the Urologists in	
29		the team and she is saying:	

"Please see attached ... 206 outstanding Triage letters
on this list" and she is highlighting you will see the
longest outstanding is 263 days, and if we scroll down
we will see the spreadsheets she attaches to this. Do
vou remember such an e-mail?

A. I don't recall it. I'm in the circulation list so
I would have received it.

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- 9 I wouldn't necessarily have expected you to 16 Q. recall receiving this specific e-mail. I suppose the 10 10:34 11 general point is that this is an example added to the 12 two cases that you pick up on and report in association 13 with Mr. O'Brien, that this is an example of, can 14 I suggest to you, a general awareness that Mr. O'Brien 15 wasn't triaging? 10:34
  - I think it points to an awareness that there was Triage Α. that wasn't happening. I'm not sure in that e-mail that it's identified as a single practitioner or multiple practitioners. When I raised the Patient 10 IR1, I haven't identified who hasn't triaged, because 10:35 I wouldn't necessarily know who that referral letter has been passed to. There was an awareness that evidently some patients were not being triaged. that time, triage was paper-based, and pieces of paper passing around a hospital can and do go missing. 10:35 not kind of dismissing it but there are other reasons why a paper-based Triage can go missing as well as it being down to an individual failure. You mentioned late triage. I think there's a difference between late

1			triage and no triage. No triage is not returning it at	
2			all, which is very different to returning it a week or	
3			two later.	
4	17	Q.	Yes. The cases that we've looked at, the Patient 10	
5			and Patient 93, they were examples of no Triage, the	10:36
6			Triage wasn't returned?	
7		Α.	Yeah.	
8	18	Q.	And not then followed up by the system?	
9		Α.	Yeah.	
10	19	Q.	In other words, the default arrangement kicked in and	10:36
11			the patients were allocated a place in the waiting list	
12			in accordance with the General Practitioner's	
13			designation?	
14		Α.	Yes.	
15	20	Q.	These are examples of early concerns that you were	10:36
16			picking up. You are just a year or 18 months in your	
17			role at the Southern Trust. One of the other issues	
18			that you appear to have picked up and expressed concern	
19			about, is the question of whether private patients of	
20			Mr. O'Brien were the subject of some form of advantage	10:37
21			when it came to the allocation of treatment. Can	
22			I refer you to an e-mail you've appeared to have sent	
23			in May 2015?	
24				
25			If we can up on the screen, please, WIT-54107?	10:37
26				
27			This is an e-mail from you to Michael. Michael Young	
28			is the Clinical Lead in Urology, is that correct? And	
29			Martina Corrigan, who at that time was the Head of	

1			Service Urology. You are saying here:	
2				
3			"I feel increasingly uncomfortable discussing the	
4			urgent waiting list problem while we turn a blind eye	
5			to a colleague listing patients for surgery out of date	10:38
6			order usually having been reviewed in a Saturday	
7			non-NHS clinic. On the attached total urgent waiting	
8			list there are 89 patients listed for an urgent TURP,	
9			the majority of whom will have catheters in situ, they	
10			have been waiting up to 92 weeks.	10:39
11				
12			However on the ward this week is a man who went	
13			into retention on 16th March"	
14				
15			That's just a little over two months earlier.	10:39
16				
17			"failed a TROC on 31st March 2015. He was seen in	
18			private clinic on Saturday 18th April and admitted with	
19			a view to surgery on 27th May."	
20				10:39
21			You call that immoral. This was a private patient of	
22			Mr. O'Brien; is that correct?	
23		Α.	That's where he had been seen on the Saturday, as	
24			a private patient.	
25	21	Q.	How did you come across the issue?	10:39
26		Α.	In our practice working as Urologists of the week we	
27			would do a ward round of all of the inpatients under	
28			the care of Urology, so not just individual consultants	
29			but every Elective and Emergency admission. In doing	

1		my ward round, I reviewed him on the ward round and, in	
2		reviewing his notes in seeing him, the private letter	
3		detailing the private consultation from the Saturday	
4		was present, and the timings of his attendances in	
5		retention and for his trial removal of catheter were	10:40
6		also present.	
7	22 Q.	Yes. Why did you consider it immoral what was	
8		happening?	
9	Α.	As I have said in the letter, the Service this patient	
10		got is what we would have aspire to deliver to	10:40
11		everyone, but at the same time as this man got an	
12		aspirational level of Service, there were patients in	
13		the same situation with catheters in awaiting the same	
14		operation for up to 92 weeks. What we had was someone	
15		who had, through whatever means, been able to seek	10:41
16		private input. His surgery had been brought forward	
17		ahead of anyone else on the waiting list. While that	
18		patient may well have been distressed with his	
19		catheter, our secretaries, then and now, will	
20		continually receive contact from GPs and patients who	10:41
21		are distressed with catheters who have been waiting on	
22		our waiting list. To, if you like, expedited this	
23		patient's treatment while the patient waiting 92 weeks,	
24		perhaps miserable, perhaps suffering every day, but	
25		patiently waiting their turn, it just disadvantages, if	10:41
26		you like, the silent sufferer, the man who is just	
27		accepting a Service which is not able to deliver	
28		treatments in the timescale that the patient would like	
29		and we would like but is accepting that and nationally	

Τ			waiting his turn.	
2	23	Q.	Have you considered whether, in any of the cases that	
3			you have come across where you believe that there's an	
4			immoral approach to it, have you considered whether, on	
5			clinical grounds, the prompt attention given to those	10:42
6			patients could be justified?	
7		Α.	Without conducting a Clinical Review of all of the	
8			other patients on the waiting list for the same	
9			condition and assessing their level of symptomatology	
10			and their suffering, I don't know how you can make	10:42
11			a fair justification for that patient at better,	
12			greater need than a patient you don't know about.	
13	24	Q.	Yes, but if Mr. O'Brien, in knowing this particular	
14			patient, takes the view that there are clinical reasons	
15			which would justify a prompter approach than for other	10:43
16			patients, that's justifiable, is it not, on clinical	
17			grounds?	
18		Α.	The only reason for knowing this patient's condition is	
19			because he's had the means, or whatever, to seek	
20			private input. The patient who is at home, silently	10:43
21			suffering, who perhaps doesn't know how to access that,	
22			perhaps hasn't got the means to access that, doesn't	
23			get their needs assessed and is disadvantaged.	
24	25	Q.	Are you suggesting that the appropriate approach here	
25			would have been to put the patient on the normal Trust	10:43
26			waiting list and take your time before reaching the	
27			top, or to suggest, in the alternative, that he takes	
28			his medical problem into the independent or private	
29			sector and is treated there?	

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1		Α.	Yeah. My approach to when patients contact my	
2			secretary in this same situation, is you typically	
3			advise them and the GP of the issues with our waiting	
4			list, but that, unfortunately, I have to manage	
5			patients chronologically which means I won't be	10:44
6			bringing their treatment ahead of someone who has	
7			waited longer, but equally I won't bring someone ahead	
8			of them who has waited shorter. Also, where patients	
9			are distressed, I will also arrange a Clinic Review to	
10			discuss this directly with them and work with our	10:44
11			colleagues in the Community Continence Team, our	
12			Primary Care colleagues and our Clinical Nurse	
13			Specialist colleagues to see what measures we can put	
14			in place in the interim to alleviate the problems the	
15			patient is getting.	10:45
16	26	Q.	Just scroll up a little. Scroll up so I can see the	
17			last paragraph.	
18				
19			You say: "The behaviour needs to be challenged and	
20			a stop put to it" I think that should read. You say	10:45
21			you are: " unwilling to take the long waiting urgent	
22			patients while a member of the team offers presentation	
23			NHS treatment to patients he sees privately. I would	
24			suggest that this needs challenging by a retrospective	
25			audit of waiting times/chronological listing and an	10:45
26			honest discussion as a team"	
27				
28			Do you know if your suggestion of a scientific audit to	
29			assess the extent of this problem was conducted at that	

1			time?	
2		Α.	Not at that time, to my knowledge.	
3	27	Q.	If we scroll up to page 254106?	
4				
5			At the tail-end of the year, some six months later, you	10:46
6			are writing again to Mr. Young and Mrs. Corrigan and	
7			you have entitled this e-mail "queue jumpers". Is this	
8			essentially the same subject?	
9		Α.	Yes.	
10	28	Q.	Before we get into the e-mail, why are you writing	10:47
11			again?	
12		Α.	Because once again, as I say in that top paragraph:	
13				
14			"As I have been through our inpatients in preparation	
15			for taking over the on-call today have once again come	10:47
16			across examples of this behaviour continuing".	
17				
18			I am taking over as Urologist of the week and I have	
19			identified two patients there who have had very short	
20			waiting times and been brought in for surgery, having	10:47
21			been seen privately.	
22	29	Q.	Just let me see if I can see Mr. Young's response on	
23			this. No, I may not have it. I will refer to it maybe	
24			later, if necessary. This is the tail-end of 2015.	
25			Again, is the problem, as you see it, resolved at that	10:48
26			point?	
27		Α.	Absolutely not, it's still happening.	
28	30	Q.	Okay. Are you aware of any initiative undertaken,	
29			either by Mr Young or by Mrs Corrigan to address it?	

1		Α.	No.	
2	31	Q.	Do you receive any feedback at all?	
3		Α.	Not that I recollect.	
4	32	Q.	Again, this is before you take on a managerial role,	
5			you don't address it with Mr. O'Brien?	10:48
6		Α.	No.	
7	33	Q.	Why not? Why would you not take it up with	
8			a colleague?	
9		Α.	As I said yesterday, the awareness, as it were, of the	
10			people around Mr. O'Brien and, in general, experience	10:49
11			of him, I think I said yesterday him being a challenge	
12			to challenge. Essentially, a fear of taking it up.	
13			Mr. Young had a long working relationship with	
14			Mr. O'Brien and, in general, would have the reason	
15			I escalated it to him in his position of Lead is part	10:49
16			in that he was Clinical Lead at the time and in, part,	
17			that he has that longer working relationship, so his	
18			ability or, if you like, his seniority on a level with	
19			Mr. O'Brien to challenge it, would have been, I guess,	
20			more effective, I felt, than me as a new kid on the	10:50
21			block.	
22	34	Q.	In December of the next year, you wrote a further	
23			e-mail on the subject. If we could have up AOB-01300?	
24			Scroll down, please. Thank you.	
25				10:50
26			23rd December 2016 you are writing to Ronan Carroll.	
27			Ronan Carroll, remind us, was the Assistant Director	
28			within Acute?	
29		Α.	Yeah.	

1	35	Q.	And management of private patients, is that PP?	
2		Α.	Yes.	
3	36	Q.	And non-chronological listing. Can you recall the	
4			context in which you are writing this?	
5		Α.	Essentially I have come across again a patient who has	10:51
6			had a short wait from a private consultation to a TURP	
7			on an NHS waiting list. At that time, so this is	
8			December 2016, this is a point in time where the	
9			non-triage has been identified, Dr. Wright is engaged	
10			in and involved in issues surrounding Mr. O'Brien, and	10:51
11			this is me that this issue should be looked in as part	
12			of that overall look into Mr. O'Brien's practice.	
13	37	Q.	Yes. You are right to say in terms of the chronology	
14			of events, this is reaching the point when the Trust is	
15			about to make a decision, or has maybe just made	10:52
16			a decision, that an MHPS investigation was to be	
17			conducted. Are you feeding into that specifically	
18			because you have been told that, or how are you	
19			orientated to what Dr. Wright, as the Medical Director,	
20			is doing?	10:52
21		Α.	I just had conversations with Dr. Wright around	
22			concerns about Mr. O'Brien, and, as the last line says,	
23			the question I was asking of Ronan Carroll was did	
24			I think this should be fed into the overall	
25			investigation.	10:52
26	38	Q.	Yes. We know that it was. Let me have your	
27			observations, if you will. You saw this as a problem.	
28			You saw it as immoral. You saw that essentially	
29			patients on the waiting list for years were being	

1			cheated? I see you nodding. You agree with that?	
2		Α.	Disadvantaged.	
3	39	Q.	Disadvantaged. You believed, and Mr. O'Brien has his	
4			own perspective on this, but, to keep it at its most	
5			neutral, you believed that there was an experienced	10:53
6			Clinician breaking the rules, and there were rules, in	
7			respect of the treatment of private patients. You seem	
8			to be observing that those in managerial positions	
9			didn't grapple with it, or at least if they grappled	
10			with it, they didn't do it successfully?	10:53
11		Α.	Yeah. I mean whether rules or not, I am fairly clear	
12			in my thoughts on it. It's just not right. You don't	
13			need a rule to tell you it's not right.	
14	40	Q.	What does it say about the Governance of this issue at	
15			that time as it was implemented or ought to have been	10:54
16			implemented by management on both the Operational and	
17			Medical side?	
18		Α.	It was, at best, ineffective. Certainly, I think it	
19			probably illustrates you've asked me why I didn't	
20			approach it. I suspect that the same, if you like,	10:55
21			fear element in terms of challenging Mr. O'Brien	
22			existed for the likes of Martina Corrigan and others	
23			who were challenged with challenging his practice. As	
24			a result, the easier route of essentially allowing	
25			things to continue may have happened.	10:55
26	41	Q.	If I could have up on the screen, please, WIT-53932?	
27				
28			In this section of your statement, and again we are	
29			still at this earlier phase of your career with the	

1			Southern Trust. What you are reflecting is that	
2			Mr. O'Brien had different ways of working compared with	
3			others. This is 61.1. It was apparent that many of	
4			these were embedded in his working patterns and widely	
5			accepted across the Trust as "his way".	10:56
6				
7			You go on at 61.2 to give an example of the lack of	
8			Clinical information, which we have seen in one of the	
9			incidents we looked at yesterday. You talk about the	
10			voicing of concerns would have occurred during informal	10:57
11			conversations and within Departmental meetings,	
12			including with the Head of Service but, as you observed	
13			a moment or two ago, in the context of private	
14			patients, the managerial response to this was at best	
15			ineffective. Amongst colleagues, that's yourself,	10:57
16			Mr. Young, Mr. O'Donoghue by this point and	
17			Mr. Glackin, I think Mr. Suresh as well he left	
18			when? In 2016, I think?	
19		Α.	I can't remember.	
20	42	Q.	But amongst colleagues you talk about informal	10:58
21			meetings. Was there any attempt on the part of the	
22			Urology team as a group, the group of people who	
23			collaboratively are delivering this Service and who	
24			are, no doubt, impacted by these behaviours that you	
25			have outlined, was there no challenge coming from the	10:58
26			group?	
27		Α.	As I say, it was certainly discussed within meetings.	
28			I don't have documented recollections of it but I have	
29			included in my statements, I certainly recall when	

1			a discussion about contemporaneous GP letters came up	
2			in one such meeting, Mr. O'Brien expressing an opinion	
3			that the only two people that needed to know the	
4			outcome of the consultation was him and the patient as	
5			his justification for why nothing else was needed.	10:59
6	43	Q.	Does that suggest that, however frequently issues were	
7			raised with him and he rebuffed the challenge and	
8			nothing more was done, it was was it a group shrug	
9			of the shoulders, that's just Mr. O'Brien and we can't	
10			do much about it?	10:59
11		Α.	I think we had attempted to let him know our concerns,	
12			you know, even to the point of where if we were doing	
13			Clinics to see long waiting patients who had been seen	
14			by him before, we weren't able to see as many as we	
15			might see if we were doing a long waiting list of	11:00
16			patients in Clinic who had been under the care of	
17			someone else because we didn't have the documented	
18			decision-making processes leading up to that, that we	
19			could quickly review, and so the process of reviewing	
20			patients took longer. Did we collectively as a group	11:00
21			shrug our shoulders? I think I certainly continued	
22			well, I certainly had raised concerns and I did raise	
23			concerns where it impacted.	
24	44	Q.	You were, in raising concerns, looking to the systems	
25			and Management to take those concerns seriously and	11:00
26			make appropriate challenge and escalation if the	
27			challenge was rebuffed?	
28		Α.	Yeah. We, as a group, had made an informal challenge	
29			of, you know, this is an issue for us.	

Τ	45	Q.	Yes.	
2		Α.	And it was rebuffed.	
3	46	Q.	Just moving through your statement a little and go to	
4			53948. Again, let me just step through this relatively	
5			quickly. At 69.7 on that page, you are reflecting upon	11:01
6			the fact that Mr. O'Brien failed, from your	
7			perspective, to use the support services that were	
8			available to him, that he undertook many of the	
9			administrative tasks that otherwise would be performed	
10			by a secretarial bank. How were you able to observe	11:02
11			that?	
12		Α.	He would recount to us how long it took him to organise	
13			a planned theatre list because of the time taken to	
14			phone patients and check that they were available to	
15			come in, and the like. Where the process that others	11:02
16			would use would be to identify the potential patients	
17			for a theatre list, and our secretaries would do the	
18			contacting of patients, the arrangements of times to	
19			come in, and the like, the arrangement for transport	
20			where required. He was spending time, to my	11:02
21			observation, doing jobs that my secretary did for me.	
22	47	Q.	Moving down the page to 69.8, you make the point that	
23			he complained of the number of interactions or	
24			inquiries that he was having to deal with from the	
25			Primary Care Sector. Your response to that is that the	11:03
26			absence of dictated letters to the General	
27			Practitioners to tell them about their patients would	
28			have addressed that kind of problem?	
29		Α.	Yeah, and, as subsequently came to light with regards	

1			cancer patients, the involvement of Clinical Nurse	
2			Specialists. If everyone involved in someone's case	
3			has a clear record of what the plan is, then you don't	
4			get an Inquiry as to what is the plan, and so it can	
5			take some of that, them inquiries away. Particularly	11:04
6			with regards cancer patients, many of the uncertainties	
7			or queries about cancer patients, for me, for instance,	
8			would come directly to the key worker through the	
9			contact number for the Clinical Nurse Specialist. So,	
10			the workload of patient and GP inquiries can be	11:04
11			significantly reduced by ensuring contemporaneous	
12			correspondence is available to all those involved in	
13			care, and patients have got access to the support	
14			systems and services that are available for them to be	
15			able to contact with their inquiries.	11:04
16	48	Q.	Were you aware at the time, I mean $2014/15$ , at any time	
17			prior to the 2020 SAIs discovering, apparently, for the	
18			first time, Mr. O'Brien's failure as it was reported to	
19			use Cancer Nurse Specialists or Key Workers in the	
20			treatment of cancer patients?	11:05
21		Α.	Not that I recollect.	
22	49	Q.	Your observation here is with the benefit of that	
23			revelation?	
24		Α.	Yeah.	
25	50	Q.	It wasn't obvious to you as a practitioner working	11:05
26			within that Service that, as the reviewers in those	
27			2020 SAI cases concluded that there was a failure to	
28			use that resource, whereas other practitioners were	
29			using that Nursing resource?	

1		Α.	No, that wasn't apparent to me. As I have said in the	
2			preceding paragraph, it was apparent that there were	
3			other resources that he wasn't making use of.	
4	51	Q.	But not that one?	
5		Α.	But not that one.	11:06
6	52	Q.	Just on this page, you deal with the DARO process.	
7			I am going to come back to that in a short while. You	
8			raise a specific issue at the bottom of that page. If	
9			we can scroll down, please, to 69.10? It concerns an	
10			issue that you say arose out of a coroner's verdict in	11:06
11			October 2015, seemingly a coroner's verdict that was	
12			unrelated to the Trust?	
13		Α.	No, not related to the Trust.	
14	53	Q.	The issue that arose out of it was a proposed change to	
15			regional policy in the context of the surgical	11:06
16			management of endoscopic issue resection. Was this	
17			a fluid management type issue or hyponatraemia type	
18			issue?	
19		Α.	It related to the fluid used during endoscopic	
20			resection, as it describes. Historically transurethral	11:07
21			surgery was performed using glycine as a fluid medium	
22			and monopolar diathermy. That, in itself, has long	
23			been recognised in Urology to carry a risk of	
24			absorption of that fluid, and absorption of that fluid	
25			in significant quantities can lead to problems of fluid	11:07
26			overload, hyponatraemia, and also glycine toxicity,	
27			so-called TUR syndrome. The circular related to	
28			a patient death following a resection, not in Urology,	
29			from a TUR syndrome. The circular referred to newer	

1			technology which had been around for a number of years	
2			by this point, which is using bipolar diathermy.	
3			Rather than monopolar, using bipolar technology where	
4			the fluid medium is normal saline. For want of	
5			a better term it, it's salt water.	11:08
6	54	Q.	Yes.	
7		Α.	While using that normal saline as your fluid medium	
8			doesn't takeaway the risk of fluid absorption, it's	
9			absorption of fluid with a normal level of sodium and	
10			without glycine, so without the risk of glycine	11:08
11			toxicity, so the risk of patient morbidity related with	
12			that fluid absorption is less.	
13	55	Q.	Thank you for that background. The issue that you	
14			raise just if we scroll up a little is that	
15			a good deal of work was done as a team to examine this	11:09
16			proposed policy change. It seems what you are saying	
17			is, at the end of it, Mr. O'Brien expressed the view	
18			that he would be continuing to use monopolar resection	
19			and glycine and would not comply with the policy?	
20		Α.	Bipolar resection, the equipment is very similar to	11:09
21			monopolar resection, but the way you resect is slightly	
22			different. You tend to move your electrodes slightly	
23			slower, so there's a slight change in the way you	
24			operate with it. Mr. O'Brien expressed a view that it	
25			was the equipment, bipolar resection was inferior to	11:09
26			monopolar resection and therefore he was going to	
27			continue using monopolar resection.	
28	56	Q.	Why are you telling us about this? Why was it	
29			significant in terms of your impression of Mr O'Brien?	

1		Α.	To me, as I was reflecting on things completing my	
2			Section 21 statement, it brought to me a recognition	
3			that perhaps it was illustrative of an approach where	
4			Mr. O'Brien was, I have said a challenge to challenge,	
5			he was resistant to an external recommendation of	11:10
6			changing his practice to an alternative way of	
7			practice.	
8	57	Q.	He wasn't challenged on this at the time, was he?	
9		Α.	I don't recall any challenge at the time. I do know,	
10			from subsequent conversations with Anaesthetic team	11:11
11			members who would have worked with Mr. O'Brien on his	
12			theatre list that mitigations recognising that he	
13			continued to use monopolar resections, such as regular	
14			monitoring of blood sodium during resection, were put	
15			in place, recognising that he continued to use glycine	11:11
16			as a resection medium.	
17	58	Q.	In terms of these gathering impressions of Mr. O'Brien	
18			and your clinical experience of the impact of what you	
19			have described as some of his shortcomings on your	
20			practice and on the patients that you were treating,	11:12
21			you are credited by Mrs. Corrigan and Mr. Mackle as	
22			creating the context or contributing to the context in	
23			which, by the end of 2015 and into early 2016,	
24			a decision was made to speak to Mr. O'Brien in order to	
25			see if an improvement could be obtained in his	11:13
26			practice. Let me just, for the record, open some of	
27			those observations.	
28				
29			If we go to WIT-39888. Just scroll down, please. No,	

1			it doesn't appear to be the right reference. Could we	
2			try WIT-11783, and if we go to paragraph 122?	
3				
4			This is Mr. Mackle's response to the Section 21, and he	
5			says, just at the bottom of that paragraph:	11:14
6				
7			"Following the changes to the booking of Outpatient	
8			referrals I was not made aware of any delays in Triage	
9			and it was only the raising of concerns by Aidan	
10			O'Brien's colleagues, while performing Validation	11:15
11			Clinics in late 2015, that ultimately led to the	
12			investigation into his practice."	
13				
14			It is the case that when you and Mr. Donoghue took up	
15			post, he in the summer of 2014, you were given the	11:15
16			task, while you generated your own group of patients,	
17			to review some of the longer waiters on Mr. O'Brien's	
18			review list?	
19		Α.	Yes. At the point of taking up post we didn't have	
20			patients awaiting review specifically. There would	11:15
21			have been backlogs from previous consultants, so when	
22			I took up post I, if you like, inherited Mr. Pahuja,	
23			who had left the post, patient waiting list. I would	
24			have seen patients that would have been planned for	
25			review by Mr. Pahuja, and part of that included taking	11:16
26			long waiting patients from our colleagues as well.	
27	59	Q.	In that process, it seems that you spotted some of the	
28			difficulties we've outlined earlier and communicated	
29			your concerns to Mrs. Corrigan and Mr. Mackle?	

1		Α.	Yeah. As I mentioned earlier, we had recognised as	
2			colleagues that reviewing long waiting patients of	
3			Mr. O'Brien's where there was, perhaps, no	
4			correspondence was more of a challenge and took longer	
5			and, as a result, the clinic template, the numbers of	11:16
6			patients or the time per patient that was assigned was	
7			adjusted to reflect that.	
8	60	Q.	Did you go to Mr. Mackle as well or was it	
9			Mrs. Corrigan reporting to Mr. Mackle?	
10		Α.	I don't have a clear recollection. I think it would	11:17
11			have been a conversation that we would have had about	
12			them specific clinics but I don't have a specific	
13			recollection about it.	
14	61	Q.	It would appear, at least from what they are saying,	
15			that this led to a meeting with Mr. O'Brien in March	11:17
16			2016 that called upon him to address some of these	
17			issues and then, by the end of that year, 2016, the	
18			MHPS investigation was about to be launched. At that	
19			time, running simultaneously with those conversations,	
20			was the investigation into the Patient 10 SAI. Into	11:18
21			the following year then, you and your colleagues in the	
22			team were asked to do some further work in relation to	
23			the Triage issue; isn't that right?	
24		Α.	Yeah. So into 2017, we triaged for the first time	
25			those referrals that were in the filing cabinet.	11:18
26	62	Q.	As a result of that, a number of cases were identified	
27			as being cases that, had they been triaged in 2015 and	
28			2016, they would have been red-flagged, or they ought	
29			to have been red-flagged?	

1		Α.	They met criteria for a red-flag referral, and so we	
2			upgraded them.	
3	63	Q.	After the break, I think we'll start into looking at	
4			that SAI concerning the five cases. If that's	
5			a convenient time?	11:19
6			CHAIR: Yes. So let's reconvene then at 25 to 12.	
7				
8			THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED BRIEFLY AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS:	
9				
10			MR. WOLFE KC: I was dealing earlier this morning with	11:36
11			the issue of private patients and I took Mr. Haynes	
12			through a couple of e-mails that he had issued, ending	
13			with one which he sent to Mr. Young and Mrs. Corrigan	
14			at the tail end of 2015, November 2015. I didn't bring	
15			you to Mr. Young's response to that e-mail. I don't	11:37
16			propose opening it, now but just, for your note, you	
17			will find his response at TRU-274504.	
18	64	Q.	What I want to move to now, Mr. Haynes, is your	
19			involvement in the review that, Serious Adverse	
20			Incident review that was conducted in respect of the	11:37
21			five patients who I indicated had not been triaged and	
22			who, upon review by the team of Consultants, it was	
23			recognised would have been red-flagged and ought now to	
24			be re-graded as Red Flag patients in 2017. There were	
25			five Incident Reports raised. Let me just take you to	11:38
26			one by way of example. It's to be found at, I will	
27			just get this, I wanted to refer you to a Datix for one	
28			of these patients. Let me move straight to the SAI	
29			report. We will find that at AOB-02225. I'm going to	

1			go through some aspects of that, Mr. Haynes. This was	
2			a series of cases where the Incident Report was filed	
3			in 2017 and the report issues on the 22nd May 2020;	
4			isn't that correct?	
5		Α.	I think that was when it was signed off at the Acute	11:39
6			Clinical Governance.	
7	65	Q.	Yes. The issue that arose that concerned each of these	
8			five patients is that they hadn't been triaged on	
9			various dates in 2015 and 2016. The facts that were	
10			established indicated delays to diagnosis and treatment	11:40
11			ranging between six and ten months; isn't that right?	
12		Α.	Yeah. These were five patients who were upgraded at	
13			that Triage that myself and my colleagues did in early	
14			2017 of the un-triaged referrals. They met Red Flag	
15			criteria and were upgraded. These weren't the only	11:40
16			five that were upgraded. I think there was 24 that	
17			were upgraded. Again, just consistent with some things	
18			I said yesterday about our use of the SAI process,	
19			these were patients who reviewed as these had cancer	
20			so they had come to harm, but the other 19 who hadn't	11:40
21			been triaged didn't have an SAI done but they all were	
22			at potential risk of harm because, equally, they could	
23			have had cancer.	
24	66	Q.	Mm-hmm. Again, applying the criteria of yesterday,	
25			they could equally have justified SAIs?	11:41
26		Α.	Yeah.	
27	67	Q.	I am sorry to jump around a little bit. Let me take	
28			you to one example of what was said in the Datix. If	
29			we go back to TRU-162114. This is a Datix raised	

1 towards the end of 2017 by Mr. Young. It concerns one 2 of the five patients, that is Patient 15. 3 here he was referred to the Urology Outpatients 28th July '16 for assessment and advice on an episode of 4 5 haematuria, referral was marked Routine by the General 11:42 Practitioner. The referral was not triaged on receipt. 6 7 As a result of a Lookback exercise that Mr. Haynes has 8 just referred to, the referral was upgraded to Red Flag 9 and was seen in clinic in day 179, and on day 187 there was a decision to treat, and on day 217 the patient had 11:42 10 a confirmed diagnosis of cancer. There has been 11 a resultant six month delay in Outpatient review and 12 13 recommendation for treatment for a bladder cancer as 14 a result. 15 11:42 16 In broad terms, because we don't have the time, naturally enough, to devote to a full consideration of 17 18 this SAI review, but the SAI Review Team examined what 19 issues, Mr. Haynes, if you can remember? 20 From memory, the SAI team examined the issue of Triage, 11:43 Α. so Triage being done or not done, and the impact of that on the patient; the delay in terms of treatment, and considered the harm as well, so what the outcome of

21 22 23 24 that was. They also examined the referral process as 25 well in the patient being referred, and a patient such as this being referred with very clear suspected cancer 26 27 symptoms but on a routine pathway. Indeed, I think from my memory, this patient had additional risk 28 factors for why he may be likely to have a bladder 29

1			cancer in the presence of blood in their urine.	
2	68	Q.	Yes. If we could bring up the report again, I want to	
3			take you straight to the recommendations that emerged.	
4			So that's AOB-02225. If we scroll through that to the	
5			recommendations section at AOB-02227. The	11:44
6			recommendations that were issued were targeted at	
7			a number of constituencies. The first concern was	
8			directed to the HSCB in relation to the process of	
9			referrals, and that was the electronic process. You	
10			were recommending to the HSCB that, in their engagement	11:45
11			with the General Practitioner Service, improvements	
12			would be made in terms of how referrals were directed	
13			to the Secondary Care Sector?	
14		Α.	Yeah. Again, using the example of this patient with	
15			blood in their urine, suspected cancer referral	11:45
16			criteria are relatively straightforward. If you have	
17			visible blood in your urine and you are over the age of	
18			45 you meet Red Flag or suspected cancer referral	
19			criteria. My recollection is that what we were	
20			suggesting is there needs to be a more, if you like,	11:46
21			fail-safe way of flagging that patient as a suspected	
22			cancer referral that doesn't rely on the GP recognising	
23			that, and doesn't rely on a triaging doctor recognising	
24			it, because the patient's age and their symptom can be	
25			selected and automatically becomes a Red Flag referral.	11:46
26	69	Q.	Could I scroll down the page then to the next set of	
27			recommendations. There's a recommendation there for	
28			GPs in terms of compliance with the NICE standard. In	
29			terms of the Trust, you were particularly focused	

1			just scroll up, please, so I can see all of the Trust.	
2			From recommendation 5, bring that up, please.	
3				
4			One of the issues that you raised was that the Trust	
5			should examine whether the process of Triage was one	11:47
6			that was capable of being performed as part of the	
7			Urologist of the week set of duties. Why was that of	
8			concern to the Review Team?	
9		Α.	My recollection is that Mr. O'Brien, in his input into	
10			the SAIs, had raised that as one of his concerns.	11:47
11			Again, my recollection is it was noted that while	
12			Mr. O'Brien had raised that as a concern, the other	
13			Consultants, who also conducted Urologist of the week	
14			activity and also had Triage, didn't have the same	
15			issue with not doing triage. I would add that that	11:48
16			same model of the on-call, the Urologist of the week or	
17			the surgeon of the week, or the ENT surgeon of the week	
18			doing Triage, exists in many other services in other	
19			Trusts as well as within Southern Trust.	
20	70	Q.	Yes. I will come to Mr. O'Brien's observations in	11:48
21			a moment. The process, just so that I understand it,	
22			was that he would get a draft copy of this report for	
23			his comment and observation, and then it would be	
24			signed off as final; is that right?	
25		Α.	Yeah.	11:48
26	71	Q.	Okay. Recommendation 7 seems apposite:	
27				
28			"The Trust will develop a written policy for the	
29			guidance for clinicians in terms of the requirements of	

1			the Tri age process".	
2				
3			Was that a response to the Review Panel's understanding	
4			of how Mr. O'Brien triaged?	
5		Α.	I think it was a response to, or a recognition in the	11:49
6			failings of our system. If we want to monitor how	
7			individuals are performing in doing a task, we need to	
8			have clarity as to what we are monitoring them against,	
9			so what the expectation is in terms of timescale	
10	72	Q.	Yes.	11:49
11		Α.	and in terms of output. By output, I mean the	
12			outcome of triage. Are we expecting an advance triage	
13			or are we expecting a check the category of referral is	
14			appropriate?	
<b>1</b> 5	73	Q.	Yes. If you have a Clinician who is doing Triage of	11:50
16			a patient in five minutes and is doing certain tasks,	
17			and another clinician thinks an additional range of	
18			tasks is appropriate during the Triage process and it's	
19			taking him longer, the Clinicians need to understand	
20			what is expected of them when performing that task?	11:50
21			What the employer expects of them?	
22		Α.	Yes, what the minimum expected is in terms of the	
23			outcome applied. What you have done with the Triage	
24			and the timescale applied and then individuals can, if	
25			they elect to do more, they can do more, but they still	11:50
26			have an understanding of what the expectation is.	
27	74	Q.	Yes. We will come to some of the recommendations that	
28			you direct to Mr. O'Brien, as I understand it, in	
29			a moment, with that thought in mind. Just scrolling	

1			maybe I should be saying up as opposed to down.	
2				
3			Recommendation 8 is in respect of the default process,	
4			and the Review Panel is strongly saying this should be	
5			abandoned. By this stage, the signing off of this	11:51
6			report, May 2020, it had not yet been abandoned?	
7		Α.	I don't recall. I don't know.	
8	75	Q.	Has it been abandoned now?	
9		Α.	I can't say for certainty. I would think so, but	
10			I haven't checked that.	11:51
11	76	Q.	Then you make a recommendation for Audit of Clinician	
12			Compliance with the Triage arrangements and invited	
13			recommendation 10, what's described here as:	
14				
15			"A robust system within which medical management	11:52
16			hierarchy can deal with 'difficult colleagues' and	
17			'difficult issues', ensuring Patient Safety problems	
18			uncovered anywhere in the organisation can make their	
19			way upwards to the Medical Directors and Chief	
20			Executives' tables. This needs to be open and	11:52
21			transparent with Patient Safety issues taking	
22			precedence seniority reputation and influence".	
23				
24			What was that about? What was that intended to convey?	
25		Α.	My primary part in that SAI panel was to provide	11:52
26			Urological expertise. Within that role, we had made	
27			attempts to get someone from outside of the Trust,	
28			given my linkage both to the patients and my previous	
29			concern, so I did personally, in terms of expressing	

1			opinion, try and narrow myself to the Urological,	
2			direct Urological aspects. My memory of the	
3			discussions is this was addressing the fact that, as we	
4			have outlined here, this wasn't the first episode of	
5			non-Triage for Mr. O'Brien; this had been a recurring	11:53
6			issue that just hadn't been successfully tackled.	
7			Within the recommendations there's recommendations in	
8			terms of expectations and then a monitoring process,	
9			and with that monitoring process there needs to be	
10			a clear understanding of how that then is escalated and	11:53
11			addressed when failure to comply with that happens, and	
12			then how that is escalated if an attempt is made to	
13			address step one of that process and that fails, there	
14			needs to be clarity as to how that moves on to step 2	
15			and step 3, and where communication within the Trust	11:54
16			hierarchy occurs with that.	
17	77	Q.	This was an independent-led SAI?	
18		Α.	Yeah.	
19	78	Q.	You were providing your Urological output. Can	
20			I suggest you were the person with greatest knowledge	11:54
21			of Mr. O'Brien and his practices. To the extent that	
22			that recommendation is directed at a difficult	
23			colleague, it would seem to suggest, your voice was	
24			somewhere in the mix there. Is this an outworking of	
25			it's difficult to challenge or it's a challenge to	11:54
26			challenge Mr. O'Brien?	
27		Α.	I think it's an outworking of that same conclusion,	
28			that same perception, but not just from my view but	
29			from the knowledge that the same behaviours had	

1			attempted to be challenged before by others, and	
2			failed.	
3	79	Q.	If we scroll down then to Consultant 1, who was	
4			Mr. O'Brien, isn't that right?	
5				11:55
6			Recommendation 11 indicates that it's the view of the	
7			Panel that he:	
8				
9			" needs to review his chosen 'advanced' method and	
10			degree of Triage, to align it more completely with that	11:55
11			of his Consultant colleagues, thus ensuring all	
12			patients are triaged in a timely manner."	
13				
14			In one of your earlier recommendations directed to the	
15			Trust you were reflecting the view that there needs to	11:56
16			be clarity by way of a policy in terms of how Triage	
17			should be done so that Clinicians are capable of	
18			understanding the expectations placed with them. How	
19			does that sit, that absence of clarity, with what you	
20			are saying to Mr. O'Brien essentially through this	11:56
21			recommendation, that you shouldn't do it this way?	
22		Α.	I think that recommendation is saying you need to look	
23			at the amount of time that you are deciding to take	
24			doing a process, that it's evident that your colleagues	
25			don't devote that same amount of time and, in doing so,	11:56
26			they are able to do the Triage. The other thing, as in	
27			terms of what that process	
28	80	Q.	Sorry, just before you move on. So you can do the	
29			triage. What the Review Panel seems to have arrived	

1		at, in the way you have phrased that, is that there's	
2		an importance to actually doing some form of Triage in	
3		order to get it done, to get some movement, as opposed	
4		to what was understood to be Mr. O'Brien's way of doing	
5		it?	11:57
6	Α.	Yeah. At a very minimum, Triage is checking that the	
7		referral urgency, so Suspected Cancer or Red Flag,	
8		Routine or Urgent, is appropriate, and the largest	
9		amount of checking there is making sure that the	
10		condition described doesn't meet a suspected cancer	11:57
11		referral criterion, so to upgrade patients. That's at	
12		its very minimum. As you move through Triage, you can	
13		do a more advanced Triage, as I would have done	
14		certainly through this time where, if patients are	
15		referred with certain symptoms that will always require	11:58
16		certain investigations, they can be arranged at that	
17		time of Triage. The process I adopted for that was	
18		a series of standardised letters, so I didn't spend	
19		a significant amount of time in dictating a letter for	
20		every individual patient. They were sent standardised	11:58
21		letters outlining what they had been referred for and	
22		what investigation they were going to get, and	
23		requesting a scan. That process took longer than that	
24		basic, that very minimum, but it didn't take as long as	
25		what Mr. O'Brien described where he telephoned every	11:58
26		patient and effectively did a telephone consultation.	
27		So Mr. O'Brien's complaint to the time that Triage took	
28		was a direct result of his choice to telephone	
29		a significant number of patients and, in doing that, he	

1			was not able to meet the bare minimum Triage for some	
2			patients, as identified in the patients who hadn't been	
3			triaged.	
4	81	Q.	You go on at recommendation 12 to say:	
5				11:59
6			"Consultant 1 needs to fashion his Triage in a way that	
7			meets the expected time limits".	
8			Presumably those time limits set out within the EAP set	
9			of standards.	
10				11:59
11			That report, before it was signed off, would have been,	
12			as I said earlier, received in draft form by	
13			Mr. O'Brien. Let me just touch on some of the things	
14			he said, because it would appear that his concerns	
15			about what was contained within the draft report	12:00
16			weren't accepted by the Review Team, or at least some	
17			of them weren't.	
18				
19			Let me turn to what Mr. O'Brien has said. If we go to	
20			AOB-02284. In the second paragraph he says he believes	12:00
21			the singular and significant flaw of the review has	
22			been to investigate the failure to Triage Urgent and	
23			Routine referrals in isolation of other pressures and	
24			Clinical priorities which he believes are evidently	
25			more important. He says that he believes these are	12:01
26			greater Clinical priorities that cannot be compromised	
27			for the sake of Triage as they have been and continue	
28			to be.	
29				

1			It's back to the point I raised yesterday and drew	
2			attention to this morning again, which is,	
3			Mr. O'Brien's perspective is very much that, given the	
4			frailties of the system that he has to work in, and you	
5			have to work in for that matter, Triage cannot be given	12:01
6			the importance or the priority for all referrals sent	
7			to him that the Trust would like, and that there's	
8			a failure to recognise that in the Review Team's	
9			findings?	
10		Α.	I think the Review Team recognise that the pressures of	12:02
11			the Service were not unique to Mr. O'Brien, yet the	
12			failure to Triage was.	
13	82	Q.	If you scroll to the fourth paragraph down, he goes on	
14			to say, dealing with your recommendation 6, that you	
15			should review the wording so that the Trust would	12:02
16			re-examine or reassure itself that it is feasible for	
17			the Consultant of the Week to both perform the duties	
18			associated with non-red flag referrals and the duties	
19			of Consultant of the Week. He goes on to say that:	
20				12:03
21			"I believe it is crucially important that the duties	
22			and priorities of the Consultant of the Week and the	
23			expectations of the Trust in the conduct of those	
24			duties and priorities be clearly agreed and expressed	
25			in a written Memorandum of Understanding or similar."	12:03
26				
27			To that point, that had not been achieved?	
28		Α.	We would have certainly discussed the format of the	
29			Urologist of the Week activities, and the way we worked	

1			during that on a number of occasions during the	
2			development of the presentation to the Director of	
3			Commissioning in late 2014, and on a number of	
4			occasions at Departmental meetings and general	
5			discussions between each of us.	12:04
6	83	Q.	Is it fair to say that across the Urology team, there	
7			were a range of different views about the purpose and,	
8			perhaps, the efficacy of dealing with Triage as part of	
9			these duties and, in fact, in your observations to	
10			Dr. Chada's investigation, I think you described	12:04
11			Triage, did you use the word pointless that context?	
12		Α.	I think it's nonsense, actually.	
13	84	Q.	Nonsense. What did that reflect from your perspective?	
14		Α.	I think within the text, Dr. Johnston has reflected	
15			this thought process. In a process like referral in to	12:05
16			Secondary Care, any process works best if the first	
17			decision is likely to be right almost all the time.	
18			The best process would be a process, as I mentioned	
19			earlier as an example, if you are over the age of 45	
20			and you've got blood that you can see in the urine,	12:05
21			there shouldn't be any mechanism by which you can be	
22			referred on anything other than a Red Flag basis.	
23			Using technology available to us and electronic	
24			referral forms, then the ideal situation would be that	
25			that actually the referral category is right and	12:05
26			I don't need to double-check it. What Triage is doing,	
27			or one of the things Triage is doing is it's utilising	
28			Clinical time in a Service that hasn't got enough	
20			Clinical time to check that the referral category is	

1			right, rather than using technology and mandated fields	
2			to make sure that it's right at the outset. That is	
3			where I say I think Triage is nonsense. If we are	
4			having to check and you are getting a significant	
5			percentage are referred at the wrong category, and that	12:06
6			carries a patient risk at the back of it, then surely	
7			a better process is one that ensures that it isn't	
8			wrong. At various points we would have discussed if	
9			any changes could be made to the electronic referral	
10			system. We would have used analogies of booking	12:06
11			flights. If you were booking a holiday and there was	
12			a 5% chance that you booked a flight to the wrong	
13			destination it wouldn't be a very effective booking	
14			system. The same principle can be applied to	
15			referrals.	12:07
16	85	Q.	Yes. You, in some sense, shared Mr. O'Brien's	
17			frustrations in respect of the process of triaging that	
18			confronted you as a busy Clinician. Where you parted	
19			with him was that you felt able to comply with the	
20			rules as regards Routine and Urgent referrals, whereas	12:07
21			he couldn't find the time to do it as part of his	
22			duties as Urologist of the Week?	
23		Α.	Yeah. While I had a view personally about whether	
24			alternative systems could be adopted that made the	
25			requirement for this less of an issue, I didn't abandon	12:07
26			it as a duty to carry it out, and I carried it out.	
27			I also, as I described, adopted strategies to	
28			streamline patients' contact with the Department by	
29			a form of Advance Triage that was as efficient in use	

1			of my time as I could make it.	
2	86	Q.	If we scroll just to the bottom of the document,	
3			conclusions. Let me just see. Keep going, please.	
4			Sorry, I don't have a page number for this. Keep	
5			going, please.	12:09
6				
7			In what is a wide-ranging response to the draft SAI	
8			review, Mr. O'Brien reaches the following conclusions.	
9			He says that he does agree with the recommendations	
10			contained in the report with a number of caveats. He	12:09
11			says he does believe that it is crucially important	
12			that recommendation be amended to ensure that the Trust	
13			developer a clear, agreed written policy of its	
14			expectations something you deal with in part of your	
15			review. He goes on to say in the next paragraph:	12:09
16				
17			"I believe that no Consultant Urologist should be	
18			expected to concern him or herself with reviewing their	
19			conduct of Triage to align themselves with his or her	
20			colleagues, especially when the colleagues claim to be	12:10
21			conducting Triage in a similar manner. That proposal	
22			will be replaced, in my view, by a clear, agreed,	
23			written policy of what the Trust", to paraphrase,	
24			should expect.	
25				12:10
26			That seems to be a riposte to the recommendation	
27			contained in draft to him that he should seek to align	
28			himself to how his colleagues, you and perhaps others,	
29			were dealing with Triage. You presumably saw that	

1			observation before signing off on the final report.	
2			What do you make of that?	
3		Α.	I mean, essentially you are presented with a Clinician	
4			who, the reason the SAIs had happened is because he had	
5			not been able to do the Triage of a significant number	12:11
6			of referrals, and had not done it and had not alerted	
7			anyone that he hadn't done it. What he's saying there,	
8			in my interpretation, is, even though that's the case,	
9			I'm not willing to change the way I do it to try and	
LO			meet the time scales the way that my colleagues do	12:11
L1			until someone tells me exactly what's expected of me.	
L2	87	Q.	If we scroll down, finally, to just a little.	
L3				
L4			This Review Report, as I have indicated earlier is	
L5			delivered finally on 22nd May 2020, a period of some	12:12
L6			four or five years after the failures of Triage had	
L7			occurred, and anything between two and a half and three	
L8			years after some of the Datixes were raised. Within	
L9			your statement to the Inquiry, you indicate that the	
20			Trust is aware of the risk of delay attendant in	12:12
21			investigating some of these SAI cases. By any stretch	
22			of the imagination, this is a grossly delayed report.	
23			Would you agree?	
24		Α.	As I have reflected in my statement, the process of an	
25			SAI report takes too long, and indeed this one took, as	12:13
26			you highlight there, two and a half years. There are	
27			often multiple factors into why an SAI report can take	
28			so long. Some of them relate to challenges in	
29			bringing, often, panel members together for meetings	

1			around the SAI, with panel members being busy	
2			Clinicians who perhaps haven't got the availability to	
3			meet as urgently as would be ideal. Some of them	
4			relate to time taken to put together a report, or to	
5			draw together all the evidence. Within this SAI	12:13
6			interviews were conducted with individuals, I seem to	
7			recall. I think Mr. O'Brien was at least had some feed	
8			in before his comments. There was other, if you like,	
9			things that needed arranging that were arranged around	
LO			clinicians' schedules. Once a report starts to be	12:14
L1			drafted, that needs to be reviewed again by them same	
L2			individuals who have busy schedules. For example,	
L3			within this, I would have had to review the report and,	
L4			unfortunately, these reports need time and	
L5			consideration. They are not something you can review	12:14
L6			necessarily quickly, and sometimes that can take time.	
L7			Opportunity for comment, as was provided to Mr. O'Brien	
L8			in this report, was given, and that can take time.	
L9			I think in this case, while initial suggested deadlines	
20			were given, that was pushed back and the comments came	12:14
21			back later. The process takes time because of multiple	
22			factors that come together to get to the end,	
23			unfortunately.	
24	88	Q.	This report obviously is being signed off a month or so	
25			before Mr. O'Brien retires. Plainly, the utility of	12:15
26			any of the recommendations, not just in this case but	
27			in any case where there is gross delay, is blunted the	
28			further you get in terms of time away from the adverse	
29			incident itself. If the adverse incident has happened	

1			as a result of questionable practice four or five years	
2			earlier, you would agree with me that there is some	
3			importance to be attached to promptitude when trying to	
4			identify the lessons that are there to be learnt from	
5			the questionable practice?	12:16
6		Α.	Yeah. I mean, at the very least, the same practice	
7			could be continuing.	
8	89	Q.	Sorry?	
9		Α.	At the very least, you know, if you like, at the worst	
10			end the same practice could be continuing while the	12:16
11			investigative process is ongoing, and recommendations	
12			haven't been made.	
13	90	Q.	Yes. If the Inquiry was to think more generally about	
14			your experience of the SAI process, dealing with this	
15			particular set of circumstances we are going to go	12:16
16			on and look at some of the other patients in a moment.	
17			What would you be suggesting to the Inquiry in terms of	
18			the kinds of procedural improvements that could be made	
19			to bring a quicker outcome?	
20		Α.	Obviously a timescale related to the steps in an SAI	12:17
21			report are important, but I've mentioned that some of	
22			the factors are actually the availability of the	
23			Clinicians. If Clinicians either involved as, if you	
24			like, the subjects of SAIs or the Panel members don't	
25			have available time in order to conduct them duties,	12:17
26			then you inevitably end up in a position where there is	
27			delay. You might want, and I'm sure we would all want,	
28			at least a first meeting very quickly after the	
29			establishment of an SAI, say, within a month, but	

1			unfortunately, clinical activity would be booked and	
2			scheduled up to six weeks ahead of us, so immediately	
3			there's a challenge, if people haven't got time, that	
4			you can't have your first meeting for at least six	
5			weeks. That creates problems. It's availability and	12:18
6			time within the Panel members' jobs.	
7	91	Q.	What's the solution?	
8		Α.	I think the solution is either to take the approach of	
9			cancelling the clinical activity to facilitate and	
10			enable these to proceed at a quicker pace, or to have	12:18
11			a designated group of Chairs, SAI Chairs who have fixed	
12			availability in their job plans prospectively to	
13			conduct that, them meetings and conduct the SAI	
14			investigations.	
15	92	Q.	One of the other observations contained in your witness	12:19
16			statement in terms of some SAIs that you have	
17			presumably been a party to, is the sometime failure to	
18			tailor recommendations to the individual circumstances	
19			of the Clinician. In other words, if the Clinician is	
20			shown by the process to be weak or aberrant in	12:19
21			particular aspects of his or her practice, the	
22			recommendations should seek to specifically grapple	
23			with that. Is that a weakness of the SAI process or	
24			some SAI reports that you have experienced?	
25		Α.	Yeah, that's my view. Sometimes we can find that	12:19
26			within the body of an SAI report it may identify an	
27			individual Clinician failing or issue, but that may not	
28			be subsequently picked up within the recommendations of	
29			the report as a specific recommendation related to that	

1			individual or Clinician. These reports did have	
2			specific recommendations related to the Clinician.	
3	93	Q.	In other words, I'm sure you're too modest to say so,	
4			but this is the kinds of recommendations tailored to	
5			specific organisations and, ultimately, an individual	12:20
6			Clinician, is that what you tend to hold up as if not	
7			a perfect example but something that gets closer to the	
8			concern that you were expressing?	
9		Α.	I think if an identified causal factor in the incident	
10			that's being investigated is a behaviour or an action	12:20
11			of an individual that is not a system-wide behaviour or	
12			action, then you need a recommendation that relates to	
13			that individual.	
14	94	Q.	Yes. Let me move on to another SAI dating from 2017	
15			that you were part of the Review Panel. It concerns	12:21
16			Patient 16. This matter originated as a complaint from	
17			the daughter of Patient 16, a lady from whom the	
18			Inquiry heard in its June hearings. The concern that	
19			she was expressing, on behalf of her father, was the	
20			failure on the part of the Urology Service to arrange	12:22
21			for the timely removal and replacement of a ureteric	
22			stent for her father, a cancer patient. The SAI report	
23			is to be found at PAT-000100.	
24				
25			Again, Mr. Haynes, you are part of this panel. A green	12:22
26			light to proceed with a SAI review was given in April	
27			2017. I'm not sure if it's clear on the face of that	
28			document, but this report signed off on 27th January	
29			2020, some nearly three years later, certainly more	

1			than three years after the incident giving rise to the	
2			concern. Again, is that to be taken as just one of	
3			those things, a symptom of a process that didn't	
4			arrange for the Clinicians participating in the process	
5			to be able to devote sufficient time to getting it done	12:23
6			quicker?	
7		Α.	As I say, it's multifactorial. That's one of the	
8			factors. This SAI was also chaired by Dr. Johnston	
9			externally. I think my memory is it was considered at	
10			the same time as the five non-Triage SAIs, is my	12:23
11			memory.	
12	95	Q.	Yes. There were several issues in it, but the issue	
13			which called attention to Mr. O'Brien's role was in	
14			respect of communication coming into him and his	
15			secretary seeking an appointment for admission of this	12:24
16			patient that was seemingly unanswered or not dealt	
17			with. If I can just open the report at PAT-000112, and	
18			if we just scroll down.	
19				
20			Mr. O'Brien in this context was labelled Consultant	12:24
21			Urologist 13. This is the issue that directly concerns	
22			Mr. O'Brien and it says, second paragraph:	
23				
24			"There is no evidence of the letters sent to Consultant	
25			Urologist 13" that's Mr. O'Brien "being	12:25
26			initialled to acknowledge receipt. The important 26th	
27			November 2015 letter from Consultant oncologist 10 to	
28			Mr. O'Brien initially requesting change of the stent	
29			was stamped on the Craigavon Hospital chart 11th	

1		December 2015 but there is no Consultant	
2		note/signature/handwriting evident on the letter to	
3		acknowledge receipt. This calls into question whether	
4		Mr. O'Brien was made aware, at that time, that the	
5		stent change was required.	12:26
6			
7		"However, there were several e-mail communications	
8		received shortly afterwards that should have brought	
9		this to his attention. This series of communication	
10		issues could be characterised as indicating a lack of	12:26
11		acknowl edging, reviewing and/or actioning	
12		correspondence. "	
13			
14		In its recommendations, the Review Team drew attention	
15		to this issue of clinicians dealing with	12:26
16		correspondence. If we scroll down to page 115 of that	
17		series, that's PAT-000115.	
18			
19		Mr. Haynes, help us if you can. Part of the concern of	
20		the Review Panel was that the Trust didn't have	12:27
21		a system in place which allowed for the proper	
22		monitoring of, and actioning of correspondence by	
23		clinicians.	
24	Α.	Yeah. Essentially, despite much of what we do being	
25		electronic, means of communication between Consultants	12:27
26		within a hospital still tends to be, then and largely	
27		now, in the form of paper letters. If a patient is	
28		seen by the Oncology team in the Cancer Centre in	
29		Belfast and a letter is written to me in Craigavon,	

1			that comes through the post to my secretary. Although	
2			on receipt the secretaries would tend to stamp the	
3			letter as to when received, there wasn't a process	
4			whereby the system knew that that letter had been	
5			received. The system knew when that letter had been	12:28
6			passed on to, in the example I gave, me, for me to read	
7			it, and annotate what action, if any, is required from	
8			that. That action may be simply to file it or that may	
9			be to carry out something else. There was no	
10			monitoring process for when that was returned from me	12:29
11			to my secretary for that, if you like, outcome to be	
12			noted. That was, if you like, the problem that we had	
13			recognised in the process of this SAI.	
14	96	Q.	The effect in this case of Mr. O'Brien not dealing with	
15			his correspondence and I will come on to his	12:29
16			perspective in a moment. The effect of that was, from	
17			the patient's perspective, profound, in the sense that	
18			I think it was identified that there was a delay	
19			between 26th November 2015 and 29th June 2016 before	
20			the stent was removed and, I think replaced, and	12:30
21			a degree of pain and suffering associated with that	
22			delay and a complicated or more complicated recovery	
23			process of the stent and the replacement. I suppose	
24			that puts into sharp focus the need for the Trust to	
25			have a system of ensuring that Clinicians are	12:30
26			responding to correspondence and, if not responding,	
27			a provision or an arrangement for that to be spotted,	
28			identified and addressed. Has that changed in the	
29			interim?	

1		Α.	I can certainly give example of how it functions in my	
2			practice now. That is, upon receipt of a letter my	
3			secretary will scan that electronically to a shared	
4			folder on a shared drive so it's date-stamped as to	
5			when that's received. I will manage that	12:31
6			electronically using software to annotate my comments,	
7			dating my comments, and save it back to the same shared	
8			folder, where my secretary is able to take it off and	
9			she stores it herself on a hard drive, so there's	
10			a clear record of when it's given to me, when I have	12:31
11			actioned and when it's taken off and actioned by my	
12			secretary.	
13	97	Q.	Yes. In terms of the outsider, the Trust, a Trust	
14			manager, how can they identify that you have perhaps	
15			failed to do it for a month or two months or, in this	12:31
16			case, several months?	
17		Α.	For me, that would be reliant on my secretary	
18			highlighting that I haven't done it.	
19	98	Q.	Yes. The system beyond you and your secretary doesn't	
20			know until, in this case, the patient's daughter	12:32
21			complains, or somebody else, perhaps another Clinician,	
22			spots it?	
23		Α.	Or my secretary escalates that I've not done it through	
24			her line management.	
25	99	Q.	Sorry to cut across you. Is she given that, if you	12:32
26			like, supervisory responsibility vis-à-vis you? In	
27			other words, if you are not doing your job, she has	
28			liberty to raise that with her management?	
29		Α.	My secretary is very aware that I am clearly of the	

1			view that that is her role, and that's a protective	
2			role for me as well.	
3	100	Q.	Yes.	
4		Α.	What I was just going to add is that I am aware, and	
5			it's currently a live thing, in that an alternative	12:33
6			process for the inter Consultants, so inter Speciality	
7			referral process that will come through the electronic	
8			Triage system on ECR is developed and is due to be	
9			trialed in the near future. Indeed, one of the e-mails	
10			I have picked up this morning concerns that being	12:33
11			trialed within Urology in Southern Trust in the near	
12			future.	
13	101	Q.	I said I was going to look at Mr. O'Brien's perspective	
14			on this. If we go to AOB-03494. Just the top of his	
15			letter, if we scroll up, please, to 03495.	12:34
16				
17			What Mr. O'Brien is saying here is that he is	
18			acknowledging receiving correspondence in respect of	
19			this patient, asking for admission to deal with the	
20			stent issue. He says:	12:35
21				
22			"The subsequent e-mails which I received from" his	
23			secretary or audio typist, and he gives the dates	
24			"are typical of requests and enquiries which I have	
25			received every day for years from patients, relatives,	12:35
26			GPs, MLAs, MPs and personnel in Trust management,	
27			regarding dates for admission. For years, I have had	
28			approximately 280 patients awaiting elective admission	
29			and re-admission. I currently have 228 patients	

1		awaiting urgent elective admission dating back to	
2		August 2014, prior to Patient 16 having first been	
3		referred to our Department in March 2015."	
4			
5		He goes on to say:	12:36
6			
7		"The failure to respond positively to any request for	
8		admission is a consequence of the lack of operating	
9		capacity provided by the Trust. The failure to respond	
10		in any way to every request is additionally	12:36
11		a consequence of the lack of time provided and	
12		available to do so."	
13			
14		There's two features there. He is saying, I don't have	
15		the time or didn't have the time, because of the	12:36
16		frailties of the system within which I was expected to	
17		operate, to grant this patient a timely admission.	
18		Secondly, although I'm aware of getting these requests	
19		for assistance, I don't even have time to deal with the	
20		correspondence. Your observations on that?	12:37
21	Α.	I think it's notable the period of time. This was	
22		2015/16, and we've already discussed my concerns being	
23		raised through 2015 on two occasions, I think it was,	
24		about private patients being brought in very quickly	
25		after a consultation. Indeed, was it December 2016 my	12:37
26		e-mail to Ronan Carroll about a routine TURP being	
27		brought in after a very short period of time?	
28			
29		I think one reflection is that it appears that he can	

1			respond to private patients' clinical urgency but not	
2			a patient he has being contacted about who is also	
3			urgent. I do recognise, and I have highlighted it	
4			within my statement, the issue of us not being able to	
5			meet demand, and I commented yesterday about the impact	12:38
6			on patients having delayed changes in dwelling stents	
7			or delayed stone management with stents in situ, and	
8			the potential risk of an increased or more complicated	
9			procedure. There's almost a suggestion in his comment	
10			that he'd just managed this change of stent on the same	12:38
11			urgency as everyone else on the urgent waiting list,	
12			that's not entirely in keeping with how any Urologist	
13			manage patients with stents in that require changes.	
14			They are planned for changes. The manufacturers	
15			recommend changes every six months. We endeavour to	12:39
16			meet that. On occasions, we are late, we are not able	
17			to meet that, but that's not managing them in	
18			a chronological manner with everyone else urgent back	
19			to 2014. If that was the case, we'd have every patient	
20			with a long term stent being admitted as an emergency	12:39
21			with a complication. While I recognise that he may not	
22			have had the capacity to manage this patient as	
23			urgently as he perhaps would have liked to, to say that	
24			he couldn't manage him at all and, at the same time,	
25			over that period of time, have patients that I have	12:39
26			identified who had short waits for less urgent	
27			procedures arguably, who he happened to have seen	
28			privately, just doesn't seem to fit together.	
29	102	Q.	If you don't have time within your waiting lists to	

1			address this patient, and if you find that you don't	
2			have time to draft a letter, is there another approach	
3			that should be taken to alert the wider system to your	
4			lack of capacity in respect of a particular patient?	
5		Α.	Again, and I would have done this myself on occasion	12:40
6			where I've been in this almost exact situation of	
7			patients who have long term indwelling stents where	
8			I haven't got theatre availability, I will communicate	
9			with my colleagues and say this patient needs their	
10			stent changed and I haven't got any operating space, is	12:41
11			there any chance someone can offer a date?	
12	103	Q.	Presumably, when you see correspondence not being	
13			answered for such a long period of time, that	
14			reinforces the point that the system needs to develop	
15			a way to identify that and challenge it?	12:41
16		Α.	Yeah. You know, we all get a significant volume of	
17			patient correspondence, we all get a significant volume	
18			of e-mail correspondence. As a system, we need to know	
19			where that correspondence relates to patients isn't	
20			being managed, isn't being actioned. As an individual,	12:41
21			I think we also need to be alert and recognise that we	
22			need to ask for help and state very clearly not, I'm	
23			finding it difficult, but I'm not doing it, if you are	
24			not doing it.	
25	104	Q.	Yes. The Inquiry also has to look at these kinds of	12:42
26			instances, both this patient, Patient 16 as well as the	
27			group of five patients we have just looked at in the	
28			triaging context, and Patient 10, the other Triage	
29			case, we have to look at these cases in a more rounded	

1			way to see what those instances were telling or ought	
2			to have been telling the Governance arrangements about	
3			a practitioner employed doing very important work, had,	
4			no doubt, a huge skill set but, for whatever reason,	
5			judged by these examples, was struggling to deliver the	12:43
6			service which at least the Trust expected him to	
7			deliver, and leaving aside the delay issue, because	
8			some of these conclusions didn't emerge until 2020	
9			itself, albeit before his retirement, but if you had	
10			received the report, or had you produced the report as	12:43
11			part of a team with regards to the five non-Triage	
12			cases or, to use this different example, Patient 16,	
13			what would that have been saying or what that ought to	
14			have been saying to the Trust about Mr. O'Brien and his	
15			way of working?	12:44
16		Α.	I think what it said is that he's not on top of this	
17			correspondence. There's factors that there's an	
18			issue here akin to the issues that then became part of	
19			the MHPS investigation. If you are, say, not acting on	
20			a CT report, it's very similar to not acting on a piece	12:44
21			of paper, a correspondence letter. It's, I guess,	
22			flagging that there is an issue in this individual's	
23			way of work in his practice that is a risk.	
24	105	Q.	Let me turn to a couple of cases that deal with this	
25			issue of this CT report. What I mean by that is that	12:45
26			we can see dotted across this narrative that on	
27			a number of identified occasions, and of course there	
28			could be other instances not identified, not least for	
29			the Inquiry but also for the Trust, where, with regard	

1			to patients for whom Mr. O'Brien has some element of	
2			management responsibility, there are investigations,	
3			they are sitting in report form to be accessed and they	
4			are not accessed on time or sometimes at all. Is that	
5			something that's familiar to you?	12:46
6		Α.	That's a factor in some of the patients within the	
7			subject matter, or the patients within the list here	
8			that we are considering. It's the same factor as I had	
9			highlighted in some of the concerns that I have raised.	
10	106	Q.	Yes.	12:46
11		Α.	Indeed, had been a factor in concerns raised prior to	
12			me starting in Southern Trust, as we heard last week.	
13	107	Q.	If we go to the case of Patient 92. You raised an	
14			Incident Report on 12th March 2019. If we just pull	
15			that Incident Report up. It's at TRU-162123. We can	12:47
16			see, again just what I have said there, you are the	
17			reporter, it's being raised on 12th March 2019. Let me	
18			just read from the narrative. This was an inpatient	
19			admission between 29th November '17 and	
20			7th December '17. There was to be a follow-up CT renal	12:48
21			in three months. The CT was performed on 13th March	
22			2018 and reported on 20th March 2018, showing suspected	
23			renal cancer. There was a GP referral four months	
24			later on 17th July 2018. There had been no review and	
25			no follow-up after the CT scan. The patient, that is	12:48
26			Patient 92, subsequently underwent surgical treatment	
27			of the renal cancer. To cut that down another way,	
28			this was one of Mr. O'Brien's patients. He had	
29			directed that a CT scan of the kidney would be	

1			arranged. That was conducted in the Radiography	
2			Department and reported on promptly, and the scan	
3			report showing suspicion of renal cancer was there to	
4			be read but it wasn't read. No action was taken until	
5			a GP, fortuitously, wrote in, red-flagged the patient	12:49
6			and the situation assumedly was recovered. Is that	
7			your understanding of what happened in summary?	
8		Α.	Yes. The patient was in as an emergency with an upper	
9			urinary tract infection and a CT at the time had showed	
10			an abnormality which showed could be infection which	12:50
11			related to inflammation or could be a cancer, and a CT	
12			scan was recommended. That was requested and performed	
13			in March, and reported as a renal cancer.	
14	108	Q.	The Serious Adverse Event report commented on the	
15			absence of a process to ensure the actioning of	12:50
16			investigation results. If we could just open that	
17			report at TRU-41198? I think if we go to 90, please.	
18			Sorry. Go back to TRU-41198.	
19				
20			The first recommendation, Mr. Haynes, is that:	12:52
21				
22			"The Trust is to review its current processes of	
23			communicating, recording and signing off suspected	
24			cancer diagnosis to patient's Consultants. The Trust	
25			is to consider a system in which results can be	12:52
26			communicated to referring Clinicians and electronically	
27			signed off by the referring Consultant."	
28				
29			Is that the kind of facility or system that, had it	

Т			been in prace, might have addressed the issue in this	
2			case?	
3		Α.	That system is available for use. I can't recall when	
4			it became available, but I think at the time of this	
5			SEA it was available. It's certainly a system that	12:53
6			I utilise myself and that is whereby, on the electronic	
7			care record, there's a tab for sign-off, on to which	
8			appears any report or result which has been requested	
9			by me when the report is made available. If	
LO			a reporting Radiologist reports a CT scan now and	12:54
L1			that's confirmed, so signed off by him as complete, him	
L2			or her, that, then, appears on my sign-off list on	
L3			NIECR so I can assess it straight away. In my working	
L4			practice, I work daily making sure I keep on top of	
L5			them results coming in, and so if that result shows an	12:54
L6			abnormality, in this case I would have arranged for an	
L7			Urgent Outpatient Review to see the patient, to inform	
L8			them of the result and, subsequent to that, would have	
L9			arranged staging an MDT discussion of treatment	
20			options. That system exists. I think the bigger thing	12:54
21			is the engagement of clinicians in the systems that do	
22			exist. As a team	
23	109	Q.	Let me come to the DARO system in a moment.	
24		Α.	Yeah.	
25	110	Q.	You made an observation at an earlier point about the	12:55
26			absence of, in some SAI reviews that you are familiar	
27			with, the absence of directed Consultant specific	
28			recommendations. Here is perhaps an example of this.	
29			In this case, presumably it would have been helpful for	

1			a recommendation to have been made for the attention of	
2			Mr. O'Brien to access, read and action investigation	
3			results that were ordered by him in respect of his	
4			patient?	
5		Α.	And monitor that it's happening.	12:55
6	111	Q.	Yes. This wasn't a new type of incident or a new type	
7			of shortcoming on the part of Mr. O'Brien, according to	
8			the Trust. In 2010, there was a case concerning	
9			Patient 95, clearly before your time, but I would just	
10			wish to have your observations on it. Patient 95 was	12:56
11			the case of a swab retained in the cavity following	
12			surgery, and Mr. O'Brien was the surgeon.	
13				
14			For the Inquiry's reference, there was an SAI report	
15			that dealt with the case and it failed to make any	12:57
16			recommendation in association with the reading and	
17			actioning of CT reports.	
18				
19			If we can open TRU-259876, and just so that I can see	
20			the bottom of it, please.	12:57
21				
22			This is an e-mail from 25th July 2011, the year after	
23			the SAI review had reported in Patient 95, Mrs. Trouton	
24			is writing to the Service and saying:	
25				12:58
26			"I know I have addressed this verbally with you a few	
27			months ago but just to be sure, can you please check	
28			with your consultants that investigations which are	
29			requested that the results are reviewed as soon as the	

1			result is available and that one does not wait until	
2			the review appointment to look at them."	
3				
4			Isn't that precisely the same concern that we've	
5			observed in Patient 92's case?	12:58
6		Α.	Yeah.	
7	112	Q.	A CT report available for the treating Consultant to	
8			review and action if necessary, but not being seen by	
9			that treating Clinician?	
10		Α.	The safety net being the patient coming to clinic when	12:59
11			they come to clinic in the context of a Service with	
12			a significant capacity demand, mismatch and long waits	
13			for Clinic, and therefore, in such a situation, that	
14			patient's scan may not be reviewed for a significant	
15			period of time. Indeed, it's echoed in later SAIs such	12:59
16			as Patient 5 as an example I can just pull from the	
17			top.	
18	113	Q.	Yes. We will come to that in a moment. I just want to	
19			look at the remainder of that e-mail trail just before	
20			lunch. If we can go back, just scroll down.	12:59
21			Mrs. Trouton has written, let me see the response to	
22			that. Go down to 75. And 74. Okay.	
23				
24			Mr. O'Brien has evidently been informed of	
25			Mrs. Trouton's expectation in respect of the reading of	13:00
26			results, and he writes in response to that and comments	
27			that I will read it all out:	
28				
29			"I write in response to the e-mail informing us that	

1		there is an expectation that investigative results and	
2		reports are to be reviewed as soon as they become	
3		available and that one does not wait until patients'	
4		review appointments. I presume that this relates to	
5		Outpatients, and arises as a consequence of patients	13:01
6		not being reviewed when intended. I am concerned for	
7		several reasons".	
8			
9		He sets out a series of questions, and in the middle	
10		of that, he asks:	13:01
11			
12		"How much time will the exercise of presentation take?	
13		Are there other resource implications to the	
14		presentation of results and reports for review?"	
15			13:01
16		A series of questions, and he says he believes that	
17		these need to be addressed.	
18			
19		Just pausing there. I pointed out earlier	
20		Mr. O'Brien's perspective is within the system that he	13:02
21		has to operate in, how can he possibly find the time to	
22		deal with that? The better approach from his	
23		perspective is to review the results at the time of the	
24		Clinic when the patient is coming in for review?	
25	Α.	I think it's a complete abdication of responsibility	13:02
26		for carrying out the action for patients under your	
27		care. It's interesting he asks whether he's to review	
28		all results and reports relating to patients under his	
29		or her care, irrespective of who requested them.	

1			I would never ask that question as a Consultant,	
2			whether it's a trainee, whether it's a non-Consultant	
3			career grade, whether it's a Clinical Nurse Specialist	
4			who requests an investigation on a patient under my	
5			care; I'm the responsible Consultant. From memory, but	13:03
6			I believe the GMC duties of a doctor has comment on	
7			responsibilities of Clinicians to look at results of	
8			investigations of patients under their care.	
9			Essentially and to say, I know I mean, knowing the	
10			system we work in, I know I'm not going to be able to	13:03
11			see patients in the time that I should, but I'm not	
12			willing to look at any results because the system	
13			should enable me to see them and they don't in the time	
14			that I have asked for, and if it can't it's everyone	
15			else's fault and whatever falls out of that is nothing	13:03
16			to do with me; it's not a viewpoint that I could share	
17			or ever understand.	
18	114	Q.	Yes. Let me just finally, before we break for lunch,	
19			if we can go one page up again to TRU-259873. We have	
20			on the 26th August 2011 an e-mail from Eamon to	13:04
21			Gillian. Eamon is Eamon Mackle, the Associate Medical	
22			Director and he is writing to Gillian Rankin, who	
23			I think, from memory, is the Medical Director at that	
24			time? No?	
25		Α.	I think Director of Acute Services.	13:04
26	115	Q.	Director of Acute Services. Thank you. What	
27			Mr. Mackle is saying:	
28				
29			"I have been forwarded this e-mail by Martina"	

1	Martina Corrigan, and that's Mr. O'Brien's "and	
2	I think it raises a governance issue as to what is to	
3	happen to the results of tests performed on Aidan's	
4	patients. It appears that at present he does not	
5	review the results until the patient appears back in	13:05
6	Outpatients Department."	
7		
8	We will have to speak to Mr. Mackle to see what was	
9	done with that Governance conundrum, but, judged by	
10	what you were seeing with Patient 92, you've referred	13:05
11	as well to Patient 5, which was one of the 2020 SAIs.	
12	I don't know if you can remember the facts off the top	
13	of your head, but Patient 7 is others can correct me	
14	if they think I am wrong but appears to be another	
15	failure to action results and follow up. Albeit of	13:06
16	a different kind of case, Patient 90, which was	
17	reported just before the Patient 92 case, Patient 90,	
18	you may recall, was a death following surgery. One of	
19	the observations of the SAI team in that case was that	
20	it was indicated in 2016, via a CT scan, that there was	13:06
21	a requirement for an echocardiogram and that was not	
22	actioned, nor was there a formal preoperative	
23	assessment that might have spotted that issue prior to	
24	Mr. O'Brien taking the patient to theatre.	
25		13:07
26	After lunch, I will maybe return to some of the	
27	governance aspects that flow from that collection of	
28	similar cases, but I think now would be a suitable	
29	point. Ten minutes ago might have been a suitable	

1	point!	
2	CHAIR: Given what might have been suitable ten minutes	
3	ago we will not sit again until ten past two.	
4		
5	THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED FOR LUNCH	13:07
6		
7	THE INQUIRY CONTINUED AFTER LUNCH AS FOLLOWS:	
8		
9	CHAIR: Good afternoon, everyone. Mr. Wolfe.	
10	MR. WOLFE KC: Good afternoon. Chair, if you feel that	14:11
11	a break is required at any point, just let me know.	
12	I don't intend to break but I realise that would be	
13	selfish, perhaps. The likelihood is that what I'm	
14	regarding as, sort of, scene-setting evidence, this	
15	first phase of Mr. Haynes' evidence is unlikely to	14:11
16	conclude today, just looking at what I have to get	
17	through. I suspect another half-day will be required,	
18	probably the longer half of the day, the morning half	
19	of the day as opposed to the evening half of the day.	
20	I have mentioned that briefly in passing to Mr. Lunny	14:11
21	on the way in. I haven't had a chance to discuss	
22	diaries with Mr. Haynes. I know that, as a surgeon, it	
23	may not be possible to make the 13th, but that's what	
24	our thinking is, and it can be discussed with his legal	
25	team after today.	14:12
26	CHAIR: Yes. I mean obviously, Mr. Haynes, we are	
27	aware of your commitments and if we can accommodate you	
28	we will. Obviously we have a job to do too, so if we	
29	can work together towards a mutually agreeable date.	

1	tha	t would	d be	better
2	MR.	WOLFE	KC:	okay.
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1		MR. HAYNES CONTINUED TO BE EXAMINED BY MR. WOLFE AS	
2		FOLLOWS:	
3	116 Q	Just before the break, we were looking at the issue of	
4		sign-off, that is the Clinician should be seeing the	
5		result of an investigation and looking at it and taking	14:12
6		necessary action. We have looked at some cases where	
7		that hasn't happened with Mr. O'Brien. It did mention	
8		briefly, and I just want to look at the recommendation	
9		in the case of Patient 90. If we could bring up	
10		TRU-161146.	14:13
11			
12		The first recommendation is:	
13			
14		"The Trust should develop and implement guidance for	
15		clinical rough sign-off with a monthly audit of sign	14:13
16		off to be presented to the governance forums."	
17			
18		I just want to check that I understand that. It's	
19		seeming to suggest that, at that time, there wouldn't	
20		have been guidance to Clinicians in respect of Clinical	14:13
21		results sign-off, but going forward, the Review Team	
22		appear to want to see that, and they also want to have	
23		a process of audit in place so that the system knows	
24		where Clinicians are not looking at their results and	
25		not signing off and actioning. Is that a good layman's	14:14
26		interpretation of what's going on there?	
27	А	Yeah. As I commented on a previous question in,	
28		I think, relation to the letters coming in, or it might	
29		have been Triage. If we want to monitor performance	

1			against something we have got to have clarity as to	
2			what the standard is we are monitoring against and how	
3			that is then interpreted, audited or monitored, and	
4			then how that is escalated when non-compliance occurs.	
5	117	Q.	Okay. Was it unclear to Clinicians that the early	14:14
6			reading of results and actioning, if necessary, in	
7			light of those results, was that unknown to Clinicians?	
8		Α.	I think it's apparent from my views that I've expressed	
9			that an understanding that you have a responsibility is	
10			certainly there with most of us without having to have	14:15
11			that what's expected written down, but it's also	
12			apparent where you have issues arising out of not doing	
13			that, that for others that understanding or	
14			recognition, or acceptance of a responsibility for that	
15			aspect of work doesn't appear to be within their work	14:15
16			and practice.	
17	118	Q.	Yes. It's obvious as this, isn't it: If you have gone	
18			to the trouble to instigate a CT scan to rule in or	
19			rule out a disease, particularly in the area of cancer	
20			where you can have aggressive cancers progressing quite	14:16
21			quickly, it would be plain daft to leave those results	
22			sitting in the ether for three, four, five months, or	
23			whatever it might take, in a context where the waiting	
24			list for reviews are, to put it mildly, less than	
25			generous. Really, it's a matter of common sense for	14:16
26			a Clinician to look at them as soon as possible?	
27		Α.	It certainly is for me. As I have said, my	
28			understanding is that the GMC is clear that it's our	
29			responsibility to action results of investigations we	

1			request.	
2	119	Q.	We have seen in this brief potted history of the cases	
3			that have come to this Inquiry's attention, 2010 with	
4			the stent retention, 2018 in the case of Patient 90,	
5			2018 again with Patient 92, and then the two cases in	14:17
6			2020. What does it say about the Trust's arrangements,	
7			if this issue with this practitioner is known about in	
8			2010 causes Mr. Mackle to say this is a Governance	
9			issue, look at how Mr. O'Brien is protesting this with	
LO			a series of questions, and then the issue comes up	14:17
L1			again and again, again and again, the system isn't	
L2			grappling with it, is it?	
L3		Α.	No.	
L4	120	Q.	It's the same issue in different clinical or different	
L5			factual contexts all the way along this ten-year	14:18
L6			period?	
L7		Α.	These are cases, as you've suggested under reporting	
L8			before, these are cases we know about where there has	
L9			been significant findings on the scans. Alongside	
20			these will also be lots of patients who didn't get the	14:18
21			result of normal scans or scans without a significant	
22			finding until their review appointment, which may have	
23			been many months or even years later.	
24	121	Q.	In terms of the system, I'm a Clinician, I am routinely	
25			not checking the results for my patients, has that been	14:18
26			grappled with today, November 2022? Is the system now	
27			aware, via electronic process or audit, if this kind of	
28			thing is happening in Craigavon today?	
20		۸	Within Ungloay in my role as Divisional Medical	

1			Director for Urology Improvement, we have a weekly	
2			audit, exactly as described there, where we have	
3			a report generated as to how many outstanding results	
4			are awaiting sign-off by the Consultant Urologist.	
5			I've developed that in a red, amber, green format so	14:19
6			results that are less than two weeks old, results that	
7			are two to four weeks old, and results that are over	
8			four weeks old. I know that within Urology, we have	
9			a system working where all of the Consultants are	
10			working utilising the electronic sign-off and the print	14:20
11			or the result yesterday, the result last week is the	
12			only outstanding results are less than two weeks old,	
13			so I know that, within Urology, we have developed that	
14			system, and I've started speaking across the other	
15			Divisional Medical Directors as to how that can be	14:20
16			translated across into other Specialties.	
17	122	Q.	Yes. I think the Inquiry might accept that sometimes	
18			it's more difficult to develop a system-wide solution,	
19			you know, that goes through, no doubt, numerous	
20			committees and numerous obstacles before you get	14:20
21			a solution at the other end, but it's perhaps easier to	
22			devise an individualised bespoke solution, so if you	
23			know that a particular Clinician is falling foul of the	
24			rule that you described earlier as sort of get to these	
25			things promptly, then it should be a straightforward	14:21
26			matter of including that as part of a monitoring	
27			arrangement?	
28		Α.	Yeah. So if you are monitoring arrangements,	
29			particularly if you are monitoring arrangement for the	

1			example of results mandates an engagement with that	
2			electronic sign-off, getting reports on a weekly basis,	
3			which is exactly what I am getting, of an individual	
4			Clinician and essentially filtering that Excel file for	
5			signed off or not signed off, is a straightforward	14:22
6			monitoring process.	
7	123	Q.	But it wasn't done?	
8		Α.	That wasn't done.	
9	124	Q.	You speak in your statement about a system called DARO	
10			and I have stopped you several times from talking about	14:22
11			it; now is your chance. Let me just orientate you.	
12			Your witness statement at WIT-53948, paragraph 69.9.	
13			I am going to bring you to Mr. O'Brien's e-mail	
14			presently, but just explain to us, if you can, DARO.	
15			What, in the context of what we have been talking	14:23
16			about, how does DARO assist or detract from this issue?	
17		Α.	In terms of results, or any process in healthcare, we	
18			hear about Swiss cheese and essentially where problems	
19			happen, often patients have fallen through holes at	
20			multiple steps. In terms of monitoring or getting	14:23
21			results, there is a potential that I may not get	
22			a result that was requested on a patient under my care	
23			on the electronic system. If, for instance, a junior	
24			doctor selects the incorrect Consultant, or there are	
25			two Mr. Haynes and they select the other Mr. Haynes	14:24
26			then that result might come to another Consultant. If	
27			step 1 of my process for managing results fails, then	
28			I need a second step and a third step and, I have	
29			described the DARO process there as a safety net	

1			process. The electronic system for me and my	
2			colleagues in Urology is our first step of that	
3			process. In addition to the electronic results, for	
4			Radiology, for instance, and for Pathology, the result	
5			is printed and sent to our secretaries as a paper	14:24
6			result, and our secretaries are able to check whether	
7			we've actioned that against, has it been signed off on	
8			ECR. Then a third is what if that piece of paper	
9			doesn't reach our secretaries, goes missing, then	
10			that's where the DARO process comes in. If a patient	14:25
11			has seen me in clinic and I have requested a CT scan,	
12			then my secretary will add that patient to the DARO	
13			list as awaiting a CT result. Each month, my secretary	
14			will check against that DARO list if them patients have	
15			had the CT done, has it been reported and has the	14:25
16			report been actioned, and then take them off that.	
17			It's a safety net within that, if you like, I have just	
18			described a three-step or a three-point process.	
19	125	Q.	Yes. We can see, if we open an e-mail from	
20			a Mrs. McCall at WIT-55864. She is writing on 30th	14:25
21			January 2019 to what I take to be to a number of	
22			members of staff, including a Noeleen Elliott who is	
23			Mr. O'Brien's secretary. Are these medical secretaries	
24			in the main?	
25		Α.	Yes.	14:26
26	126	Q.	Yes. She is writing in order to explain, so far as	
27			I can see, the DARO system and how it should be used.	
28			She's saying that:	
29				

76

1			"If a Consultant states in the letter 'I am requesting	
2			CT," et cetera and will review with the result'. These	
3			patients all need to be DARO'd first, pending the	
4			result, not put on a waiting list for an appointment at	
5			this stage. There is no way of ensuring that the	14:27
6			result is seen by the Consultant if we do not DARO.	
7			This is our fail-safe so patients are not missed. Not	
8			always does a hard copy of the result reach us from	
9			Radiology so we cannot rely on a paper copy of the	
10			result to come to us.	14:27
11				
12			Only once the Consultant has seen the result should the	
13			patient be then put on the waiting list for an	
14			appointment if required and at this stage the	
15			Consultant can decide if they are Red Flag appointment,	14:27
16			Urgent Or Routine and they can be put on the waiting	
17			lists accordingly."	
18				
19			So your description of a fail-safe mechanism, use DARO	
20			and you keep track of the CT result?	14:27
21		Α.	Yeah.	
22	127	Q.	Further up the page towards the top of WIT-55862	
23			sorry, at the bottom, at the bottom, Mr. O'Brien	
24			replying to Ms. McCall, and he says that he has been:	
25				14:28
26			" greatly concerned, indeed alarmed, to have learned	
27			of this directive which has been shared with 'him' out	
28			of similar concern."	
29				

1	He says that:	
2		
3	"The purpose of, or the reason for, the decision to	
4	review a patient is indeed to review the patient.	
5		14:28
6	The patient may indeed have had an investigation	
7	requested, to be carried out in the interim, and to be	
8	available at the time of review of the patient.	
9		
10	The investigation may be of varied significance but it	14:29
11	is still the Clinician's decision to review the	
12	patient. One would almost think from the content of	
13	the process that Ms. McCall has sought to clarify, that	
14	normality of the investigation would negate the need to	
15	review the patient, or the Clinician's desire or need	14:29
16	to do so.	
17		
18	One could also conclude that if no investigation is	
19	requested, then perhaps only those patients are to be	
20	placed on a waiting list for the review as requested,	14:29
21	or are those patients not to be reviewed at all?"	
22		
23	So a series of rhetorical questions. Then he goes on	
24	to give an example down the page. He makes the point	
25	that secretarial staff are being consulted in relation	14:29
26	to this as opposed to Consultants, who, he says, should	
27	be consulted. You then come in on this because	
28	presumably Mrs. McCall has directed your attention to	
29	the reply?	

	Α.	I was copied in by Mr. O Bitell to the reply, I believe,	
2		along with my colleagues.	
3	128 Q.	Okay. If we go to WIT-55862. Are we on that page?	
4		Mr. Haynes, your response is to push back against what	
5		Mr. O'Brien is saying. First of all, how did you	14:30
6		interpret what he was saying? He was asking a lot of	
7		questions. He was suggesting that it's really a matter	
8		for the Consultant to decide when a review should be	
9		listed or should be notified to the system, and that	
10		the DARO process, as described by Mrs. McCall,	14:31
11		shouldn't interfere with the Consultants' autonomy on	
12		these issues?	
13	Α.	If you look at the DARO process as described by	
14		Ms. McCall and apply that to Patient 92, who we covered	
15		before, who had that CT scan, that follow-up CT scan in	14:31
16		March, if she had been on the DARO list, at the end of	
17		March that list would have been able to be checked.	

Ms. McCall and apply that to Patient 92, who we covered before, who had that CT scan, that follow-up CT scan in 14:31 March, if she had been on the DARO list, at the end of March that list would have been able to be checked. The fact that she had had a CT scan showing a kidney cancer would have been picked up and she could have been offered a Red Flag appointment at that point, as 14:31 Ms. McCall has indicated in her e-mail. The plan that was in place for that patient, where she wasn't on the DARO list, meant that she sat in a review backlog waiting to come to Clinic for the urgency of the report to be noted. Mr. O'Brien's approach to it, to me, fits 14:32 again with my comment earlier of an abdication of a responsibility to have a system, or engage in a system to review results of patients -- of scans of investigations that you have requested on patients.

1	129	Q.	I take it that, to your knowledge, he didn't use DARO	
2			at all?	
3		Α.	DARO is not utilised by the Consultant; it's our	
4			secretarial team use the DARO process. It happens for	
5			me and for most well, to my knowledge, all my	14:32
6			colleagues, by our secretaries, with investigations	
7			that results are identified that we haven't found	
8			through our other processes being flagged up to us by	
9			our secretaries when they do that check of the DARO	
10			list.	14:33
11	130	Q.	The fact that she, the secretary, in conjunction with	
12			Mr. O'Brien, wasn't using that fail-safe, was that	
13			known?	
14		Α.	It is evident from that correspondence that Mr. O'Brien	
15			and his secretary didn't feel that they should apply	14:33
16			the DARO process to the patients under the care of	
17			Mr. O'Brien.	
18	131	Q.	What's your understanding of the rationale for that?	
19		Α.	I can only repeat the rationale he's put in his e-mail,	
20			that is he'd already decided that if the patient needed	14:33
21			a review appointment, they should be waiting for	
22			a review appointment, they shouldn't be on another	
23			list. He seems to have not accepted that that review	
24			appointment might not be for many years, and that	
25			patient may sit for many years with an un-actioned	14:34
26			potentially abnormal scan.	
27	132	Q.	This provides further evidence to you, as his Associate	
28			Medical Director, of a Clinician not willing to conduct	
29			his practice in accordance with the expectations of his	

1			employer?	
2		Α.	Yeah.	
3	133	Q.	The question is: And yet, it's not monitored, this	
4			aspect I know we will go on in a moment to look at	
5			some of the aspects of his practice that were	14:34
6			monitored, but the actioning of results was not	
7			something that was monitored even though there were	
8			clear indicators that would give rise to a suspicion,	
9			perhaps a strong suspicion, that this was a part of	
10			practice that he didn't, for whatever reason, wish to	14:35
11			engage in?	
12		Α.	At this time, the MHPS report had come out, I think at	
13			the end of 2018, within the return to work there was	
14			a monitoring process, but I don't believe it covered	
15			this aspect of his work, no.	14:35
16	134	Q.	No. I wonder would this kind of knowledge, this kind	
17			of world view of how I am to address the results of	
18			investigations, whether it fell to you, with his	
19			Clinical Director, to challenge that, given that it was	
20			known and subjected to monitoring for compliance?	14:36
21		Α.	As you say, I addressed it directly with him at that	
22			time in my reply, but I also escalated it to the	
23			Medical Director at the time in the subsequent	
24			forwarded e-mail, given that, at that time, as I say,	
25			the MHPS monitoring, that process was still ongoing and	14:36
26			that process, in terms of the Oversight Group from	
27			that, didn't involve me. I escalated it to the team	
28			who were in the Oversight Team by escalating it to the	
29			Medical Director.	

1	135	Q.	To your best knowledge, again, nothing was done to	
2			monitor that aspect of his practice?	
3		Α.	To bring this into that process, not that I'm aware of.	
4	136	Q.	Yes. Because, as you know, there were two further	
5			cases to be discovered in 2020?	14:37
6		Α.	Yeah.	
7	137	Q.	In terms of an abdication of responsibility, if you're	
8			passing it up the line to the Medical Director's Office	
9			because you aren't to get involved with monitoring	
10			issues, is that an abdication of responsibility on the	14:37
11			part of the Medical Director's Office or those charged	
12			with monitoring him?	
13		Α.	Without knowing what was done with receipt of that,	
14			I don't know whether that was considered by the	
15			Oversight Team in terms of that MHPS outcome.	14:37
16	138	Q.	We know that two cases weren't caught in any form of	
17			net, and I'm just wondering whether you were aware of	
18			whether a net had been created for the purposes of	
19			catching?	
20		Α.	I wasn't aware of any additional monitoring being	14:38
21			brought in with regards this. I'm sure we will get to	
22			the Backlog Report and concerns that I'd escalated with	
23			regards to the Backlog Report. On the face of it, that	
24			Backlog Report included a report of the numbers of	
25			results awaiting action for each Consultant, and so it	14:38
26			was within that Backlog Report, it's possible that	
27			there was a belief that that Backlog Report was	
28			adequately monitoring this aspect of practice.	
29	139	0.	We will come on to look at what was being monitored	

1			through that action plan in a moment. One other point	
2			that you make, you make it specifically in relation to	
3			Patient 92 and it's concerning I will not bring it	
4			up on the screen unless you need it. You make the	
5			point that one of the frailties of the SAI and the	14:39
6			consequentials of the SAI process is that action plans	
7			do not get implemented quickly enough, that there's	
8			delay and I suppose you'd call in aid the delay in	
9			Patient 92's action plan as being in some sense	
10			critical in allowing other cases of a similar nature,	14:40
11			a similar shortcoming, to proceed undetected. Is that	
12			a problem within the Southern Trust in particular, in	
13			your experience, in terms of getting recommendations	
14			moved into the action plan stage and then out into the	
15			implementation stage?	14:40
16		Α.	I've made that comment without knowing that, in 2010,	
17			with that retained swab, there was a similar issue	
18			previously as well.	
19	140	Q.	Just to interject, the problem, in 2010, was they	
20			didn't even make a recommendation in terms of that	14:40
21			practice. It was left locally to management to make	
22			a comment about it. It was supposed to be a Governance	
23			issue to be taken forward but	
24		Α.	Yeah. In Patient 92, there was a patient who had	
25			a scan result that didn't get any action and had	14:41
26			a delay in her treatment potentially as a direct impact	
27			of that. Actually, enacting or bringing about either	
28			monitoring of an individual or, as you have mentioned,	
29			a system-wide change in terms of how all Clinicians	

1			manage results and are monitored against results, has	
2			taken time and potentially, well specifically with	
3			Mr. O'Brien, time passed from that point, and other	
4			patients had the same issue happen.	
5	141	Q.	Yes. I spoke this morning about the delays. There's	14:41
6			delays with action plans. There's delays in getting	
7			SAIs completed. I should have drawn to your attention	
8			an observation which Mr. O'Brien makes in his	
9			correspondence to your Review Team as part of the SAI	
10			in connection with Patient 16, I think. I will just	14:42
11			check that.	
12				
13			If we could have up on the screen, please, PAT-000122.	
14			This is 28th October 2019, an e-mail from Connie	
15			Connolly to Mr. O'Brien. You will remember that this	14:43
16			SAI started life in 2017, and she's writing to	
17			Mr. O'Brien and saying to him:	
18				
19			"I would be grateful if you could read over the	
20			reports".	14:44
21				
22			I suspect this is both the Patient 16 report and the	
23			five patients' report which are being considered at the	
24			same time, albeit separately.	
25				14:44
26			She is asking him to respond within two days on the	
27			back of an investigation that's taken three years to	
28			complete. What was driving this? Was Patient Safety	
29			driving this, or was there a sense of embarrassment	

1			that we'd better get this report out quickly because	
2			I think Patient 16's daughter had gone to the Ombudsman	
3			in relation to her complaint? Mr. O'Brien has a point,	
4			first of all, doesn't he?	
5		Α.	That's a very short timescale that he's been given.	14:45
6			I don't recall being involved in a discussion of what	
7			was a reasonable deadline to expect.	
8	142	Q.	You would accept that if Patient Safety was being taken	
9			seriously, albeit that there may well be many	
10			mitigations for the delay, Patient Safety is rather	14:45
11			lost in the discussion if it's taking three years to	
12			produce an outcome?	
13		Α.	As I've said and reflected in my statement, the time	
14			taken for the SAI process is too long.	
15	143	Q.	Each of those incidents that we have looked at over the	14:46
16			past two days has been reported, albeit in some cases,	
17			such as Patient 92, the SAI report isn't to emerge	
18			until after the MHPS investigation. They were all in	
19			the system, some have reported, not all have reported,	
20			MHPS is underway, and you have an opportunity to	14:46
21			contribute to the MHPS process as a witness. I don't	
22			want to take you through all of your statement, but	
23			I just want to touch on some parts of it.	
24				
25			You provide a witness statement to Dr. Chada's	14:46
26			investigation in May of 2017. If we could just bring	
27			that up. It's at WIT-55704. Talk me through the	
28			process of this. Do you go and meet Dr. Chada and she	
29			asks you some questions and then this is written up as	

1			a statement for you to sign?	
2		Α.	I think that was the process, from memory, yes.	
3	144	Q.	Yes. I just want to step through it rather quickly.	
4			You deal with many of the issues we have covered over	
5			the past day or so in your evidence. At paragraph 8,	14:47
6			for example, I think that's a reference to the case of	
7			Patient 10, which you discovered in January 2016. You	
8			deal in some detail with the Triage issue. At	
9			paragraph 17, you go on to deal with situations where	
10			notes are not available to you because, I think you are	14:48
11			suggesting, Mr. O'Brien has them at home or in his	
12			office. So I think you refer to two patients, one of	
13			whom might be Patient 103, I think, that we discussed	
14			yesterday.	
15				14:48
16			Scrolling down to paragraph 22, you are dealing with	
17			the issue of dictation. That's from the South West	
18			Area Hospital there appeared to be no dictation, no	
19			outcome sheets and no notes brought back. You go on at	
20			paragraph 23 to say:	14:49
21				
22			"It appeared to me to be accepted practice that	
23			a senior member of the team did not do dictated	
24			outcomes from clinics."	
25				14:49
26			That speaks to, I suppose, a wider knowledge within	
27			Urology Services that this was something he didn't do.	
28			It was well known?	
29		Δ	That was my impression	

1	145	Q.	Then	you	go	on	to	say:
---	-----	----	------	-----	----	----	----	------

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"Many people knew Mr. O'Brien stored notes at home but there was no action taken. It was also accepted that Mr. O'Brien would transport files in his car from Clinics and then would have these at home."

6 7

"We have created this issue".

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what did you mean by that?

14:50

14:50

14:51

14:51

14:50

Α. So the Servicing for Fermanagh patients in the Team South model was provided from the Team South which was Southern Trust, and so for the clinics for patients in South West Acute Hospital, which is part of the Western Trust their notes were Southern Trust notes. The mechanism developed for getting Southern Trust notes to the clinics in South West Acute Hospital in Western Trust was that they were transported there by the Consultant, so they were in the car of the Consultant and taken to Clinic, and then transported back by the Consultant. Living, if you like, in between South West Acute Hospital and Craigavon Area Hospital, it was only natural that Mr. O'Brien would not drive past his house at the end of a day to go to Craigavon to take the notes back but would stop at home. It would be appropriate for him to not leave them notes in his car overnight and take them into the house because of the

attendant risks of them going missing from the car.

When I have said "we have created this issue", what I'm

1			referring to is we've created a system that relies on	
2			Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Young, who also did clinics in	
3			South West Acute Hospital, to transport notes to and	
4			from the hospital.	
5	146	Q.	Yes. Presumably it was also a feature of this that he	14:51
6			needed to retain the notes if he hadn't dictated?	
7		Α.	That's what I assume is why he didn't return them,	
8			because he had actions outstanding from the clinic that	
9			needed doing.	
10	147	Q.	Six months after making this statement, you assume the	14:52
11			role of Associate Medical Director. Is it fair to say	
12			that, by this stage, given your knowledge of	
13			Mr. O'Brien as set out in this statement and your	
14			knowledge of these incidents, that you considered him	
15			to be a Patient Safety risk?	14:52
16		Α.	I had concerns, as I've documented in the concerns I've	
17			raised, about many aspects of his practice, which all	
18			translated into Patient Safety issues.	
19	148	Q.	Yes. Did you regard him as a Patient Safety risk?	
20		Α.	I wouldn't have raised them concerns if I didn't, so,	14:53
21			yes.	
22	149	Q.	There was in place an action plan with a monitoring	
23			component, which we will look at in a moment. By the	
24			time you became Associate Medical Director at the end	
25			of that year, you've told us that you weren't aware of	14:53
26			that monitoring plan?	
27		Α.	The monitoring plan which was developed when he	
28			returned to work in early in 2017, was developed,	
29			and I was unaware of that having been developed.	

1	150	Q.	Yes. You will recall our discussion of your job	
2			description yesterday, you had a responsibility for the	
3			safety and capability of your medical workforce, that	
4			was your contractual responsibility to the Trust. They	
5			had given you this job description to comply with and	14:54
6			you had to provide assurances back into the Medical	
7			Director's Office in respect of the matters contained	
8			within that job description, including the safety of	
9			medical practice. You are deprived of the information	
10			in respect of a monitoring plan. You don't even know	14:54
11			it exists?	
12		Α.	No.	
13	151	Q.	You, nevertheless, have a concern that Mr. O'Brien is	
14			a Patient Safety risk. How can you conduct your	
15			medical safety role as AMD if you have that opinion of	14:55
16			him and, for all you know, there's nothing in place to	
17			monitor his continued performance?	
18		Α.	While I was not aware of the monitoring, I was aware	
19			that a MHPS process was underway. I was aware that	
20			that process had been taken on with the Medical	14:55
21			Director and there was other clinical managers involved	
22			in that. Rather than me not being aware of there being	
23			anything, I was aware that there was a process that	
24			was, to my mind, managing the concerns that had been	
25			raised, or should have been managing the concerns that	14:56
26			I'd raised about Mr. O'Brien. So, if you like, within	
27			the Surgery and Elective Care Clinical team,	
28			Mr. O'Brien was separate and, to me, to my mind being	
29			managed through that process regarding the concerns	

Т			I had with regards Patient Safety and not being managed	
2			directly by me through that.	
3	152	Q.	I know, and we will come to look at it presently, that	
4			at some point, and you can maybe help us specifically	
5			with regards to when that point arises, but at some	14:56
6			point you do become aware of the action plan and the	
7			monitoring component. Can you think of any good reason	
8			why you wouldn't have been notified of that monitoring	
9			plan or monitoring arrangement as soon as you became	
10			AMD, even if you're not to be involved with the	14:57
11			monitoring? Surely you need the assurance, the	
12			specific assurance of knowing what's going on with	
13			regard to a clinician who, to your mind, is a Patient	
14			Safety risk?	
15		Α.	I think it would have been best if I had been aware as	14:57
16			soon as I became AMD as to what and how the monitoring	
17			was undertaken, as it would have potentially led to me	
18			raising my concerns about the synthesis of the data	
19			that was being used to monitor his performance against	
20			the requirements of that return to work monitoring	14:57
21			process.	
22	153	Q.	We will go on to look at, you did have concerns about	
23			the reliability of the data. I have some other	
24			questions to direct to you about the adequacy of the	
25			plan itself. Before we reach that stage, the MHPS	14:58
26			report emerged and reached Dr. Khan's office in the	
27			middle of June 2018. After some consideration, he	
28			produced a determination in October 2018. Let's just	
29			look at the findings that Dr. Khan reached. If we can	

1			pull up WIT-55697. Here we have his determination.	
2			Have you ever been given a copy of this?	
3		Α.	I have, yeah.	
4	154	Q.	At what point were you given a copy?	
5		Α.	I don't specifically recall.	14:59
6	155	Q.	But it was in the context of your role as AMD?	
7		Α.	It was at a later point, is my memory, than when it	
8			came out.	
9	156	Q.	Just as we step through this, you can see his various	
10			observations. There are clear issues of concern about	15:00
11			Mr. O'Brien's way of working, his administrative	
12			processes and his management of his workload. The	
13			resulting impact has been potential harm to a large	
14			number of patients, numbered at 783, and actual harm to	
15			at least 5 patients.	15:00
16				
17			Just scroll down. It says:	
18				
19			"As a senior member of staff Mr O'Brien had a clear	
20			obligation to ensure managers within the Trust were	15:00
21			fully and explicitly aware that he was not undertaking	
22			routine and urgent triage"	
23				
24			Then he sets out various recommendations that he feels	
25			ought to be taken forward.	15:01
26				
27			If we look at WIT-55701. I want to start, Mr. Haynes,	
28			there's a recommendation within this report from	
29			Dr. Khan that the investigation has highlighted issues	

1		regarding systemic failures by managers at all levels,	
2		both clinical and operational within the Acute Services	
3		Directorate. The report identifies that there were	
4		missed opportunities by managers to fully and address	
5		the deficiencies in practice of Mr. O'Brien. No-one	15:02
6		assessed the extent of the issues or properly	
7		identified the potential risks to patients.	
8			
9		It goes on at the bottom paragraph:	
10			15:03
11		"In order for the Trust to understand fully the	
12		failings in this case, I recommend the Trust to carry	
13		out an independent review of the relevant	
14		administrative processes with clarity on roles and	
15		responsibilities at all levels within the Acute	15:03
16		Directorate and appropriate escalation processes."	
17			
18		When you did see the report, I assume you observed that	
19		recommendation. What it speaks to is a failure on the	
20		part of management, at various levels, to effectively	15:03
21		engage with the information that was in front of them	
22		with regard to Mr. O'Brien's shortcomings and,	
23		assumedly, to a failure to provide him with the support	
24		necessary to change or, alternatively, to take steps if	
25		he wasn't prepared to change. Did that stand out to	15:04
26		you when you read it?	
27	Α.	It stood out to me as reinforcing an impression that	
28		I'd commented on, if you like, in my statement to the	
29		MHPS investigation, commenting that much of this,	

1			I think, was recognised as his way or accepted	
2			practice.	
3	157	Q.	That failing, if you like, on the part of management,	
4			was familiar to you? Take an example, we looked at it	
5			this morning, you raised the issue of private patients	15:05
6			on at least three occasions, at least three occasions	
7			that we saw in writing, but it was your sense that	
8			nothing was being done?	
9		Α.	It's my sense that that got tackled as a result of the	
10			MHPS investigation, or at least the initial return to	15:05
11			work monitoring plan, which, to my knowledge, beyond	
12			that point it didn't happen again. But it took until	
13			then for it to be tackled.	
14	158	Q.	We have also observed the multiple examples of the	
15			system being aware that Mr. O'Brien wasn't actioning	15:05
16			the results of investigations, the CT reports, but,	
17			again, management, albeit having that knowledge, would	
18			not have appeared to have engaged with the issue.	
19				
20			In terms of that recommendation, we know, the Inquiry	15:06
21			knows that it wasn't taken forward until the middle of	
22			2020. Did you make any suggestion or issue any	
23			direction, to the best of your recollection, in	
24			relation to that aspect of Dr. Khan's findings?	
25		Α.	As I say, it was at a much later date that I became	15:06
26			aware of the report and the recommendations within the	
27			report. I can't specifically remember the dates, but	
28			my understanding of that report in having not received	
29			it initially, would have been that that was being taken	

1			forwards elsewhere. So while I may have recognised it,	
2			I may not have, and I evidently didn't, chase up to ask	
3			has that been done?	
4	159	Q.	Because if there's no managerial bulwark to address	
5			shortcomings or if it has inadequacies that haven't	15:07
6			been addressed, then there's a risk, at the very least,	
7			that the shortcomings of the past will simply be	
8			replicated?	
9		Α.	Mm-hmm.	
10	160	Q.	The part of the report that was directly concern you	15:07
11			or, if implemented, might have directly concerned you,	
12			is at WIT-55699. Just at the top of the page Dr. Khan	
13			sets out his view:	
14				
15			"That in order to ensure the Trust continues to have an	15:08
16			assurance about Mr O'Brien's administrative practices	
17			and management of his workload an action plan should be	
18			put in place with the input of PPA or NCAS, the Trust	
19			and Mr. O'Brien for a period of time agreed by the	
20			parti es".	15:08
21				
22			"The action plan should be reviewed and monitored by	
23			Mr. O'Brien's Clinical Director and Operational	
24			Assistant Director within Acute Services, with	
25			escalation to the AMD and Operational Director should	15:09
26			any concerns arise. The CD and Operational AD must	
27			provide the Trust with the necessary assurances about	
28			Mr. O'Brien's practice on a regular basis. The action	
29			plan must address any issues with regards to patient	

1			related administrative duties and there must be an	
2			accompanying agreed balanced job plan to include	
3			appropriate levels of administrative time."	
4				
5			There's a number of aspects to that, but it is the	15:09
6			case, is it not, that none of that was taken forward?	
7		Α.	My understanding is that after the issuance of that	
8			report, Mr. O'Brien raised a grievance with the process	
9			and, as you state, them recommendations were not taken	
LO			forward at that point while the grievance process ran.	15:10
L1	161	Q.	You are not suggesting that the instigation of	
L2			a grievance process would have prevented the Trust from	
L3			monitoring the activity of a Clinician who was causing	
L4			concern?	
L5		Α.	My understanding, and as I've commented on with regards	15:10
L6			to how that monitoring was being done, the monitoring	
L7			arrangements that were instigated in early 2017 on	
L8			return to work continued during that process. It	
L9			wasn't that no monitoring happened, but the monitoring	
20			continued from a Trust perspective in the same way as	15:10
21			it had done since early 2017.	
22	162	Q.	Yes. This recommendation from Dr. Khan was calling for	
23			a new action plan with monitoring, one that, to quote	
24			him, "must address any issues with regards to patient	
25			related administrative duties". We will obviously	15:11
26			speak to Dr. Khan in due course, but he seemed to be	
27			contemplating a revised plan that might indeed be	
28			broader, go into areas of administrative duties in	
29			connection with patients that weren't perhaps caught by	

1			the earlier plan. When you saw this, saw a role for	
2			you within it, did you ask questions wearing your AMD	
3			hat about why aren't we doing this?	
4		Α.	As I have said, I can't remember specifically today	
5			when I saw this. My memory is it was much, much later	15:12
6			in this process, coming well into 2020 that I became	
7			aware of and saw the whole report. By this point,	
8			concerns were still being raised and taken forwards at	
9			that time. We didn't have, as you say, a specific	
10			action plan wasn't developed but there were additional	15:12
11			concerns being raised.	
12	163	Q.	Just so that the Inquiry has it as clear as it can.	
13			This report, signed off by Dr. Khan, presumably goes to	
14			the Medical Director's office and whoever else needs to	
15			see it, but although you are the senior man in terms of	15:12
16			Governance within the Surgical and Elective Care part	
17			of Acute with responsibility for Urology and with	
18			responsibility for this Clinician, you don't get to see	
19			it at all until 2019/2020. It's not even discussed	
20			with you?	15:13
21		Α.	I'm aware that he's been presented with the MHPS	
22			report, but I'm not aware of the content of.	
23	164	Q.	It doesn't require hindsight and all that we are aware	
24			of now, this should have been an important moment to	
25			sit down with the report of Dr. Chada, the	15:13
26			determination that emerged from it, from Dr. Khan and	
27			for discussion between you and the Medical Director and	
28			perhaps Dr. Khan to work out what needs to be done,	
29			what can be done, notwithstanding the grievance?	

1		Α.	Yeah, there was an opportunity there where a more	
2			comprehensive action plan could have been developed	
3			that may have picked up issues that were found at	
4			a later date.	
5	165	Q.	Yes. You've acknowledged that you had the concern that	15:14
6			this was a Clinician who presented as a Patient Safety	
7			risk. You have confirmation of that from all that you	
8			are aware of through the Incident Reports, the MHPS	
9			report. Was there not a suspicion that there must be,	
10			or at least there may be, more hidden in a dark place	15:14
11			that's yet to be exposed, that we ought to be going	
12			looking for, that the MHPS report is perhaps only the	
13			tip of the iceberg?	
14		Α.	Certainly reading the MHPS report and the comments	
15			within there, not only about the ways of working but	15:15
16			also about the insight demonstrated, should have raised	
17			a flag that there would be other concerns within	
18			practice, and other concerns that needed addressing.	
19	166	Q.	The action plan that was in place, if we could turn it	
20			up, please, at TRU-00732.	15:15
21			CHAIR: Sorry, Mr. Wolfe, while that's being called up	
22			I am just wondering if people require a break or if	
23			they are content to sit on. I see from Mr. Lunny	
24			MR. LUNNY KC: I am perfectly content to sit on but one	
25			observation I would make the break does facilitate,	15:16
26			even if it's only five minutes, it allows us an	
27			opportunity sometimes to speak to Mr. Wolfe to say	
28			there's another page on that e-mail, for example, that	
29			you should perhaps bring up, rather than leave it to	

1			the 13th December or phase 2, as it were.	
2			MR. WOLFE KC: Okay.	
3			CHAIR: Is this an appropriate point then, Mr. Wolfe?	
4			MR. WOLFE KC: Yes.	
5			CHAIR: Okay. Let's say ten minutes, Mr. Lunny.	15:16
6				
7			THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED BRIEFLY AND RESUMED AS FOLLOWS:	
8				
9			CHAIR: Mr. Wolfe, just before you start, I don't think	
10			we should sit any later than half past four, in ease of	15:27
11			Mr. Haynes and everyone else. I think it's been a long	
12			enough day.	
13			MR. WOLFE KC: I think we are coming back on another	
14			occasion, I may even stop shortly after 4:00, if that's	
15			okay.	15:27
16			CHAIR: That's fine. Thank you.	
17			MR. WOLFE KC: I don't hear any dissent.	
18	167	Q.	We have up on the screen, just show the witness the	
19			first page of it, please. This is the Return to Work	
20			Plan with monitoring arrangements following a meeting	15:27
21			on 9th February 2017. That's at the very start of the	
22			MHPS process, Mr. Haynes. Clearly, by that stage, you	
23			weren't in your AMD role and you would not have been	
24			cited on that, I rather suspect. You've told us,	
25			I think, that you first became aware of the action	15:28
26			plan, and we will go to the e-mail presently, but it	
27			appears to be towards the end of 2018, about a year	
28			after you took up the AMD role, but we will look at	
29			that. What I want to ask you about in this sequence is	

1			about your view of the adequacy of the plan going	
2			forward from a position in October 2018 when MHPS is	
3			reported. You are not, you say, familiar with the	
4			outcome of maps at that point. With those caveats in	
5			mind, could we scroll down and just look at the various	15:29
6			aspects.	
7				
8			Concern 1, at the bottom of the page, was in respect of	
9			patient referrals, in other words Triage:	
10				15:29
11			"All referrals received by Mr. O'Brien will be	
12			monitored by the Central Booking Centre"	
13				
14			The standard against which Mr. O'Brien will comply, at	
15			the top of the page, is that "all referrals must be	15:29
16			completed by 4 p.m. on the Friday after Mr. O'Brien's	
17			Consultant of the Week ends. Red Flag referrals must	
18			be completed daily."	
19				
20			Does that seem an adequate standard to hold the	15:29
21			Urologist of the Week to, in this case Mr. O'Brien?	
22		Α.	I think it's an adequate aspiration. I think if I were	
23			writing that, I would allow a caveat for a particular	
24			you could have a particularly busy day where you may	
25			not get to this. You may have a day where you are	15:30
26			called in through the night previously and, therefore,	
27			don't perhaps meet that Red Flag completed daily	
28			because of fatigue and workload.	
29	168	Λ	Vac	

1		Α.	You have to have a caveat recognising that where it's	
2			attached to an unpredictable emergency workload, there	
3			has to be some tolerance.	
4	169	Q.	Yes. Scrolling down to concern 2, which is the	
5			retention of notes in office or in home.	15:30
6				
7			"The standard to be applied is that Mr. O'Brien is not	
8			permitted to remove patient notes off Trust premises.	
9			Notes tracked out to Mr. O'Brien must be tracked out to	
10			him for the shortest period possible for the management	15:31
11			of a patient. Notes must not be stored in	
12			Mr. O'Brien's office. Notes should remain located in	
13			Mr. O'Brien's office for the shortest period required	
14			for the management of a patient."	
15				15:31
16			Again, does that seem reasonable and comprehensive?	
17		Α.	It seems reasonable. To me, either explicitly within	
18			it or behind this needs to be a process for how notes	
19			are to be taken to the Clinics in South West Acute	
20			Hospital.	15:31
21	170	Q.	Yes. Concern 3 then is issue of dictation. It says:	
22				
23			"All clinics must be dictated at the end of each	
24			clinic/theatre session via digital dictation. This is	
25			already set up in the Thorndale Unit and will be	15:32
26			installed on the computer in Mr. O'Brien's office and	
27			on his Trust Laptop. This dictation must be done at	
28			the end of every clinic and a report via digital	
29			dictation will be provided on a weekly basis to the	

1			Assistant Director of Acute to ensure all outcomes	
2			are dictated.	
3				
4			An outcome/plan/record of each clinic attendance must	
5			be recorded for each individual patient and this should	15:32
6			include a letter for any patient who did not attend as	
7			there must be a record of this back to the GP."	
8				
9			Again, does that seem both reasonable and	
10			comprehensive, or if you were writing this with the	15:32
11			benefit of what you know now, would you extend it?	
12		Α.	It seems reasonable. With the benefit of hindsight	
13			I would extend it. As we perhaps found later, while	
14			there may be the required number of dictations at the	
15			end of a clinic session, that didn't always mean that	15:33
16			there was a letter done on every patient. So there	
17			needed to be a second step where the patients	
18			themselves, their record was assessed to check that	
19			there was a letter on every patient attending. I think	
20			that in terms of monitoring it, I think there should	15:33
21			have been a greater involvement in the person	
22			closest	
23	171	Q.	Let me see what's over the page, it doesn't appear to	
24			it provides for a report via digital dictation. Is	
25			that check?	15:34
26		Α.	Essentially that was a manual check of is there	
27			a dictation on the digital dictation system for the	
28			number of patients who attended. The staff member	
29			closest to this within the Trust is always going to be	

1			the secretary doing the typing, and there isn't a role	
2			within this of that reporting. As I described earlier,	
3			with regards my practice and my secretary as a safety	
4			mechanism for me, should be reporting if I'm not doing	
5			something and that would apply here.	15:34
6	172	Q.	Yes. This Concern 3 appears to have its context in the	
7			dictation of Outpatient outcomes, or Outpatient	
8			encounters. Therefore, given what was known by the	
9			date of the report of MHPS or, in the alternative,	
10			given the kinds of suspicions that might have arisen in	15:35
11			light of the outcome of MHPS, should this kind of	
12			monitoring of dictation have been broader than simply	
13			Outpatients?	
14		Α.	I think the monitoring of his activity should have been	
15			much broader and included the other aspects that we've	15:35
16			identified, like the results.	
17	173	Q.	You could think of many examples?	
18		Α.	Yeah.	
19	174	Q.	You could think of, given what we know from 2020 and	
20			indeed some of the SCRR cases that have been reported	15:35
21			into the system; the complaint, at least from the Trust	
22			perspective, and I realise Mr. O'Brien may not share it	
23			so I will put it in these terms. There appear to be	
24			a suspicion on the part of the Trust that he wasn't	
25			dictating following Multidisciplinary Meetings?	15:36
26		Α.	You wouldn't necessarily dictate after	
27			Multidisciplinary Team Meetings, so the CAP system	
28			which is the system used to record Multidisciplinary	
29			Team Meeting discussions and outcomes generates an	

1			automatic letter to GPs. We wouldn't always be	
2			dictating a letter for every patient discussed at	
3			a Multidisciplinary Team Meeting. Many of them	
4			outcomes would be to bring a patient back to clinic and	
5			it would be at that consultation where you would expect	15:36
6			a letter or a referral to be dictated. I think one of	
7			the concerns about the Multidisciplinary Team Meetings	
8			as well as the not dictating the letters on the	
9			consultations, is the not following through the	
10			recommendation of the Multidisciplinary Team Meeting in	15:37
11			the subsequent consultation.	
12	175	Q.	If you follow through the recommendation that should	
13			give rise to a dictated letter, shouldn't it, in terms	
14			of the referral? I mean, it's perhaps a slightly	
15			different point, I will grant you that, but it's of the	15:37
16			species.	
17		Α.	The consultation, irrespective, should generate	
18			a letter, and that letter should detail the action that	
19			should either match the Multidisciplinary Team Meeting	
20			or provide a reasoned explanation as to why it doesn't	15:37
21			match that Multidisciplinary Team Meeting and that may	
22			be a patient choice that they decide they don't want to	
23			follow that recommendation.	
24	176	Q.	Yes. I suppose under the broad heading of	
25			administrative-type actions with impact on Clinical	15:38
26			practice and Patient Safety, you, or Dr. Khan more	
27			particularly, could have imagined, at the end of 2018,	
28			a range of different administrative actions who were	
29			not-too-distant cousins from the kinds of shortcomings	

1			exposed by the MHPS report, which should have found	
2			their way into an improved monitoring arrangement?	
3		Α.	Yeah. If you are not dictating after a clinic, then	
4			there's 668 patients without an outcome formally	
5			dictated there are described there, could one of them	15:39
6			have required a referral to another Speciality?	
7	177	Q.	Yes. If you were to have sat down, or Dr. Khan and	
8			others were to have sat down and developed a new action	
9			plan, it would have had similar pillars to this but it	
10			would have had a broader remit in terms of the areas of	15:39
11			Administrative/Clinical practice that were worthy of	
12			scrutiny?	
13		Α.	A broader remit and perhaps a clearer mechanism by	
14			which that is going to be monitored that's ensuring the	
15			actual intended outcome is monitored.	15:39
16	178	Q.	Yes. The fourth Concern, over the page, concerns	
17			private patients and it refers to the Trust's private	
18			practice policy. It goes on to say that:	
19				
20			"The scheduling of patients must be undertaken by the	15:40
21			secretary, who will check the list with Mr. O'Brien and	
22			then contact the patient for their appointment. This	
23			process is in keeping with the practice established	
24			within the Urology team."	
25				15:40
26			That was the monitoring provisions and the standards	
27			which Mr. O'Brien was to be measured against. They, as	
28			you understand it, continued in place from February '17	
29			all the way through to his retirement in July 2020. Is	

_			chac i ight:	
2		Α.	Yeah.	
3	179	Q.	You've said in your witness statement just for the	
4			record, I don't need to bring it up at WIT-53944,	
5			it's paragraph 66.1, that you were not part of the	15:41
6			monitoring of Mr. O'Brien after MHPS. I think you have	
7			earlier explained that the indication that you	
8			shouldn't be involved came through the Medical Director	
9			at one point in time, Dr. Wright, but by this stage,	
10			I think, the end of 2018, Dr. Khan had assumed the role	15:42
11			in an acting capacity, and the post of Medical Director	
12			was then to shortly pass on to Dr. O'Kane in, I think	
13			either the late part of '18 or early '19. Were they	
14			all similarly content that you would stay outside the	
15			formal role of monitoring?	15:42
16		Α.	I don't recall a specific discussion about my role	
17			within that monitoring plan that was there.	
18			Dr. O'Kane, when she took over as Medical Director,	
19			very quickly involved me to a much greater extent in	
20			discussions and planning around the monitoring and	15:42
21			oversight of Mr. O'Brien.	
22	180	Q.	Yes. I'm interested in that distinction. You said you	
23			weren't involved in monitoring, but the Medical	
24			Director brings you in and you have a degree of	
25			involvement, which I hope to illustrate briefly before	15:43
26			we finish today. What is the distinction that's being	
27			drawn? I can see through this e-mail correspondence	
28			that you're frequently made aware of deviations from	
29			the monitoring plan and frequently commenting, but not,	

1			as it might appear, taking any particular managerial	
2			steps; is that fair?	
3		Α.	When I was commenting on the action plan, my	
4			understanding of the escalation within there was it	
5			escalated through to Dr. Khan as the Case Manager.	15:44
6			Where I was commenting on the shortfalls of what I saw	
7			was being utilised for monitoring, I was escalating	
8			that through to Dr. Khan, who, as I understood it, was	
9			the Case Manager for this.	
10	181	Q.	One of the concerns that seems to be oft repeated in	15:44
11			the e-mails is a concern about the reliability or,	
12			perhaps, the robustness of the data being relied upon,	
13			particularly in or around the issue of dictation. If	
14			I could just draw your attention to and have your	
15			comments on an e-mail I think you sent as far back as	15:44
16			June '17 before you became AMD, WIT-55743. You are	
17			responding to the fact that Marie Evans has sent around	
18			something, I think it's called a Backlog Report, and	
19			your concern appears to be that this doesn't provide	
20			a true reflection of the extent of dictation activity	15:45
21			on the part of Consultants feeding through to their	
22			secretaries. It gives a false impression. First of	
23			all, have I correctly diagnosed the problem, and what	
24			was it that was preventing the real picture from	
25			emerging using the backlog reports?	15:46
26		Α.	So my specific concern related to results, so scan	
27			results much like we have covered earlier, and how the	
28			column which was results to be dictated was being	
29			populated. We've covered that I had a suspicion,	

1			a concern that Mr. O'Brien was not on top of his	
2			administrative processes, and yet what I saw in the	
3			Backlog Report was very often a report of no results to	
4			be dictated. I had multiple concerns with that. First	
5			of all, I didn't have a clear understanding of how that	15:47
6			number was being generated; what were our secretaries	
7			being told to look at in order to generate this results	
8			to be dictated number? I had a very clear idea as to	
9			how my secretary was doing it, but I didn't have an	
10			understanding as to what instruction had been given to	15:47
11			the secretarial team in terms of how that number was to	
12			be populated, and I guess the purpose of that report.	
13			I also had a concern that, in sending this round,	
14			seemingly giving us assurance that everything was okay,	
15			that our secretarial teams would somehow be culpable	15:48
16			through perhaps a lack of guidance or a lack of	
17			understanding as to the importance of the Backlog	
18			Report in a broader scheme of things, they'd somehow be	
19			responsible for under-reporting activities not	
20			happening. What I was trying to ask was how are we	15:48
21			generating this number? Is it a re-produceable number?	
22			Are the people who are providing this report aware of	
23			the importance of accurate data? Without them things	
24			being clear to me, and potentially to those who are	
25			generating it, how can this report in any way be	15:49
26			a reliable monitor of anything?	
27	182	Q.	Your focus in this context, and you can see that, you	
28			are raising the alarm in a very particular context.	
29			What if a disaster happens and the data being produced	

			shows everything in the garden is rosy, it would be	
2			a dark day for those providing the data I suppose is	
3			what you are saying, so let's get it right. Do these	
4			Backlog Reports have a read across to other areas of	
5			dictation?	15:49
6		Α.	They include not only results the Backlog Report	
7			serves, I guess, a number of purposes. Some of the	
8			purposes it serves relate to a Clinician's actions, so	
9			the results to be dictated, Clinics to be dictated,	
10			discharge notes to be dictated. Some of them relate to	15:50
11			secretarial and typing, so staff workload, so letters	
12			to be typed, so there's a dictation done but it's not	
13			typed. In order to use that in any way to monitor	
14			workloads, pressures, performance, each column we need	
15			to have a clear understanding as to where we get that	15:50
16			data from and who is providing that data.	
17	183	Q.	I introduced that issue for your comment before looking	
18			at the next two years up to 2020, because it's my	
19			understanding that that Backlog Report, in substantial	
20			part, was the focus of Mrs. Corrigan's attention when	15:51
21			monitoring Mr. O'Brien's dictation output?	
22		Α.	That's my understanding, within the Backlog Report it	
23			was included a column for clinics to be dictated.	
24	184	Q.	Yes. I think that was her focus, on clinics being	
25			dictated. As we observed earlier, if you were	15:51
26			rewriting that action plan, it would have a lot broader	
27			than that. Leaving that to one side, we will see that	
28			it at various points in the period after October 2018,	
29			you come in with observations about the reliability of	

1		the data. At various points then, Mrs. Corrigan is	
2		communicating with you, and other members of the	
3		management team, pointing out deviations from the	
4		action plan observed by her on monitoring. Starting	
5		even before the MHPS report issues, so 23rd January	15:52
6		2018. If we could pull up very briefly TRU-275133.	
7		If we look at the bottom of the page first. Vicki	
8		Young is telling you, amongst others, the Red Flag	
9		Appointment team have brought to her attention there	
LO		are seven referrals dating back from 18th January '18	15:53
L1		that need to be e-triaged and would it be possible to	
L2		get those done today?	
L3			
L4		Then scrolling up, you speak through this e-mail to	
L5		Martina Corrigan:	15:53
L6			
L7		"Do you need to have a word?"	
L8			
L9		You say before that:	
20			15:53
21		"I did 3 or 4 from the 18th yesterday." Were they your	
22		own? Was that your own workload catching up?	
23	Α.	The way e-triage works is when you open the system,	
24		they are not assigned to a single Consultant. They	
25		will appear for Urology on every Consultant Urologist's	15:54
26		ECR if they open the e-triage. I presume on that day	
27		I had either been on to the system because I was	
28		Urologist of the Week, or I was on to the system to	
g		check if any had specifically been assigned to me   Tf	

1			a referral comes into the Urology Department and it's	
2			a patient who I have seen before or have some knowledge	
3			of, then my colleagues can assign that to me and my	
4			name appears next to it, it doesn't disappear from the	
5			system for other people but my name is there for me to	15:54
6			look at it. Periodically, during a normal working week	
7			I will have a check of the Triage system to see if any	
8			have been assigned to me.	
9	185	Q.	Where you say there "do you need to have a word?"	
10			directed to Martina Corrigan, what's that suggesting?	15:55
11		Α.	I presume it's do you need to have a word with,	
12			I presume, Mr. O'Brien, about to catch up with it.	
13			There is another, if you like, slight quirk of the	
14			system, in that, if a patient needs registration on the	
15			system, the referral letter doesn't appear on the	15:55
16			e-triage system the minute the GP presses refer on the	
17			clinical communications gateway, which is the system	
18			that the referral is generated on. I don't fully	
19			understand what the process is, but there can be	
20			a process, there is a process that's needed sometimes	15:55
21			for some patients before that can translate then over	
22			to the e-triage system and on ECR. There are occasions	
23			where a referral letter might have been sent, and it	
24			will still be dated the 18th, but it doesn't appear on	
25			the system until that process in the background has	15:56
26			happened, and then it will come up but still with the	
27			date of the 18th.	
28	186	Q.	Thank you for that. If you are right and if this is	
29			a slinnage from the action plan arrangements it's	

1			coming to you via Mrs. Corrigan or via the coordinator,	
2			and you are pushing it off to Mrs. Corrigan. It	
3			doesn't seem to be going to Dr. Khan, who, as Case	
4			Manager within the MHPS and the associated monitoring	
5			arrangements, is the person who should be getting the	15:56
6			deviations?	
7		Α.	I don't think this e-mail at the bottom from Vicki	
8			Graham is, in fact, generated as part of the monitoring	
9			at all. It's been written to all of the consultants	
10			working at the time. Martina Corrigan isn't included	15:57
11			in that circulation. Vicki Graham worked within our	
12			cancer team, and so she was working within that role	
13			and saying that there were Red Flag referrals and just	
14			raising it to us as a team in general.	
15	187	Q.	Yes. My point, sorry, maybe inelegantly expressed, is,	15:57
16			if there is slippage from the standard that Mr. O'Brien	
17			is expected to comply with, with respect to Triage,	
18			Mrs. Corrigan obtains that information from the Red	
19			Flag team and if she's satisfied that there has been	
20			a deviation, she will be escalating it to Dr. Khan. Is	15:57
21			that what she should have been doing with this	
22			information?	
23		Α.	That's my understanding. My understanding is also that	
24			there was I mentioned when we talked about that	
25			return to work monitoring, that there needed to be some	15:58
26			caveat for a busy period of on-call, that expecting	
27			everything to be done all the time, while an aspiration	
28			for it to be done within a day is reasonable, there	
29			needs to be a caveat of, if you like, a slightly	

1			extended deadline if there are issues. My	
2			understanding is that there was a caveat introduced	
3			that altered that expectation from the original to	
4			a slightly, you know, not leaving it for a number of	
5			weeks but giving a few days' leeway for recognising	15:58
6			busy periods would affect ability to maintain.	
7	188	Q.	Okay. So the suggestion have a word is, find out	
8			what's going on here?	
9		Α.	Yes.	
10	189	Q.	And emphasise the need to get it done?	15:58
11		Α.	Yes.	
12	190	Q.	Okay. The next occasion when Triage remains an issue	
13			is a week later, and I wonder is it part of the same	
14			sequence of events. If we can go a few pages further	
15			on to TRU-275138. Is there 1st February e-mail on	15:59
16			down? Yes. This is Mr. Carroll's response, just above	
17			that.	
18			CHAIR: Mr wolfe, it looks as though Mr. Haynes has	
19			forwarded the original e-mail to Mr. Carroll, who then	
20			contacts Ms. Corrigan and says do we need to speak	16:00
21			about this. Is that interpretation fair?	
22		Α.	That's what I could see from the scan up and down.	
23			I forwarded it on to Mr. Carroll and Mr. Carroll has	
24			said to Martina, we need to pick this up on Monday.	
25	191	Q.	MR. WOLFE KC: Yes. And they schedule a meeting?	16:00
26		Α.	I didn't catch that as we scanned up.	
27	192	Q.	If we can turn then to WIT-55772. Here again you are	
28			part of the team being advised by Vicki Graham that	
29			there are quite a few Red Flag referrals that are	

		outstanding dating back to the 4th October (36 in	
		total).	
		Again, how would you have responded to that as the AMD?	
		Is that something that you would refer to	16:02
		Mrs. Corrigan?	
	Α.	As I have said, within the team on the Triage	
		everything appears there for us to see. What I don't	
		know is who was on-call at that time and I don't know	
		what the busyness of the on-call at that time was.	16:02
		Generally, these sorts of e-mails we would endeavour as	
		a team to try and pick up and get things done. Indeed,	
		certainly from a personal perspective, and recognising	
		that workloads during an acute week do vary, I didn't	
		follow Mr. O'Brien on an on-call week, but if my	16:02
		colleague the day before had had a busy day and there	
		were referrals waiting to be triaged, I would have	
		picked them up and done them when I came on, if I was	
		able to.	
193	Q.	During that period of time Mrs. Corrigan was absent	16:03
		from work for personal reasons, and an issue came to	
		your attention about the absence of monitoring during	
		her period away from work. If we can bring up the	
		e-mail at TRU-258911. On 18th October, it was	
		indicated to the system that Mr. O'Brien has	16:04
		accumulated a large backlog of dictated letters,	
		a large number of charts in his room. Mr. Weir is	
		saying that he hasn't seen the review and results of	
		recommendations into his practice but he is assuming he	
	193		Again, how would you have responded to that as the AMD? Is that something that you would refer to Mrs. Corrigan?  A. As I have said, within the team on the Triage everything appears there for us to see. What I don't know is who was on-call at that time and I don't know what the busyness of the on-call at that time was. Generally, these sorts of e-mails we would endeavour as a team to try and pick up and get things done. Indeed, certainly from a personal perspective, and recognising that workloads during an acute week do vary, I didn't follow Mr. O'Brien on an on-call week, but if my colleague the day before had had a busy day and there were referrals waiting to be triaged, I would have picked them up and done them when I came on, if I was able to.  193 Q. During that period of time Mrs. Corrigan was absent from work for personal reasons, and an issue came to your attention about the absence of monitoring during her period away from work. If we can bring up the e-mail at TRU-258911. On 18th October, it was indicated to the system that Mr. O'Brien has accumulated a large backlog of dictated letters, a large number of charts in his room. Mr. Weir is saying that he hasn't seen the review and results of

1	is in breach of the findings and he is asking Dr. Khan	
2	how he should proceed. Just go up the page.	
3	Mr. Gibson is employed in the Medical Director's	
4	Office, is saying to Mr. Carroll:	
5		16:05
6	"What is most concerning here is that there were	
7	monitoring and supervision arrangements put in place,	
8	which we confirmed to a range of interested parties.	
9		
10	If he has a Backlog of Clinic Letters and discharges	16:05
11	going back to June, have these arrangements fallen	
12	down?"	
13		
14	The next e-mail up, please. Mr. Carroll, somewhat	
15	tersely, says:	16:05
16		
17	"I think you are stating the obvious. With Martina	
18	having been off since June, the overseeing function has	
19	not taken place and the day-to-day activities was	
20	overlooked, but we need to understand why the dictation	16:06
21	has gone out, this could explain the volume of notes or	
22	there may be some other reason."	
23		
24	Then Mr. Haynes replies to Mr. Carroll:	
25		16:06
26	"According to Simon" Simon Gibson, that is "there	
27	were monitoring and supervision arrangements put in	
28	place, which we confirmed to a range of interested	
29	parti es"	

1				
2			You make the point that you have been making earlier:	
3				
4			"I wasn't one of these interested parties, neither from	
5			Colin's e-mail was he, or Michael from his."	16:06
6				
7			That's Michael Young.	
8				
9			"So if the Clinical Lead in the Service, the Clinical	
10			Director and the Associate Medical Director weren't,	16:07
11			I'm not sure who was.	
12				
13			I can only assume, given the Trust's previous failings	
14			in tackling behaviours in this case, the arrangements	
15			were robust, regularly monitored at multiple levels and	16:07
16			had clear back stops for sickness so that it wasn't	
17			reliant upon only Martina?"	
18				
19			Just to unpack that a little. That's you telling	
20			Mr. Carroll that, if I have got the tone right, you are	16:07
21			not best pleased that you weren't informed of what the	
22			monitoring arrangements amounted to, or that they even	
23			existed?	
24		Α.	I think it's me saying that it's not clear to me who	
25			was involved, what them arrangements were and, as I've	16:07
26			suggested, it appears that they've been reliant on one	
27			individual, which is an inherent weakness in the plan	
28			that had been made.	
29	194	Q.	Yes. But surely there's also saying that I should have	

Т			been involved, I should have been at least told of the	
2			existence of these arrangements?	
3		Α.	Or absolute clarity as to who was told and where that	
4			fitted within the existing management structure.	
5	195	Q.	You set that against the background, as you put it very	16:08
6			candidly, of the Trust's previous failures to engage in	
7			ineffective monitoring and the need for the monitoring	
8			going forward to be robust. If it's dependent upon one	
9			person and not picked up upon by others in her absence,	
10			are you saying that you struggle to see how it could be	16:09
11			considered to be robust?	
12		Α.	I think, as I have said previously, if you haven't got	
13			clarity as to how monitoring is being performed, how	
14			the data that's being utilised for monitoring is being	
15			obtained and clarity as to who and how and where cover	16:09
16			provides, then you haven't got a robust process. If	
17			your robust process involves someone doing the	
18			monitoring themselves without a clear description that	
19			can be picked up by someone else in their absence, then	
20			your process has an inherent frailty.	16:09
21	196	Q.	This is the 18th October 2018. MHPS has just reported,	
22			or is about to, in the sense of Dr. Khan's	
23			determination. As we have observed earlier, it	
24			provided for the development and formulation of a new	
25			action plan, and you have explained that that wasn't,	16:10
26			at that point, known to you. But knowing that there	
27			was this monitoring plan in place as a result of these	
28			e-mails that had come to you, is that the point where	
29			you sourced the extant action plan and got to know what	

1			it was doing?	
2		Α.	I don't have a recollection, but clearly I've expressed	
3			significant concerns in the way monitoring was being	
4			undertaken.	
5	197	Q.	But you don't have a recollection of doing anything	16:11
6			specifically to bottom out how this was being done and	
7			what was being monitored?	
8		Α.	I think I've asked in that e-mail well, I haven't	
9			asked but I've made a statement to Ronan, who was	
10			involved in the monitoring process, that I'd concerned	16:11
11			about how that process was being undertaken and how	
12			robust it was. I can't recall what followed that	
13			e-mail.	
14	198	Q.	There certainly wasn't a step into the arena of looking	
15			at the extant action plan and reformulating it in any	16:11
16			way to make it better?	
17		Α.	I don't recall that.	
18	199	Q.	I will put it another way. This was an opportunity,	
19			given your responsibilities as AMD, to have, now that	
20			you're informed of it, to say, well this isn't good	16:12
21			enough, look at what we know about Mr. O'Brien. We	
22			should expand this action plan and associated	
23			monitoring into other areas; the point is, that wasn't	
24			done?	
25		Α.	Yeah. I think I've said that, but I haven't taken it	16:12
26			that step forwards.	
27			MR WOLFE KC: Okay. I think, Chair, this would be	
28			a convenient point.	
29			CHAIR: Just because we won't see you until a later	

1		date, Mr. Haynes, if you don't mind we would have a few	
2		questions that we'd like to ask you now, and hopefully	
3		we will not keep you much longer beyond the half past	
4		four. Mr. Hanbury, maybe I will ask you to go first	
5		this time.	16:13
6			
7		THE WITNESS WAS QUESTIONED BY THE INQUIRY PANEL	
8		AS FOLLOWS:	
9			
10		MR. HANBURY: Thank you for coming. I have just got	16:13
11		one question about the MDT process, the MDM process,	
12		the preparation, your Department had a arrangement that	
13		one of the clinicians would take on the preparation,	
14		the preparation and the mop-up afterwards, which is	
15		quite intensive and time consuming. Why did you do	16:13
16		that rather than everyone sharing the work out on the	
17		day?	
18	Α.	So, other MDTs would have processes where the clinician	
19		who has seen the patient presents the patient, and one	
20		of the inherent weaknesses in that is if a clinician	16:13
21		isn't present then a patient's care doesn't get	
22		discussed. From before I worked in Southern Trust	
23		there was a working pattern within the Urology	
24		Multidisciplinary Team Meeting where that wasn't the	
25		process that was utilised, but the Chair of the meeting	16:14
26		presented the cases, which meant that patients would	
27		pass through the Multidisciplinary Team Meeting,	
28		whether or not the Clinician who had seen the patient	
29		was present. That landing on the shoulders of a single	

1			person is a significant workload and so, with the	
2			expansion of the team, and particularly given, say, my	
3			interests which have always been on an Oncology bent	
4			that we made a decision to rotate that Chair	
5			responsibility so it reduced that workload, so each of	16:14
6			us took it in turns to take that on. When	
7			Mr. O'Donoghue joined us in August that became us	
8			taking it on on a sort of rotational one in four basis.	
9			DR. SWART: You have described quite clearly taking on	
10			the AMD role when you had very extensive clinical	16:15
11			responsibilities, including outside the Southern	
12			Healthcare Trust, and it's obvious that was	
13			a considerable challenge. What was it that motivated	
14			you to want to take that role on at that time?	
15		Α.	I think it's the same thing that motivates many of us	16:15
16			who make decisions to take on additional roles outside	
17			of our, if you like, our core Consultant	
18			responsibility, and that's a desire to work to improve,	
19			and improve both the working arrangements and the	
20			Service received by patients. So that's the desire.	16:15
21	200	Q.	You also said that you didn't have any induction or	
22			handover. Was any support offered to you by the Trust	
23			at the time you took the role on?	
24		Α.	I don't recall.	
25	201	Q.	Did you ask for any?	16:16
26		Α.	Probably not.	
27	202	Q.	I'm specifically thinking of whether you thought it	
28			would be a good idea to go and talk to the Medical	
29			Director about mentoring or any other senior colleague	

1			input?	
2		Α.	I was Clinical Director at the time so I had met the	
3			Medical Director on a number of occasions through that.	
4	203	Q.	Yes.	
5		Α.	I had, if you like, a direct line into the Medical	16:16
6			Director already at that point.	
7	204	Q.	Did you have any discussions with other AMDs and CDs	
8			about the challenges of this combination of clinical	
9			responsibility and managerial role, and did you come up	
10			with any ideas about things that would improve the	16:16
11			situation for you?	
12		Α.	I don't recall any specific conversations about that.	
13	205	Q.	Another thing you talk about is this tension, which is	
14			clearly very real in terms of being a colleague in	
15			Urology and being AMD at the same time. Again, did	16:17
16			anybody talk to you about how you might want to handle	
17			that in the circumstances you found yourself in?	
18		Α.	No.	
19	206	Q.	Okay. Just lastly, you talk about the desire to make	
20			improvement. You describe some improvements in your	16:17
21			own practice, which would have general application	
22			across the Trust in terms of the quality improvement in	
23			processes, I am talking about results and also some of	
24			your Triage. Do you feel as AMD you were empowered to	
25			kind of spread those improvements or that you had	16:17
26			access to quality improve resource? What's your stance	
27			on that?	
28		Α.	We had access to quality improvement resource and,	
29			within the evidence bundles we had an adept fellow join	

1			the Trust and do a project on the Stone Service within	
2			Urology, so we had access to quality improvement	
3			projects. In terms of them patterns of working, we	
4			would have communicated regularly just within the	
5			Consultant team as to how and what we were doing and,	16:18
6			you know, I am, in the context, an early adopter, so	
7			once I was aware of the existence of something I looked	
8			to take it on, and tried to encourage people to take it	
9			on. If we look at, like, the sign-off and results,	
10			that is included in a number of SAI recommendations and	16:18
11			that would have been discussed at Acute Clinical	
12			Governance, and I was a strong proponent of this being	
13			rolled out and taken on by teams across the Trust.	
14			Unfortunately, from many there was often a resistance	
15			to this, seeing it as a significant increase in	16:19
16			workload, and not necessarily believing my perspective	
17			that it made it easier.	
18	207	Q.	Are you telling me you felt more barriers than	
19			empowerment at that particular point?	
20		Α.	I think the barriers were people not wishing,	16:19
21			individuals not wanting to change the way that they did	
22			things, yeah.	
23	208	Q.	Okay.	
24			CHAIR: Thank you. I suppose mine is less of	
25			a question and more of a comment. I find it	16:19
26			surprising, we have talked about the delay in reporting	
27			on SAIs, the whole purpose of an SAI investigation is	
28			to learn and to learn quickly and to improve Patient	
29			Safety, and I found it surprising that there was no	

1			deadline set for delivery of an investigation. You	
2			described how it was difficult to find time for the	
3			team to get together to discuss matters. In my	
4			experience of other professions, and I speak obviously	
5			of the legal profession of which I would know best, but	16:20
6			often meetings such as that would take place outside	
7			the working day to ensure that they happened and that	
8			they happened in a timely way. Was that never an	
9			option?	
10		Α.	Of course that's an option, but I think, if I look at	16:20
11			my own practice and we look at the e-mail we had up	
12			yesterday from late 2018, I detailed that I was already	
13			using significant portions of time outside of the	
14			normal day to do activity. From a personal	
15			perspective, you are almost deciding what do you stop,	16:20
16			and that's where the earlier question as to, do I have	
17			any recommendation comes. If we want to get this done	
18			by a deadline, then we've got to decide what we don't	
19			do to enable everyone to be able to attend. What are	
20			we going to stop to make sure that every member of this	16:21
21			panel is present next Wednesday morning for a meeting?	
22	209	Q.	Or Wednesday evening?	
23		Α.	Or Wednesday evening, yeah.	
24	210	Q.	I suppose was any consideration given to putting into	
25			place locums to cover the work to allow you get the	16:21
26			SAIs done in a timely fashion?	
27		Α.	I have touched on the challenge in terms of locum	
28			appointments within my statement. As I have said in	
29			the statement while on the face of it it can seem	

1	a straightforward solution, it can often end up
2	actually creating more work than the problem that they
3	have solved.
4	CHAIR: Thank you, Mr. Haynes. We will, unfortunately
5	from your point of view, see you again. Thank you for 16:21
6	attending both yesterday and today.
7	MR. WOLFE KC: Just one final point. I drew attention
8	to the complaint, I think, registered by Mr. O'Brien
9	when he was afforded only a couple of days to reply to
10	the SAI concerning Patient 16. I think it's fair that 16:22
11	I refer you to I don't need it brought up on the
12	screen but just for your note an e-mail series
13	starting at PAT-000119, which I think indicates that
14	certainly while he was initially given a very short
15	time frame to respond, and that came in the context of 16:22
16	a three-year interval before it made its way to him, he
17	was given, I think, several weeks to turn around his
18	response in full, to put that in for fairness.
19	
20	I think what I will engage with Mr. Lunny and his team 16:23
21	to see when we can get Mr. Haynes back to us. Probably
22	half a day or a little more than that, I wouldn't
23	imagine a full day.
24	CHAIR: Very well. We are not due to sit again to hear
25	further evidence until the 29th, so we won't be sitting 16:23
26	next week, and I will see you all again then on 29th
27	November.
28	

THE INQUIRY THEN ADJOURNED TO 29TH NOVEMBER 2022

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