

Oral Hearing

Day 67 – Thursday, 19th October 2023

Being heard before: Ms Christine Smith KC (Chair)

Dr Sonia Swart (Panel Member)

Mr Damian Hanbury (Assessor)

Held at: Bradford Court, Belfast

Gwen Malone Stenography Services certify the following to be a verbatim transcript of their stenographic notes in the abovenamed action.

Gwen Malone Stenography Services

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1	THE INQUIRY RESUMED ON THURSDAY, 19TH OCTOBER 2023 AS	
2	FOLLOWS:	
3		
4	CHAIR: Good morning everyone. Mr. Glackin.	
5	Mr. Wolfe.	9 : 59
6		
7	MR. ANTHONY GLACKIN, PREVIOUSLY SWORN, WAS QUESTIONED	
8	BY MR. WOLFE AS FOLLOWS	
9		
10	MR. WOLFE: Good morning, Chair. Good morning,	9 : 59
11	Mr. Glackin. You were last with us on the 21st of	
12	September, and I was exploring with you on the	
13	afternoon of that day a number of issues arising out of	
14	the multi-disciplinary meeting, and I suppose at the	
15	heart of my exploration with you was an attempt to	9 : 59
16	understand the culture and the norms of the	
17	multi-disciplinary meeting, and we examined that	
18	through a number of issues, finishing with	
19	consideration of a case that you had some direct	
20	knowledge of, that was the case of Patient 138, and	10:00
21	the, I suppose the tracking error which led to that	
22	case being closed on CaaPS rather than being discussed	
23	after pathology was available.	
24		
25	I want to recap, just before moving on to new ground	10:00
26	this morning on a couple of issues that were left, well	
27	one at least was left slightly hanging, and that	
28	concerned the first of those concerned Patient 139.	
29	And you will recall if we maybe just have up on the	

1		screen, please, AOB-82838. And you will remember that	
2		really it was just on the eve of you coming to give	
3		evidence that we drew your attention to this case. It	
4		was a case, so far as we understand it, where the	
5		patient was in the care of Mr. O'Brien in 2010, and he	10:01
6		prescribed Bicalutamide 50mg, and he was the patient	
7		was on that dose when he came along to see you at	
8		review in 2016.	
9	Α.	Yes.	
10	1 Q.	You kept him on that dose. He came along to see you	10:01
11		again in May 2020, and you kept him on that dose, and	
12		you told us in your evidence the reference is	
13		TRA-08282 that regrettably you didn't change the	
14		treatment, although in fairness to you, you wanted to	
15		have the opportunity to consider whatever notes, paper	10:02
16		notes that there might have been available to you which	
17		you hadn't had an opportunity to consider when you last	
18		gave evidence.	
19			
20		Is there anything in your researches since then that	10:02
21		you wish to add to the evidence that you have given us?	
22	Α.	So I've now had the opportunity to review the paper	
23		notes. There are two handwritten entries by	
24		Mr. O'Brien in 2010. One of those entries describes	
25		the prescription of Bicalutamide 50 and Tamoxifen 10.	10:02
26		There are no letters, typed letters, in the chart	
27		reflecting those two clinic appointments. Subsequently	
28		then my own handwritten notes are available in the	
29		chart. They don't lend anything extra to what I have	

1			already said, so I can't shed any further light on it.	
2	2	Q.	Yes. I think you were, I suppose to some extent	
3			anxious to better understand your own thinking around	
4			why you continued the regime of 50mg, both in 2016 and	
5			2020.	10:03
6		Α.	Yes.	
7	3	Q.	Your notes don't add anything to your thinking around	
8			that?	
9		Α.	They don't. They do not.	
10	4	Q.	Yes. Could I just and maybe I didn't tidy this up	10:03
11			as well as I should have on the last occasion. After	
12			you saw or reviewed the patient in May 2020, as	
13			reflected in the letter we have in front of us,	
14			Mr. Haynes, seven or so months later wrote to him. If	
15			we could have that letter up on the screen, please? We	10:04
16			touched on it briefly on the last occasion. It's	
17			WIT-04625. Sorry, just drop down a page so we can see	
18			the front of it, 04624.	
19				
20			So as I explained on the last occasion, Mr. Haynes is	10:04
21			writing to a number of patients following the	
22			Bicalutamide audit and lookback review, and if we go	
23			into the - if we go to the last of the three pages at	
24			66 in the sequence and to the sorry 26 in the	
25			sequence and to the last paragraph. So his	10:04
26			recommendation for the patient is that he discontinues	
27			the hormone treatment and move on to surveillance. In	
28			ordinary cases you do, was that the appropriate	
29			recommendation and one that upon reflection you should	

1			have pushed for in 2016 when you first saw the patient?	
2		Α.	So, I wouldn't chose to use the word "surveillance". I	
3			think that indicates in the context of prostate cancer	
4			that the patient may be at some point suitable for a	
5			treatment with curative intent. That wasn't the case	10:05
6			for this patient. So I would chose to use the term	
7			"watchful waiting". And Mr. Haynes and I have differed	
8			on this in the past at MDT, but that's the way that I	
9			would chose to express that. So I think it is as I	
10			gave in evidence previously, it is entirely valid that	10:05
11			this patient could have been offered watchful waiting,	
12			and that was something that I would have considered	
13			when I met him in 2016. He was already established on	
14			Bicalutamide therapy for some six years at that point,	
15			and as I have told you before, I made the decision to	10:06
16			continue his therapy, to maintain the status quo,	
17			rather than to change his treatment plan. I can't shed	
18			any further light on why I made that decision at this	
19			point because my handwritten notes don't lend any extra	
20			evidence and the letters are as you've seen.	10:06
21	5	Q.	Yes. So your differences is my you would have my	
22			recommendation is to discontinue the hormone treatment	
23			and move to watchful waiting?	
24		Α.	Yeah, I think both of those options were reasonable.	
25	6	Q.	Yes. Could I just go back up to the previous page?	10:06
26			So, bearing in mind that Mr. Haynes, the thrust of his	
27			advice is to stop the hormone treatment?	
28		Α.	Yep.	
29	7	Q.	And move to surveillance. You would prefer watchful	

1			waiting, and we see the difference in your approach	
2			there. Let me ask you about this last paragraph, if	
3			you can help us with this. He says to the patient:	
4				
5			"If you do not wish to stop hormone treatment and wish	10:07
6			to continue hormone treatment as a long term treatment,	
7			recognising that evidence shows that this treatment	
8			will not increase your life expectancy and that	
9			continued hormone treatment does continue to give side	
10			effects, then the recommended hormone treatment would	10:07
11			be an injection treatment which is given every three	
12			months."	
13				
14			So that appears to be a prescription of or suggestion	
15			that the prescription would be LHRH agonist. Is that	10:07
16			your reading of that?	
17		Α.	Would you mind just drawing the document back down to	
18			the top so I can see the diagnosis?	
19	8	Q.	Of course. We can go back to the first page.	
20		Α.	Yes.	10:08
21	9	Q.	So it is I think it's low risk organ confined	
22			yeah.	
23		Α.	Yeah, maybe a little bit further. Okay. So this	
24			patient doesn't have metastatic prostate cancer	
25			diagnosed at this point in time. So I personally	10:08
26			wouldn't, you know, if this was a new patient to me I	
27			wouldn't be initiating LHRH analogue therapy for this	
28			patient. What we have is a situation whereby the	
29			patient is a non-standard dose of Bicalutamide, and I	

1			think Mr. Haynes is attempting to draw the patient into	
2			standard therapy by giving them either, or offering	
3			them the opportunity of either an LHRH analogue or	
4			Bicalutamide 150mg. But I think on balance, if the	
5			patient doesn't have metastatic disease, they may well	10:08
6			have locally advanced disease, and that might be a	
7			reason for considering therapy, but I think on balance	
8			the better option here would be watchful waiting.	
9	10	Q.	So, just to go back to that paragraph, because it does	
10			introduce, if you like, just to remind ourselves	10:09
11			Mr. Haynes is saying:	
12				
13			"Dear patient,	
14			Surveillance is the route for you and come off	
15			hormones."	10:09
16				
17			And if you go back to that page then, down to the	
18			bottom of yeah.	
19		Α.	I think you could also take the view, reading this	
20			letter, that perhaps Mr. Haynes is recognising that the	10:09
21			patient may be resistant to changing therapy.	
22	11	Q.	Yeah.	
23		Α.	And he is giving the patient options.	
24	12	Q.	Yes.	
25		Α.	Which is a reasonable thing to do.	10:09
26	13	Q.	Yes. It is the case, you've made the point yourself, I	
27			wouldn't in this case on the face of it move him to	
28			LHRH. That is associated with adverse toxicity	
29			compared to Bicalutamide, is it, or the risk of adverse	

1				
2		Α.	Both therapies can have side effects for the patient.	
3			The side effects are somewhat different in profile, but	
4			watchful waiting would have no side effects.	
5	14	Q.	Yes. And the third of the options here, and as you say	10:10
6			we can maybe ask Mr. Haynes about this letter, and	
7			maybe it's an attempt, as you say, to set out all the	
8			options and then engage in a conversation with the	
9			patient. The suggestion of moving to a daily 150	
10			Bicalutamide as a monotherapy, is that drug licensed	10:10
11			for the treatment of localised organ confined prostate	
12			cancer?	
13		Α.	I don't think it's licensed for localised, but I think	
14			it might be licensed for locally advanced. I'd have to	
15			check that.	10:11
16	15	Q.	Could I move to Patient 137? We again looked at this	
17			on our last occasion. You'll recall that this was a	
18			case where Mr. Young had been told to refer the patient	
19			to an endocrinologist arising out of a	
20			multi-disciplinary meeting, and that didn't happen, and	10:11
21			it was, in essence, lost until the general practitioner	
22			wrote in. We looked at that on the last occasion. I	
23			think you told us that you had no discussions around	
24			this, it hadn't been brought to your attention. I just	
25			want to look at that again with you. If we go to	10:12
26			WIT-100394, and this is if we just go to the top of	
27			the page. Sorry, further up. Yep. And it appears to	
28			be an incident check list. It sets out a series of	
29			events in the processing of this incident report, the	

1	IR1, and if we just scroll down the page to the 21st of	
2	September, and we can see that it says that:	
3		
4	"The patient has been reviewed by the endocrine team	
5	and is for discussion with Radiology, but the likely	10:13
6	outcome will be ongoing surveillance. Discussions	
7	concluded that while this is not an SAI there is	
8	learning regarding the processes in MDM. The incident	
9	is to be shared with Mr. Glackin, Chair of the MDM, for	
10	di scussi on regardi ng current processes."	10:13
11		
12	And just on down the page, 9th January:	
13		
14	"Send information to Mr. Haynes to see if a letter is	
15	required. Not an SAI. Meeting being organised with	10:13
16	the Chair of the MDM. Discussed outcome of findings.	
17	Does this case need included in a letter to Michael	
18	Young. "	
19		
20	And then there's a box marked "Decision on level	10:13
21	review", et cetera:	
22		
23	"Not an SEA processes.	
24	2. Regarding MDM to be reviewed with Mr. Glackin	
25	meeting being organised by governance team."	10:14
26		
27	So I didn't draw your attention to those entries on the	
28	last occasion. Your evidence on the last occasion,	
29	however, was I suppose inter alia, that was not a case	

1			you had any awareness or knowledge about, and I was	
2			suggesting to you that's perhaps surprising in	
3			circumstances where you were the MDT lead at the time.	
4		Α.	Yes.	
5	16	Q.	And these entries suggest at least that the direction	10:14
6			of travel would be to discuss the malfunction in the	
7			procedure with you?	
8		Α.	Mm-hmm.	
9	17	Q.	Do you remember the issue being discussed with you?	
10		Α.	No.	10:15
11	18	Q.	Should it have been discussed with you?	
12		Α.	Yes.	
13	19	Q.	Why should it have been discussed with you, given that	
14			you were the lead?	
15		Α.	Because there's a significant delay in appropriate	10:15
16			referral to another speciality resulting from an	
17			outcome from our own MDT. So that should have been	
18			brought to my attention.	
19	20	Q.	We know that Mr. Young received a letter signed off by	
20			Mr. Glackin asking him to give assurance?	10:15
21		Α.	Perhaps it was Mr. Haynes.	
22	21	Q.	Sorry, of course. Mr. Haynes, of course. Asking	
23			Mr. Young to give assurance that he had in place	
24			processes to ensure that this doesn't happen again. I	
25			suspect that Mr. Young will say that he gave verbal	10:15
26			assurance around this. Again, that's not something	
27			that was drawn to your attention?	
28		Α.	So I have no knowledge of that.	
29	22	0	Ven	

1		Α.	So I think my first I may have been at the MDT where	
2			this was discussed, but I have no recollection of the	
3			original discussion, as documented in that timeline. I	
4			have no recollection of it ever being discussed at a	
5			later date as a result of this process. And my first	10:16
6			reading of this, as far as I am aware, was when I	
7			received the evidence bundle.	
8	23	Q.	Yep. In light of the nature of the error and the break	
9			down in the safety nets, which you referred us to the	
10			last time, onus on the consultant I think you explained	10:16
11				
12		Α.	Yes.	
13	24	Q.	to get on with the referral.	
14		Α.	The primary responsibility is that of the consultant.	
15	25	Q.	Yes. The tracker or coordinator nevertheless knows	10:17
16			about it and should, in the normal case, have emailed	
17			the consultant's secretary?	
18		Α.	Yep.	
19	26	Q.	To provide a further layer of protection.	
20		Α.	Yes. That was custom and practice. Whether that's	10:17
21			written down in an SOP, I'm not sure.	
22	27	Q.	Yeah. Yeah. How is the Inquiry to view, in governance	
23			terms, a situation where that can happen? It's	
24			reviewed through an incident report process leading to	
25			a letter to the consultant involved, and it doesn't	10:17
26			reach your desk as MDT lead so that you can satisfy	
27			yourself that everything that can be done to prevent	
28			this happening again has been done?	
29		Α.	Yeah. So in many ways this opens a can of worms	

4			harana a sharana a 177 — abida a 27 ad ab ab	
1			because you then naturally I think would ask the	
2			question: Are there other cases that have not been	
3			actioned? So the only way that you would know that is	
4			if you did some form of audit.	
5	28	Q.	Of course. That's one way of monitoring the robustness	10:18
6			of the system. But is there looking at the	
7			situation as it was in 2018 when Mr. Young, two years	
8			after the event, finally gets his letter from	
9			Mr. Haynes, is there not some shortcoming in a system	
10			where you as the MDT lead is not even brought in, to	10:18
11			the best of your recollection, to a discussion in	
12			relation to it?	
13		Α.	Yes, that is a shortcoming.	
14	29	Q.	Now, I want to move to another issue that emerged from	
15			the SAI process that was reviewed by Dr. Hughes and	10:19
16			Mr. Gilbert in 2020. It's the case of, in their	
17			language, a failure to refer on a timely basis a case	
18			of penile cancer.	
19		Α.	Okay.	
20	30	Q.	To a supraregional forum or, in the alternative, a	10:19
21			specialist in the field. It is the case, is it not,	
22			that at that time a supraregional MDT wasn't	
23			established and functioning? And by "at that time" I	
24			should of course say that the case came in to the MDM	
25			in the Southern Trust in April 2019.	10:20
26		Α.	That is correct. There was no specialist MDT and there	
27			was no supraregional MDT link.	
28	31	Q.	Just maybe we'll start with some of the facts around	
29			this. If we can go briefly to DOH-00092, and if you	

1			just glance at the Executive Summary. So:	
2				
3			"The patient was referred to Urology Services 20th	
4			February 2019 in view of a growth on his foreskin. He	
5			was referred for urgent circumcision which was	10:21
6			performed on 10th April. Histology confirmed squamous	
7			cell carcinoma. There was both lymphovascular invasion	
8			and perineural infiltration, both of which were	
9			associated with an increased risk of metastatic disease	
10			at presentation or subsequently.	10:21
11				
12			At the MDM, which was a virtual meeting conducted by a	
13			single urologist, recommendation was that Dr. 1 would	
14			review the patient and arrange for a CT scan of chest,	
15			abdomen and pelvis to complete staging. He was	10:21
16			referred to the Regional Penile Cancer Service in	
17			February 2020. The patient passed away in January	
18			2021. "	
19				
20			It is the case that this patient's case passed through	10:21
21			MDM on a couple of occasions in 2019?	
22		Α.	Yeah, that's correct.	
23	32	Q.	And as it's made plain here, there was no referral to	
24			there was no referral made to the Regional Penile	
25			Cancer Service until February 2020?	10:22
26		Α.	Yeah. So there wasn't a Regional Penile Cancer Service	
27			established until January 2020. So two units within	
28			the region had made bids to be the host service. That	
29			process was ongoing in 2019. Towards the end of 2019	

1		it was established that the host service would be based	
2		at the Western Trust and that two surgeons, two	
3		urologists at the Western Trust would be providing that	
4		service. That came into being in January 2020.	
5	33 Q.	Yes. Could I just bring you to the recommendations, or	10:22
6		the findings of this SAI. If we go to DOH-00097. So	
7		if you just actually go back to the bottom of 96. So	
8		it's saying that:	
9			
10		"The MDM should have recommended urgent staging and	10:23
11		simultaneous referral either to a regional or	
12		supraregional penile cancer specialist group"	
13			
14		- you of course correctly say it didn't exist:	
15			10:23
16		"or to a surgeon with appropriate expertise for all	
17		subsequent management."	
18			
19		So I suppose in the absence of supraregional group the	
20		other option is to place this in the hands of a	10:24
21		specialist rather than retaining it amongst apparently	
22		non-specialists in Southern Trust. Is that a	
23		reasonable point to make?	
24	Α.	I think looking at it through the lens of 2023 perhaps	
25		it is, but I would counter that in Northern Ireland	10:24
26		historically penile cancer surgery would have been	
27		conducted in all of the units. Most penile cancer	
28		surgery is relatively straightforward. The capability	
29		to do an inguinal lymphadenopathy or lymphadenectomy	

1			would have been certainly part of the competency of	
2			most of the surgeons who undertook major cancer work.	
3			So it's perhaps a question you should ask Mr. O'Brien	
4			about whether he felt competent to do an inguinal	
5			lymphadenectomy. Personally I've had training in this.	10:25
6			I spent a full year working in a regional penile cancer	
7			service in the West Midlands. So I, at that point in	
8			my career I would have felt very confident about doing	
9			an inguinal lymphadenectomy, and I certainly could have	
10			done the penile cancer surgery myself.	10:25
11				
12			I think you come to recognise though that it is a $$ it	
13			forms a very small part of our workload and certainly	
14			in the West Midlands it was centralised, so the move to	
15			centralise the service in Northern Ireland was a	10:25
16			sensible move, and, you know, the numbers of cases are	
17			small every year, they're probably fewer than 30. So I	
18			think if this had of been a year later it would have	
19			been referred, you know. So that's just the	
20			difference.	10:25
21	34	Q.	The NICaN position on this, I think it's set out at	
22			WIT-85345. And this is the NICaN guidance from 2016,	
23			and it provides that:	
24				
25			"Patients with penile cancer should be managed by	10:26
26			specialist penile cancer teams working at the supra	
27			network level."	
28				
29			So, again, that wasn't a feature of life in Northern	

1			Ireland in 2020?	
2		Α.	There are lots of things that are written in the NICaN	
3			guidelines that were aspirational and they weren't in	
4			place.	
5	35	Q.	Nevertheless, given the unpredicability of penile	10:26
6			cancers	
7		Α.	I'm not sure that I would agree with that.	
8	36	Q.	Okay. Would you agree that they are, they have the	
9			potential to be high risk cancers?	
10		Α.	Yes, I would, but it's not unpredictable. It is very	10:27
11			well established how the lymph nodes are involved and	
12			how the disease spreads. But it can be an aggressive	
13			disease, I think that's the word I would use, not	
14			unpredictable.	
15	37	Q.	The thrust of the guidelines and the direction of	10:27
16			travel which your MDT would have been aware of was that	
17			these, this particular species of cancer should be	
18			dealt with by specialists, those who have regular	
19			exposure to the disease, rather than, for whatever	
20			reason, holding them in a small local centre that isn't	10:28
21			regularly exposed to the disease?	
22		Α.	Yep, I think that's the correct way that it should be	
23			managed, but as I made the point to you earlier, these	
24			cases prior to the establishment of that team in 2020	
25			were being managed in all of the urology units in the	10:28
26			region. So the volumes in all of the units would have	
27			been small at that time.	
28	38	Q.	Is there general learning to be extracted from a case	
29			like this in terms of whether the centre at Craigavon	

1			should retain to itself cases that are better treated	
2			by specialists, or do you maintain the view that really	
3			in 2019 it was entirely appropriate to hold on to a	
4			case like this?	
5		Α.	No, I didn't say it was entirely appropriate.	10:29
6	39	Q.	No, no, I am asking you.	
7		Α.	Yeah. I had already had experience of working in a	
8			regional centre delivering this kind of a service, so I	
9			knew what should be happening. It's just the fact that	
10			it wasn't established here. So to give you a little	10:29
11			bit of background. One of the trainees who finished	
12			our training programme left and did two years of	
13			andrology, and that person then came back and was	
14			appointed in the Western Trust. That then led us to	
15			the situation where we had a specialist in the region	10:29
16			trained and able to deliver this. That person was	
17			accompanied by one of their other colleagues, who was a	
18			long established consultant in the Western Trust, and	
19			between the two of them they were then able to deliver	
20			this service as a regional service. Prior to that	10:29
21			there was no specialist trained andrologist appointed	
22			in Northern Ireland.	
23	40	Q.	As an MDT, when cases come along that the guidance	
24			suggests should go to a specialist such as this, is	
25			there a discussion about the capacity and the expertise	10:30
26			to retain the case?	
27		Α.	So this has also affected other things in Northern	
28			Ireland. There was a period when the person providing	
29			the bulk of the renal surgery in Belfast City Hospital	

1			left, and they went on sabbatical for a long period of	
2			time, and that meant that there was nobody to provide	
3			that specialist service in Belfast. So we then had the	
4			situation of consultant surgeons in other units, such	
5			as myself, Mr. Haynes, and another surgeon at	10:31
6			Altnagelvin, being faced with the possibility that we	
7			couldn't refer to Belfast and we had to take on things	
8			ourselves. We were all adequately trained to do that	
9			work, but if you looked at the guidelines we would have	
10			been treating those patients outside of what NICaN	10:31
11			guidance said.	
12				
13			So, you know, you're faced with a situation of on the	
14			face of it you've got these guidelines which are	
15			basically mirroring what has happened in IOG in	10:31
16			England. We're working with a much smaller population.	
17			We have to deliver the care for the people who live	
18			here. And sometimes you're faced with a decision that	
19			you have to do the best with the resource that you've	
20			got available.	10:31
21	41	Q.	So that's, I suppose, a broad expression of principle	
22			to reflect the kind of difficulties you might face?	
23		Α.	Yeah.	
24	42	Q.	As a small local unit.	
25		Α.	Not even a small local unit, a small region.	10:32
26	43	Q.	Yes. To be clear, because of your exposure to the	
27			treatment of penile cancer from where you came in	
28			training, did you ever see the need to refer out of	
29			Craigavon, whether as MDT lead or wearing your	

1			consultant hat?	
2		Α.	So prior to the establishment of the regional or the	
3			specialist MDT for penile cancer, I would have dealt	
4			with penile cancer cases myself in Craigavon. I would	
5			have had the skills do so, and I would have felt	10:32
6			comfortable doing so. But I recognised that the	
7			development of the specialist MDT was appropriate, and	
8			once we had the staffing in place all of the cases go	
9			to the specialist MDT.	
10	44	Q.	As an MDT in, to take this particular case, it was	10:33
11			the patient was being managed by Mr. O'Brien?	
12		Α.	Yes.	
13	45	Q.	The referral didn't take place until a year after the	
14			patient had come to Southern Trust's attention?	
15		Α.	The referral couldn't take place any sooner than	10:33
16			January 2020.	
17	46	Q.	Well the and that is of course right. As an MDT, is	
18			there any interrogation or questioning of the expertise	
19			of the clinician in whose hands the patient is being	
20			taken forward?	10:34
21		Α.	Yeah. So I had knowledge of Mr. O'Brien's capability	
22			to do an inguinal lymphadenectomy, and in my view he	
23			could do an inguinal lymphadenectomy to the appropriate	
24			standard.	
25	47	Q.	And the management thereafter?	10:34
26		Α.	Yes, and I had the experience of sharing ward rounds	
27			with him, looking after the patients who had had such	
28			surgery over the previous, by that stage four years as	
29			a consultant colleague.	

1	48	Q.	So, as an MDT you were each satisfied that this case	
2			should remain in Craigavon?	
3		Α.	No, I don't think "satisfied" is the word I'd use. I	
4			mean if there had of been a specialist MDT established	
5			in Northern Ireland for this disease, then all of the	10:35
6			patients should have been going to that. We were	
7			working in a situation where that was not the case and,	
8			therefore, we had to deliver care for the patient,	
9			albeit it without the framework of a specialist MDT.	
10	49	Q.	And in the absence of a specialist MDT, other	10:35
11			alternatives that are available to your unit in terms	
12			of seeking advice?	
13		Α.	So on occasion, and it would be a very occasional	
14			thing, patients may have been referred to MDTs in	
15			England. I had one penile, not penile cancer, I had	10:35
16			one testicular cancer case shortly after I joined	
17			Craigavon, we discussed at the local MDT, there was no	
18			provision for that patient in Northern Ireland in terms	
19			of specialist MDT, and I referred that case to	
20			Birmingham. So that kind of thing happened very	10:35
21			occasionally.	
22	50	Q.	Knowing the features of this case, is this one that	
23			should have been referred externally, or short of that,	
24			is this a case where advice from a clinician with more	
25			regular experience and expertise of managing these	10:36
26			cancers?	
27		Α.	I'm not sure I would characterise it that way.	
28			Mr. O'Brien at this stage of his career probably had 25	
29			years experience of delivering cancer care. So, you	

1			might want to check the timelines, but it would have	
2			been about that amount of experience. You know, the	
3			surgery in this case I don't think was at all the	
4			issue, it's the absence of the specialist MDT. You can	
5			read the histology report of the lymphadenectomy, it	: 36
6			was a very adequate lymphadenectomy. He described the	
7			anatomical boundaries of it, you know, it was correct	
8			surgery.	
9				
10			I also differ from Mr. Gilbert's assessment. When the 10:	: 36
11			patient had had the CT scan there was obvious	
12			lymphadenopathy on one side. If you read the EAU	
13			guidelines which pertained at the time of this, then it	
14			did not describe doing a bilateral procedure, it	
15			described a lymphadenectomy singular, that means doing $_{10}$:	: 37
16			one side. So that's the evidence on which we would	
17			have made the decision at the MDT, and that's how we	
18			proceeded.	
19				
20			The fact that the patient had disease in his lymph 10:	: 37
21			nodes means that it was aggressive disease, and when	
22			you're faced with that situation those patients do not	
23			do well.	
24	51	Q.	Yes. My interest in particular is not the instant	
25			case, it is the process around a situation where at the $_{ m 10}$:	: 37
26			point of staging the SAI reports says "refer"?	
27		Α.	Yeah. There was nobody to refer to within the region.	
28	52	Q.	There was no one to refer to in the region. But that	
29			doesn't - broadening this out - it can be any cancer	

		that comes along at any time for which your MDT doesn't	
		have the specialism. If you don't have the specialism	
		in the unit, and you don't have it in the region, is it	
		good enough to keep it in-house rather than refer it	
		outside of the region to another MDT, or at least a	10:38
		specialist in the field?	
	Α.	So, as I have already told you, I think that in terms	
		of delivering the surgical care that this patient	
		needed, the care was appropriate.	
53	Q.	That's not the issue. The issue is what is done after	10:38
		the surgery when you know the staging?	
	Α.	There were no formal links for any of the units in	
		Northern Ireland for penile cancer outside the region	
		at that point in time. They were not established.	
54	Q.	And you can't pick up the phone and seek advice?	10:39
	Α.	I don't think I would have needed to, because I've	
		managed this situation myself before. I think	
		Mr. O'Brien wouldn't have needed to either.	
55	Q.	Let me move on now to briefly examine where the MDT is	
		now at in terms of it's governance and in terms of the	10:39
		superintendence of its procedure, so that some of the	
		issues that have been identified as amounting to safety	
		issues, so that we can begin to chart whether those	
		shortcomings have been addressed.	
			10:40
		The recommendations of the SAI, or the series of SAIs	
		in 2020, spoke across a number of the issues to the	
		need for audit. Let me bring just bring that up.	
		DOH-00129. If you just scroll to the bottom of the	
	54	53 Q. A. 54 Q. A.	have the specialism. If you don't have the specialism in the unit, and you don't have it in the region, is it good enough to keep it in-house rather than refer it outside of the region to another MDT, or at least a specialist in the field? A. So, as I have already told you, I think that in terms of delivering the surgical care that this patient needed, the care was appropriate. 53 Q. That's not the issue. The issue is what is done after the surgery when you know the staging? A. There were no formal links for any of the units in Northern Ireland for penile cancer outside the region at that point in time. They were not established. 54 Q. And you can't pick up the phone and seek advice? A. I don't think I would have needed to, because I've managed this situation myself before. I think Mr. O'Brien wouldn't have needed to either. 55 Q. Let me move on now to briefly examine where the MDT is now at in terms of it's governance and in terms of the superintendence of its procedure, so that some of the issues that have been identified as amounting to safety issues, so that we can begin to chart whether those shortcomings have been addressed. The recommendations of the SAI, or the series of SAIs in 2020, spoke across a number of the issues to the need for audit. Let me bring just bring that up.

1	page, please? So we can see that the recommendations
2	of the SAIs are quite often expressed in high level
3	language, and here's a typical example.
4	
5	"The Trust must provide high quality urological cancer 10:41
6	care for all patients."
7	
8	And there's an expression as to how that will be
9	achieved. And the assurance to ensure that this is
10	achieved is described as:
11	
12	"a comprehensive pathway audit of all patients care
13	and experi ence. "
14	
15	And as I say, the need for an audit, or various audits, $_{10:41}$
16	is expressed across a number of the recommendations.
17	Move down to (2). Again, a high level expression of
18	the recommendation that:
19	
20	"The patients should be appropriately supported and 10:41
21	informed about their cancer care."
22	
23	And if we scroll on down, the assurance is a
24	comprehensive cancer pathway audit and patient
25	experience. 10:42
26	
27	At (5), moving down, the recommendation is that the MDM
28	- a little more specific:
29	

1		"would be resourced to provide appropriate tracking	
2		of patients and to confirm that the recommendations and	
3		actions are completed."	
4			
5		And scrolling down, the assurance is audit.	10:42
6			
7		Help us with this, Mr. Glackin. We've heard I think	
8		already from you that the MDT is better resourced with	
9		the appointment of a Mr. Mark Quinn as a clinical audit	
10		and information manager, Mrs. Muldrew as a specific MDT	10:43
11		focused admin support. In terms of the audit of the	
12		kinds of things discussed in the SAI report, is that	
13		being done? I think we've heard from you already that	
14		audit is now much improved in the Trust. Is it	
15		specific within MDT structures?	10:43
16	Α.	So following the appointment of Mark Quinn, and under	
17		the direction of Angela Muldrew, we have a monthly	
18		audit process of outcomes from MDT to ensure that the	
19		outcomes are followed up and actioned. That report is	
20		provided to me, and it's also provided to the whole of	10:43
21		the MDT, so that if there are any shortcomings or	
22		points that have not yet been actioned, they can be	
23		brought back to the meeting and discussed and actioned.	
24		So, that's been in place for almost a year. So that is	
25		working. We have a report from the Pathology	10:44
26		Department that's run I think on a weekly basis to	
27		ensure that all pathology is brought to the meeting	
28		that should be. So they're at least two of the reports	
29		that are being supported by cancer services.	

1	56	Q.	And do you feel we've been through some of the	
2			issues and we've seen where tracking has gone wrong in	
3			the past, we've seen through the SAIs where referrals	
4			haven't happened despite the recommendation of the MDM,	
5			and there has been no report back to the MDT to alert	10:45
6			the members to that. Is that are those the kinds of	
7			things that the audit processes are now designed to	
8			hone in on?	
9		Α.	Yeah, I think certainly missed referrals would be	
10			picked up by that audit process, but it also means that	10:45
11			the level of communication between cancer services and	
12			our MDT is much better than it would have been in the	
13			past, and that's a definite improvement. It also means	
14			that if we have ideas about how we would like to do	
15			things, that we've somebody to approach and speak to	10:45
16			them and say "We'd like to do this audit", for	
17			instance. The whole pathway wracking is still not in	
18			place, is not funded.	
19	57	Q.	Yeah. Recommendation I think it's Recommendation 5,	
20			if we scroll back up. So it's talking about yeah,	10:46
21			it's talking:	
22				
23			"This will be achieved by appropriate resourcing of the	
24			MDM tracking team to encompass a new role comprising	
25			whole pathway tracking, pathway audit and pathway	10:46
26			assurance. "	
27				
28			Is that what's not in place?	
29		Δ	T think we're still only funded to first treatment	

1	58	Q.	And is there agitation or advocacy around this?	
2		Α.	Yep.	
3	59	Q.	As far as you know?	
4		Α.	This has been spoken about for a long time. It is	
5			known to the people who lead our cancer services that	10:46
6			this is appropriate.	
7	60	Q.	What would be the utility of it from your perspective?	
8			Can you paint for us some examples of where you see the	
9			potential for patient safety or patient risk if this	
10			isn't in place?	10:47
11		Α.	It's hard to think of examples straight off the top of	
12			my head, but there are some cancers that we survey or	
13			monitor for very long periods of time, bladder cancer	
14			would be one example. Some of the prostate cancers,	
15			fall into that category. So those would be the	10:47
16			patients I think who would benefit from that process.	
17			It would be very resource intensive. You know, the	
18			trackers are currently tracking perhaps 700 live cases.	
19			So that's a lot of people to keep an eye on. If we	
20			went to the whole of pathway tracking, that number	10:47
21			would invariably increase, and if we had some form of	
22			tracking mechanism for all those patients who were on	
23			forms of monitoring and surveillance, my own personal	
24			workload of cancer patients probably comes into the	
25			range of three or 400, minimum. So you multiply that	10:48
26			out across the team, you can have an idea of how many	
27			patients we're talking about.	
28	61	Q.	In terms of you mentioned a moment ago that there's	
29			now I suppose better accessibility to the cancer side	

1			of management, whereas it was painted in fairly bleak	
2			terms within the SAI reports. There was talk of a	
3			disconnect between the MDT and cancer side, and I think	
4			you've echoed that in your Section 21 statement. In	
5			what ways has that connection been "enhanced" probably	10:49
6			isn't the right word if there was not much there to	
7			start with?	
8		Α.	I think the key appointments have been those of Angela	
9			Muldrew and Mark Quinn, because they are then able to	
10			work with the MDTs across all the different	10:49
11			specialities to provide the kind of audit support and	
12			back office support, if you like, for the activities	
13			that we undertake.	
14				
15			Secondarily, we have a new cancer service's CD. He's a	10:49
16			medical oncologist. He happens to attend our MDT,	
17			which from my perspective is great because I have a	
18			direct line of communication, and that has given a new	
19			impetus to improving the governance and oversight of	
20			all of the MDTs.	10:49
21				
22			So you'll be aware that there was a piece of work	
23			following this report from Dr. Hughes that was	
24			undertaken by Dr. Tarek, who was the AMD for this	
25			service, and out of that then there has been lots of	10:50
26			new changes, and I would say certainly in my experience	
27			with the Urology MDT, improved support for us.	
28	62	Q.	In terms of the MDT membership itself, we know that	
29			there was there is built into the operating	

1		procedures the need for an annual business meeting as	
2		such. Is that something that has been, while it may	
3		have taken place in the past, has that being	
4		reinvigorated as a process? Is there, if you like, a	
5		more robust review of performance within the MDT and,	10:50
6		for that matter, a more I suppose considered view of	
7		what the MDT needs in terms of reaching out to others	
8		for assistance and support?	
9	Α.	So the business meeting does take place. The last one	
10		I think was in September. I think it was maybe a week	10:51
11		or two before I appeared at this Inquiry. The	
12		performance data is presented. All of the core	
13		membership attended. It's an open meeting in terms of	
14		members are very welcome to critique, or question, or	
15		ask questions of the data and of myself. I Chair the	10:51
16		meeting. I am supported by Mary Haughey, who is the	
17		Operational Support Lead. I might have that term not	
18		quite right, but that's her role is to support the MDT.	
19		So, yeah, I think the business meeting has been working	
20		well, but it only happens once a year because that's	10:51
21		really the all the resource and time that I've got to	
22		devote to it.	
23	63 Q.	In terms of, let me take a particular example, its	
24		Recommendation 8, if we scroll down through this. It	
25		talks about:	10:52
26			
27		"All patients should receive cancer care based on	
28		accepted best care guidelines."	
29			

1			Again, fairly high level. But it's focus is the	
2			clinician who might see fit, perhaps for good reason,	
3			to defer from the, or divert from I suppose is the	
4			right word, the outcome reached at MDT. So it's said	
5			as part of the assurance variance from accepted fair	10:52
6			guidelines and MDM recommendations should form part of	
7			the cancer pathway audit.	
8				
9			"Exception reporting and escalation would only apply to	
10			cases without appropriate peer discussion."	10:53
11				
12			So is that something that's capable of being captured	
13			by audit, and is it being captured by the current	
14			audit?	
15		Α.	So the first thing to say is that the vast majority of	10:53
16			cases that have been audited have had the outcome	
17			checked that was given at MDT, and that has been found	
18			to be delivered. A very small number of cases are at	
19			variance, and a small number of cases where things have	
20			not happened that should have happened. So I think	10:53
21			it's all very well understood now by our team, and as I	
22			expressed to you the last time I was here, that where a	
23			clinician makes a decision at clinic that is at	
24			variance with the MDT recommendation, that we bring	
25			that back to the MDT.	10:53
26	64	Q.	And that's the understanding of the clinician, but	
27			where's the check to ensure that that	
28		Α.	Because the audit takes place. I am aware of it, the	
29			whole team is aware of it. The case is listed for	

1			discussion and that then happens.	
2	65	Q.	So, just in nuts and bolts terms, if the recommendation	
3			of MDT is to refer to oncology, but	
4		Α.	It's not usually something like that that would cause a	
5			variance. What would cause a variance is whereby we	10:54
6			have recommended a treatment plan, and the patient	
7			comes to clinic and for whatever reason that treatment	
8			plan isn't appropriate, whether it's patient choice,	
9			whether it's fitness, whatever it happens to be, and so	
10			that would then be brought back to the meeting by the	10:54
11			clinician to say "I've met with this patient. We can't	
12			proceed with this plan for this reason", the MDT	
13			reviews that and it's signed off, if that's appropriate	
14			to do so.	
15	66	Q.	Yes. And how would the audit capture the change of	10:55
16			approach? Say	
17		Α.	Yeah. So the audit is based on	
18	67	Q.	No doubt an exceptional case, but the clinician has had	
19			the meeting, had the consultation with the patient,	
20			they're thinking of going down another route, they	10:55
21			don't wish to share that with the MDT, and I recognise	
22			that's against the norm that you're seeking to promote	
23			as an MDT, but how would the audit capture that change	
24			of direction?	
25		Α.	Yes. So, the audit is reading the letters that have	10:55
26			been provided, provided there's letters there, which	
27			invariably now there are, and so they would read	
28			through the letter and they would determine from that	
29			whether or not the outcome had been appropriate. And	

1			if it's not appropriate, it comes back to the meeting,	
2			and if it is appropriate it's recorded that it's	
3			appropriate and that information is also provided.	
4	68	Q.	You've said in your just scrolling up to	
5			"Recommendation", you've said in your witness statement	10:56
6			at paragraph 1.5, that you are working with Dr. Tarek,	
7			is that right, to formulate a job description for the	
8			Chair and	
9		Α.	So that has been completed.	
10	69	Q.	Yes.	10:56
11		Α.	But it's not just for me, it's for all the Chairs of	
12			MDT throughout the Trust. The cancer MDTs.	
13	70	Q.	Yes. Have you taken that role on?	
14		Α.	No, I was assisting Dr. Tarek.	
15	71	Q.	Yeah.	10:56
16		Α.	I suppose primarily because urology was under most	
17			focus. But it was his responsibility and he has	
18			delivered that.	
19	72	Q.	And so that's a global job description, where one	
20			didn't exist in the past?	10:57
21		Α.	Correct.	
22	73	Q.	applying to all MDTs. So we'll no doubt seek a copy	
23			of that job description from the Trust, but if you	
24			could give us a brief heads up on that? Are there	
25			activities within the job description that surprise you	10:57
26			in the sense that they were never there before, or is	
27			it simply a putting on paper stuff that was routine for	
28			you?	
29		Α.	I think it is capturing in a document the activity	

		that's expected correctly of the lead clinician of an	
2		MDT. It is also setting out the responsibilities, it	
3		sets out the chain of management, things like that.	
4	74 Q	. Could I move now to the area of key workers and the	
5		CNS. You've explained in your witness statement the	10:58
6		extent to which clinical or cancer nurse specialists	
7		are in essence embraced by your practice and in terms	
8		of how you work. If we go to WIT-42303. Just, sorry,	
9		if we skip back to the bottom of the previous page, and	
LO		you say that:	10:59
L1			
L2		"The nursing staff in Urology Outpatient Department are	
L3		excellent. The team has expanded over the years to	
L4		include five clinical nurse specialists."	
1 5			
L5			10:59
L6		You work closely with all of them.	10:59
		You work closely with all of them.	10:59
L6		You work closely with all of them. "I have been involved in providing membership and	10:59
L6 L7			10:59
L6 L7 L8		"I have been involved in providing membership and	10:59
L6 L7 L8 L9		"I have been involved in providing membership and training to four of them. The urology cancer CMSs are	
L6 L7 L8 L9		"I have been involved in providing membership and training to four of them. The urology cancer CMSs are all integral part of the cancer MDT. They attend my	
16 17 18 19 20		"I have been involved in providing membership and training to four of them. The urology cancer CMSs are all integral part of the cancer MDT. They attend my uro-oncology clinic each week to support patients and	
L6 L7 L8 L9 20 21		"I have been involved in providing membership and training to four of them. The urology cancer CMSs are all integral part of the cancer MDT. They attend my uro-oncology clinic each week to support patients and provide advocacy. They are in the room for all face to	
L6 L7 L8 L9 20 21 22		"I have been involved in providing membership and training to four of them. The urology cancer CMSs are all integral part of the cancer MDT. They attend my uro-oncology clinic each week to support patients and provide advocacy. They are in the room for all face to face consultations. Lines of communication are open	
L6 L7 L8 L9 20 21 22 23		"I have been involved in providing membership and training to four of them. The urology cancer CMSs are all integral part of the cancer MDT. They attend my uro-oncology clinic each week to support patients and provide advocacy. They are in the room for all face to face consultations. Lines of communication are open and effective. We engage on a daily basis. I value	10:59
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		"I have been involved in providing membership and training to four of them. The urology cancer CMSs are all integral part of the cancer MDT. They attend my uro-oncology clinic each week to support patients and provide advocacy. They are in the room for all face to face consultations. Lines of communication are open and effective. We engage on a daily basis. I value them and I know from formal feed-back that this is	10:59

29

1			So historically, of course, you didn't always have	
2			five, it was sitting at two, as I understand it?	
3		Α.	Yes. So when I joined the Department in 2012 there	
4			were two CNSs in post.	
5	75	Q.	A further one appointed in 2019, and two, that is	11:00
6			Messrs Young and Thompson?	
7		Α.	So I think yeah. I think you heard the evidence of	
8			my CNS colleagues. Two people were appointed to what	
9			were a charge nurse role and ward sister role, when	
10			they really should have been appointed to CNS roles.	11:00
11			That seemed to be some kind of mess up on behalf of the	
12			Trust. But essentially they were functioning at CNS	
13			activity, although they did have managerial activity to	
14			deliver, which was preventing them from being full-time	
15			CNS. So we now have five. They are three people	11:0
16			delivering primarily oncology, and two people	
17			delivering benign, and many of the members of the team	
18			have advanced skills. So they're actually working	
19			beyond the level of a CNS, they're working at what in	
20			other jurisdictions might be considered an advanced	11:0
21			nurse practitioner role.	
22	76	Q.	In terms of the cancer work and what you have described	
23			here in terms of the integration of the cancer	
24			specialist nurses within the work that you do, having	
25			them present at consultations, for example, as maybe a	11:0
26			strong illustration of how central they are. Obviously	
27			there's a lot of work beyond that. Is that the	
28			approach that you have adopted with them and them with	
29			you throughout your period in post or has that improved	

1		with resource?	
2	Α.	Yeah, it's improve with resource. So if I look back at	
3		my training, I worked in different places where there	
4		were different systems. In some places they were very	
5		well resourced with CNSs, and you would have had	11:02
6		specialist CNSs for each disease type, and we would	
7		have had CNSs in the room, because there were enough	
8		staff to provide that for the clinics.	
9			
10		In other places, the CNSs would have been available	11:02
11		within the unit to see patients after they had been	
12		consulted with by the doctor.	
13			
14		So when I joined Craigavon, we had the system whereby	
15		we didn't have enough staff that they could be in the	11:02
16		room for every consultation, but the CNSs were	
17		available to patients after the consultation, either	
18		immediately after or by providing the contact details	
19		for the CNS and the details of the patient to the CNS,	
20		so that the patient could be contacted.	11:03
21			
22		Over time as our team expanded it became possible for a	
23		CNS - it wasn't always the same person - to attend my	
24		Monday afternoon clinic. That clinic is only for	
25		Uro-oncology patients, the majority of which are post	11:03
26		MDT discussion patients, and a smaller number of	
27		oncology review patients who may need to be seen	
28		urgently, for whatever reason.	
29			

11:03

11:04

11:04

1		So, you know, it's very valuable to me that they're in
2		the room, because they hear the whole conversation.
3		It's valuable to the patient because they've got an
4		immediate person to contact, and frequently the way I
5		deliver the care is that the patient actually uses the
6		CNS as their first point of contact. So if they make a
7		decision for treatment, perhaps for prostate cancer,
8		they phone the CNS and they say "This is the route I
9		want to go", the CNS keeps me informed and we make sure
10		the referral happens.
11	77 0	Busing that godied they the greening track as and as

11 During that period when the resource wasn't as good as 77 Q. 12 it was now, and therefore you didn't always have the 13 opportunity to have the nurse attend the consultation 14 with you, and it was maybe a bit disjointed, the connection with the patient and the nurse happened 15 16 afterwards, or maybe it happened after a phone call, was that something you felt in terms of your style of 17 18 working you needed to push on the patient, or was that, 19 if you like, an easy sell?

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A. So, every patient would have been offered the contact

details for the CNS, they would have been offered

written information regarding the support services

within the Trust, and they would have been offered

written information regarding their particular disease

process. So that information was stored in a locked

filing cabinet in, or it's a cupboard actually in each

consulting room, and that cupboard was open every

clinic so that you could take that information out of

the cupboard, hand it to the patient and say "This is

1			the contact details for the CNS." If they were	
2			available they'll see them after the clinic. If they	
3			weren't, they would make contact with them thereafter.	
4			Some patients didn't want that information, and that	
5			was their choice, and if they didn't want it I'd	11:05
6			document that they had declined the offer to meet with	
7			the CNS. Perhaps it would be right to say that that	
8			was a tiny minority of patients.	
9	78	Q.	The patients that were the subject of the SAI review,	
10			all nine of them, at least in accordance with the	11:05
11			findings, did not receive the benefit of a CNS. Does	
12			that surprise you?	
13		Α.	It did surprise me.	
14	79	Q.	Out of that small group of nine, there were a range of	
15			cancers, and no doubt Mr. O'Brien would have met with	11:06
16			those patients in different settings, including the	
17			Southwest Acute Hospital, where, as I understand it, a	
18			CNS wouldn't routinely be stationed?	
19		Α.	Yeah, that's correct. So there wasn't any facility for	
20			us to bring our CNS team to Southwest Acute, largely	11:06
21			because of staffing issues. Secondarily, until very	
22			recently the CNS activity was all delivered in	
23			Craigavon. It wouldn't have followed consultants to	
24			Banbridge, for instance, or to Armagh, or South Tyrone	
25			for that matter. So, you know, we really only had CNS	11:06
26			capability in Craigavon until very very recently.	
27	80	Q.	Yes. And thinking about your own practice, and those	
28			of your other colleagues, with the exception of	
29			Mr. O'Brien, by 2019 you're up to a third CNS	

Т			appointment, two more follow in 2020, albeit they're	
2			not all focusing on cancer cases. But what is your	
3			understanding of the practice of your colleagues in	
4			terms of their utilization of the CNS for cancer work,	
5			or indeed for benign work?	11:07
6		Α.	So I'm not present at their clinics, but my	
7			understanding is that they have CNS input at their	
8			clinics.	
9	81	Q.	Could I ask you about the approach to the, if you like	
10			the appointment of a CNS, and you can correct me if you	11:08
11			don't feel that the word "appointment" is appropriate,	
12			but before you perhaps do, can we look at the MDT	
13			operational policy? We can find it at WIT I'll just	
14			show you well, we probably don't need to show you	
15			the front page, you're familiar with it, but WIT-84726.	11:08
16			Sorry, if we actually could go back? If we go back to	
17			WIT-84545, and it is hear talking about the key worker,	
18			which as I understand it, is used interchangeably with	
19			CNS, and it talks about the identification of the key	
20			worker being the responsibility of the designated MDT	11:09
21			core nurse member. It says:	
22				
23			"It is the joint responsibility of the MDT clinical	
24			lead and of the MDT core nurse member to ensure that	
25			each urology cancer patient has an identified key	11:09
26			worker and that this is documented in the agreed record	
27			of patient management."	
28				
29			Can you help us understand whether that is the approach	

1			in practice that there is an obligation resting with	
2			you as the MDT clinical lead to ensure that each	
3			urology cancer patient has an identified key worker?	
4		Α.	So I think this document was certainly live in 2016, it	
5			would have been reviewed by me in 2017, and largely the	11:09
6			sentiment of this still pertains to today. The	
7			statement is there really to reinforce the fact that	
8			all the patients should have access to a cancer nurse	
9			specialist, and in order to have some oversight of	
10			that, that should be the responsibility of the MDT lead	11:10
11			and the core nurse member. I think they're the two	
12			appropriate people for that responsibility. As the MDT	
13			clinical lead currently I have the overall	
14			responsibility, and clearly the core nurse member	
15			themselves being a CNS, would have, if you like, not	11:10
16			line management responsibility, but a responsibility to	
17			ensure that the other CNSs are available to do this	
18			kind of work for the patients.	
19	82	Q.	So if it's right that in the nine cases that we've been	
20			referred to pursuant to the SAI process, that none of	11:11
21			those patients had a key worker, where, in terms of	
22			your lead responsibility, does that omission come to?	
23		Α.	So I had no awareness first of all that they didn't	
24			have a CNS, but if I had have had an awareness then it	
25			would have been up to me to address that with the CNSs	11:11
26			and the core nurse member to say, to ask them, you	
27			know, were they aware that these patients hadn't been	
28			offered the opportunity of CNS input, and if they	
29			hadn't been offered it, why not, and you know, to dig	

1			into that a little bit and understand why it hadn't	
2			happened. So, you know, that's I think where my	
3			responsibility lies.	
4				
5			I think there's an equal responsibility on the core	11:11
6			nurse member to undertake that kind of questioning	
7			activity.	
8				
9			I know from how custom and practice has been described	
10			to me by the core nurse member in the past that they	11:12
11			would have a list of patients seen at MDT and that they	
12			would go through that list and ensure that patients had	
13			been allocated a key worker. Quite when that activity	
14			began and how detailed it was, I don't know. But	
1 5			that's my understanding.	11:12
16	83	Q.	So, in terms of what we have in front of us, are you	
17			describing a situation where the MDT discusses a	
18			patient, the next step is for the consultant urologist	
19			to bring the patient to a review meeting, and it is at	
20			that review meeting where the introduction, if the	11:12
21			nurse is available, is made? Or in the alternative,	
22			the patient is sign posted to the nurse?	
23		Α.	Yes, I would agree with that.	
24	84	Q.	Yes. But if that doesn't happen for any reason, you	
25			would expect, whether it's a resource issue or whether	11:13
26			it's some other issue, you would expect that to be	
27			drawn to your attention in your role as clinical lead,	
28			and at that point	
29		Α.	So I think the first step would be that the CNSs should	

1			be aware of who has been seen and who has not been	
2			seen, from their perspective, and if there are patients	
3			who are not being seen, I would expect that to be drawn	
4			to my attention.	
5				11:13
6			It's also I think perhaps important to note, and this	
7			isn't really reflected appropriately in these	
8			documents, that the key worker would be assigned at the	
9			MDT. That doesn't happen in practice at the time of	
10			the meeting, it happens afterwards.	11:14
11	85	Q.	Mmm.	
12		Α.	And I think you heard evidence from our nurse	
13			colleagues as to why that is, because essentially in	
14			the job, or rather their time-tabling or scheduling of	
15			their own work, they wouldn't be certain who would be	11:14
16			at a particular clinic, but nonetheless they make sure	
17			the clinics are covered to the best of their capacity	
18			and, therefore, at that time it would be established by	
19			them who is going to be present to see which patients.	
20	86	Q.	We are aware historically, because of the resource	11:14
21			issue, of the shortfall in terms of patients being	
22			allocated a CNS. So, for example, if we can have up on	
23			the screen, please, WIT-81489. This is a Northern	
24			Ireland Cancer Patient Survey 2015, and we can see for	
25			Urology 48% of patients have given the name of the CNS	11:15
26			in charge of their care, comparing with 53% in the	
27			region, and that I think, if we just see the whole of	
28			the table, it looks as if urology, at least at that	
29			time, was working at comparative shortfall with other	

_			cancer 3.	
2	Д	١.	I would observe that we were grossly underserved by CNS	
3			capacity at that time, and if you look at other	
4			specialties, in particular breast cancer and	
5			haematology, two specialities which have long had	11:16
6			better resources than we have had.	
7	87 Q).	Yes. If we go to your statement WIT-42304. You say at	
8			26.2 that you understand that not all of your	
9			colleagues worked in the same manner with urology	
10			cancer CNSs. Kate O'Neill and Leanne McCourt told you	11:16
11			that they found the communication was difficult with	
12			some consultants and that they were not invited to be	
13			present at uro-oncology consultations. You've said	
14			earlier that obviously you don't have the benefit of	
15			being in the room with your colleagues as they consult	11:17
16			with their patients, so you can't know precisely what's	
17			going on. What is contained within this paragraph	
18			seems to be a reference to more than one consultant not	
19			behaving in the same manner as you do in terms of their	
20			use of CNSs?	11:17
21	Д	١.	So it came as more than a surprise to me that all of	
22			these patients in Dr. Hughes' SAIs had not had a cancer	
23			nurse specialist involved in their care. Around that	
24			time I was aware that this Inquiry was going to be	
25			announced, and I was also aware that we were being	11:17
26			interviewed by Dr. Hughes. So I was careful in the	
27			discussions that I had with my CNS colleagues, because	
28			I didn't want to colour their view or try and influence	
29			how they perceived the situation. So I spoke	

1			informally to both Kate and Leanne and asked them what	
2			their experience was. Mr. O'Brien would not have had	
3			the CNS in the room at his clinics on every occasion,	
4			he may have invited them in for selected patients, and	
5			that was what I understood from those conversations.	11:18
6				
7			I also Leanne also relayed to me the encounter that	
8			she had with Mr. O'Brien regarding the key worker	
9			discussion, and she outlined that discussion which took	
10			place from my recollection she described it taking	11:18
11			place in the small kitchen in the Thorndale Unit. So	
12			that stuck in my mind as to a kind of important	
13			interaction that they had had on the key worker role.	
14	88	Q.	Just outline that account for the benefit of	
15		Α.	So Leanne McCourt described to me that she had advised	11:19
16			Mr. O'Brien that she was available to be the key worker	
17			for his clinic, and he in turn spoke to her, and I'm	
18			relaying what she told me, that he didn't understand	
19			what the key worker was. "What is the key worker?", is	
20			the kind of substance of it. She was she described	11:19
21			feeling a little bit taken aback and shocked by his	
22			language, and she relayed that story to me, and I think	
23			she's relayed it to you here as well.	
24				
25			So that to me kind of laid out that perhaps he wasn't	11:19
26			as open to involving the CNSs as I was, that there was	
27			a difference in his approach.	
28				
29			Kate also relayed to me at another time that when we	

1			established the prostate biopsy service under the	
2			nurses, that some of our consultant colleagues would	
3			refer the biopsies to be done by the radiologist and	
4			not by the CNS. Now whether that was a willful process	
5			or whether it was just what they had always done, I'm	11:20
6			not sure, but it felt to her, as she described it to	
7			me, that the consultant was not utilising the CNS	
8			resource, for whatever reason.	
9	89	Q.	And I'm going to ask you about your interactions with	
10			Dr. Hughes presently, the first of which took place in	11:20
11			November 2020, late November?	
12		Α.	Yeah. So, sorry, just to be clear about that. The	
13			discussions that I had with Leanne and Kate regarding	
14			this CNS absence from the SAIs took place after I had	
15			had the telephone conversation with Dr. Hughes and	11:21
16			Patricia Kingsnorth.	
17	90	Q.	Yes. Did the engagement with these nurses take place	
18			then after that telephone conversation?	
19		Α.	Yes, they did.	
20	91	Q.	But before your subsequent meeting with Dr. Hughes?	11:21
21		Α.	Before the subsequent meeting in person, which took	
22			place perhaps in February.	
23	92	Q.	18th of February?	
24		Α.	Yeah.	
25	93	Q.	Just in terms of the language that is used there in	11:21
26			26.2, you're reporting more generally that it was being	
27			said to you Mr. O'Brien is not using our resource. You	
28			make the point more specifically that some consultants,	
29			it was being reported to you, were not inviting them to	

1			be present at uro-oncology consultations, is that the	
2			correct dynamic, as you understand it, that their	
3			attendance at such a consultation, where they're	
4			available, depends upon an invitation from the	
5			consultant? Is that the way it works?	11:22
6		Α.	I'm not an English scholar. I've tried to express it	
7			as best I can. In my view it isn't that I'm not	
8			inviting them, it is absolutely their role to be	
9			present to advocate for the patients.	
10	94	Q.	Yes. That's what I wasn't intending to disassemble	11:22
11			the language. What I'm asking you really is that.	
12		Α.	Yeah.	
13	95	Q.	You have an appointment with Mr. Smith following the	
14			MDM - again not his real name - how does the CNS become	
15			aware of that, and do they, in your practice, simply	11:23
16			arrive in the room at half past two, the date of the	
17			appointment, without requirement for invitation?	
18		Α.	So the current situation for me is that one of the CNSs	
19			will be allocated to my Monday afternoon clinic.	
20	96	Q.	Right.	11:23
21		Α.	That clinic begins at 1:30 and runs to 5:30. The CNS	
22			is available for the entirety of the clinic. Generally	
23			speaking, when I arrive, I'll arrive a little bit	
24			early, I'll go through the cases, and then I'll	
25			their room happens to be next door to where I consult,	11:23
26			so I'll knock their door and say "We're ready to	
27			start", and the two of us will start.	
28	97	Q.	So was this conversation, or conversations, the first	
29			time in your role as clinical lead of the MDT, the	

Т			first time that you became aware of a problem in terms	
2			of a consultant giving out the, I suppose the message	
3			that the nurses weren't automatically to be welcomed to	
4			these consultations?	
5		Α.	It's the first time that I became aware that there was	11:24
6			an issue that they weren't there by right.	
7	98	Q.	Now we are getting to English language and grammar	
8			perhaps. You had said "was difficult with some	
9			consultants", plural. Was it more than Mr. O'Brien	
10			that the finger was being pointed at?	11:25
11		Α.	Yeah. My recollection is that Mr. Young wouldn't have	
12			always used the nurses in the same manner that I used	
13			them, and I think that was reflected in the discussion.	
14			Whether or not he I wasn't present at his clinic, so	
15			I don't know this other than what I've been told, but,	11:25
16			you know, perhaps there's just a difference in	
17			approach. I mean, I'm a younger person than they are,	
18			perhaps they had a different upbringing surgically	
19			speaking. That's all that I can reflect on that.	
20	99	Q.	Yes. Yes. But the developments around key workers and	11:26
21			the use of CNS, or the subject of education and	
22			information, just if you could articulate to us in	
23			patient safety, or beyond that in whatever terms, why	
24			are these cadre of qualified professional staff viewed	
25			as important, perhaps vital to the patient's process?	11:26
26		Α.	I think the best person to answer that is actually	
27			probably a patient. But my take on it would be this;	
28			that perhaps consultants, doctors, are very focused on	
29			the medical nuts and bolts of care, and perhaps not so	

Т			focused on the holistic aspects, and that's perhaps a	
2			generalisation, because there are indeed, I'm sure,	
3			doctors who are very focussed on those issues. But,	
4			you know, you're talking to a surgeon here, we like	
5			operating, that's our focus. Perhaps we're not as good	11:27
6			at some of the other stuff, and the nurses might be a	
7			whole lot better at it than we are.	
8	100	Q.	Do you see a role as well for the nurses in terms of,	
9			if you like, superintending the process to ensure that	
10			the care that perhaps was suggested or recommended by	11:27
11			the MDT isn't forgotten about or isn't taken off in a	
12			different direction?	
13		Α.	So I don't think they have a specific role in being the	
14			watchman, but they have definitely a role, as all the	
15			members of the MDT have, in ensuring that appropriate	11:27
16			care is delivered to the patient, and they have clearly	
17			a role in advocating for the best interests for their	
18			patients as well.	
19	101	Q.	Just finally in terms of Mr. Young, were the comments	
20			that were being made to you in the context of his stone	11:28
21			clinics or was it cancer care?	
22		Α.	I've no knowledge of his stone clinics.	
23	102	Q.	I'm talking in terms of what the nurses were saying	
24			about his use of them?	
25		Α.	So Mr. Young, when I first arrived, would have had a	11:28
26			cancer practice alongside other aspects of his	
27			practice. In later years he has withdrawn from the	
28			cancer practice. So, I think what I am reflecting is	
29			when he was doing an Outpatient clinic in the Thorndale	

1			Unit he may not have had the CNS in the room for all of	
2			the consultations. He may have, and I am presuming	
3			this, he may have used them at other times, he may have	
4			asked the CNS to see the patient, I just don't know,	
5			you will have to ask Mr. Young how he practised that.	11:28
6			But it is my understanding that the nurses would not	
7			have been in the room for the whole clinic in the way	
8			that they would have been for mine.	
9	103	Q.	In terms of what has come after these revelations, has	
10			work been done to reinforce amongst your colleagues the	11:29
11			primacy or the importance of the key worker role in	
12			both cancer and benign care, where the patient wishes	
13			to have them?	
14		Α.	I think as consultants we all accept the importance of	
15			the CNS role, and we try to involve the CNSs in - I	11:29
16			think they're in nearly every aspect of what we do in	
17			an Outpatient setting, both benign and malignant, or	
18			cancer.	
19	104	Q.	I ask you that question because it would appear on the	
20			conclusions of the SAIs that Mr. O'Brien, for example,	11:30
21			was an outlier in that respect, and that's why I ask	
22			has there any has there perceived to be an	
23		Α.	To put it this way, I don't think my practice has	
24			changed. My practice already included the CNSs. You	
25			may have to ask the others to what extent their	11:30
26			practice has changed or not.	
27	105	Q.	I suppose what I'm asking is whether the MDT as a unit,	
28			and in your role as clinical lead supported by	
29			management, has the message gone out that some of these	

1			practices of the past, whether they were exceptional,	
2			whether they only involved Mr. Young and Mr. O'Brien,	
3			they had to change, and if your practice is not where	
4			it should be, you should change?	
5		Α.	I think the incumbents behave in a similar manner to	11:30
6			me.	
7	106	Q.	Yes. In terms of your conversations with Mr. Hughes,	
8			let me deal with those then. As you say, 30th November	
9			telephone conversation with him, and if we could bring	
10			it up, please? TRU-162250. And you have had, I hope,	11:31
11			an opportunity to review this note. It was a telephone	
12			conversation, no doubt not a verbatim note. Are you	
13			content with the broad sense of it, the broad meaning	
14			of it?	
15		Α.	Yeah, I was provided with a draft by Patricia	11:32
16			Kingsnorth. I didn't take notes myself at the time,	
17			and I didn't record the conversation, but I felt that	
18			the note taken by Patricia Kingsnorth accurately	
19			reflected the conversation that we had, and I replied	
20			to her by email to that effect.	11:32
21	107	Q.	We'll perhaps come back to these notes for other	
22			purposes later, but if we just scroll about a third of	
23			the way down. Yeah, just here. Talking about the use	
24			of the clinical specialist nurses, and Dr. Hughes is	
25			telling you:	11:32
26				
27			"SAI review panel has met with the families and they	
28			each said that they had not been involved with a CNS."	
29				

1			And he's asking was this unusual for one consultant?	
2			And you said:	
3				
4			"That there were only two urology clinical specialist	
5			nurses in the Trust to support urology cancer parents.	11:33
6			Recently the Trust have appointed a new clinical	
7			specialist nurse from the South Eastern Trust"	
8				
9			- that would have been Leanne McCourt, I think?	
10		Α.	No. So at that time two nurse specialists were working	11:33
11			on the cancer side; that was Kate O'Neill and Leanne	
12			McCourt, and the person who was appointed from SET was	
13			Patricia Thompson.	
14	108	Q.	Very well. Thank you. And you say:	
15				11:33
16			"The nurses are available for clinics held in the acute	
17			setting. However, there had been no nurse available to	
18			attend any clinics held off site"	
19				
20			- either, as you've said earlier, South Tyrone,	11:33
21			Banbridge, that's Armagh, is it?	
22		Α.	It is, yes	
23	109	Q.	Or SWAH. So as I understand it, you're explaining	
24			there to Dr. Hughes perhaps the reason why patients are	
25			not seeing nurses is because of a resource issue,	11:34
26			they're not	
27		Α.	Yeah. So Dr. Hughes didn't explain to me, first of	
28			all, where these patients had been seen. So this	
29			information at this phone call was brand new to me,	

1			that these patients had not had the benefit of a CNS.	
2			So first of all I was surprised by that. Secondly, I	
3			was thinking on the hoof, so to speak, at the time	
4			"Well, why is it that these patients haven't had the	
5			benefit of a CNS?", and the first obvious reason that	11:34
6			came to me was that, well, if they were seen at a	
7			clinic outside Craigavon that was very possible.	
8	110	Q.	And then if we turn to what you say on the 18th	
9			February of the next year. WIT-94347. And this is	
10			where Dr. Hughes came along and met with the MDM. As I	11:35
11			understand it nurses were present. That is a rogue	
12			reference. 84347. Thank you, Michael. WIT-84347. I	
13			am obliged. So we can see the attendees: Jenny	
14			McMahon, nurse; Kate O'Neill, nurse, in attendance. If	
15			we go to the bottom of the page, please.	11:35
16		Α.	Jason Young is also there and he is a CNS on the benign	
17			side.	
18	111	Q.	Thank you. And you've been talking about the nurses -	
19			penultimate paragraph - explaining that you were Chair	
20			of the Urology MDM, took over from Mr. O'Brien, and the	11:36
21			language of this note "are confirming that nurses were	
22			excluded from Mr. O'Brien's practice". He doesn't	
23			believe there's an issue with other doctors. Is that	
24			whether you're happy with the precise language you	
25			can tell us, but is that the broad message that you	11:36
26			were communicating at this meeting?	
27		Α.	So I'm not sure who used the word "excluded" first,	
28			whether it was him or me, but I think broadly knowing	
29			what we knew at that point in time in February, that it	

1			appeared that Mr. O'Brien was the only person who	
2			hadn't been using CNSs in a routine manner.	
3	112	Q.	Yes. And obviously we've looked at what was recorded	
4			at the November telephone conversation?	
5		Α.	Yep.	11:37
6	113	Q.	Is it between those dates, November and February, that	
7			you've had the meeting then with the two nurses?	
8		Α.	Yes, I spoke to both Leanne McCourt and Kate O'Neill to	
9			get a sense from them as to what was happening.	
10	114	Q.	So the source	11:37
11		Α.	Yes, the source for that answer that I provided was the	
12			discussions that I had had with both of them.	
13	115	Q.	Yes. If we go to TRA-05376, and this is the evidence	
14			we received from Kate O'Neill when she came to this	
15			room. If we just scroll down a little. And she's	11:38
16			being asked by counsel the starting point for this	
17			is that:	
18				
19			"You never experienced Mr. O'Brien preventing the	
20			assistance of CNS or a key worker?"	11:38
21				
22			"That was our understanding. That was my	
23			understanding. That was my experience, yes."	
24				
25			She's asked she's not asked about a conversation	11:38
26			with you, because we possibly didn't pick up on that,	
27			or maybe weren't aware of it directly at the time.	
28				
29			There was, in the evidence before us, the information	

1			before us, evidence from Martina Corrigan that the	
2			nurses had made their concerns known to her, and she's	
3			asked:	
4				
5			"Did you ever speak to Martina Corrigan to the effect	11:38
6			that Mr. O'Brien doesn't allow us access, or it's	
7			difficult, or he's obstructive in any way?"	
8				
9			And she denies that. In terms of if we just go to	
10			the bottom of the yeah, that completes it. That	11:39
11			evidence, although specific to Mrs. Corrigan perhaps,	
12			brings out, I suppose, a general point being made by	
13			that nurse in her evidence before us, which appears to	
14			be inconsistent with what you have been told, on the	
15			face of it?	11:39
16		Α.	Yeah, I recognise that. What I would say is the way	
17			the questions were asked there is, you know, and this	
18			isn't a reflection on you, but you know	
19	116	Q.	Don't worry. It wasn't me.	
20		Α.	(Laughs). Very good. So, you know, is, were they	11:39
21			obstructed? I think that would be a very strong term	
22			to use, you know. "Did he stand in the doorway and not	
23			allow you to walk in?", type of scenario. That never	
24			would have happened. The question rather should be:	
25			"Were you present? Were you in the room? Were you	11:40
26			asked every single time to partake in the care of a	
27			patient?". That's the question that should have been	
28			asked, and I think if you ask that question you might	
29			get a different answer.	

1	117	Q.	Well, we can certainly follow up using the language	
2			that you have used to describe your interaction with	
3			the nurses and see what response we obtain from them.	
4			I mean the reality would appear to be that nine	
5			patients, for whatever reason, suffered what might be	11:40
6			regarded as a care deficit, in not having the services	
7			of the CNS during their care pathway, and you would	
8			agree that however that may have come about, it is	
9			certainly not a welcome development within the context	
10			of your MDT?	11:41
11		Α.	I agree.	
12	118	Q.	And it's not something that was drawn to your attention	
13			until after Mr. O'Brien had retired?	
14		Α.	Yes, it was drawn to my attention by Dr. Hughes for the	
15			first time.	11:41
16			MR. WOLFE: Could we perhaps now take a break?	
17			CHAIR: Yes, it's we'll come back again then at noon	
18			then, ladies and gentlemen.	
19				
20			THE INQUIRY ADJOURNED FOR A SHORT PERIOD AND RESUMED AS	_ 11:41
21			<u>FOLLOWS</u>	
22				
23			CHAIR: Thank you everyone. Mr. Wolfe.	
24			MR. WOLFE: Mr. Glackin, I want to spend the next	
25			period of time exploring with you the role, as you see	12:01
26			it, for the team of consultants in urology, whether as	
27			a team or as individuals, to take steps to address	
28			issues of patient safety when you've become aware of	
29			them, whether as a shortcoming in a practice or a	

1	shortcoming in the approach of an individual colleague.	
2	And I want to start by looking briefly at the, I think	
3	it's possibly the first Serious Adverse Incident Review	
4	that you led on, or co-led on. It concerned Patient	
5	128, and if we have up on the screen, please,	12:02
6	TRU-278671. The draft report was made available for	
7	the Interim Director of Acute Services, Mrs. Burns, in	
8	or about March 2015.	
9		
10	Just briefly on this case, the facts, the clinical	12:03
11	facts are maybe not terribly important for our	
12	purposes, but this was a patient who, following a right	
13	radical nephrectomy, was the beneficiary of a CT scan	
14	in May 2013. Wasn't reviewed as planned in June 2013.	
15	The GP re-referred the patient in August 2014,	12:03
16	concerned about a risk of recurrent disease, and it was	
17	found that there was metastatic disease when a CT scan	
18	was produced.	
19		
20	One of the problems in the case was that the clinician	12:03
21	with carriage of the care, I think it was Dr. Connolly,	
22	having referred for a scan, left for pastures new and	
23	there was no handover at the time, so the patient was	
24	in a sense lost to follow-up.	
25		12:04
26	But let me bring your attention to the recommendations,	
27	because they were the subject of commentary from	
28	Mrs. Burns, and she said something about that, those	
29	recommendations and how she found them, when she came	

1	to give evidence here and, in fairness, you should have	
2	the opportunity to respond.	
3		
4	So, first of all the Recommendations and Conclusions.	
5	If we go to TRU-278679, just a few pages on. Just	12:04
6	taking up on the bottom of the page she's saying, or	
7	you're saying, sorry, onto the next page. So these are	
8	the recommendations that:	
9		
10	"The Review Team recommends a robust system for	12:05
11	managing overdue uro-oncology review is established.	
12	A handover of patient caseload is required before a	
13	consultant leaves the Trust.	
14	All Radiology reports must be actioned if required and	
15	signed off by an appropriate person.	12:05
16	A timely discharge letter should be dictated for every	
17	urology patient.	
18	The Review Team recommends a communication record is	
19	designed and instigated for use with uro-oncology	
20	patients and named key worker."	12:05
21		
22	So bearing in mind those recommendations, let's see	
23	what Mrs. Burns had to say about it. TRU-2786699, and	
24	at the bottom of the page, sorry, Mrs. Burns writing to	
25	Dr. Tracey Boyce and Paula Fearon. She says:	12:06
26		
27	"I'm not happy with this review on a number of counts."	
28		
29	She says:	

1		
2	"These comments are not for sharing but, Tracey, can	
3	you review please and see what you think and then take	
4	forward in my absence"	
5		12:06
6	- as she's going on leave. She says:	
7		
8	"This review feels like the urology team had no part to	
9	play in this at all. None bar one minor issue of the	
10	recommendations falls to them."	12:06
11		
12	She says:	
13		
14	"The CT scan results are not included in the review.	
15	What did they say? They're not signed off. What did	12:06
16	they say? The handover within a team of senior	
17	clinicians needs addressed, but this is not a corporate	
18	issue surely? Surely that is a team issue?"	
19		
20	And:	12:07
21		
22	"The Urology Oncology reviews, I've not heard before	
23	now that they're well out of time. I had been told the	
24	waiting lists had been separately made, but the backlog	
25	is another issue. Again, Urology have not	12:07
26	hi ghl i ghted. "	
27		
28	Just in fairness, scrolling back and sharing a variety	
29	of views on this, Ms. Fearon comments and says that:	

1		
2	"I personally don't feel that there was any attempt to	
3	deflect Urology Service re their part to play. The	
4	Chair was most receptive to get to the root cause of	
5	the problem and to try to reduce the likelihood of a	12:07
6	similar problem happening again."	
7		
8	And then up the page to what Dr. Boyce has to say. Go	
9	on up, please. She has a range of comments to make,	
10	but she says:	12:08
11		
12	"I had a read through the report, it's a good report,	
13	but I can see what Debbie is getting at"	
14		
15	- in terms of Mrs. Burns' perception that you, as the I	12:08
16	suppose key author of the report is passing the buck to	
17	management as opposed to recognising that there were	
18	urology team inputs required to get these things right.	
19		
20	Just before I invite you to comment, we asked	12:08
21	Mrs. Burns when she came along to give evidence to	
22	better explain or to unpack what she was getting at	
23	here, and so she says, if we go to TRA-07064. And just	
24	about half way, yeah. So:	
25		12:09
26	"Mr. Glackin would have been involved in this patient's	
27	journey. He was a very skilled urologist. He	
28	understood the context in which the team was operating	
29	and he could peer review how that had went. But it	

1			demonstrates very well I think the discussion that we	
2			had earlier, which is, governance means that you can	
3			have all the systems and processes but you have to	
4			accept a responsibility of actioning them individually	
5			and the urology team, I didn't feel, took those	12:09
6			responsibilities. They tried to and they were correct,	
7			and I'm not saying they were wrong. There was 20,000	
8			people from a performance report that I read on a	
9			review backlog"	
10				12:09
11			and she goes on, just scrolling down, to say, that	
12			she is saying:	
13				
14			"they were trying but they had no capacity to see	
15			that person in that timeframe."	12:10
16				
17			And she accepts that. But she goes on to, I suppose	
18			the thrust of her point is that you, as a team, need to	
19			be taking care of some of these issues. Take, for	
20			example, the handover. You, as a team, would have	12:10
21			recognised that David Connolly, had gone elsewhere and	
22			yet there was no facility in place to pick up on his	
23			work.	
24		Α.	Is that your question there?	
25	119	Q.	Well, I suppose it comes to this: Is she right to say	12:10
26			that as a team, judged by reference to the issues that	
27			she's talking about, there was a lack of ownership?	
28		Α.	She's missed the point.	
29	120	Q.	Okay.	

1		Α.	So, I've a lot of respect of Debbie Burns and we worked	
2			well together, but this back channel communication	
3			that's going on, I don't think it was appropriate. If	
4			we go back to the five recommendations of the SAI, if	
5			you wouldn't mind showing them on the screen, please?	12:11
6	121	Q.	Sure. TRU-278679. And just over the page. I beg your	
7			pardon.	
8		Α.	So, we as a team instigated uro-oncology review clinics	
9			on the back of this. So clinic codes were generated,	
10			and that meant that patients on the waiting lists were	12:11
11			easily identifiable as a uro-oncology patient so that	
12			they would be prioritised in terms of getting their	
13			review. So we as a team did that. So, you know, that	
14			is we didn't ask anybody else to sort that out, we	
15			sorted that out.	12:12
16				
17			The second bit is a point that I think goes well	
18			outside our own department, and I disagree with Debbie	
19			Burns when she describes how we should have been	
20			sorting this out, because if any consultant leaves any	12:12
21			department there is going to be work left behind, and	
22			if the Trust does not have a policy in place as to how	
23			that will be managed, then that's the Trust's fault,	
24			that is a problem with the governance within the Trust.	
25			So I was making the point that, yes, the urologists had	12:12
26			had a consultant leave, there was no formal or robust	
27			process in place to manage that consultant's workload,	
28			but that point was equally applicable to any consultant	
29			leaving any post within the Trust, and I think that's	

1	where she has missed the point on that.	
2		
3	The fact that Radiology reports, at that point in time	
4	they were coming in paper format, there was no facility	
5	to sign them off electronically. There is now a, there	12:13
6	was a note came from the Medical Director's office some	
7	years after this, advising all members of medical staff	
8	about the actioning of results and the signing off of	
9	results. That came after this recommendation.	
10		12:13
11	In Urology now we have a process whereby we use	
12	electronic sign off, and that's audited, and in	
13	particular we receive a report for Radiology sign off,	
14	it is coded red, green and orange, and that is provided	
15	by our Head of Service to us so that we can see that we	12:13
16	are on track for all of this activity.	
17		
18	The discharge letter issue is largely pointed at the	
19	fact that Mr. O'Brien wasn't dictating letters on time	
20	and it was to lay that out that that was an	12:13
21	expectation, a reasonable clinic expectation.	
22		
23	And we have and point 5, we have subsequently put in	
24	place a written communication record for uro-oncology	
25	patients following their consultation.	12:14
26		
27	So I think, you know, for Mrs. Burns to give evidence	
28	and in the email statements to say that we were passing	
29	the buck, is clearly wrong, it's not in keeping with	

1			the activity that went on after this, and I think I was	
2			making the point to her, because the SAIs are not just	
3			about what happens in Urology, they're about what	
4			happens in the wider organisation, and that's why we	
5			structured the recommendation in that manner.	12:14
6				
7			The second point in her evidence then, if you have	
8			and if we perhaps go back to her evidence where she	
9			quotes the number of outstanding reviews, if you	
10			wouldn't mind showing that?	12:14
11	122	Q.	Yes, it's in the transcript of her evidence. It's at	
12			TRA-07064, towards the bottom of this page. If we go	
13			down just there. Yep.	
14		Α.	Okay. So I would ask the question: If you are	
15			receiving a performance report with 20,000 people on it	12:15
16			overdue their review, would you not be digging into	
17			that a little bit further to understand who those	
18			patients are? What their clinical priority is? Would	
19			you not be asking your ADs and your heads of service to	
20			give you a clear understanding of the clinical risk	12:15
21			involved in this situation? It's not good enough to	
22			say that you've got 20,000 people waiting, you need to	
23			know what's happening. We knew what was happening in	
24			Urology, that's why we did the uro-oncology review	
25			list, that's why we created various categories for the	12:15
26			Outpatient reviews, so that we could in some way try to	
27			manage and mitigate the risk.	
28	123	Q.	Just on that point. Is her issue that it's being	
29			raised as a result of this MDT, but where was the	

1			proactivity on the part of the consultant body who know	
2			about this problem in terms of	
3		Α.	She might have been better served asking me what was	
4			happening, rather than having a back channel	
5			conversation with Paula Fearon and Dr. Boyce.	12:16
6	124	Q.	What was happening to, if you like, take the step that	
7			you've outlined after the SAIs review, rather than take	
8			it - given the knowledge that you had before.	
9		Α.	So we established the codes so that uro-oncology	
10			patients would not be would be easily identifiable	12:16
11			from the backlog. That meant that they could be pulled	
12			forward into clinics in a more timely manner. There	
13			were other patients who were routine or urgent, and	
14			they were coded appropriately, so that it was easy for	
15			the staff booking the clinics to know that this patient	12:16
16			needs to be prioritised over another. So that activity	
17			took place very quickly after this SAI.	
18	125	Q.	We'll come back, for example, to look at perhaps a	
19			standalone issue, the issue of sign off, if we have	
20			time this afternoon. Obviously there's the issue you	12:17
21			point out in relation to, and here a specific example	
22			of Mr. O'Brien's dictation practices, and we'll come to	
23			that very shortly.	
24		Α.	Yeah.	
25	126	Q.	In terms of the handover, we've obviously got a picture	12:17
26			of turnover amongst the consultant staff, particularly	
27			during those years until perhaps relatively recently	
28			when things may have settled down to a degree. To what	
29			extent is the handover problem well addressed at this	

1			time?	
2		Α.	There is still no policy in place, to the best of my	
3			knowledge in the Trust, describing how this process	
4			should be managed. Within our own department what we	
5			have been doing, we've had a number of locums in the	12:18
6			last few years and we've had other members of staff	
7			retire.	
8				
9			So, for instance, from the cancer perspective, those	
10			patients who are coming to MDT where it is clear that	12:18
11			that person has retired or left the Department, those	
12			cases are shared out formally and they're handed over	
13			to a new named consultant. From a results perspective,	
14			when somebody has left employment of the Trust, we have	
15			agreed to share out the results of those people and	12:18
16			divide the workload between the existing consultants.	
17				
18			Now, that brings me to another point that I've made I	
19			think in my witness statement. There is a quantum of	
20			work that it is safe to deliver, and if you are funded	12:18
21			for a team of seven consultants, and you've had various	
22			locums coming in filling posts and then they leave, and	
23			you're then back down to a team of less than that,	
24			perhaps four and a bit as we are at present, the Trust	
25			is expecting four and a bit to deliver the workload	12:19
26			that was previously delivered by more people. That's	
27			not safe.	
28	127	Q.	Thank you for that. Obviously we have your response to	
29			what Mrs. Burns has said. Let me broaden this out a	

1			little more. I want to ask you about your	
2			understanding of the role of the team, if I can call it	
3			that, in terms of the performance of individuals.	
4			You've explained in your witness statement, if we bring	
5			it up, WIT-42311, that 42311. Thank you. At	12:19
6			paragraph 38.2, that you've said, self-evidently you	
7			don't have line management responsibility for your	
8			consultant colleagues:	
9				
10			"therefore unless advised by the clinical or Medical	12:20
11			Director I would not necessarily be aware of concerns	
12			regarding the practice of my colleagues."	
13				
14			You go on at paragraph 52, if we bring up or go forward	
15			to WIT-42322. So you go on to explain that you're	12:20
16			aware, and we don't need to name these people in this	
17			context, we'll go on to specifically address	
18			Mr. Suresh's issues at a high level, he gave evidence	
19			yesterday. You go on to explain that you:	
20				12:21
21			"became aware of concerns raised by nursing staff	
22			about the clinical practice of several locum	
23			consul tants. "	
24				
25			This was dealt with by Mr. Young. Scrolling down.	12:21
26		Α.	Sorry, Mr. Wolfe, that issue was not about locum	
27			consultant. That was about a speciality doctor.	
28	128	Q.	Very well. I'll take that correction. The issue	
29			you became aware that the issue was dealt with, the	

1			issue hadn't been brought up by nurses. And then at	
2			52.2, you explain that again other concerns were raised	
3			about other colleagues. Mr. Haynes addressed that	
4			issue. And then at 52.3, concerns regarding the scope	
5			of I think this was discussed openly yesterday,	12:22
6			wasn't it? Concerns about the scope of Mr. Suresh's	
7			practice were discussed.	
8				
9			So what I am wanting to explore with you, Mr. Glackin,	
10			is the notwithstanding the absence of managerial	12:22
11			responsibilities on your part and other of your	
12			colleagues, what is the expectation resting with you	
13			where you become aware that a colleague, or if you	
14			become aware of a colleague delivering his practice in	
15			a way that is adverse to patient safety or potentially	12:23
16			adverse to patient safety?	
17		Α.	So your first responsibility is to make sure the	
18			patients are safe. Your second responsibility then is	
19			to address the issues with the person who has got	
20			management responsibility for that clinician. You may	12:23
21			have a discussion with the individual clinician as	
22			well, because there may be other very valid reasons as	
23			to why care has not been appropriate, or their	
24			performance has not been appropriate, there may be	
25			personal issues, there may be health issues. So I	12:23
26			think you need do that in a sensitive manner. You	
27			don't do it otherwise.	
28	129	Q.	With regards to Mr. Suresh, you explain there, his	
29			practice was discussed by the urology team, including	

1		yourself, Mr. O'Brien, Mr. Young, Mr. O'Donoghue, and	
2		Mr. Haynes, and this identified support that was, that	
3		it was felt was needed for him, and that then led to	
4		the development of a package that was put in place. If	
5		we can see Mrs. Corrigan outlines this in her statement	12:24
6		at WIT-11946. Sorry, a document she appends to her	
7		first statement.	
8			
9		So this is March 2016, and we don't need to get into	
10		the minutia of what was happening to Mr. Suresh around	12:25
11		that time, but it is the case that the team, albeit	
12		with some management support, took ownership of this	
13		issue and helped to develop a remediation package, if I	
14		can call it that, perhaps not in the formal sense	
15		remediation, but a package of support for Mr. Suresh?	12:25
16	Α.	Yeah, I think support is the correct term, and I think	
17		it was appropriate that the team did that.	
18	130 Q.	Is that because, as you described it earlier, the	
19		fundamental here is patient safety, and where you see	
20		issues you, if you see them and you feel nobody else is	12:25
21		aware of them, you report them to management, and	
22		perhaps speak to the colleague concerned in a	
23		supportive way, if appropriate?	
24	Α.	Yeah. I think when we became when we started	
25		working as urologists of the team model, that gave us a	12:26
26		greater insight as to how our colleagues were	
27		practicing, because you would receive handover from	
28		somebody about the in-patients, and you would then have	
29		the opportunity over the coming days to review all of	

Τ		the in-patients and to review their results and to see	
2		how things had been done and what decisions had been	
3		made, and if decisions hadn't been taken in a timely	
4		manner, or decisions that you perhaps didn't agree	
5		with, then you had the opportunity to discuss that with	12:26
6		your colleagues and say "Well, you know, I perhaps	
7		would have done something different" or "Why didn't X	
8		happen?" So that's all to the benefit of the patient,	
9		and when it becomes a pattern whereby you recognise	
10		that there are "deficits" is perhaps too strong a word,	12:26
11		but areas that need support, then it is your	
12		responsibility to discuss that openly with the relevant	
13		people and then to put in place a safe plan to manage	
14		the situation. And I think that's what we did in that	
15		circumstance.	12:27
16	131 Q.	Can I ask you to reflect, in light of the support that	
17		Mr. Suresh appears to have received, in terms of	
18		Mr. O'Brien's practice - and we're going to look at a	
19		number of issues, and perhaps you can only address the	
20		issue generally at this point, because much depends on	12:27
21		the gravity with which the issue is understood from a	
22		patient safety perspective, there's obviously whether	
23		there's full knowledge around the issue - but in terms	
24		of looking back on Mr. O'Brien, he came through an MEPS	
25		process and then there was a return to work plan, and I	12:27
26		know from what you've said that that was largely hidden	
27		from his colleagues. Do you think, from a team	
28		perspective, Mr. O'Brien could have been better	
29		supported with the practice difficulties that he faced?	

1		Α.	Yes, and I've said so in my statement. I think it	
2			would have been much better if those issues, and I	
3			realise there are sensitivities around some of them,	
4			but certainly I think if the medical managers had of	
5			discussed with us as a team of consultants the	12:28
6			particular issues, and allowed us to understand the	
7			breadth of issues, but then also to formulate a support	
8			plan, a network, if you like, as to how Mr. O'Brien	
9			could return to the team and practice safely. It would	
10			also have given us greater oversight going forward as	12:28
11			to when, if there were any dips in performance, or	
12			non-adherence to agreed behaviours, then we would have	
13			been able to identify that at an earlier stage.	
14	132	Q.	we'll maybe unpack some of that as we go along. What	
15			do you identify as being the, if you like, the block or	12:29
16			the obstacle that was in place that prevented the	
17			development of that kind of approach?	
18		Α.	So, I had no knowledge or part to play in the return to	
19			work plan. That was developed without input from the	
20			whole team. It was developed, as far as I understand,	12:29
21			from the medical management side and with some input	
22			from the Head of Service, from what I've read	
23			subsequently. So those people held that information.	
24			It wasn't shared with us. I think if we had of been	
25			aware of what they were monitoring and how they were	12:30
26			addressing any shortcomings, then we would have been in	
27			a position to assist.	

133 Q. I'm now going to work through what had been described

28

29

as those shortcomings, and take your view on when you

1			knew something about them, or when your colleagues knew	
2			something about them. Can I take it that at no point	
3			did you, whether formally or informally, raise any	
4			concern about the practice of Mr. O'Brien?	
5		Α.	I certainly never did an IR1, as far as I know.	12:30
6			Whether we had informal discussions about the	
7			timeliness of correspondence, I'm sure we did. That	
8			would have been the kind of thing that would have been,	
9			and it was discussed at departmental meetings, the need	
10			for letter writing and notes to be in the chart. So	12:31
11			those things were discussed in an open forum amongst	
12			the team. So other than those things, I don't think	
13			there was anything else.	
14				
15			I don't recall having concerns about his operative	12:31
16			capacity. I don't recall having concerns about his	
17			manner of working with colleagues and interpersonal	
18			difficulties. Certainly I didn't have any	
19			interpersonal difficulties with him.	
20				12:31
21			I think it's important to reflect though that, you	
22			know, there was a definite chilling process that	
23			happened around the time of this late 2016 and	
24			returning to work in 2017. That was difficult for	
25			everybody.	12:31
26	134	Q.	Yes.	
27		Α.	It was difficult for me, it was difficult for my	
28			colleagues, and it was particularly, I'm sure,	
29			difficult for Mr. O'Brien.	

1	135	Q.	We know, or at least we've been told by Mr. Suresh,	
2			that he raised some issues. He raised an issue about	
3			the use of intravenous antibiotics, and he explained in	
4			his witness statement that he placed this on, if you	
5			like, the agenda at a departmental meeting, it was	12:32
6			discussed and assumedly resolved.	
7		Α.	I don't recall that ever being discussed.	
8	136	Q.	Yes.	
9		Α.	And you might correct me, but I don't recall seeing any	
10			minutes of any meeting where it was discussed.	12:32
11	137	Q.	I haven't seen. So. But I suppose what prompts that	
12			question is the, at least until the MHPS process kicked	
13			in, what I want to suggest to you is that there was a	
14			level of knowledge, perhaps not to the degree and	
15			extent as it was to be unveiled to you later	12:33
16		Α.	Yeah.	
17	138	Q.	But things, as we'll see with each of these issues,	
18			were addressed at the level of informality rather than	
19			the erection or the pursuit of a formal expression of	
20			concern with Mr. O'Brien. Is that your appreciation,	12:33
21			regardless of where the responsibility for that lies?	
22		Α.	Yeah. I wasn't aware of any formal process prior to	
23			the meeting of January 3rd, 2017. Now, I have in my	
24			witness statement alluded to a brief conversation that	
25			I had with Heather Trouton, who was AD for surgery at	12:33
26			the time, and that conversation happened on the	
27			corridor in the administration area of the hospital,	
28			whereby she expressed some concern about Mr. O'Brien's	
29			practice. I took it from what she said, and it's a	

1			vague recollection, that she was concerned about his	
2			backlog and him keeping up with his workload.	
3	139	Q.	Yes. Yes. You say that I just will bring it up on	
4			the screen briefly. WIT-42319, and at paragraph 50.8	
5			you allude to that conversation. It's perhaps	12:34
6			mentioned by you because it forms some significance in	
7			the sense of it being	
8		Α.	Well I have to say, I racked my brains to think about	
9			any time when any senior member of the Trust had raised	
10			an issue with me, and this was the only one that I	12:34
11			could recall.	
12	140	Q.	Yes. I suppose that's what I was about to say to you.	
13		Α.	Yes.	
14	141	Q.	That its significance perhaps is that to the best of	
15			your recollection, and I'm not sure you put a date on	12:34
16			it, but	
17		Α.	I can't put a date on it. Yeah.	
18	142	Q.	Yeah. But it precedes the January 2017 meeting. And	
19			what you, I think what you say about this interaction	
20			with Mrs. Trouton is that it reflected, you understood	12:35
21			it as reflecting a degree of exasperation on her part	
22			about backlogs, but she didn't descend into any detail.	
23			You said in your witness statement, and we just go down	
24			to WIT-42326, that in terms of at 56.1 you say:	
25				12:35
26			"From 2012 Mr. O'Brien had a long review backlog for	
27			out-patients and in-patient operating, but he was not	
28			unique in that regard."	
29				

1		Α.	Yes.	
2	143	Q.	So that wasn't a concern particular to him is I suppose	
3			your position?	
4		Α.	No, not particular to him. It applied to Mr. Young, it	
5			applied to Mr. Akhtar, who had been there until perhaps	12:36
6			maybe late 2011/early 2012.	
7	144	Q.	But something perhaps specific to Mr. O'Brien? You	
8			were also aware that he had a backlog of completing	
9			correspondence, which was your experience as a trainee	
10			back in, or a research fellow in 2002 and 2005, but it	12:36
11			had been largely unchanged when you came back in in	
12			2012?	
13		Α.	Yeah, and I think part of that's due to how he chose to	
14			practice.	
15	145	Q.	Yes.	12:37
16		Α.	He would have explained on occasion that he wanted all	
17			of the results back before he would write a letter.	
18	146	Q.	Yes. Just on that, in terms of what you expect of	
19			yourself as a practitioner, and your understanding of	
20			your obligations. It's right to say, I suppose, that	12:37
21			the job plan - to take what document - doesn't descend	
22			into that kind of detail about the expectations around	
23			dictation?	
24		Α.	It doesn't.	
25	147	Q.	But	12:37
26		Α.	nor does the job description.	
27	148	Q.	Yes. But presumably you agree that it's the duty of a	
28			doctor to make a record consultation and to communicate	
29			that record in a timely fashion?	

1		Α.	So my practice is that I will make a written note on	
2			nearly all occasions, nowadays we have the facility to	
3			make a contemporaneous electronic note on ECR, and I	
4			will also dictate a letter for every patient at the end	
5			of clinic. There is a very rare occasion when I need	12:38
6			to check something and I may delay writing that letter	
7			for that reason.	
8	149	Q.	And why, just to get it out on the table, why is that	
9			important? Why is that documentation	
10		Α.	So there's a couple of reasons why it is important.	12:38
11			First of all, you're working at such pace that if you	
12			don't do it there and then you will never catch up. So	
13			that's the first thing. It's about keeping on top of	
14			your workload.	
15				12:38
16			The second thing is, I think it's important that the GP	
17			and others providing care to the patient have ready	
18			access to the outcome of the consultation.	
19	150	Q.	And in terms of your colleagues, again you	
20		Α.	I understand that they practice similarly.	12:38
21	151	Q.	Yes. And was it known well you knew because you had	
22			exposure in 2002 to 2005 about Mr. O'Brien, and in	
23			2012. How did your knowledge of his continuing deficit	
24			in this respect come about?	
25		Α.	So, I think my knowledge came about largely because	12:39
26			there was a backlog review, and we undertook extra	
27			clinics to see patients, and when we saw those patients	
28			who might have been Mr. O'Brien's, there wasn't a	
29			clinic letter in the chart. So that meant one of two	

1			things: either it hadn't been dictated or it hadn't	
2			been typed. So you could at that time, in the early	
3			2010s, you could check on our system called Patient	
4			Centre, because that's where the letters would have	
5			went to. So you would open Patient Centre and you	12:39
6			would check was there was any correspondence. And if	
7			there wasn't any correspondence on Patient Centre, then	
8			it was quite clear that it hadn't been dictated or	
9			typed, one of those two things.	
10	152	Q.	And is that something you ever spoke to him about?	12:40
11		Α.	So, first of all myself, Mr. Haynes and Mr. O'Donoghue	
12			would have partaken in that activity, and we all	
13			recognised that that was a problem and we raised that	
14			with Martina Corrigan, because it meant that when you	
15			saw these patients that you were essentially starting	12:40
16			from scratch. So that meant that the time that you	
17			required in clinic to see that patient was greater than	
18			perhaps a straightforward review. So that was raised	
19			with Martina.	
20				12:40
21			It was also raised with Mr. O'Brien in the departmental	
22			meetings, and when, I think was Mr. Haynes raised the	
23			particular issue on the particular day, the necessity	
24			to have a clinic letter dictated and available in the	
25			chart for every patient, and Mr. O'Brien perversely	12:40
26			expressed the view, perversely from my perspective, the	
27			view that it wasn't necessary to dictate on every	
28			patient, that he knew what was going on and he didn't	
29			have to write to the GP. I just couldn't get my head	

1			around that.	
2	153	Q.	But that was, from his perspective a full stop, end of	
3			conversation, he wasn't changing his practice. Is that	
4			your understanding of his stance?	
5		Α.	Yeah. Yeah, I think he would be digging his heels in.	12:41
6	154	Q.	And was the problem, at least in terms of your	
7			experience, more than just a communication issue, a	
8			record of what has been done, was it more than that?	
9			Was it also a failure to action by a dictation a next	
10			step on occasions, a next clinical step?	12:42
11		Α.	So I don't know that for sure. But if you're leaving	
12			it weeks to months after you've seen somebody - first	
13			of all I don't have perfect recall, so I would wonder	
14			how anybody else would have perfect recall. So that	
15			would leave - if it was me, it would leave me open to	12:42
16			forgetting to do things. So I just didn't understand	
17			the rationale of what he was describing.	
18	155	Q.	Did you view it, or did your colleagues view it as	
19			potentially a patient safety issue?	
20		Α.	Well, Mark raised it because he was concerned. Yeah,	12:42
21			it was an issue.	
22	156	Q.	Plainly you didn't have line management responsibility	
23			for him. You drew it to the attention of Mrs. Corrigan	
24			you've said, so that the system was well aware of it.	
25		Α.	Yeah. So Mrs. Corrigan knew that we had concerns that	12:43
26			there weren't letters in the charts relating to	
27			Mr. O'Brien's patients. Whether she was there on the	
28			day that Mr. Haynes raised that specific issue, I can't	
29			recall.	

1	157	Q.	There was also an issue of charts, patient charts not	
2			being available when colleagues needed them. The	
3			patient perhaps came in from Accident and Emergency, or	
4			there was a clinic arranged and	
5		Α.	It was more generally clinic activity.	12:43
6	158	Q.	Yes.	
7		Α.	And I suppose in the period of maybe 2012 to whenever	
8			NIECR was introduced that was a live issue, because if	
9			you didn't have the chart it was a real struggle to	
10			work out what was going on with somebody. When NIECR	12:44
11			became available, all the information was in one web	
12			portal, if you like, and it made it much easier, you	
13			could almost conduct clinics without recourse to paper	
14			notes.	
15	159	Q.	Was it recognised that Mr. O'Brien was retaining	12:44
16			patient notes at his home or in places that were	
17			inaccessible to you and his colleagues?	
18		Α.	Yeah. Yes, it was recognised and it was common	
19			knowledge that Mr. O'Brien would be taking patient	
20			charts to his home.	12:44
21	160	Q.	You properly allude to Mr. Haynes raising this issue.	
22			He says in his witness statement at WIT-53932 that	
23			concerns were regularly raised, regularly voiced, I	
24			should say:	
25				12:45
26			"by all members of the consultant team regarding the	
27			frequent lack of clinical information in the form of	
28			letters following outpatient consultations, as this had	
29			the potential to impact on us when patients had	

1			unplanned emergency admissions. This voicing of	
2			concerns would have occurred during informal	
3			conversations and within departmental meetings,	
4			including with the Head of Service."	
5				12:45
6			So I suppose that's confirmatory of what you've just	
7			said?	
8		Α.	Yeah, that tallies with my recollection.	
9	161	Q.	Yeah. Different issue with Mr. Suresh, but these	
10			issues concerning practice come in all shapes and	12:45
11			sizes. Do you think it was enough for yourselves as a	
12			urology team to deal with the matter informally, as you	
13			did, or when you think about it now should another	
14			track have been pursued?	
15		Α.	Some of the people who would have been present at those	12:46
16			meetings would have had knowledge of what was going on	
17			in the background, and I'm referring largely to Martina	
18			Corrigan, and I think Mr. Young would have had some	
19			knowledge of how the management had tried to manage	
20			Mr. O'Brien over a number of years. I didn't have that	12:46
21			knowledge. Do I think that it should have, this	
22			particular issue of dictation, letters not being	
23			available and notes being taken off site, do I think	
24			that should have been managed formally? Yeah, I think	
25			it should have been managed formally.	12:46
26	162	Q.	Let's move to triage. Again, just in terms of your	
27			practice and what you understand are the obligations in	
28			respect of triage, using both the period before the	
29			urologist of the week model and the introduction of	

1			that model in late 2014, what were the obligations and	
2			how did you practice?	
3		Α.	So I think it's important to understand that there is	
4			no written policy as to how this was to be delivered	
5			when I arrived in 2012.	12:47
6	163	Q.	Just on that, sorry to interrupt your flow.	
7		Α.	Yes.	
8	164	Q.	Is that unhelpful and is it by contrast with other	
9			settings?	
10		Α.	So I've no knowledge of how it operated in other	12:47
11			Trusts. I was a trainee in other Trusts. I wouldn't	
12			have necessarily been involved in the triage process	
13			for referrals, except I think I did do a few in	
14			Wolverhampton when I was nearly finished.	
15				12:48
16			So what I would say, if the Trust developed a policy	
17			then it would be very clear to everybody what their	
18			responsibilities were, and what the timeframes for	
19			delivering that activity would be, and how that	
20			activity was to be delivered, and it could be clearly	12:48
21			set out.	
22				
23			Not every department operates their triage in the same	
24			way that we do. So I've been involved in other	
25			projects within the Trust, and I understand that, for	12:48
26			instance, my rheumatology colleagues concentrate the	
27			triage in the hands of a couple of consultants rather	
28			than the whole team and they are given protected time	
29			to do that activity. Okay. So there are different	

1			ways of delivering this activity.	
2				
3			When I arrived it was a paper based activity and it was	
4			shared out among the consultants. There was an	
5			expectation that the red flags would be turned around	12:48
6			within a timeframe, I think it might have been 24	
7			hours, and that the others would be turned around	
8			thereafter. I think there was an IAEP policy. I had	
9			no knowledge of that policy, I wasn't provided with it,	
10			but I now understand that that policy would have been	12:49
11			in place at that time.	
12				
13			We then moved to the urologist of the week, and in	
14			discussions for setting up the urologist of the week,	
15			in which we all participated, we agreed that the	12:49
16			urologist of the week would undertake the triage	
17			activity.	
18				
19			The triage activity was largely in two parts. It was	
20			the red flag cancer referrals which were provided to	12:49
21			the team from the red flag office, as it's termed in	
22			the Trust, and we expected to do those on a daily basis	
23			and return them. The second bundle would have been the	
24			urgents and routines, and they would have been returned	
25			I think at that time via our secretaries, and then as	12:49
26			e-triage became available we shifted to doing that.	
27	165	Q.	And you point out the absence of a policy that would,	
28			or a process that would allow you to better understand	
29			the expectation. Dealing with the urologist of the	

1		week model and triage within, the triage work within	
2		that, absent the availability of a policy was it	
3		nevertheless understood that by the completion of your	
4		period as urologist of the week you would nevertheless	
5		be expected to have delivered back to the source all of	12:50
6		the referrals that have come your way?	
7	Α.	Yes, I think that was a fair expectation. It was	
8		certainly what I understood by the process. And my	
9		experience was that there were weeks where you would,	
10		where I could easily accomplish the triage within the	12:50
11		time. There were other weeks when you were busy and	
12		perhaps you might have been in at night, and on those	
13		occasions it might have been more difficult, but it was	
14		always my practice to clear the desk, so to speak, as	
15		soon as I could, and not leave work for my colleagues.	12:51
16			
17		Now since the E-triage process has come in, there are	
18		times when, on a Wednesday evening you'll check the	
19		electronic care record triage system and you will find	
20		that everything is done at 5:00 o'clock, and you'll	12:51
21		come in the next morning on a Thursday and find that a	
22		load of stuff has arrived overnight. Now your	
23		colleague who has taken over on a Thursday might look	
24		at you and say "What have you been doing?" but, you	
25		know, it's just the way the system works.	12:51
26			
27		So I think there's an acceptance amongst us that we	
28		would check last thing on a Wednesday evening that	
29		everything had been tidied up and whatever comes in on	

1			a Wednesday night is dealt with by the person coming on	
2			on Thursday, and that's a quid pro quo.	
3	166	Q.	In terms of your own practice and comment on what you	
4			understand to be the approach of others, if you can, is	
5			there a difference of approach depending on whether it	12:52
6			is a red flag referral, in terms of the steps that you	
7			might initiate when sending the referral back, as	
8			contrasted or compared with the other categories of	
9			referral?	
10		Α.	So that answer is a little bit difficult for the reason	12:52
11			that services have changed over time.	
12	167	Q.	Okay.	
13		Α.	Okay. So we established essentially a one-stop clinic	
14			service in the Thorndale Unit, and that clinic, each	
15			consultant had one of those clinics and within that	12:52
16			clinic there were slots set aside for things like	
17			haematuria, red flag prostate cancer referrals and	
18			other red flags, and then there was a smaller tranche	
19			of slots set aside for urgent patients and routines.	
20			So it was the expectation that the patients coming to	12:53
21			those clinics would, as far as possible, have all of	
22			their investigations completed on the day. So we had	
23			ultrasound available, we had, at the time when we had	
24			Trust biopsy, we had that available, and we would have	
25			things like flow rates and bladder scans and all of	12:53
26			that kind of activity. So that could have been	
27			delivered on the day. So there wasn't so much a	
28			necessity to order investigations beforehand, except	
29			for those patients who might need a CT urogram, and	

1	that would have been requested ahead of time.	
2		
3	The model has changed somewhat more recently in that we	
4	don't have the same setup, and it has been complicated	
5	by the fact that a large number of referrals are going $_{ m 12}$	2:5
6	out to the independent sector, including some red	
7	flags. Therefore, up until the independent sector	
8	provider came on, we were largely requesting scans	
9	ahead of time to try and expedite and facilitate care	
10	for patients. Since the IS provider has come along, we $_{ m 12}$	2:5
11	have stopped doing that because it has been causing	
12	problems between us and the IS provider and, therefore,	
13	those scans are not requested until the patient is	
14	allocated to one or other, the Trust or the IS. So	
15	that has muddied the waters a little.	2:5
16		
17	There is some there are, I suppose, a variety of	
18	views amongst the consultant body as to how we do this	
19	activity. Some people use the term "advanced triage",	
20	and I know that Mr. O'Brien used that term. Some	2:5
21	people used advanced triage and meant different things	
22	by it, and that's all a confounder.	
23		
24	So on more than one occasion we, Mr. O'Brien described	
25	in great detail how he did advanced triage. Well, it 12	2:5
26	essentially amounted to a virtual consultation. Both	
27	myself and Mr. Haynes at meetings said to him "We don't	
28	think that's a good use of your time, you're not set up	

29

to be doing virtual consultations for all the new

1			referrals, you simply need to triage the referral. If	
2			you want to request a scan, request the scan, and let	
3			the patient know that you've done so by writing them a	
4			letter. You don't need to phone everybody and do it in	
5			that manner". So we'd a difference of opinion as to	12:55
6			how things should be done.	
7	168	Q.	And the thinking, as you understood it behind	
8			Mr. O'Brien's approach to advanced triage, to use that	
9			label, was what? Was he recognising that patients	
10			falling into routine and urgent categories were	12:55
11			unlikely to be seen given the waiting list conditions	
12			for some time and, therefore, it was, from his	
13			perspective, necessary to engage in this in-depth	
14			approach to avoid morbidity or risk?	
15		Α.	I can't tell you precisely what his thought process	12:56
16			was, but it would be my view that we didn't have the	
17			time or the resource to be doing virtual consultations	
18			for the number of referrals that were coming in to the	
19			department, and the patients who needed tests expedited	
20			were those patients that you thought had a significant	12:56
21			clinical issue, either it was a potential cancer or it	
22			was a concerning benign urological complaint that	
23			needed to be seen promptly. So those are the kind of	
24			patients that I would have addressed with advanced	
25			triage in the way of requesting imaging or expediting	12:56
26			their appointment, but I would not have been phoning	
27			them.	
28	169	Q.	Yes. You have preferred both in your response to us	
29			and in your evidence to Dr. Chada, that the issue of	

1			triage was frequently discussed. Mr. O'Brien would	
2			frequently express the view that he did not have enough	
3			time to complete triage of new referrals during his	
4			week on-call, or his week as urologist of the week, and	
5			that the response from some of you at the meetings, and	12:57
6			perhaps you've just outlined a moment or two ago, was	
7			that the style of working and organisation on the part	
8			of Mr. O'Brien was generating the problem.	
9		Α.	Yes.	
10	170	Q.	And what was his response to that in the round, if you	12:57
11			can remember?	
12		Α.	I think his response was that what he was doing he	
13			thought was right, and he was difficult to dissuade. I	
14			felt he was difficult to dissuade.	
15	171	Q.	His description, or I suppose your description of what	12:57
16			he said was, ehm, expressing the view that he did not	
17			have enough time. Did you realise that when he used	
18			words to that effect that he wasn't actually performing	
19			triage, he wasn't doing it across a number of cases or,	
20			as we know, largely as we know now, he largely	12:58
21			wasn't doing it for routine and urgent referrals?	
22		Α.	So I didn't know that he wasn't doing it. I became	
23			aware of that later, and I was shocked by the extent of	
24			it. And I also became aware later that for a period	
25			Mr. Young did some of Mr. O'Brien's triage and I didn't	12:58
26			do any of Mr. O'Brien's triage, nor was I I don't	
27			think I was ever asked to.	
28	172	Q.	Yes. Mr. Young engaged with management in	
29			Mrs. Burns in particular I think in February 2014, and	

Τ			it was agreed that no new referrals would come	
2			Mr. O'Brien's way, and it would appear from the email	
3			correspondence that Mr. Young was asked to speak to the	
4			consultant team with a view to filling in that	
5			shortfall?	12:59
6		Α.	Well, I don't have a clear recollection of that being	
7			discussed. It may well have been, and I'm not wishing	
8			to say that it wasn't. I do recall a certain	
9			unhappiness that I had about what I saw as unilateral	
10			withdrawal from providing elements of the core service,	13:00
11			and this speaks to the same issue that I have been	
12			talking about, about the lack of transparency across	
13			the team as to what was happening, the lack of open	
14			discussion as to how things were being managed, small	
15			numbers of the team being aware of things and others	13:00
16			not. So, you know, when I looked at that and I became	
17			aware that there was a proposal that Mr. O'Brien would	
18			not participate in new patient clinics, which I recall	
19			being mentioned, I was deeply unhappy with that. I	
20			thought that this is not the right approach for us to	13:00
21			be taking, this has not been discussed as a team as to	
22			how we're going to work, and I, you know, for all the	
23			reasons I've outlined as to Mr. O'Brien's style of	
24			working, they were the root cause of these problems.	
25			So, you know, that needed to be addressed properly.	13:01
26	173	Q.	we'll come after lunch just to look at what has been	
27			described as a default mechanism for dealing with	
28			triage and what that meant in practice and what you	
29			knew about it, if anything. But just to finish for	

1			now, it is your evidence that while Mr. O'Brien is	
2			talking of the difficulties, and you as colleagues	
3			responded in saying "Well, this is matter of style and	
4			approach, and you don't need to do that", at no stage	
5			were you advised that he wasn't doing triage for a raft	13:01
6			of cases?	
7		Α.	That's correct.	
8	174	Q.	Okay. You now know that there was a mechanism by which	
9			management side at least would have been aware that he	
10			wasn't triaging?	13:02
11		Α.	So through the SAI process, I think it was Patient 10	
12			that I Chaired.	
13	175	Q.	Yes.	
14		Α.	I became aware of this default mechanism. I had no	
15			knowledge of that default mechanism prior to the SAI	13:02
16			process. I profoundly disagreed with the default	
17			mechanism.	
18	176	Q.	And we'll come to that after lunch, perhaps?	
19			CHAIR: Okay. Five past two, ladies and gentlemen	
20			then.	13:02
21				
22			THE HEARING ADJOURNED FOR LUNCH	
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29				

1			THE HEARING RESUMED, AS FOLLOWS, AFTER THE LUNCHEON	
2			<u>ADJOURNMENT</u>	
3				
4			CHAIR: Good afternoon everyone.	
5			MR. WOLFE: So just before lunch, Mr. Glackin, we	14:04
6			touched on the issue of the default triage mechanism,	
7			and I think you were telling us that, or at least your	
8			evidence to Dr. Chada tells us that you established	
9			through the Serious Adverse Incident Review that you	
10			conducted in respect of Patient 10, that such a	14:04
11			mechanism was in place and it had been placed without	
12			discussion with the consultant urologists, although you	
13			understood that it was done with the knowledge of the	
14			clinical service, but you didn't know the names of the	
15			individuals who had agreed to it. If you had been	14:04
16			asked about the mechanism that was put in place, would	
17			you have had objections to it?	
18		Α.	Yes.	
19	177	Q.	On what basis?	
20		Α.	So my understanding of the process was that if a	14:05
21			referral had not been triaged, that the referral and	
22			booking centre team were to apply the triage standard	
23			that had been requested by the GP. So that for me	
24			raises an immediate concern that if the GP is wrong,	
25			then a patient could wait unnecessarily long to be seen	14:05
26			or have investigations organised where it would be	
27			appropriate.	
28	178	Q.	And it's an issue I think you took up directly in the	
29			SAI review that you participated in in respect of	

1	Patient 10. I suppose it's also an issue that was	
2	touched upon indirectly in a letter that was written to	
3	Tracey Boyce in December 2016, and I'd just ask for	
4	your observations in relation to that.	
5		14:06
6	If we go AOB-01245. This is a letter that was written	
7	to Dr. Boyce. It was signed off by Connie Connolly.	
8	As I say, it is dated 15th December 2016, and it is	
9	taking up on the investigation of that SAI, and it	
10	makes the point that:	14:06
11		
12	"Part of the work included a lookback exercise for	
13	seven urology patients who had been managed in the same	
14	manner at or around the same time as Patient 10 in	
15	October 2014."	14:06
16		
17	The Panel has looked at that. Six of the patients, it	
18	could be seen, had been discharged or management plans	
19	in place, one of the patient's chart couldn't be found	
20	and it eventually came back into the system. So, just	14:07
21	scrolling down. So I think this was designed as a	
22	message to management. It says:	
23		
24	"The review team agree that there are a number of	
25	relevant and related issues and themes causing concern	14:07
26	for the Panel which have been exposed during the	
27	i nvesti gati on. "	
28		
29	And they need looked at. Were you party to this letter	

1			being sent?	
2		Α.	No, and I had no knowledge of this letter until it was	
3			raised in evidence at this Inquiry.	
4	179	Q.	So although it refers to the Review Team agreeing that	
5			there are a number of relevant and related issues or	14:08
6			themes, you weren't consulted in terms of the drafting	
7			of the letter?	
8		Α.	I was not consulted and I had no knowledge of this	
9			letter. And as you may recall, it was attributed to me	
10			initially in evidence at this Inquiry, and when I heard	14:08
11			that and I read it in the transcript, I was shocked,	
12			and as you quite correctly now point out, this letter	
13			was written by Connie Connolly.	
14	180	Q.	And I take it from your answer that no doubt you feel	
15			you should have been consulted upon it before it was	14:08
16			written, because you were a member of the Review Team?	
17		Α.	Yeah.	
18	181	Q.	A prominent member of the Review Team?	
19		Α.	This is another example of back channel communication	
20			going on.	14:09
21	182	Q.	In any event, does the detail of the letter speak to	
22			concerns that you had and were subsequently to be	
23			reflected in the SAI review?	
24		Α.	No, I think it does reflect the concerns that the team	
25			doing the SAI had.	14:09
26	183	Q.	If we just touch briefly, this is well trampled ground	
27			I think at this stage, but if we just go to your SAI	
28			report, and I am conscious that you were part of a	
29			team, and a significant aspect of the analysis of the	

1			review concerned the radiography aspects.	
2		Α.	Yes.	
3	184	Q.	And it wasn't, lest anybody suggest otherwise, it	
4			wasn't simply a focus on the shortcomings of triage?	
5		Α.	No, the radiology aspects were very important and the	14:09
6			incorrect reporting of a scan and the failure to	
7			recognise the importance of the information contained	
8			in the report.	
9	185	Q.	Yes.	
10		Α.	So they were, to my mind in fact, probably the most	14:10
11			pertinent issues in this SAI.	
12	186	Q.	Yes. And if we can, I quite take that point that you	
13			viewed them as that the radiography aspects were	
14			significant, more significant. I do, however, for our	
15			purposes, need to focus on triage. So just touching	14:10
16			upon the recommendations. PAT-000008. And the	
17			recommendations spoke to the increased risk of harm and	
18			the opportunity when early intervention and triage is	
19			omitted.	
20				14:11
21			"The review panel recommend that the Trust reviews the	
22			process which enables the clinical triaging and	
23			escalation of triage non-compliance in accordance with	
24			the IEAP."	
25				14:11
26			And you say in particular:	
27				
28			"The fundamental issue of triaging GP referral letters	
29			remains a challenge within urology. The urology	

1			operational and medical management teams immediately	
2			need to address the issue of untriaged referrals not	
3			being processed in accordance with the IEAP."	
4				
5			So that was pointing a finger at the default	14:11
6			arrangement, at least in part?	
7		Α.	Yeah. I didn't think the default arrangement was a	
8			safe arrangement, and that's what I was trying to get	
9			at.	
10	187	Q.	Yes. Mr. O'Brien saw this report in draft and had an	14:12
11			opportunity to comment on it. Again, I suppose one of	
12			the points he makes is, and I am anxious for your views	
13			on it to the extent that the panel think it's relevant,	
14			he makes the point that it would have taken a deeper	
15			form of triage than would have been customary at the	14:12
16			time to unpick the error in the scan report and,	
17			therefore, if he had his time again he would have	
18			triaged if he had triaged Patient 10 he would have	
19			kept it as a routine?	
20		Α.	I don't agree with that. I think reading that referral	14:12
21			I think would spark an interest from a consultant	
22			urologist as to what's going on in this referral? I	
23			think it would also lead one to read the report of a CT	
24			that's remarking on an abnormality in a kidney, because	
25			as urologists we would understand that there is a	14:13
26			spectrum of abnormalities, some of which are benign,	
27			others of which are potentially cancer, and others	
28			which are clearly cancer, and reading the report would	
29			have allowed you to understand that.	

1				
2			And, secondarily, the imaging is freely available. You	
3			could have reviewed the imaging yourself.	
4	188	Q.	Yes.	
5		Α.	So, you know, this also occurred at a period when we	14:13
6			were having discussions within the Department about the	
7			nature of triage and how it was being done, and	
8			Mr. O'Brien had clearly expressed the view that he was	
9			undertaking advanced triage, and the activity that I've	
10			just outlined would clearly fall within that remit.	14:13
11	189	Q.	And I just want to touch on that very point and try to	
12			assess through your evidence whether these issues	
13			remain of some concern to you as a urology team. Just	
14			picking up on what you've said in relation to	
15			Mr. O'Brien and his views. As I say, he responds to	14:14
16			the draft SAI. If we can pick that up at AOB-01393.	
17			Sorry, just over the page. I beg your pardon. No,	
18			back the way we came. Back up a wee bit higher. Yeah.	
19			"Comments Regarding Triage", if we just come to that	
20			subheading. Yep.	14:15
21				
22			So, yes, he makes the point that he would bottom of	
23			the page as we see it:	
24				
25			"I would not have considered upgrading it to red flag	14:15
26			status."	
27				
28			But more generally he goes on to say that - if you	
29			scroll down. Yes. He says:	

1				
2			"I have believed and expressed the view that the	
3			inclusion of the triage of all letters of referral in	
4			duties and responsibilities of the urologist of the	
5			week was inappropriate."	14:15
6				
7			And he goes on to explain what he meant, what he means	
8			by that.	
9				
10			If we go to the top of the next page, he talks about:	14:15
11				
12			"The purpose and priorities of the urologist of the	
13			week are for the consultant to deliver hands-on	
14			clinical and operative management of all urological	
15			patients, all other in-patients in the hospital whose	14:16
16			assessment and management was sought"	
17				
18			- it is a long sentence, but in essence it comes to	
19			triages getting in the way of the original purpose and	
20			objectives of urologist of the week, and that leads to	14:16
21			a, if you like, a deficit in the time available to him	
22			to address the triage requirements. Is that a	
23			challenge that you too recognise?	
24		Α.	No.	
25	190	Q.	That's a very stark position. It's a no because you	14:16
26			take a different approach to triage and management?	
27		Α.	So let's take a little step back. At the outset of	
28			instituting this urologist of the week activity, we, as	
29			a team, agreed what was important. That was the	

1			in-patient care that he is referring to, but it was	
2			also an agreement that we would do the triage. So at	
3			the outset that was agreed. I found that I was able to	
4			deliver all of that activity within the week, with the	
5			caveat that I gave earlier, that occasionally there was	14:17
6			a small number of triages that I wasn't able to	
7			complete, but they would be completed by the end of the	
8			calendar week. So I didn't have a problem in	
9			undertaking this activity for all triage, whether it be	
10			red flag, urgent or routine, and to the best of my	14:17
11			knowledge my other colleagues also completed it in a	
12			contemporaneous manner.	
13	191	Q.	Let me just put two other pieces of information into	
14			the mix and we can have your observations on this. Out	
15			of chronological order perhaps, but you are aware that	14:17
16			there was a further SAI review conducted in relation to	
17			the triage issue in association with five patients who	
18			emerged from the out-workings of early 2017?	
19		Α.	Are they the Dr. Johnston patients? Is that what	
20			you're referring to?	14:18
21	192	Q.	Precisely, yeah. I was trying to find a group word to	
22			describe it, but you're familiar with that?	
23		Α.	I am now.	
24	193	Q.	Yep.	
25		Α.	You know that process took place from I think 2017, as	14:18
26			you've described, but the report for that process	
27			wasn't delivered to us as a group of consultants to my	
28			knowledge until some time in the summer of 2020.	
29	194	Q.	Yep. It was, as you say, reported on the 22nd of May	

1	2020, and what I want to bring you to is its	
2	recommendations, or at least some of them.	
3		
4	If we go to TRU-161196? And I'm reminded as I bring	
5	you to this of your evidence just before lunch, where	14:19
6	you spoke about the absence of a triage policy, well	
7	perhaps not alone for urology but perhaps a more	
8	widespread problem than simply urology.	
9		
10	If we go to Recommendation 6, scrolling down, please?	14:19
11	It is explained this SAI Review Team, which included	
12	Dr. Johnston from outside of the Trust, Mr. Haynes was	
13	part of the team that led on this review, and it	
14	recommends that:	
15		14:19
16	"The Trust should re-examine or reassure itself that it	
17	is feasible for the consultant of the week to perform	
18	both triage of non-red flag referrals and the duties of	
19	the consultant of the week."	
20		14:20
21	It says that:	
22		
23	"The Trust will develop written policy and guidance for	
24	clinicians on the expectations and requirements of the	
25	triage process. This guidance will outline the systems	14:20
26	and processes required to ensure that all referrals are	
27	triaged in an appropriate and timely manner."	
28		
29	Writing in 2020, I'm not sure if it continued to be	

1	relevant, they're saying:	
2		
3	"The current informal default triage process should be	
4	abandoned. If replaced, this must be with an	
5	escalation process that performs within the triage	14:20
6	guidance and it does not allowed red flag patients to	
7	wait on a routine waiting list."	
8		
9	So just we'll remember I've read that out, but I also	
10	wanted to take you to something that you wrote in	14:21
11	November 2018. If we go to WIT-81609. I say you wrote	
12	it, but in fact I think you may have circulated it.	
13	It's the minutes of Urology Service Development Day,	
14	attended by you and some colleagues. It says in terms	
15	of triage, if we scroll down, that:	14:21
16		
17	"The Trust needs to provide a plan detailing what	
18	exactly it expects the consultants to do in terms of	
19	triage. This must include recognition of the time	
20	constraints and time commitment required to complete	14:21
21	triage, including time spent speaking to patients,	
22	booking scans, reviewing results and mitigating risk	
23	for patients on the current long outpatient waiting	
24	list. Consideration was given"	
25		14:22
26	- presumably by the meeting:	
27		
28	"to decoupling the triage activity from that of the	
29	urologist of the week."	

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2		And I think the preface to that discussion might well	
3		have included a paper prepared by Mr. O'Brien in	
4		September of that year. So having put all of that	
5		information in front of you, what it seems to speak of	14:22
6		in 2018 and then again in an SAI review published in	
7		the summer of 2020, is that the team, the Urology	
8		Service, is crying out for guidance by way of a policy	
9		or whatever, in terms of how triage is to be done,	
10		what's expected. And, secondly, a need to assess	14:23
11		whether it's feasible to continue doing urologist of	
12		the week with triage within those responsibilities. Is	
13		that still the position? Is it still a concern?	
14	Α.	It is still a concern. So I think I did write this	
15		document. It's not dated, and that's my fault that it	14:23
16		is not dated. There are also handwritten notes which I	
17		think the Inquiry have access to. They're in my	
18		handwriting. And in this, as in all the sections of	
19		this document, what I'm trying to reflect is the nature	
20		of the discussion and the views expressed by the	14:23
21		members of the team. They're not my personal views.	
22		As best as I could capture them, they are the views of	

the team.

So there was a variance of opinion as to how we should be dealing with is this. Mr. Haynes had one particular view, that we were responsible for sorting this out ourselves and that "we were the Trust", I think was the phrase he used. I think that that might have been

1			captured in a recording, which you may have the	
2			transcript to. Mr. O'Brien, Mr. Young and I didn't	
3			share Mr. Haynes view. We felt that it was incumbent	
4			on the Trust to provide a policy to clearly outline how	
5			this activity would be delivered, and we were therefore	14:24
6			at variance with Mr. Haynes in that regard.	
7	195	Q.	So, I don't want to spend an awful lot of time on this,	
8			for obvious reasons, but just drilling down a little	
9			deeper. We have the debate as to whose responsibility	
10			it is to sort it out, but in terms of the team members,	14:24
11			was there a divergence of view in terms of the	
12			doability of triage during the urologist of the week	
13			period?	
14		Α.	Yes. Mr. O'Brien expressed the view at this meeting,	
15			and at other meetings, that he was struggling to do	14:24
16			this activity in the time given. He also described how	
17			he was doing this activity in his own time. Whereas	
18			others, myself included, were able to deliver this	
19			activity within the allotted time.	
20	196	Q.	And is that, as I think you've alluded to already, is	14:25
21			that divergence of views a reflection of a deeper	
22			divergence in terms of the approach to be taken to	
23			triage? In other words the time to be spent and the	
24			activity. You described it as a quasi clinic approach	
25			or words to that effect?	14:25
26		Α.	Yeah. So certainly I was not taking the approach that	
27			each patient needed a telephone consultation to work	
28			out what we were going to do. Mr. O'Brien expressed	
29			the view that he did that that he snoke to lots of	

1			patients and organised things on their behalf. As I've	
2			told you earlier I didn't share that view, and that was	
3			expressed at meetings, and so Mr. Haynes didn't share	
4			that view either. So there were different ways of	
5			working, and I think that the way that Mr. O'Brien	14:26
6			chose to work was exacerbating this issue for him.	
7	197	Q.	Now, in terms of what has been put on paper, whether it	
8			is the SAI review that I've read, or your minutes here,	
9			which assumedly went in the direction of management	
10			perhaps, or the messages from the minutes went in the	14:26
11			direction of management, has there been any attempt on	
12			the part of management to wrestle with either an	
13			assessment of whether triage is doable during urologist	
14			of the week, or an attempt to wrestle with the policy,	
15			or engage with you as a team on either of those issues?	14:26
16		Α.	Well, Mr. O'Brien left the employment of the Trust at	
17			the end of June or early July 2020. I don't think it	
18			has been really an issue of concern since that time.	
19			But, to the best of my knowledge, there is no policy	
20			yet in place as to how triage should be done.	14:27
21	198	Q.	Yes. I take that answer in the sense that, okay, to	
22			some extent water under the bridge. Mr. O'Brien, who	
23			was, let's put it in neutral terms, was having a	
24			difficulty with triage and it created difficulties for	
25			patients, but the Trust could potentially have, you	14:27
26			know, another clinician come in and struggle with	
27			triage, and difficulties of the past could, in another	
28			shape or form, be repeated. Do you see	
29		Α.	It could also be happening in other departments within	

1			the Trust. So, you know, I think it's very obvious to	
2			me that there should be a policy, that it should have	
3			been implemented, and that consultants should have been	
4			appraised of what the policy was, so that we were	
5			meeting the standards that were required.	14:28
6	199	Q.	Yes. I do take it that, if you like, on the other side	
7			of the equation the ability to check that something is	
8			being done, whether there's certainty as to what the	
9			actual obligation is, but the ability to check and	
10			monitor the doing of it?	14:28
11		Α.	To check that triage has happened.	
12	200	Q.	Yep.	
13		Α.	The vast majority of triage is now done electronically,	
14			so that's very easy to audit, and that triage that is	
15			paper based goes through the referral and booking	14:28
16			centre, and they can easily check if triage has been	
17			completed and returned.	
18	201	Q.	Thank you. Now, when you spoke to Dr. Chada about, I	
19			suppose your experiences in working with Mr. O'Brien,	
20			and your participation in what might be called the	14:29
21			clean up operation that was triggered from the	
22			revelations in January 2017, you said the following,	
23			and I'll bring you to the extract. It is TRU-00774,	
24			and at paragraph 25 you're reflecting in terms of	
25			working arrangements, and Mr. O'Brien you say:	14:29
26				
27			"frequently expressed the view at consultant	
28			meetings that his most pressing commitment was to	
29			patient care and operative waiting list."	

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This was a workload issue for him.

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"Most of the other consultants are not dealing with the same volumes in terms of our waiting lists. There is 14:30 certainly a bit of wanting to hold on to things. consultant makes different decisions about how to manage things. His approach is different to that of his colleagues, and I am not saying it isn't good work or safe, but Mr. O'Brien does fall behind with things. 14:30 Mr. O'Brien sees significantly fewer patients in clinic per year than most of his colleagues. This issue has, to the best of my knowledge, not been explored, challenged or addressed."

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Α.

14:30

14:31

14:31

I look at that paragraph and I look at your statement to Dr. Chada in the round, and other of your remarks, including your Section 21 response to this Inquiry, and you make the point that you're not saying that Mr. O'Brien's work isn't good work, or it isn't safe was his work safe when you look from a standing position after you came into the job in 2012, or in light of what you were told in 2017?

25

26

statement taken when I was interviewed by Dr. Chada, and I think Siobhan Hynds was the note taker, and what

So, looking at this statement now, this obviously was a

27 I'm reflecting is that both Mr. Young and Mr. O'Brien 28

did have a very work heavy workload. Me coming in as a

29 third consultant inherited a workload from a colleague

1	who had left, and then there were others who joined who	
2	essentially had no backlog because they were new	
3	consultants. And, you know, he, as I've said,	
4	Mr. O'Brien did express these views about his most	
5	important commitments were to in-patient care and the	14:32
6	operating that needed to be done. And I know from the	
7	data, because I had access to business objects, when	
8	you run the data you can see exactly how many patients	
9	people see under their name every year, and he was	
10	significantly below that of others. So he was seeing	14:32
11	fewer people, and I can back that up with the data.	
12		
13	What I am saying about it not being good work. I'm not	
14	saying it isn't good work or safe. Mr. O'Brien was a	
15	very safe operator in my opinion. I did not see	14:32
16	patients coming to harm because he had operated on	
17	them. That was my experience when I gave that	
18	statement. When patients were seen in clinic they got	
19	a thorough assessment, in my view, when they saw him,	
20	and when he handed over patients to me on the post, on	14:33
21	the handover ward round, they had had a very thorough	
22	assessment from him, and he was able to tell you in	
23	great detail what had happened to all of those	
24	patients. So that is where I am coming from with that	
25	statement.	14:33

Now, what I don't say there, and perhaps what I should have said, was that -- there was something about the -- yeah, about the correspondence. I don't think I've

1			expressed anything about correspondence there, but	
2			clearly there was an issue with correspondence not	
3			being done in a timely manner, you know. It hasn't	
4			been stated in that section. I don't know if it is	
5			stated in another section of that?	14:33
6	202	Q.	I suppose what you say is he does fall behind with	
7			things?	
8		Α.	Yeah. So I mean that's what I'm referring to I think	
9			there.	
10	203	Q.	Yeah. Yeah.	14:33
11		Α.	Yeah.	
12	204	Q.	I just wonder, I want to give you an opportunity to	
13			comment on this, but I wonder whether there was some	
14			hesitation on your part, or on the part of your	
15			colleagues in calling a spade a spade, that you took	14:34
16			the view that Mr. O'Brien had areas of practice that	
17			gave rise to patient safety risk? And we've looked	
18			before lunch and we've looked since lunch at this sort	
19			of informality of the challenge to him from colleagues.	
20		Α.	Did I recognise the full extent of the patient safety	14:34
21			risk at the time that I was interviewed for this? I	
22			probably didn't. Was I aware of the extent of it? I	
23			certainly wasn't. So I think that's reflected in what	
24			I've said, you know. There are things I haven't said	
25			that now in hindsight I would say.	14:34
26	205	Q.	When you had completed the draft of your, the SAI, with	
27			your colleagues for Patient 10, Dr. Boyce invited you	
28			to send that to Mr. O'Brien, and if we just pick up on	
29			that email correspondence. TRU-257720. And we don't	

1			need to look at the fine detail of it. 10th January,	
2			she's asking you to pass the SAI on to Mr. O'Brien.	
3		Α.	Actually the fine detail is important.	
4	206	Q.	Okay. Happy to go there. So, if you just want to -	
5			I'll not read it aloud. And scrolling up the page, and	14:35
6			you're telling her:	
7				
8			"I will not be sending the report to Mr. O'Brien. I am	
9			his colleague and not his manager."	
10				14:36
11			You had previously, when you were dealing with the SAI	
12			in respect of Patient 128 in 2015, shared the report.	
13		Α.	I did.	
14	207	Q.	Yeah. And that prompted a response from Mr. O'Brien	
15			"Congratulations"?	14:36
16		Α.	Yes.	
17	208	Q.	"An excellent report." What was it about your role	
18			that caused you to be reluctant, or caused you to	
19			refuse to send the Patient 10 report to him?	
20		Α.	So the timing of this is very important. First thing	14:37
21			to say is I had no knowledge of Dr. Boyce's role in	
22			governance. I had no idea that she was involved in any	
23			way in the governance structure. So I received this	
24			email from somebody who I knew to be a senior member of	
25			the Pharmacy Department. I didn't understand why she	14:37
26			was writing to me. Secondly, her email arrived exactly	
27			one week after we had all sat in a room with Ronan	
28			Carroll and others, being told that the Trust was	
29			excluding Mr. O'Brien from work. I had told you at the	

1			Inquiry the last time I was here that I was annoyed at	
2			how that had been managed and that I felt that the	
3			Medical Director should have addressed us as a group of	
4			consultants.	
5				14:38
6			So here I'm receiving an email from somebody who I have	
7			no knowledge of what their role is, on behalf of the	
8			Medical Director, and I am sitting there reading it	
9			fuming, thinking "Why hasn't the Medical Director	
10			written to me?", because I'd want to have a	14:38
11			conversation with the Medical Director about this.	
12				
13			The Medical Director had chosen to exclude Mr. O'Brien	
14			from work. I didn't feel it was appropriate for me to	
15			send any correspondence to Mr. O'Brien if he had been	14:38
16			excluded from work by the Medical Director. If the	
17			Medical Director wanted to send correspondence to	
18			Mr. O'Brien, he was quite free to do so.	
19	209	Q.	Did you feel conflicted?	
20		Α.	No.	14:38
21	210	Q.	He was a colleague who had a responsibility as one of	
22			the senior authors of the SAI review.	
23		Α.	If the Medical Director had chosen to exclude my	
24			colleague from work, I was not going to be having	
25			correspondence with an excluded colleague. That was	14:39
26			the prerogative. That, in my view, fell at the feet of	
27			the Medical Director. And the medical never came back	
28			to me on this issue.	
29	211	Q.	I see. I'm not sure I understand? Perhaps you could	

1			spell it out to assist the Inquiry?	
2		Α.	So if somebody is not at work, if they're sick or	
3			whatever, then I don't have a role in interrupting that	
4			person's sick leave or otherwise, and I didn't believe	
5			I had a role in interrupting his exclusion from work.	14:3
6	212	Q.	I'm not sure I follow. How is it an interruption from	
7			his exclusion from work to pass on the	
8		Α.	He is not	
9	213	Q.	Let me finish, please. To pass on an SAI review for	
10			his observations?	14:3
11		Α.	This is a work related issue. He's not at work. He	
12			has been excluded. In my view, that was something for	
13			the Medical Director to deal with. The Medical	
14			Director never came back to me on this issue. If he	
15			had come back to me and said "You have to do this", I	14:4
16			think I'd have still refused.	
17	214	Q.	Could I bring you to Dr. Boyce's observations in terms	
18			of your response to this. TRA-05951. And she says	
19			just scrolling down. Yes. I'm asking her about the	
20			normalcy of the responsibility of passing on the SAI	14:4
21			Review Report, and she says this is one for you to	
22			address.	
23				
24			"I understand he was very conflicted"	
25				14:4
26			- as you say:	
27				
28			"being a colleague, and I understand now that he saw	
29			Mr. O'Brien almost like a mentor. When I had been	

1			asked to do that and it came back, obviously I went	
2			back to Ester and Richard and it was taken."	
3				
4			Bit jerky there, the text, but	
5		Α.	I'm not sure, you know, I've never had a conversation	14:41
6			with Dr. Boyce.	
7	215	Q.	Yeah.	
8		Α.	I've only had email correspondence. So I'm not sure	
9			how she understood I was conflicted.	
10	216	Q.	Yeah. Yeah. Well let's just think about it, think	14:41
11			through it one more time. Did you see it as a	
12			responsibility in general as a	
13		Α.	Yeah, I would have no issue in delivering an SAI report	
14			to a colleague. But the circumstances here were very	
15			different. My colleague had been excluded from work.	14:41
16			It was not my responsibility, in my view, to start	
17			communicating with somebody who had been excluded from	
18			work.	
19	217	Q.	I'm asking you these questions because on the face of	
20			it there was no formal challenge by you to any of the	14:42
21			identified deficits or shortcomings in Mr. O'Brien's	
22			practice, and I wonder whether there was was there a	
23			closeness there in terms of your relationship with him	
24			as a colleague, and to use Dr. Boyce's language, as a	
25			mentor, which would have made it uncomfortable for you	14:42
26			to engage in a more decisive or aggressive manner in	
27			challenging his conduct, or perhaps in the alternative	
28			you didn't see it as your role at all?	
29		Α.	So, you correctly pointed out earlier that I had sent	

1			Mr. O'Brien a previous SAI relating to Patient 128. I	
2			had no issue about doing that. I had no issue with	
3			discussing these things with Mr. O'Brien. This solely	
4			came down to the fact that the Medical Director sought	
5			and excluded Mr. O'Brien from work. I batted this	14:43
6			back, Tracey Boyce clearly had a conversation with	
7			Esther Gishkori and Richard Wright, and none of them	
8			came back to me.	
9	218	Q.	And broadening the issue out in terms of my question	
10		Α.	In terms of mentorship. Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Young	14:43
11			fulfilled that role for me when I was a junior trainee.	
12	219	Q.	Yes.	
13		Α.	When I was a clinical fellow in their department. When	
14			I became a consultant colleague, I was a consultant	
15			colleague, albeit a junior colleague, and over time	14:43
16			your relationship matures, it develops. You come to a	
17			different position than you were when you were a	
18			trainee, you know. As I've said in my statement to the	
19			Inquiry, I completed these SAIs in good faith and to	
20			the best of my ability, and I did not offer undue	14:44
21			favour to anybody in any of the SAIs.	
22	220	Q.	Yes. And my broader question is: How do we explain any	
23			failure on your part to more rigorously challenge what	
24			might be regarded as patient safety issues on the part	
25			of Mr. O'Brien? Is that explained on the basis that	14:44
26			you didn't see it as your responsibility to go beyond	
27			an informal challenge as part of a team meeting, or was	
28			there an uncomfortable closeness with him which made it	
29			difficult for you to pursue issues with him, or is	

1			there some other explanation?	
2		Α.	Are you referring to the specifics, Mr. Wolfe?	
3	221	Q.	Well, I think we've got to the place where you accept	
4			that you've never raised, for example, an incident	
5			report in respect of Mr. O'Brien, and across the issues	14:45
6			we've looked at so far it has been of a flavour of	
7			raising issues with him in a team meeting format,	
8			informal approaches.	
9		Α.	Yeah, I mean, in what other formats do you think I	
10			should be raising things? I mean if we discuss them as	14:45
11			a team, we're discussing them as a team, and I think	
12			that's the right forum to discuss these things. You	
13			know, I didn't have reason to be sending in IR1s. If	
14			I'd of thought there was a reason, I would have done	
15			one. You know. I was asked to Chair SAIs. They	14:45
16			happened to be about his patients. I didn't select	
17			them, they were given to me. I did them faithfully.	
18			So, you know, I reject the assertion that I in some way	
19			turned a blind eye to his shortcomings.	
20	222	Q.	Could I bring you to something that Mr. Hughes,	14:45
21			Dr. Hughes said? We were at the note this morning and,	
22			again, I should give you an opportunity to deal with	
23			it. It's the telephone conversation 30th November	
24			2020. If you just bring up the record for that again,	
25			please? It's TRU-162250. I think towards the bottom	14:46
26			of the page. Yeah. So the note at the very last line,	
27			if you can just bring it up slightly so we can see it?	
28			Yeah. So Dr. Hughes indicates that you were describing	
29			Mr. O'Brien as a holistic physician or clinician, and	

this is, it seems that the lead into this in a note	
that we all accept isn't verbatim, the lead into this	
is the absence of CNS input into Mr. O'Brien's	
patients. And I went on when he came to give evidence	
to ask him about that description, which he has in	14:47
parenthesis "(holistic physician clinician)", and if we	
go to what Dr. Hughes said in expanding upon that in	
evidence, it's at TRA-01120, and just to the bottom of	
the page, please. And you can see my question to him.	
And I'm asking him whether that description which he	14:48
says that you used of Mr. O'Brien a being a "holistic	
physician clinician" was by way of an excuse or	
explanation or is it a compliment? And he goes on over	
the page then to say that he thought that you had a	
misplaced collegiate friendship with Mr. O'Brien and he	14:48
thinks that is misjudged.	
"In this day and age to describe somebody as a holistic	
clinician is really suggesting somebody is working	
outside their fields of competence. You can't deliver	14:48
the roles of clinical nurse specialist, you can't	
deliver the roles of a palliative care physician, you	
can't meet patient needs working in isolation, and	
that's something that people need to be protected	
from."	14:49
	that we all accept isn't verbatim, the lead into this is the absence of CNS input into Mr. O'Brien's patients. And I went on when he came to give evidence to ask him about that description, which he has in parenthesis "(holistic physician clinician)", and if we go to what Dr. Hughes said in expanding upon that in evidence, it's at TRA-01120, and just to the bottom of the page, please. And you can see my question to him. And I'm asking him whether that description which he says that you used of Mr. O'Brien a being a "holistic physician clinician" was by way of an excuse or explanation or is it a compliment? And he goes on over the page then to say that he thought that you had a misplaced collegiate friendship with Mr. O'Brien and he thinks that that is misjudged. "In this day and age to describe somebody as a holistic clinician is really suggesting somebody is working outside their fields of competence. You can't deliver the roles of clinical nurse specialist, you can't deliver the roles of a palliative care physician, you can't meet patient needs working in isolation, and that's something that people need to be protected

So he, I suppose most directly sees a misplaced collegiate friendship in how you are portraying Mr. O'Brien in your discussions with him?

1		Α.	So I think he has misconstrued this.	
2	223	Q.	Did he, when he was speaking to you, ask you what you	
3			meant about	
4		Α.	No.	
5	224	Q.	holistic physician?	14:49
6		Α.	No. Can we go back to my statement, please, and I will	
7			explain to you what I was trying to say?	
8	225	Q.	Very well.	
9		Α.	So the conversation that I had with him over the	
10			telephone, you can see that the transcript amounts to	14:49
11			less than two pages. This was a rather stilted	
12			conversation. And what I was getting at wasn't	
13			necessarily about Mr. O'Brien believing that he could	
14			be the CNS, he could be everybody. Mr. O'Brien had a	
15			clinical practice whereby, for instance, if a patient	14:50
16			had a medical problem on the surgical ward, he would	
17			quite frequently take it upon himself to initiate the	
18			treatment for that, such as hypertension, et cetera.	
19			So he saw himself as being a doctor first and a surgeon	
20			second, and he frequently expressed that kind of view	14:50
21			when we would do ward rounds. And that's part of who	
22			he was and that's the way that he practised. So that	
23			is what I was referring to. I was not referring to	
24			that he saw himself in place of the CNS or their role,	
25			that's what I was referring to. Dr. Hughes did not	14:50
26			explore that further during that telephone	
27			conversation.	
28				
29			In the interests of openness, I explained to	

1			Dr. Hughes, and I think if I had my statement in front	
2			of me I could tell you exactly what I said, but it was	
3			essentially that I had known Mr. O'Brien for a very	
4			long time.	
5	226	Q.	Do you wish me to give you a reference?	14:51
6		Α.	Yes, I think that would be helpful. I don't have the	
7			reference, I'm afraid.	
8	227	Q.	I can't help you unless I'm happy that you're	
9		Α.	It's the transcript of Dr. Hughes' conversation with me	
10			that you showed a few moments ago.	14:51
11	228	Q.	Sorry, I thought you were referring to your Section 21	
12			statement. So, yes, we can go to Dr. Hughes' telephone	
13			conversation, 30th November, at TRU-166249. It's the	
14			start of it, and then the sorry, I beg your pardon.	
15			There it is there. 50 is the proper reference. The	14:51
16			extract that we were focusing on is at the bottom of	
17			the page. Do you wish to go to that?	
18		Α.	Yes, please. So, I say as has been recorded by	
19			Patricia Kingsnorth:	
20				14:52
21			"We would work in multi-disciplinary teams and we would	
22			deal with the surgical management."	
23				
24			We would refer medical issues to a medical colleague.	
25			We wouldn't necessarily tackle them ourselves.	14:52
26			Mr. O'Brien's approach was a little different in that	
27			regard. So that's what I was getting at. Is there	
28			another page to that or not?	
29	229	0.	Of course, ves. over the page.	

1		Α.	Yeah. Can you go down towards the very bottom of the	
2			statement I think it is? So they asked me about our	
3			relationships, and 2016 was difficult, and after	
4			Mr. O'Brien returned to work in 2017 it remained	
5			difficult. I had and I told them about, you know,	14:52
6			how long I had had an experience of knowing both	
7			Mr. Young and Mr. O'Brien, and so that he wasn't	
8			blindsided to this, I told him I had known Mr. O'Brien	
9			since I was a medical student, before I was a medical	
10			student. I did not want Dr. Hughes or any of the	14:53
11			investigating team to come back to me to say "Well, you	
12			haven't declared that you've known this person for 30	
13			years", so I put that out there upfront.	
14				
15			I was also, you know, this was 2020, November 2020,	14:53
16			around the time that this was going through the	
17			assembly, the announcement of this Inquiry, I was a	
18			little bit miffed at how the Department or the Minister	
19			of Health had decided to do things, and Dr. Hughes had	
20			not completed his SAIs, they were still in hand, and	14:53
21			yet events had moved on in the assembly, and I really	
22			felt that there was a risk that Mr. O'Brien would not	
23			be treated in an evenhanded and proportionate manner,	
24			and that's why I said that. And, you know, I think	
25	230	Q.	Is this a reference over the page?	14:54
26		Α.	No, it's on that same page at the last - I said:	
27				
28			"The current investigation should be evenhanded and	
29			proportionate in manner."	

1				
2			And I think that's the very least that any of us would	
3			expect, and I was getting a sense that my sense of	
4			this was that everything was being stacked up against	
5			one person at that point in time. Now, I was not in	14:54
6			possession of all of the facts, and I admit that, but	
7			working in the Department, that was the sense that I	
8			had.	
9	231	Q.	Yes. I think just over the page, it continues that.	
10				14:54
11			"the Minister had taken disproportionate view and	
12			this was prejudicial."	
13				
14		Α.	Yeah. And perhaps I am not, as I told you earlier, I	
15			am not a scholar of English and maybe "prejudicial"	14:54
16			wasn't the correct word, but I felt it was detrimental	
17			maybe as an alternative adjective.	
18	232	Q.	Yes. Looking at what Dr. Hughes was saying, and	
19			bearing in mind the facts that he was establishing, it	
20			perhaps seemed to him that Mr. O'Brien was in essence	14:55
21			regarding himself as in charge of many matters, or	
22			capable of discharging many matters as this holistic	
23			physician, when in fact what in the view of Dr. Hughes	
24			was that Mr. O'Brien was silo working, he's not	
25			delegating, he's not using nurses, he's not taking on	14:55
26			view the recommendations of the MDT, or reporting back	
27			to the MDT, those kinds of things. And in that context	
28			could you be surprised that he has taken the view that	
29			you appeared overly defensive of Mr. O'Brien, in light	

1			of what he knew?	
2		Α.	So he and I were at two different points in that	
3			discussion. He was party to information that I was not	
4			party to. That information was not shared with me. He	
5			was coming with a background knowledge of what was	14:56
6			going on that was greater than was available to me.	
7			I was also conscious of the fact that he was, whilst it	
8			might come across on the phone as a very informal chat,	
9			this isn't an informal chat. This is a formal	
10			documented meeting about, you know, shortcomings	14:56
11			alleged of a colleague. So I wasn't going to say	
12			things in that meeting that I wasn't certain about and	
13			that I couldn't later defend.	
14	233	Q.	Thank you. Now, we have heard from you already in	
15			relation to the meeting that took place in January	14:56
16			2017, and you've said in your witness statement that it	
17			left you all feeling awkward and difficult because	
18			Mr. O'Brien was a colleague, you knew that there were	
19			real issues that needed to be addressed, but	
20			nevertheless it was an awkward situation. Is that	14:57
21			fair?	
22		Α.	Yes, it's very fair. It's how I felt.	
23	234	Q.	Yeah. And did you doubt the importance or the	
24			significance of the issues that were being revealed to	
25			you perhaps for the first time in terms of their	14:57
26			extensiveness?	
27		Α.	I think it's difficult to get your head around the	
28			breadth and extent when you're first told about it.	
29	235	Q.	Did it surprise you in terms of that is the description	

1			of a colleague you had known for years?	
2		Α.	Yeah, it did surprise me.	
3	236	Q.	You were with the Trust for a period of about five	
4			years at that point?	
5		Α.	Yep.	14:58
6	237	Q.	The description of what Mr. O'Brien was and wasn't	
7			doing was being revealed to you. You had, I suppose,	
8			something of further information because of your work	
9			on the SAI, albeit limited to the triage issue.	
10		Α.	Yeah.	14:58
11	238	Q.	In terms of the governance arrangements that should be	
12			capturing such shortcomings and dealing with them, had	
13			you, by 2017, observed any frailties or vulnerabilities	
14			in those arrangements that would have left you thinking	
15			"well, that doesn't really come as a surprise." It may	14:59
16			come as a surprise that it's Mr. O'Brien, but given the	
17			state of the arrangements, one can quite see how a	
18			practitioner might get away with it for so long?	
19		Α.	So I didn't hold a management role so I wasn't aware of	
20			discussions perhaps at CD level or Head of Service	14:59
21			level as to how things were monitored. So, for	
22			instance, I wasn't aware of how close an eye the Trust	
23			kept on triage being returned and in timeframes and	
24			things like that. So I had absolutely no concept that	
25			there was such a large number of triage undone.	14:59
26				
27			I wasn't aware that they actually closely monitored	
28			dictation of clinic letters and things like that. So	
29			when it came to light that there were lots and lots of	

1			clinic letters not done, I was shocked by that. Our	
2			previous experience of when we had done clinics and	
3			there hadn't been a letter present, you're talking	
4			small numbers of patients that we saw. So you can't, I	
5			wouldn't have gauged from that, that there were	15:00
6			necessarily perhaps hundreds of letters undone. I'm	
7			not sure of the numbers. I haven't got them to quote.	
8	239	Q.	And precise numbers are maybe not terribly important.	
9			But you didn't have a sense that your activity around	
10			that was, or indeed any of your colleague's activity	15:00
11			around dictation of clinical encounters was being	
12			monitored?	
13		Α.	No. No. At a later point I became aware that the	
14			Trust developed a monitoring exercise, which was done	
15			from an administrative point of view. It was and	15:00
16			then provided to us on an Excel sheet. But I think as	
17			Mr. Haynes correctly pointed out to you here in	
18			evidence, that was an inaccurate reflection of what was	
19			happening, because it was only if the secretaries were	
20			recording things accurately on the system that that	15:01
21			would be up-to-date. And he reflected, and I would	
22			share the view, that my secretary and his secretary had	
23			things up-to-date and things were recorded properly,	
24			and I don't think that that was necessarily the case	
25			across the whole team.	15:01
26	240	Q.	You would probably have appreciated as well that things	
27			like sign off were not particularly well monitored at	
28			that time?	
29		Α.	Yeah. There was no electronic sign-off available at	

1			that time. So that was not easy to check. Paper	
2			results came through to consultants to be signed, and I	
3			am certain that that was not checked. So, you know,	
4			there were lots of holes.	
5	241	Q.	Yes. And I think you've reflected already that in	15:01
6			terms of the people, the boots on the ground who are	
7			supposed to work those systems and I suppose enforce	
8			them or improve them, such as Martina Corrigan and	
9			other people	
10		Α.	Yeah.	15:02
11	242	Q.	I'm just picking on her name as an example, but you've	
12			already said that it appeared to you that she lacked	
13			the time or the capacity because of the other demands	
14			on her	
15		Α.	She was carrying too big a workload.	15:02
16	243	Q.	Yes. In terms of what you were told at the meeting.	
17			You say, if we go back to your statement at WIT-42320	
18			at 50.9, top of the page. So you're talking about	
19			interaction with Mr. Carroll and the shock that visited	
20			you when told of Mr. O'Brien's shortcomings in 2017.	15:03
21			You say:	
22				
23			"It was impression at the meeting that Mr. Carroll and	
24			other managers present were party to information about	
25			Mr. O'Brien's practice that was not shared with the	15:03
26			urology consultants at the meeting."	
27				
28			It's an unusual sentence, and I obviously have to probe	
29			it. Is that just a suspicion that you weren't being	

1			told the whole story, or can you vouch it any better	
2			today?	
3		Α.	I have a suspicious mind.	
4	244	Q.	Yes. (Laughs).	
5		Α.	I think if you're in a meeting and you're being told	15:03
6			information like this, naturally you're going to	
7			question where this has come from, what's the extent of	
8			it, you know, and I now understand, and I didn't know	
9			at the time, that an MHPS process had commenced. So I	
10			appreciate that they may not wish to share all of the	15:04
11			details of that with the whole entirety of the team,	
12			and that's perhaps a reason why they wouldn't have	
13			shared information in its entirety with us, but I left	
14			the meeting with the impression that we haven't got the	
15			full sorry here.	15:04
16	245	Q.	And was the full story, as you surmised it might be, or	
17			were suspicious about, was it ultimately revealed to	
18			you in any better way than you have currently described	
19			it to us?	
20		Α.	So we weren't given figures or facts at this meeting,	15:04
21			we were just told about items of concern.	
22	246	Q.	And those concerns, just to be clear, were primarily	
23			triage and dictation.	
24		Α.	Triage and dictation, and letters not being present in	
25			charts, and whether or not actions had been taken at	15:04
26			clinic related to consultations. So, you know, I	
27			wasn't sure if that was the sum total of it or what	
28			else could there be? Were there other issues that	
29			where as yet not disclosed?	

1	247	Q.	Could I ask you about the work that you undertook with	
2			colleagues as part of - and it's my phrase and if you	
3			can use a better praise feel free - as part of this	
4			clean up. What was your focus in terms of activity?	
5		Α.	So, my recollection is that Martina Corrigan obtained	15:05
6			lists of clinics, and there was an exercise undertaken	
7			to check whether or not letters had been dictated from	
8			those clinics and actions undertaken, and where it was	
9			identified that they hadn't been done, those charts	
10			were then obtained and passed to us as consultants in	15:06
11			bundles. So I participated in that activity I think in	
12			the later part of January 2017, perhaps February 2017,	
13			and I went through bundles of charts, returned them	
14			back to Martina, together with an outcome sheet as to	
15			what action I had taken, and there were various	15:06
16			actions. So I might have requested scans for somebody,	
17			I might have indicated that that patient needs to come	
18			to clinic, et cetera.	
19	248	Q.	I think we might have an example, perhaps, of the work	
20			you did. WIT-292300. WIT-292300. Let's try TRU. I	15:06
21			beg your pardon. Yes, so your handwriting?	
22		Α.	It is.	
23	249	Q.	Yes. So it is 27th April. You've worked for, on the	
24			face of it, just under two hours on this. So each of	
25			those represents a chart that's handed to you to	15:07
26			consider. Is that fair?	
27		Α.	Yeah, I think so. I think that's how it was done.	
28	250	Q.	Yes. Yes. And obviously if you were seeing these	
29			patients in clinic you would be dictating an outcome	

29

```
1
              generally.
                           Is that fair?
 2
              If I saw the patient I'd dictate a letter.
         Α.
 3
    251
         0.
 4
              And in addition to that, we use outcome sheets.
         Α.
 5
    252
         Q.
                                                                          15:08
 6
              So the outcome sheet would be completed, that's
         Α.
 7
               returned to the secretaries so that they know what
 8
              actions need to be taken.
 9
    253
              So you weren't expected to dictate on these patients,
         Q.
10
              is that fair? You were sending messages back in this
                                                                          15:08
11
              form?
12
              So I was -- this was being returned to Martina, and the
         Α.
13
              actions were -- if you take the one at the bottom, the
14
               patient has been seen by me on that date and
15
              discharged.
                                                                          15:08
16
    254
              Right.
         Q.
17
              where there was no -- the one above that, where there
         Α.
18
              is no urology entry in the chart, no urology entry on
19
              Patient Centre, that patient clearly needed a review,
              so that would have been organised.
20
                                                                          15:08
                     Dr. Chada describes this as an extensive review
21
    255
         Q.
22
              exercise undertaken at significant cost, her words.
               Perhaps you don't know about the cost, and I'll not ask
23
24
              you to comment unless you do know.
25
                      well, I'll be honest, I was paid for doing it.
         Α.
              Okav.
                                                                          15:09
26
    256
              Yes.
         Ο.
27
              That's why the times are at the top of the thing.
         Α.
28
    257
              Yes.
         Q.
29
              Yeah.
         Α.
```

1	258	Q.	But in terms of its impact on the resources available	
2			within a small urology team, was it a significant	
3			exercise?	
4		Α.	It was, and it wasn't deliverable during our normal	
5			working time, and that's why you can see that this was	15:09
6			done in the evening.	
7	259	Q.	In terms of the thoroughness of the process. We can	
8			see that Mrs. Corrigan told the Oversight Committee - I	
9			don't need to bring it up on the screen unless	
10			necessary. It's TRU, for the Panel's reference,	15:09
11			TRU-257708. As a group of consultants you were	
12			advising her and perhaps Mr. Carroll, that you would	
13			prefer to go with Mr. O'Brien's outcome, as it would be	
14			very difficult for you as consultants, never having	
15			seen the patient, to make a determination. But are	15:10
16			happy, you're happy if anything comes from the	
17			administrative exercise to see the patient, if	
18			required. So, for some patients were you working of an	
19			outcomes sheet that might have been available from	
20			Mr. O'Brien?	15:10
21		Α.	No, I think it was perhaps more the case that if there	
22			was an entry in the chart, or if there happened to be a	
23			letter, then we were working from that.	
24	260	Q.	And in terms of what was found. We can see, for	
25			example, if we go to TRU-278933, your writing. Sorry,	15:10
26			it may be further down the page. Scroll up again,	
27			sorry. Yes. Sorry. I had a note of you writing to	
28			Mr. Haynes. It's the other way round. So, early	
29			stages of the process of looking at Mr. O'Brien's work.	

1			Can you just help us in terms of this as an example?	
2		Α.	No, I don't think that's the case here. So you can see	
3			from the email just below that, that Mr. O'Brien had	
4			written to all of the consultants on 7th November.	
5			That was shortly before he went off for sick leave or	15:11
6			maybe during the period of sick leave.	
7	261	Q.	Yes.	
8		Α.	I don't know the exact dates. And what he was alerting	
9			the team to were a number of cases of high clinical	
10			priority, in his opinion, which, if you go down the	15:12
11			list, I think when you look at them, that's very likely	
12			to be the case. So this is now Mark Haynes writing to	
13			me in late January 2017, with respect to the list that	
14			Mr. O'Brien had provided, and clearly there were	
15			patients within that list that we needed to get sorted	15:12
16			out.	
17	262	Q.	Yes.	
18		Α.	Because it was clear at that point that Mr. O'Brien	
19			wouldn't be available to sort them out himself.	
20	263	Q.	Okay. So this is Mr. O'Brien communicating well that	15:12
21			there were concerns around particular patients that	
22			needed to be seen with a degree of urgency?	
23		Α.	Yes.	
24	264	Q.	I am obliged. Thank you. Mrs. Corrigan on 7th June	
25			2017, provides an update on the cleanup review. If you	15:12
26			go to that? TRU-268814. And she is updating Siobhan	
27			Hynds and Ronan Carroll on the findings from the	
28			updated, sorry, the undictated clinics, and some	
29			standout figures. There are 110 patients being added	

1			to a Review Outpatient Waiting List, a number of these	
2			should have had an appointment before now, but she	
3			would add that Mr. O'Brien has a review backlog issue	
4			already. So the patients, even if they had been added	
5			timely, may still not have been seen. So is that	15:13
6			simply saying that done appropriately these patients	
7			should have been added to the Review Outpatient Waiting	
8			List at the point of clinical encounter rather than	
9			waiting until now? So it's a delay issue?	
10		Α.	Yeah, I think that's correct, because if the letter	15:14
11			hasn't been dictated at the time of the clinic, and if	
12			an outcome sheet has not been provided to the	
13			consultant's secretary to, for instance, book a clinic	
14			appointment in six months, then that's not going to be	
15			recorded by the secretary on PAS, so there will be a	15:14
16			delay.	
17	265	Q.	And then the next paragraph 35:	
18				
19			"Patients needed to be added to theatre waiting lists."	
20				15:14
21			They're all classed as Category 4 or routine. Again,	
22			due to the backlog, they wouldn't get to be due to be	
23			seen, but they're not on the waiting list, which is at	
24			least an administrative problem?	
25		Α.	Yes, it is.	15:15
26	266	Q.	Just scrolling down. She explains that:	
27				
28			"There were three patients whom consultants have	
29			concerns on and urgent appointments made. One has	

1			since been corted and two others have concelled	
1			since been sorted and two others have cancelled	
2			appointments and these have to be rearranged."	
3				
4			Did you have a sense, or what was your sense in terms	
5			of the cases that you were dealing with in terms of	15:15
6			whether these were merely administrative difficulties	
7			in nature or whether alternatively some came with a	
8			degree of clinical seriousness or concern for patient	
9			safety?	
10		Α.	Six years down the line I can't remember.	15:16
11	267	Q.	Very well. You have said, if we go to your witness	
12			statement, WIT-42329, at paragraph 60.1, that in terms	
13			of just scroll back and we'll see the question	
14			precisely. Just up a wee bit:	
			precisery. Sust up a wee bit.	
15 16				15:16
16			"Did you consider that any concerns raised regarding	
17			Mr. O'Brien may have impacted on patient care and	
18			safety? And, if so"	
19				
20			- a series of questions, including:	
21				
22			"In what way, may concerns have impacted on patient	
23			care and safety?"	
24				
25			And you explain going down over to the next page that:	15:16
26				
27			"The impact was in patient care and safety terms	
28			relating to delayed time to assessment and treatment,	
29			the risk of failing to appropriately escalate routine	

1			referrals to urgent or red flag at triage and delays to	
2			treatment caused by the absence of or late	
3			correspondence to GPs and others."	
4				
5			That being your view, perhaps in light of the passage	15:17
6			of time more appropriate to set it in those terms	
7			rather than any specifics, but were you left with a	
8			changed impression of Mr. O'Brien in terms of how he	
9			practised?	
10		Α.	So, following the events of January 2017, clearly my	15:17
11			view changed, and that's reflected in what I told	
12			Dr. Chada. It's reflected in what I've written in this	
13			statement. So the scope and extent of the problem	
14			became clear from that point forward, to me.	
15	268	Q.	The view as set out there, was that a view you shared	15:18
16			with colleagues or colleagues shared with you about	
17			Mr. O'Brien and	
18		Α.	Others may have held this view before I held it, they	
19			may have been in possession of information to support	
20			that view, but I know that since this all came to light	15:18
21			others would have shared similar concerns about delayed	
22			correspondence, delayed referral, and the absence of	
23			triage.	
24	269	Q.	But in terms of his safety as a practitioner in light	
25			of what was revealed in 2017 and what was to be	15:18
26			discovered when reviewing the cases, was that the	
27			subject of conversation with your immediate colleagues	
28			in terms of we now have to be more cautious in terms	
29			of, for example, in terms of how we deal with	

1			Mr. O'Brien or in terms of our working relationship	
2			with him?	
3		Α.	I think our working relationship was damaged by this	
4			process and this information coming to light, and I'm	
5			sure that was a two-way street. You know, it did make	15:19
6			relationships at work more difficult. There are many	
7			aspects of his practice that I think, you know, that	
8			were safe, but when you take it in the round and you	
9			look at all of the issues, these aspects clearly	
10			weren't. So I suppose people are more complex than	15:19
11			just one issue paints them.	
12	270	Q.	Equally where you see shortcomings here, it might be	
13			suggestive of at least the need to look for	
14			shortcomings here?	
15		Α.	Yeah.	15:20
16	271	Q.	Dr. Boyce, when she came to give evidence, and	
17			reflecting about what we now know arising out of 2020	
18			SAIs and all of that, she says that she's left with an	
19			unanswered question as to why the MHPS process, the	
20			MHPS investigation, did not uncover any of the further	15:20
21			patient safety concerns which subsequently came to	
22			light. Is that a fair question to pose?	
23		Α.	I think it's a fair observation on her part. So what I	
24			would say about this is that I'm responsible for	
25			trainees, okay, and when I have a trainee in difficulty	15:21
26			then there is usually more than one issue at play, and	
27			so when you have that situation you need to look at	
28			more than just the one facet that's come to light, and	
29			I think it would be a very fair observation to suggest	

1			that when this came to light a whole practice review	
2			should have taken place. Now that's easy to say in	
3			hindsight. My experience of dealing with trainees in	
4			difficulty is that that's really what you need to do.	
5			We're not talking here about a trainee, we're talking	15:21
6			about a senior consultant. But, nonetheless, the	
7			senior management responsible for the person, in my	
8			view now, in hindsight, should have undertaken that	
9			kind of activity.	
10	272	Q.	You make a number of points in or around this area.	15:22
11			You make a point, for example, if we can bring up your	
12			statement at WIT-42331 and paragraph 65.3, that:	
13				
14			"From 2017 onwards medical managers were involved but	
15			communication to me from them was minimal."	15:22
16				
17			You say:	
18				
19			"I don't recall a single meeting to discuss governance	
20			issues or patient safety concerns related to	15:22
21			Mr. O'Brien or the Urology Department with any of the	
22			following post holders who held tenure in the period	
23			following the meeting in January 2017 up until June	
24			2020. "	
25				15:23
26			And then you name medical directors, assistant medical	
27			directors, and scrolling over the page, clinical	
28			directors.	
29				

1			Is that to suggest that looking back on, from a	
2			position of where we are now, that you consider that	
3			really the Trust and Senior Trust management on the	
4			professional side could have done a lot better by way	
5			of attempting to uncover all of the problems and	15:23
6			support the urology team to assist Mr. O'Brien, or at	
7			least protect patients in a better way?	
8		Α.	Yeah, I think it could have been done better. I'm not	
9			by naming these people I am not pointing the finger	
10			at them. They were the post holders, you know. There	15:23
11			was little, in fact, minimal is the right word,	
12			communication back to us as a team as to what was	
13			happening. And I made the point to you earlier today,	
14			and if we didn't know what was happening how were we to	
15			look out for problems, and who were we to report them	15:24
16			to when they came along? So, you know, I do think it's	
17			a failing.	
18	273	Q.	Well as you say, you've made that point that	
19			Mr. O'Brien's return to work was in a sense with a	
20			vacuum of information in terms of his relationship or	15:24
21			management relationship with you, his colleagues.	
22			Would there have been value, and what would have been	
23			the value in advising you, his colleagues, of more	
24			precisely about what was going on, both in terms of his	
25			perceived shortcomings and what was being done to	15:24
26			address them, or at least superintend them?	
27		Α.	So I'll again reflect on how we would manage a trainee	
28			in difficulty. We would have a meeting with that	
29			trainee and agree a return to work strategy. We would	

1			document that. We would set goals and targets. We	
2			would ensure that that person has appropriate support.	
3			So, you know and that's outside of the management	
4			structure. So we have a professional support unit at	
5			NIMDA, they would be involved. We would make sure that	15:25
6			the person is supported in their returning to work.	
7			They may have a phased return to work. They may be	
8			undertaking certain activities and not others. That	
9			would all be clearly documented. That's the kind of	
10			approach that I think should have been shared with us,	15:25
11			that should have been open. Because if you don't do	
12			that, then you have this vacuum of information, people	
13			are wondering "Well, what's so and so supposed to be	
14			doing anyway? Are they doing it? We don't know." It	
15			creates mistrust. So that's why I think it was	15:25
16			important that that activity was shared with us.	
17	274	Q.	I suppose potentially one of the difficulties here is	
18			that this case of Mr. O'Brien was shunted down the	
19			formal MHPS route, and if we look at that route which	
20			has layers of employment law around that, and	15:26
21			contractual issues, and confidentiality and all of	
22			that, as compared with the route that as a team I	
23			suspect you chose in respect of Dr. or Mr. Suresh,	
24			where it was all round the table. Different issues of	
25			course.	15:26
26		Α.	Yeah.	
27	275	Q.	But is there something to be taken from that contrast?	
28		Α.	Yeah. Mr. Wolfe, I do not know the niceties of the	
29			contractual situation of the MHPS and that may have a	

		very important bearing on how this was managed, but I	
		think the collegiate response that we had to the issues	
		that Mr. Suresh had, and the team being involved and	
		that supportive environment, to me that seemed absent	
		when Mr. O'Brien returned to work.	15:27
276	Q.	Just finally before we move on to a new topic, if we	
		can go to WIT- the next page, in fact. You're asked,	
		having had the opportunity to reflect:	
		"Do you have an explanation as to what went wrong	15:27
		within Urology Services and why?"	
		And I suppose the I think it's a series of strands	
		to your thinking, and there is a failure to deliver	
		timely care set against a failure to monitor the	15:28
		performance of individual consultant's activity.	
		Workload pressures obviously predominate. Keeping your	
		head above water, balancing the competing interests in	
		an inadequately resourced department. Going down to	
		69.3, yeah no, that deals more specifically with the	15:28
		Bicalutamide issue I think.	
		You say just before 69.3, and I take your answer as	
		this has to be viewed in the context of the capacity	
		issues, but behaviours of individuals, you say:	15:29
		"custom and practice went unchallenged with respect	
		to the timeliness of correspondence, triage, monitoring	
		of volumes of activity and chronological listing of	
	276	276 Q.	think the collegiate response that we had to the issues that Mr. Suresh had, and the team being involved and that supportive environment, to me that seemed absent when Mr. O'Brien returned to work. 276 Q. Just finally before we move on to a new topic, if we can go to WIT- the next page, in fact. You're asked, having had the opportunity to reflect: "Do you have an explanation as to what went wrong within Urology Services and why?" And I suppose the I think it's a series of strands to your thinking, and there is a failure to deliver timely care set against a failure to monitor the performance of individual consultant's activity. Workload pressures obviously predominate. Keeping your head above water, balancing the competing interests in an inadequately resourced department. Going down to 69.3, yeah no, that deals more specifically with the Bicalutamide issue I think. You say just before 69.3, and I take your answer as this has to be viewed in the context of the capacity issues, but behaviours of individuals, you say: " custom and practice went unchallenged with respect to the timeliness of correspondence, triage, monitoring

1			cases for theatre."	
2				
3			So is part of your concern here in terms of what we	
4			learn from all of this is that, as I think we discussed	
5			on the last day, performance management, more focused	15:29
6			performance management is key to getting at the	
7			problems at the earliest possible stage?	
8		Α.	I think we need performance management. I think we	
9			also need openness and transparency in terms of job	
10			planning and what people are delivering and what	15:29
11			they're expected to deliver. You know, practice. Even	
12			amongst a small team like ours, we all have	
13			sub-specialist interests and, you know, it may not be	
14			possible for us all to see equal numbers of patients,	
15			but we should be expected to deliver a reasonable	15:30
16			volume of work, and that should be agreed, and we	
17			should be monitored to ensure that that's happening,	
18			you know.	
19				
20			I think, you know, timeliness of correspondence and	15:30
21			completing triage in a timely manner, all of that stuff	
22			should be formally agreed, it should be, you know,	
23			recorded in a job plan, and it should be recorded in a	
24			policy for the Trust.	
25	277	Q.	Very well. Would it be convenient to take a short	15:30
26			break and then back	
27			CHAIR: A quarter to four then everyone.	
28				
29			A SHORT ADJOURNMENT	

1	THE HEARING RESUMED, AS FOLLOWS, AFTER A SHORT	
2	ADJOURNMENT	
3		
4	CHAIR: Thank you everyone. Sorry we're slightly later	
5	than I suggested we'd be back.	15:47
6	MR. WOLFE: Thank you. Mr. Glackin. Three, three and	
7	a half more issues to go through with you before we	
8	finish.	
9		
10	I want to explore with you the issue of surgical	15:47
11	safety, preoperative assessment, that kind of area.	
12	Let me start by I suppose referring to several examples	
13	of issues that have come up in that domain.	
14		
15	Let's start with an email that was sent to	15:47
16	Mrs. Corrigan back in 2015. I don't pretend that you	
17	would have any knowledge of it, but just to illustrate	
18	the point. TRU-277928, and Mary McGeough writing to	
19	Martina Corrigan and others, 2nd November 2015.	
20	Scrolling down, please, and she says:	15:48
21		
22	"Please see below regarding Mr. O'Brien's patients for	
23	his day surgery list tomorrow.	
24		
25	As you will see, three out of the five patients have	15:48
26	not been to pre-op. Could you please investigate and	
27	advise why these patients were never sent to pre-op as	
28	to get this level of notification of their surgery is,	
29	as I am sure you will agree, unacceptable."	

1		
2	And I think it ultimately leads to the surgery having	
3	to be pulled.	
4		
5	Another example of a pre-op issue. If we go to the	15:49
6	case of Patient 90, I think you're familiar with that	
7	case and we've touched upon it in other contexts I	
8	think before now, but briefly, that was a case where	
9	the patient died following surgery, didn't have an	
10	appropriate preoperative assessment in the context of	15:49
11	significant co-morbidities, and in the context of a	
12	need, albeit unrecognised by the surgeon, Mr. O'Brien,	
13	and the anaesthetist it would appear, for an	
14	echocardiogram that had been written up and indicated	
15	some couple of years, at least 18 months prior to that.	15:49
16		
17	So, again, by way of example. If we go to the	
18	recommendations arising out of that Serious Adverse	
19	Incident Review. TRU-161146. Scrolling down. So	
20	Recommendation 2:	15:50
21		
22	"All patients undergoing elective surgery must have a	
23	formal preoperative assessment completed prior to	
24	surgery, including liaison with other specialities to	
25	ensure maximum optimisation of patients prior to	15:50
26	procedure."	
27		
28	And you can see the rest of that recommendation.	
29		

1	Then, thirdly, just by way of illustration. You're	
2	familiar with the case of Patient 91, and that was a	
3	case where there was some delay in bringing the patient	
4	in for stent, or at least objectively some delay, and	
5	his surgery was performed and he died thereafter.	15:51
6		
7	Again, the setting is one of complex co-morbidities,	
8	but it's clear that he didn't have a preoperative	
9	assessment and didn't have a midstream urinary	
10	microbiology output prior to surgery, or at least the	15:51
11	results hadn't come back prior to surgery, I think	
12	that's the correct sequence.	
13		
14	So, again, WIT-33320. Recommendation 2:	
15		15:51
16	"All patients undergoing elective and planned	
17	procedures where the urinary tract will be entered and	
18	the mucosa breached, including endoscopic urological	
19	surgery, must have a preoperative assessment with	
20	microbiological testing of urine within 7 days of the	15:52
21	planned procedure, and any confirmed bacteria urea	
22	treated with appropriate antibiotics prior to the	
23	pl anned procedure. "	
24		
25	So different settings, different cases, different	15:52
26	clinical issues. Common denominator was a failure to	
27	provide for or to conduct preoperative assessment.	
28		
29	The Inquiry is interested in this issue generally from	

1			a governance perspective. In terms of your own	
2			practice first of all, I mean where you're encountering	
3			a case for theatre, whether with or without significant	
4			co-morbidities, is it the practice of you and your	
5			colleagues, to the best of your knowledge, to use a	15:52
6			preoperative assessment format?	
7		Α.	Yes.	
8	278	Q.	To the best of your knowledge has the situation	
9			improved in governance terms since any of the cases	
10			that I've touched on here?	15:53
11		Α.	So the capacity of the preoperative assessment service	
12			has improved over time. Certainly back in 2015 they	
13			wouldn't have had the same capacity that they have now.	
14			But my recent experience is that the capacity is still	
15			some way short of what it needs to be. Even if lists	15:53
16			are provided in a timely manner, the pre-op team are	
17			still struggling to get people through the pre-op	
18			process ahead of surgery. So that still leads to	
19			problems because it may mean patients being cancelled	
20			because they haven't completed that process, and that's	15:54
21			what would happen, they would be cancelled.	
22	279	Q.	Yes. Well, I was going to ask to what extent are you	
23			aware of a culture where risk taking is tolerated?	
24			Clearly it might be suggested that the cases that I've,	
25			the examples I've referred to shouldn't have proceeded?	15:54
26		Α.	So I think, you know, particularly with - and I'll just	
27			refer to the number. The learning from Patient 91.	
28	280	Q.	91, yeah?	
29		Α.	Right. That obviously had a profound effect on how we	

1			operate in the Southern Trust. So every patient who is	
2			having an endourological procedure, that means a	
3			telescope into the urinary tract, is having an MSU	
4			beforehand, and the results acted upon. So there are	
5			still patients where that is not happening ahead of	15:54
6			time quickly enough, and those patients are getting	
7			cancelled as a consequence. Now, that has implications	
8			because it may be a number of weeks before you can get	
9			them back in, and as you know from that particular	
LO			case, that gentleman waited 10 weeks for his definitive	15:55
L1			stone procedure.	
L2				
L3			When we joined to use the regional facility at Lagan	
L4			Valley, their Trust had a different standard, and that	
L5			raised concerns for us because we had had this very	15:55
L6			recent experience of this patient, and we were doing	
L7			MSUs, they were dipstick testing urine, so they were	
L8			doing a bedside test and accepting the result of that	
L9			to go ahead. That left us very uneasy because we	
20			didn't feel that that was secure enough, and we've	15:55
21			insisted that our patients would have an MSU.	
22				
23			So there are different standards being applied in	
24			different Trusts in Northern Ireland with respect to	
25			this. Our standard is as a consequence of learning	15:55
26			from this episode.	
27	281	Q.	Yes. I think - I didn't read it out loud, so my memory	
28			may be weak on this, but I think it was Patient 90's	
29			recommendation that there would be audit of compliance	

1			with pre-assessment regimes. Is it your understanding	
2			that this is an area that is the subject of audit?	
3		Α.	I do not know.	
4	282	Q.	Again, getting to the nuts and bolts of it, say	
5			hypothetical example, that you or a colleague have	15:56
6			listed a patient for theatre, and the date for	
7			operation is fast approaching and you have not	
8			conducted a preoperative assessment, or the team	
9			responsible for that hasn't. Who is responsible for	
10			arresting the process into theatre and preventing it	15:57
11			from taking place?	
12		Α.	Yes. So the way that that works at present is that the	
13			preoperative assessment team nurses would communicate	
14			directly with the consultant responsible for the list.	
15			My recollection is that in my case, my secretary would	15:57
16			be copied into that correspondence, and they would say	
17			in that note "This patient hasn't completed X, we	
18			therefore think they should be waiting list suspended",	
19			and from my perspective I would agree with that, you	
20			know. There's a safety reason to do it. You know, I	15:57
21			take their point on board. The patient is suspended on	
22			the waiting list, offered another date when the	
23			particular investigation has been completed.	
24	283	Q.	Is there an override button where you decide "Well, you	
25			know, that's all well and good, but I feel we should	15:58
26			get on with it. This patient is in need and I think	
27			it's a risk worth taking", how is that debated out?	
28		Α.	I suppose the MSU is a relatively straightforward	
29			thing, okay.	

1	284	Q.	Yeah.	
2		Α.	And that's kind of black and white and there's no	
3			debate. We deal with a very comorbid population of	
4			patients. So not all of them have their preoperative	
5			assessment with a nurse, some of them have a consultant	15:58
6			led preoperative assessment by an anaesthetist, and the	
7			purpose of that for those patients is to get a very	
8			clear handle on their comorbidity and what the expected	
9			complication rates would be, mortality, predicated	
10			mortality rates. So that's all documented very	15:59
11			thoroughly in a clinical letter by the consultant	
12			anaesthetist, and that would then be a two-way	
13			conversation between the consultant anaesthetist from	
14			the pre-op clinic and the operating surgeon. So that	
15			happens a lot. And as you can imagine, there are times	15:59
16			when between you, the anaesthetist and the patient, you	
17			have to come to an agreement as to what you're going to	
18			do, because not every patient is optimally fit.	
19	285	Q.	Can I move to remaining item two on my agenda, and	
20			we've touched upon it sporadically throughout your	15:59
21			evidence, and that's sign off and actioning of	
22			diagnostic results or diagnostic tests.	
23				
24			Again, let me start with a number of examples. There	
25			was a never event in 2011, before your time, retention	16:00
26			of a swab in the cavity, which was the subject of the	
27			procedure. Subsequent to the procedure, scans seemed	
28			to show a presence of a foreign body, and it would	
29			appear that Mr. O'Brien didn't look at the scan report	

1	as quickly as others thought he should, and that	
2	prompted some correspondence, and if I could just draw	
3	your attention to that. TRU-276805. And in response	
4	to the correspondence telling Mr. O'Brien and indeed	
5	others in the consultant body at that point about the	16:01
6	importance of timely consideration of the results of	
7	reports of investigations, he writes to Mrs. Corrigan	
8	indicating that he has several concerns about what is	
9	expected of him, and there are a series of questions	
10	set out there, and I needn't read it out. Let's have	16:01
11	the full email up on the screen, please. You can get	
12	the flavour of it from there.	
13		
14	You, as we saw this morning, had custody of Patient	
15	128, or you had carriage of Patient 128, SAI review,	16:02
16	which in part, for reasons of a want of a handover	
17	procedure, was a situation again where in 2014 there	
18	was a failure to deal with the results, again in a	
19	timely fashion.	
20		16:02
21	2016, if we go to TRU-277936, and this may well have	
22	been scroll down, please. This is being issued by	
23	Heather Trouton, Assistant Director within Acute	
24	Services. This may well be this is five months	
25	after your outcome in the Patient 128 SAI, so I don't	16:03
26	know if there's a linkage there. But essentially	
27	following the outcome of several SAI she is saying:	
28		

29

"We are writing to remind all consultants that it is

1 their personal responsibility to have checked and 2 signed all radiology and pathology reports to assure that no serious results are missed." 3 5

4

6

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And so we go on. There's examples, Patient 90, as we saw earlier. Patient 92 was a case of renal cell carcinoma, and there was a failure to attend at a CT scan, the reportage of a CT scan, until the GP spotted the problem.

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16:04

16:03

So a number of cases pointing to clinicians, including Mr. O'Brien, failing to action, to read and action investigation reports as soon as they might be available. What's your practice and has it changed over time?

16:04

16:05

So, in 2016 results came in paper format from the Α. laboratories for haematology and clinical chemistry, and perhaps for some other things that came from other labs where they were sent out. Radiology and pathology came in paper format. So those things would have been provided to me by my secretary in a folder, and I would have went through the results. Normal results I would have signed and usually dated and returned to my secretary. Results that needed further action, I'd have either looked them up on the computer system to see what needed to be done and organised it, and made a small note on the, you know, "CT requested", et cetera, But they would have all been signed as on a note.

contemporaneously as I could have managed. There was

1			an issue where things might have taken a short number	
2			of weeks to come to your attention because they were	
3			coming from Radiology or pathology, so there could	
4			potentially be a delay in terms of that, but my	
5			practice was to sign them off.	16:05
6				
7			Secondarily, ECR became available, pathology, radiology	
8			and the other laboratory speciality results were all	
9			available on ECR. So it's my practice daily to review	
10			results and to sign them off.	16:05
11				
12			In our department we've been doing that for a few	
13			years, and I mentioned earlier that there is a report	
14			regarding the radiology that is provided to us rag	
15			rating our timeliness.	16:06
16	286	Q.	So in terms of the safety nets that are in place in	
17			your practice, you use your secretary as a	
18			communication tool, do you, when	
19		Α.	So when it was paper format, yes, my secretary was key.	
20			Now that everything is electronic, they get signed off	16:06
21			electronically, and there are very few paper results	
22			come through anymore. My secretary though uses the	
23			DARO system. So that's a Discharge Awaiting Results	
24			Outcome. So any time I request a particular	
25			investigation from clinic, my secretary, when she's	16:06
26			typing the letter, or the audio typist, will record	
27			that as a DARO. So, CT six months, whatever, that will	
28			go on, and then we run a monthly DARO report. The DARO	
29			report is provided to me on a monthly basis of	

1			outstanding results, and I go through the DARO report	
2			each month, check what has and hasn't been done.	
3			Sometimes there'll be things that'll have already been	
4			actioned. That's fine. If there are things that	
5			haven't been actioned, I will take action on them.	16:07
6	287	Q.	Yes. And those safety nets are I suppose personal to	
7			your practice. DARO was a system, I suppose, supplied	
8			by the Trust and you use it.	
9		Α.	Yes.	
10	288	Q.	When results or reports of results are generated,	16:07
11			whether in pathology or on the film side as a result of	
12			CT scans or whatever, is there action at this date in	
13			time, is there action on their part to highlight	
14			unexpected results?	
15		Α.	Ehm	16:08
16	289	Q.	Or maybe not unexpected but untoward results.	
17		Α.	So the Radiology Department will send an email to the	
18			consultant, I think the secretaries are copied into it,	
19			and I have received these emails this week saying "This	
20			patient has had a scan. There is a significant	16:08
21			finding. Can you please review?" So I will log on.	
22			Now, to be honest, their email arrives after I've	
23			already actioned this. So I'll just write back to them	
24			and say "Thanks for letting me know. I've sorted it."	
25	290	Q.	Yes. I think we've heard word, or we are to hear word	16:08
26			from Mr. O'Donoghue, I know what he will say on this,	
27			but there is a system, and I think you've alluded to it	
28			already, where if there is a backlog in terms of you	
29			processing electronic sign off, you will get your	

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1
              monthly total and a polite "catch up please", is that
 2
              right?
 3
         Α.
              Yeah.
              It is automated, in other words?
 4
    291
         0.
 5
                      It is managed by our Head of Service.
         Α.
                                                                         16:09
              truthfully, we've been on top of things, so there
 6
 7
              really isn't a big issue here. There may be an issue
 8
              occasionally when people have taken leave and you
              return to a mountain of work to clear.
 9
10
    292
         Q.
              Yes.
                                                                         16:09
11
              And that will take you some time, naturally, but it
         Α.
12
              isn't an issue for us.
13
              We can point to cases, and we will hear from
    293
         Q.
14
              Mr. O'Brien in relation to his explanation for this,
              where he has delayed on actioning results. We know
15
                                                                         16:09
16
              that he seemed to be philosophically opposed to using
              DARO, and as we understand it didn't use it. Was his
17
18
              approach to the actioning of investigation and results
19
              something known to you?
20
              The email that you put up a few minutes ago from 2011,
         Α.
                                                                         16:10
              I had no knowledge of that email.
21
22
              No, of course not.
    294
         Q.
23
              So, ehm...
         Α.
              It's not -- don't worry, it's not a trick question.
24
    295
         Q.
25
              No, no, I know you're not trying to trick me, but what
         Α.
                                                                         16:10
              I am trying to recall is whether or not I had
26
27
              knowledge, and I think I said to you earlier today that
              I recall Mr. O'Brien saying that he would wait until
28
              results returned before he would do the episode of
29
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1			dictation. So what I took from that was that he might	
2			have seen somebody in clinic, he might have organised	
3			investigations, and he wouldn't have dictated the	
4			clinic letter or the result of the investigations until	
5			everything returned to him. So that was his practice.	16:10
6			It's certainly never been practice to do that, you	
7			know. If I have to do a few small extra letters to	
8			keep people appraised, that's what I'll do.	
9	296	Q.	It does raise the question that if there are outliers	
10			or people who depart from the expected norm, what is	16:11
11			the governance arrangement doing about it? Are there	
12			governance arrangements, first of all? And, if so, why	
13			aren't they being applied?	
14		Α.	I don't think there are robust governance arrangements	
15			around this issue. Nobody ever said to me "You've got	16:11
16			to do these results within this timeframe or there's a	
17			consequence."	
18	297	Q.	Do you feel the situation is, if not perfect, it's much	
19			safer now?	
20		Α.	Ehm	16:11
21	298	Q.	Or where are there residual gaps?	
22		Α.	Okay. Because of this Inquiry there has been a focus	
23			on our department. Our department is perhaps behaving	
24			now in a manner which is different from other	
25			departments throughout the Trust. I would suspect that	16:12
26			if you looked at a broader array of specialities, you	
27			may find that their house is less well in order than	
28			ours is now.	
29	299	Q.	In terms - and thank you for that. In terms of the	

1			systems that are now available, whether your personal	
2			approach to it, but supplemented by the apparatus	
3			supplied by the Trust, whether that's electronic sign	
4			off and followed up by an audit.	
5		Α.	Yeah.	16:12
6	300	Q.	Are there any residual gaps that you would be concerned	
7			about, where a practitioner who is less than	
8			enthusiastic about complying with this could still get	
9			away with it?	
10		Α.	There's a couple of supported bits of evidence for	16:13
11			this, Mr. Wolfe. First of all, just taking something	
12			off NIECR doesn't mean that you've actually taken	
13			appropriate action. That's the first thing.	
14				
15			The second thing is that I'm aware, I think it is from	16:13
16			the evidence bundle, that surgical secretaries across	
17			the Trust were asked how their consultants dealt with	
18			correspondence, and you saw in that answer a plethora	
19			of answers as to how people manage the system. So	
20			clearly not everybody is doing the same thing. Now	16:13
21			that may be a little bit historic, I can't put a date	
22			on that, but it's there in the evidence bundle. And	
23			there was a third thought that came to me. It's	
24			escaped, I'm sorry.	
25	301	Q.	Okay. Now, let me move to my third remaining issue,	16:13
26			and that's the whole area of private patients and how	
27			they were managed by practitioners within Urology	
28			Services. If they had a private practice the question	
29			raised, at least in the MHPS investigation as regards	

1	Mr. O'Brien was, was that private patient coming into	
2	the public health system, the Trust system, in an	
3	appropriate way? Let me start by putting on the screen	
4	some interventions raised by Mr. Haynes.	
5		16:14
6	If we go to TRU-274504, and bottom of the page, please.	
7	This is May '15. I needn't read all of this, but he	
8	says he's telling Mr. Young and Mrs. Corrigan that	
9	he's:	
10		16:14
11	"feeling increasingly uncomfortable discussing the	
12	urgent waiting list problem while we turn a blind eye	
13	to a colleague listing patients for surgery out of date	
14	order, usually having been reviewed in a Saturday	
15	non-NHS clinic.	16:15
16		
17	On the attached total urgent waiting list there are 89	
18	patients listed for an urgent TURP the majority of whom	
19	will have catheters in situ. They have been waiting	
20	for up to 92 weeks."	16:15
21		
22	And then he gives an example of a patient who was seen	
23	in a private clinic on a Saturday, 18th April, and his	
24	admission is arranged for just over a month later.	
25	"The immorality of this is astounding", he exclaims.	16:15
26		
27	If we then just scroll up the page, we have Mr. Young's	
28	response. He agrees with the sentiment, and he says he	
29	fully appreciates the questions raised and he feels the	

Т		need in November of that year to write again. So if we	
2		go to WIT-54106. And so six months further on he	
3		references an email on the 2nd June, and I'm not sure	
4		if that's a mistake, certainly we've looked at the May	
5		2015 email just now, and he says that he has:	16:16
6			
7		"once again come across examples of this behaviour	
8		conti nui ng. "	
9			
10		He says he has:	16:17
11			
12		"expressed my view on many occasions, immoral and	
13		unacceptabl e. "	
14			
15		And I needn't go any further. Were you aware of	16:17
16		Mr. Haynes' concern, or did you have your own concern	
17		about how Mr. O'Brien apparently was advantaging his	
18		private patients, or at least that's the allegation?	
19	Α.	So, I didn't have this concern and I wasn't party to	
20		this discussion. So I don't recall meeting any of	16:17
21		these patients. I was aware of what was expected of us	
22		from the Trust in terms of listing private patients for	
23		care in the NHS, and when I started private practice in	
24		the Trust, which was a couple of years after I was	
25		appointed as a consultant, we were permitted at that	16:18
26		time to admit private patients to the hospital, that	
27		was part of the contract. That situation changed	
28		probably within a year or so of me starting private	
29		practice, and the Trust took the position that they	

1			would not have any private practice of any sort,	
2			including laboratory investigations, radiology, within	
3			the Trust. So that led me personally to treat my	
4			private patients in a private hospital here in Belfast,	
5			and my private patients don't touch the Trust unless	16:18
6			the patient wishes to be referred back to NHS care, in	
7			which case I complete the necessary paperwork and they	
8			are listed accordingly.	
9	302	Q.	Yes. Yes. I'll just come back to that process bit in	
10			a moment.	16:19
11		Α.	Yeah.	
12	303	Q.	You've said to Dr. Chada, just bring it up, TRU-00776,	
13			and paragraph 39. So you recount that you were asked	
14			about Mr. O'Brien's private patients and if any had	
15			been seen faster than is in keeping with waiting list	16:19
16			times? And the way this is written, you advised that	
17			the question presumably, and that:	
18				
19			"I have no evidence of this. However, with the	
20			lookback exercise it does appear that some patients	16:19
21			have been seen sooner than anticipated given the	
22			Trust's waiting lists."	
23				
24		Α.	Yeah.	
25	304	Q.	Would you just help us understand what you're referring	16:20
26			to there?	
27		Α.	So that was in 2017, and we had been asked - you called	
28			it the "clean up", but lookback exercise is what I've	
29			termed it there.	

305 1 Q. Yes. 2 we had been asked to review cases, and I was aware from Α. 3 that process, I'm not sure if they were any of the cases that I reviewed, maybe my colleagues, that they 4 5 felt that some of the patients who they had reviewed 16:20 the notes for, there was evidence, or there was a --6 7 "evidence" perhaps is a strong word, because I've never 8 seen the evidence, but there was information that led them to believe that those patients had been seen 9 initially privately and then subsequently in the NHS, 10 16:20 11 and I can't put it any more stronger than that, because 12 I've never seen the evidence to support it. 13 Yes. Can I just put a few things in front of you and 306 Q. 14 if you can comment that would be helpful, if you can't 15 so be it. The MHPS process was triggered by a meeting 16:21 16 of the Oversight Committee, as it was called on the, top of my head, 22nd December 2016. At its triggering, 17 18 in the sense of that meeting, there was no interest or 19 no expressed interest in private patient issue. 20 came several days later then when Mr. Haynes intervened 16:21 and drew the Oversight Committee's attention to one or 21 22 other of the emails that I've just outlined to you. we also know that for the purposes of the investigation 23 24 conducted by Dr. Chada, Mr. Young, on the face of it, 25 prepared a report setting out the treatment of a number 16:21 of patients, I think it's nine off the top of my head, 26 27 who had been private patients but were then treated within the Trust, all Mr. O'Brien's. So I want to ask 28 29 you this: When you got your instructions to do the

1			lookback, we've talked already about dictation cases	
2			and triage cases, was it part of the work of you and	
3			your colleagues to look out for cases that appeared to	
4			have been advantaged by dint of their private origin?	
5		Α.	Not that I recall. I don't recall being given that	16:22
6			instruction and I don't recall that being a feature	
7			that we were to look out for.	
8	307	Q.	Yes. But it does appear to be your evidence, in the	
9			light of what you've said there, that as part of that	
10			lookback exercise, it did emerge from your	16:22
11		Α.	Yeah.	
12	308	Q.	And you've added to it this afternoon, through your	
13			colleague, and not necessarily through you?	
14		Α.	Yeah, that's my recollection of it. I don't recall	
15			finding evidence of this.	16:23
16	309	Q.	Yea. And what you're also saying is that although	
17			Mr. Haynes is raising these issues with Mr. Young by	
18			email, you don't have any recollection of that issue	
19			being taken out and put on the agenda to be discussed	
20			with Mr. O'Brien as part of your weekly or monthly team	16:23
21			meetings?	
22		Α.	I don't recall it ever being discussed at a team	
23			meeting, a departmental meeting. Whether Mr. Haynes	
24			and I had an informal discussion at some point, we may	
25			have had. I don't recall it.	16:23
26	310	Q.	And it's not something, self-evidently it's not	
27			something you took up with Mr. O'Brien?	
28		Α.	No.	
29	311	Q.	Just in terms of the process. Obviously you've a	

1			private practice. You've told us that you've started a	
2			private practice about a year in to	
3		Α.	No, it was probably two to three years after I	
4			commenced as a consultant.	
5	312	Q.	Yes. And initially it was at least in part bringing	16:24
6			private patients into Craigavon for convenience. Or	
7			Newry?	
8		Α.	Yeah. So, yeah, there would have been the occasional	
9			TURP, straightforward things like circumcisions, but it	
10			was within about a year of that that, I think it was	16:24
11			Dr. Simpson largely made the decision that the Trust	
12			wouldn't be delivering private care at all, so that	
13			meant that everything went elsewhere.	
14	313	Q.	Yes. There was in place, there remains in place a	
15			Trust transfer from. I think it's origin was in the	16:24
16			first decade of the millennium, somewhere around	
17			2008/2009, at least in terms of the Department writing	
18			one up. We can look briefly at the 2016 version, which	
19			may or may not be the current iteration. It's	
20			TRU-267692. Help us with this. Are there	16:25
21			circumstances in your current or recent practice where	
22			you would see the need to complete one of these forms?	
23		Α.	Every time a patient wants to transfer from my private	
24			practice to the NHS, I complete one of these forms.	
25			The form is emailed to the Trust. It goes to the	16:25
26			paying patient's office. I copy it to my secretary. I	
27			think in very recent times there has been another	
28			address that I've had to add to that, actually it's the	
29			referral and booking centre, and if the patient	

1			happened to be a suspected cancer, I would copy in the	
2			red flag booking team.	
3				
4			Now, this form has in the past few months been replaced	
5			with an on-line version, which is a lot more detailed	16:26
6			and captures a lot more governance type information,	
7			and has been met with a lot of resistance from my	
8			colleagues because of the amount of time that it takes	
9			to complete.	
10	314	Q.	Very well. So to what extent, and maybe this is an	16:26
11			unknowable, but to what extent do you think the process	
12			that goes with moving a private patient into the NHS is	
13			well understood by your colleagues, and enforced by the	
14			powers that be?	
15		Α.	So I can't answer their understanding. Some of my	16:26
16			colleagues don't do any private practice, so I would	
17			suggest they probably have little or no understanding	
18			of this. The enforcement, again I don't know. All I	
19			can tell you is that I adhere to this process.	
20	315	Q.	Okay. If you're complying you're not going to get a	16:27
21			knock on the door.	
22		Α.	Yeah.	
23	316	Q.	Yeah. Now, just finally, this is the final point.	
24			Mr. O'Brien retired reluctantly in July 2020, his plan	
25			having been to retire and to return on a part-time	16:27
26			locum basis, as I understand it, or perhaps there is	
27			some contractual expectation on his part. In any	
28			event, the short form is he intended to retire and	
29			return?	

1		Α.	Less than full-time, yeah.	
2	317	Q.	Yes. He was told by a combination of Mr. Haynes and	
3			Mr. Carroll in the early days of June 2020 that that	
4			would not be possible, and in explaining how he had	
5			reached this view or how this decision had been	16:28
6			reached, Mr. Haynes explained to the Inquiry that he	
7			had sought the views of colleagues, including his	
8			consultant colleagues, as to - I used the word	
9			"wisdom", he may have used other words in relation to	
10			Mr. O'Brien coming back. Is that an area or a subject	16:28
11			that was discussed with you, whether through Mr. Haynes	
12			or through anyone else?	
13		Α.	So it was only discussed with Mr. Haynes. Perhaps the	
14			way I would describe it is a sounding out, and he	
15			informally sought my view. I didn't have any	16:29
16			managerial responsibility. I made that very clear. I	
17			wasn't going to be a decision-maker in that process,	
18			and he sought my opinion as to what I thought.	
19	318	Q.	Yes. And that was at what time, can you recall?	
20		Α.	I think it would have been the spring of 2020.	16:29
21	319	Q.	And what view did you express to him?	
22		Α.	well clearly by that time a lot of what we now know had	
23			transpired, and I had concerns that if Mr. O'Brien	
24			returned to work that he would continue to practise in	
25			the way that he had been practising, and I felt that	16:29
26			that for us as a team was going to be a risk going	
27			forward, and my blunt view was that it would be better	
28			if he didn't come back to work because we would then	
29			have, you know, a clean slate, and we could move	

1		forward.	
2		MR. WOLFE: Okay. Thank you for that. And thank you	
3		for your evidence over the past two and a half, three	
4		days, and I'll leave you to the Panel's questions.	
5		CHAIR: Unfortunately, Mr. Glackin, we can't release	16:30
6		you just yet. There's some questions from each of us.	
7		So, first of all Mr. Hanbury will have some questions	
8		for you.	
9			
10		QUESTI ONED BY MR. HANBURY	16:30
11			
12		MR. HANBURY: Thanks very much for your evidence. I'm	
13		just going to bounce around a bit, mainly clinical	
14		things, so hopefully not too taxing.	
15			16:30
16		A couple of things on MDT. First of all the quoracy.	
17		When sitting up MDTs/MDMs it is quite difficult, and	
18		often you have to go around the availabilities of	
19		people who are not always available. You had	
20		particular problems with the radiology and the	16:31
21		oncology, especially did you or did any of your	
22		colleagues ask Dr. Williams or the radiologists whether	
23		there were better sessions that they could do and be	
24		prepared to maybe be flexible in terms of scheduling?	
25	Α.	I don't recall that ever being discussed, changing the	16:31
26		date, for a couple of reasons. Everybody else's	
27		timetable matched up. The regional urology meeting	
28		also took place at the same time in Belfast, and that	
29		allowed us as a team to be sure that we could link in	

1			with the specialist MDTs that took place. So I don't	
2			recall it ever being proposed in our own department	
3			that we would change from Thursday afternoon.	
4	320	Q.	Okay. Thank you. Just moving onto the adrenal case,	
5			the one that should have had a referral and didn't.	16:31
6			I'm just trying to get under the skin of that a bit.	
7			Was there I mean obviously the patient was discussed	
8			and usually there was a results clinic or arrangement	
9			that you or the responsible urologist would see the	
10			patient within a couple of weeks. I mean why was that	16:32
11			not proposed in that situation, to explain to the	
12			patient?	
13		Α.	I'm not sure. You know your expectation after the MDM	
14			would be that the consultants would review all of the	
15			outcomes and see and organise to see all the	16:32
16			patients that needed to be seen. So I'm not sure why	
17			that didn't happen.	
18	321	Q.	But the outcome there was just a referral letter to the	
19			endocrinologist.	
20		Α.	Yeah.	16:32
21	322	Q.	Which is slightly unusual. I mean we see, as	
22			urologists we see a lot of adrenal lesions, I guess.	
23		Α.	Yeah.	
24	323	Q.	And just on a broader subject, do you have an adrenal	
25			MDM with the endocrinologists?	16:32
26		Α.	Yeah.	
27	324	Q.	How do you deal with that?	
28		Α.	There is a specialist endocrine surgery based in the	
29			Belfast Trust, and there is an endocrine MDT in the	

1			Belfast Trust. So those patients are referred to that	
2			surgeon for discussion at the specialist MDT. Well, it	
3			may not be termed specialist MDT, it is endocrine MDT	
4			in Belfast Trust.	
5	325	Q.	And that was where?	16:33
6		Α.	That's where the patient was sent to.	
7	326	Q.	They were referred.	
8		Α.	Yes.	
9	327	Q.	And is the expectation they'll have their biochemical	
10			investigations done upfront by you?	16:33
11		Α.	So often in parallel we will involve the local	
12			endocrinologist in our own Trust to do the biochemical	
13			workup, but nonetheless they would be referred to	
14			Dr. Eatock who is specialist endocrine surgery.	
15	328	Q.	Okay. Thank you. So moving on to urologist of the	16:33
16			week, sort of interested in sort of work practices	
17			there. I think it was Mr. O'Donoghue who said that you	
18			regularly did a one in seven, but he seemed and	
19			recruitment has obviously been a problem with varying	
20			numbers. Is that the case - maybe I should ask him -	16:33
21			but if there were say six of you in town, would you not	
22			do a prospective cover?	
23		Α.	So we're funded for one in seven, and on that basis we	
24			run a one in seven rota, but what that means is when	
25			we're short of staff that we have to run what we call	16:34
26			locum weeks, and that means one or more of us stepping	
27			out of our elective activity to cover that week. So	
28			that, if you like, there may be two blank weeks in the	
29			seven week span, and between us we have to cross cover	

1			those.	
2	329	Q.	So that means actually you lose more elective activity	
3			because of that?	
4		Α.	Exactly. Exactly.	
5	330	Q.	Which obviously and is there cross-filling of	16:34
6			operating lists in that scenario?	
7		Α.	So as you know, we don't have enough operating lists.	
8			So there's always a willing party to take your	
9			operating list.	
10	331	Q.	Okay. Thank you. A lot of comments about how busy	16:34
11			urologists of the week are, and obviously there are	
12			different models which are used all over England and	
13			Northern Ireland. I was interested that despite that	
14			you saw the elective cases on the ward as well?	
15		Α.	Yeah.	16:35
16	332	Q.	Might it have been reasonable to say maybe drop those	
17			and just do the emergencies?	
18		Α.	So there are variances of opinion as to how we should	
19			do that, and one of the reasons that we have persisted	
20			with a single urologist of the week looking after the	16:35
21			post-operative elective cases plus the emergency cases,	
22			is that not everybody is on site everyday. So there	
23			are times, for instance, when I may not be on the	
24			Craigavon site for three, four, or five days at a time,	
25			and in that circumstance I cannot see my post-operative	16:35
26			patients. So it wasn't felt to be safe to leave things	
27			to the vagaries of the SPR unsupervised, particularly	
28			when some of the SPRs are quite junior.	
29	333	0.	So is that a particular feature of your work balance?	

1		Α.	Yeah. Yeah.	
2	334	Q.	Average lists. On the same line, and maybe you've	
3			partly answered this already, I was interested that the	
4			on your job plans the urologist of the week just	
5			went on from 9:00 to 5:00. But it's true, is it, that	16:36
6			you always did the nights on-call seven nights in a	
7			row, is that right?	
8		Α.	So we haven't always done seven nights in a row. There	
9			was a period when Mark Haynes and I shared our weeks,	
10			week nights. So, for instance, if I started on the	16:36
11			Thursday, I would have done Thursday, Friday, Saturday,	
12			Sunday. He would have done Monday and Tuesday, I would	
13			have had a break, and I would have done Wednesday to	
14			finish the week, and the reciprocal is true then on his	
15			week. So we did that to try and give ourselves a bit	16:36
16			of a break, that you weren't on seven nights in a row.	
17			Unfortunately we've drifted back to seven nights in a	
18			row, largely because, the same reason, we don't all	
19			work on the same site. As I'm sure you're aware,	
20			Mr. Haynes is employed for part of the week by the	16:36
21			Belfast Trust, and for other reasons he hasn't been	
22			able to deliver that, so it has slipped back.	
23	335	Q.	But if you did a day each like a rota, that might be a	
24			good deal less onerous?	
25		Α.	Yeah, it might be, but then there's the continuity	16:37
26			issue and, you know, the other thing is, it is not that	
27			frequent that we're in late night, and after midnight	
28			is a rarity. So, you know, swings and roundabouts.	
29	336	Q.	It works for you. Okay. Just one last thing on the	

1			urologist of the week. Weekend ward rounds, you	
2			commented once that there was variable takeup. Any	
3			comment on that?	
4		Α.	Yeah. I mean I can't really account for what my	
5			consultant colleagues do at the weekend. I come in on	16:37
6			a Saturday morning invariably and go round with the	
7			registrar. Depending on the experience of that	
8			registrar I may or may not come in on a Sunday morning.	
9			We have a person who is working with us at the moment	
10			who is post FRCS, he is about to become a consultant,	16:38
11			he's very capable of doing a ward round.	
12	337	Q.	So, adaptable. Just one question on waiting lists.	
13			With your attachments you produced, I think it was from	
14			back in 2013, so obviously ten years ago, where I think	
15			you were sent an Excel spreadsheet of all the patients	16:38
16			waiting to come in, all the way from endoscopy, day	
17			surgery, with the varying consultants, all the lists of	
18			various urgency. I mean that is a huge thing, and I	
19			presume you'd have to look at that every I mean your	
20			that's quite an unusual thing. Has that changed now	16:38
21			completely?	
22		Α.	What's unusual?	
23	338	Q.	Being sent 800 patients a week to look at on an Excel	
24			spreadsheet to chose your patients, which is what you	
25			said you do?	16:38
26		Α.	So I sought access to business objects so that I could	
27			understand how many people were on the waiting list,	
28			and that allows me to download the entirety of the	
29			waiting lists, both planned and elective. Then that,	

1			you know, I've got very adept at filtering it and	
2			working out what's what on the waiting list. I am	
3			probably the only person in our department who does	
4			that. The others will rely on their secretary or	
5			somebody else to provide them with their waiting lists,	16:39
6			their individual waiting lists. But I find it a	
7			helpful exercise because, particularly as a team when	
8			we're trying to deliver timely cancer care, I can pick	
9			out from the entire waiting list where cancer patients	
10			haven't been offered a date, and when you've had a lot	16:39
11			of locums coming through the Department things get	
12			missed if you don't do that. So it means that I can	
13			colour code everything on the list and easily pick out	
14			who needs to be called and arrange a date for them. So	
15			I find that useful.	16:39
16	339	Q.	You've clearly got good IT skills. I mean not all	
17			urologists would have. I mean is there not an argument	
18			to have someone, an expert in waiting list management	
19			to help?	
20		Α.	So we've employed a scheduler in the last few months.	16:40
21			This is something we've been agitating for for a long	
22			time, and it will be the role of the scheduler to do	
23			exactly what I've described. That person will need	
24			some support and training, and I'm more than happy to	
25			help and provide that, and I've met with the scheduler	16:40
26			in the past two weeks to sketch that out.	
27	340	Q.	Okay. Thank you. So that's moving. Okay. I've just	
28			got a few questions on the subject of small renal	
29			masses and partial nephrectomy particularly.	

1		Α.	Yeah.	
2	341	Q.	You have a laparoscopic interest, so you do	
3			laparoscopic partials as well as radical	
4		Α.	So I did in the past. There was I mentioned earlier	
5			that there was a period in Belfast where one of their	16:40
6			surgeons left and went on sabbatical, and that	
7			sabbatical lasted five years. That person was the main	
8			person providing partial nephrectomy service. In	
9			keeping with IOG, as you know, those services should be	
10			centralised to a specialist unit. But when that person	16:41
11			left, we were then in the position where there was	
12			nobody in Belfast to provide that service. Mark Haynes	
13			and I are both trained in that procedure, as was	
14			another surgery in Altnagelvin, so it meant that those	
15			patients had to have that surgery in those units during	16:41
16			that period of time.	
17				
18			More recently, one of our trainees finished training	
19			and he went and did a fellowship in renal surgery at	
20			the Royal Free, and when he returned and was appointed	16:41
21			in Belfast, all that work has returned to Belfast, in	
22			keeping with guidance.	
23	342	Q.	Thank you. When did your colleague go on a five year	
24			sabbatical?	
25		Α.	I'm not quite sure of the dates.	16:41
26	343	Q.	It is just interesting	
27		Α.	It would have been the mid 2015 type period.	
28	344	Q.	Right. So he or she was there pre-2015?	
29		Α.	Yes. They're a similar vintage to me and they would	

1			have been a consultant in Belfast for perhaps two to	
2			three years before they went on sabbatical.	
3	345	Q.	Right. So the only thing I've picked up on was the	
4			peer review team picked up around about 2015 that the	
5			centralization wasn't happening?	16:42
6		Α.	Yeah, and that's the explanation.	
7	346	Q.	And NICAN sort of hadn't agreed, and I just wanted your	
8			comments about that?	
9		Α.	Yeah, that's the explanation.	
10	347	Q.	It was a personnel problem?	16:42
11		Α.	That person left the employment of Belfast Trust on a	
12			sabbatical.	
13	348	Q.	Okay. So currently no partial nephrectomies are	
14			happening in Craigavon anymore?	
15		Α.	They all go to Belfast. They are discussed at what's	16:42
16			known as the small renal mass meeting. It's a kind of	
17			a side-shoot of the specialist MDT in Belfast.	
18	349	Q.	And they offer ablation treatment as well?	
19		Α.	They offer ablation, they offer surgery robotically	
20			now, and if they feel that the patient needs radical	16:42
21			nephrectomy rather than a partial, they come back to	
22			me.	
23	350	Q.	Okay. So you're now effectively compliant with the	
24			original IOG?	
25		Α.	I suppose we are.	16:43
26	351	Q.	But it has taken a while to get there.	
27		Α.	The only other fly in the ointment, Mr. Hanbury, is the	
28			fact that Belfast Trust does not have capacity to	
29			deliver these things in a timely manner, and the number	

1			of patients for several years have been going to the	
2			Mater Private in Dublin, funded by the Health Service	
3			here.	
4	352	Q.	Okay. Done by specialists?	
5		Α.	My colleagues in Dublin are excellent. I'm not going	16:43
6			to say otherwise!	
7	353	Q.	I suppose the last thing. We saw Mr. Suresh yesterday	
8			and there was the question about and obviously this	
9			was 2016, and you've explained why things have changed,	
10			and that's good. I mean modern urology, people	16:43
11			specialised in endourology or open surgery, and it is	
12			quite common for people to be on-call and not have open	
13			nephrectomy skills. I mean it seemed as though there	
14			was some awkwardness there, and if you're doing partial	
15			nephrectomies did you have backup, I guess, is my	16:44
16			question really?	
17		Α.	Yeah. So, at the time that we were delivering partial	
18			nephrectomies in Craigavon, both Mark Haynes and I had	
19			the skills to do that. We also had the support of	
20			Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Young, both experienced consultants	16:44
21			with a long experience of doing open complex urology.	
22			So, that being said, we recognised that there were	
23			difficulties with us delivering that service in	
24			Craigavon, and one of the key difficulties that we all	
25			had concern about was the absence of 24/7	16:44
26			interventional radiology on the Craigavon site. That's	
27			fixed now because they go to the Belfast Trust and they	
28			have a 24/7 service.	
29	354	Q.	Okay. But when Mr. Suresh got into that difficulty, I	

1			mean there was presumably an arrangement between the	
2			nephrectomy competent colleagues of yours to cover that	
3				
4		Α.	Yes. There was a second tier on-call.	
5			MR. HANBURY: Okay. Thank you very much.	16:45
6			CHAIR: Dr. Swart. Thank you.	
7				
8			QUESTI ONED BY DR. SWART	
9				
10			DR. SWART: So you've had a lot of detailed questions	16:45
11			about things that have happened. I'm quite interested	
12			in your observation of what you actually thought of the	
13			medical management and leadership structure at the	
14			time, if we talk to '16/'17 this was all a big issue.	
15			How well did that work? How well did it not work? Do	16:45
16			you have any thoughts as to what the problems were	
17			there in terms of how it interacted with you as a	
18			practicing clinician or any other thoughts, because you	
19			haven't had a formal medical management role, and	
20			you've referred to that a few times? So what do you	16:45
21			think about it all?	
22		Α.	So, Mr. McNaboe approached me on the corridor one day,	
23			and he had recently been elevated to AMD, and he said	
24			to me "Do you want to be CD of Urology?" It was a	
25			short conversation.	16:46
26	355	Q.	Yes.	
27		Α.	No, thank you.	
28	356	Q.	why?	
29		Α.	Because I don't feel that the people who are taking up	

1			those roles are adequately supported and resourced to	
2			deliver them, and you'd be set up to fail.	
3	357	Q.	Do you think that's the main problem, that they don't	
4			have the time, the expertise, the training, the support	
5			to do it, or is there something else behind this? I	16:46
6			mean you talk about back channel communication. We've	
7			heard it from other people about various things:	
8			hierarchy, silos, secrecy, fear, mistrust. These are	
9			not good words, and nobody in these roles would set out	
10			to be like that, I'm quite sure. So what do you think	16:46
11			the problem was? And while you're answering that, have	
12			there been attempts to improve on it, do you think, or	
13			how does it feel from a practising clinician point of	
14			view?	
15		Α.	I don't think the people who are asked to take on those	16:46
16			roles are provided with adequate training and support.	
17			I don't think they have enough time in their week to	
18			deliver that workload. It's not really something that	
19			I have ever aspired to be.	
20	358	Q.	I can see that.	16:47
21		Α.	Yeah.	
22	359	Q.	You must have a feeling that it's not working well, or	
23			that it's not rewarded well enough, or it's not worth	
24			it, in terms of the value you can add. If you don't	
25			know	16:47
26		Α.	I don't have anything further to add on that.	
27	360	Q.	So when you met at the beginning of January 2017 as a	
28			team, and you were told about the exclusion of Aidan	
29			O'Brien, and you describe the shock you had at that	

29

1			meeting, and I can well understand that. What were you	
2			told as a team about who you could talk to about it and	
3			where you could get support with the Department and so	
4			on? Who dealt with that with you?	
5		Α.	Nobody.	16:48
6	361	Q.	Who do you think should have, apart from you wanted a	
7			senior medical presence there, which I understand, but	
8			you know, who did you regard as your first medical	
9			manager go-to person for something like this? Because	
10			this is a huge deal for a department.	16:48
11		Α.	Yes, I agree. I think the first port of call should	
12			have been the CD.	
13	362	Q.	So did you feel you could go to your CD?	
14		Α.	No, the CD was in the middle of the issue, and that	
15			wasn't offered? It wasn't. Neither were any other	16:48
16			support services within the Trust offered. I've had a	
17			subsequent experience, not a pleasant experience, where	
18			I was sign posted by Dr. O'Kane, as it happened, to	
19			psychology. It was an unrelated thing to what's going	
20			on in this Inquiry. And that was useful, probably	16:48
21			would have been useful back in 2017. But there wasn't	
22			any support put in place for us as a team.	
23	363	Q.	Did you feel you could talk to the other members of the	
24			team about it or did you feel it was all totally	
25			secret?	16:49
26		Α.	We would have had chats informally amongst ourselves as	
27			to how we were going to organise things and get on with	
28			sorting things out. There wasn't really any safe space	
29			created for us to vent, because I think some of us	

1			probably needed to vent.	
2	364	Q.	As it went through, I mean this unfolded and, as you	
3			know, it all took a very long time to sort out. Did	
4			anybody update you as a team? Did they bring you back	
5			together and say "This is what's happening now", or did	16:49
6			they bring you together with Aidan O'Brien in any way?	
7		Α.	No.	
8	365	Q.	No. Did you feel you could go and talk to him about	
9			it?	
10		Α.	No, I felt that was very difficult. The period of 2017	16:49
11			was extremely difficult, and perhaps a few years later	
12			he would have come to me to talk about clinical matters	
13			and he would have sought my opinion about cases. But,	
14			again, I felt there was a really big barrier to us	
15			discussing other things.	16:50
16	366	Q.	Related is the issue of, you start to look at his, the	
17			list of patients and you find all this problem with	
18			dictation. That wasn't you tell Martina Corrigan.	
19			Why didn't you go to your clinical director about that	
20			or maybe even the medical director? I mean it is a big	16:50
21			basic duty of a doctor, isn't it? Did that not occur	
22			to you, or did you think that Martina would deal with	
23			it? What was in your head?	
24		Α.	So what's in my head was that they were basically	
25			absent, the clinical managers. We had no day-to-day	16:50
26			contact with them whatsoever. So I had no inkling that	
27			they were even there to be spoken to.	
28	367	Q.	So they didn't seek you out regularly to say "So,	
29			Urology, how are you doing? What are your strategic	

1			plans for the future? Shall we have a planning	
2			session?" They didn't do things like that with you?	
3		Α.	Never.	
4	368	Q.	Right. So on the subject of serious incidents. This	
5			is something where I think often medical management and	16:51
6			operational management and clinical governance sort of	
7			gel quite well. How clear was that whole structure to	
8			you before you started doing these investigations, and	
9			even when you were doing it, were you clear who was	
10			overseeing it? Were you clear what the role of the	16:51
11			Board was? Did you know exactly what was going to	
12			happen when the report was issued?	
13		Α.	I had no clarity at the beginning. I read the document	
14			that the Trust had created for how to conduct the	
15			process, and that is the limit of my understanding when	16:51
16			I began them.	
17	369	Q.	Just last small thing. We heard from Mr. Suresh about	
18			antibiotic audits, and there was a table produced which	
19			on the face of it seemed to indicate that I think the	
20			pharmacy must have done an audit and the indications	16:52
21			for the treatment weren't clear, and the antibiotics	
22			weren't the right one, roughly. Did somebody did	
23			you have an ongoing conversation with microbiology	
24			about this? He wasn't quite sure where it was	
25			discussed. Did someone come to you and explain why	16:52
26			they had made those judgments? Did you have anything	
27			like that?	
28		Α.	So my recollection of those graphs being provided was	
29			that that information was collected by a ward based	

1			pharmacist on review of in-patient drug Kardexes.	
2	370	Q.	Okay.	
3		Α.	And as you can see from the graphs, there were very few	
4			numbers of patients included in the sample. So,	
5			therefore, you know, you might have two patients under	16:53
6			your care and if one of them doesn't meet you're 50% in	
7			the wrong. Now, subsequently that information would	
8			have come to the patient safety meeting in a slightly	
9			different format. But I think at that time the whole	
10			antibiotic stewardship thing was just getting off the	16:53
11			ground and this was an attempt by the pharmacy	
12			department to improve day-to-day prescribing on the	
13			wards.	
14	371	Q.	Has the Trust made I mean you will have had a lot of	
15			attention on urology as a result of this Inquiry, and I	16:53
16			am sure that's been extraordinarily difficult. Has the	
17			Trust changed anything fundamentally in terms of	
18			medical management generally or anything else that has	
19			really hit you as this indicates a new approach?	
20		Α.	I don't think so, really.	16:53
21			DR. SWART: That's all from me.	
22				
23			QUESTI ONED BY THE CHAIR	
24				
25			CHAIR: Thank you, Dr. Swart. I've several questions,	16:54
26			some of which I had written down and I think it is more	
27			for clarification for me, rather than anything.	
28				
29			One of your comments was about team meetings, that they	

1			weren't achieving anything, people didn't turn up. Why	
2			did you not give up?	
3		Α.	Right. So Mr. Young was the lead clinician and he was	
4			the person Chairing most of the meetings, and I have a	
5			great regard for Mr. Young. I also thought it was	16:54
6			important that we continued this activity. I felt it	
7			was necessary for the good running of the Department.	
8			So, invariably, if I was at work on a Thursday, I'd go	
9			to the meeting.	
10	372	Q.	And given that you did feel that they were important,	16:54
11			I'm just wondering then did you do anything to	
12			encourage the others to attend?	
13		Α.	Yeah. "Why aren't you here?", by phone, by text, in	
14			person.	
15	373	Q.	And what kind of response did you get?	16:55
16		Α.	"I'm doing this", or "I'm doing that", or "I'm off site	
17			today."	
18	374	Q.	So it was really that they were busy doing other things	
19			rather than going to these important meetings, or do	
20			you think there was a lack of enthusiasm?	16:55
21		Α.	I suppose you can ask them, but from my perspective I	
22			think they chose to do other activity. They	
23			prioritised other activity.	
24	375	Q.	Okay. I get the impression from the totality of your	
25			evidence that, well, you did actually say that there	16:55
26			wasn't a collegiate way of working. Has that improved?	
27		Α.	Yes, I think it has, and I think in particular at the	
28			MDT it has improved, but I think it's also improved	
29			within the consultant body, the junior doctor body, and	

1			the nurse specialists that we work with. I think the	
2			atmosphere in the Department is better than it was	
3			before. So, I think we're in a better place as a team	
4			now than we were two years ago.	
5	376	Q.	And if you had to say why that was, I mean obviously	16:56
6			this Inquiry being set up, all of the attendant SAIs	
7			and everything, I'm sure, as Dr. Swart has said, was	
8			very traumatic for the team. Is that sort of out of	
9			adversity comes improvement, or what would you say?	
10		Α.	I think, you know, many of the things that have been	16:56
11			identified correctly by others, to give them their	
12			credit, Dr. Hughes, others, we've taken that on board	
13			and we've implemented the changes and we realise, as a	
14			team, that we're in a safer, better environment than we	
15			were before. So that gives us all a sense of	16:56
16			achievement in terms of we've turned things around.	
17			But also we realise that we're all in it together,	
18			we're all pulling in the same direction. And I think	
19			that's what has allowed us to move on.	
20	377	Q.	Just coming back to the SAIs, you were involved in some	16:57
21			yourself, and one of the things that has been discussed	
22			when we have been discussing SAIs in the Inquiry, was	
23			whether or not it is appropriate to have external teams	
24			to come in. They're obviously a time intensive	
25			procedure. I'm just curious to know what your own view	16:57
26			is, having been involved in them yourself?	
27		Α.	So I don't think you necessarily need people from	
28			outside the Trust. I think that if the Trust staffed	
29			SAIs with people who had adequate time in their job	

1			plan to deliver that, then it could be delivered from	
2			within the Trust. But if the Trust hasn't got that	
3			resource, or cannot develop that resource, then they	
4			may well have to go outside the Trust.	
5	378	Q.	And one of the things that Mr. Suresh talked about	16:57
6			yesterday, and I think he had emailed you and you said	
7			"bring this up at the meeting", was about having a	
8			stent registry, and he said that he recalls it being	
9			discussed and you recall that there was a lack of	
10			consensus about stent removal. Can you explain a bit	16:58
11			more about why that was?	
12		Α.	Yeah. To be quite straight about it, everybody was	
13			doing their own thing. There was no system within the	
14			Trust that the Trust had supplied or recommended that	
15			we should be using. So each person was keeping their	16:58
16			own record, however that was done, whether that was	
17			paper based, electronic, or whatever, and applying	
18			their own standard to management of that. That has	
19			changed more recently, but it is still regrettably	
20			always going to be an issue in urology. We had a	16:58
21			patient safety meeting yesterday and this same issue	
22			came up.	
23	379	Q.	Just checking my notes here, if you bear with me. I	
24			mean following on from that, you're talking about	
25			differences in practice. Do you think that that was,	16:59
26			that that has changed much? I mean you're saying the	
27			stent issue maybe less so, but I'm just wondering, as a	
28			result of all of this do you feel now that people are	
29			looking, are more open to listening to other people's	

1			viewpoint, if I can put it that way, about what is best	
2			for patients?	
3		Α.	I think most of us in what we do every day try to do	
4			the best for the patients in front of us, I think	
5			that's why we're in the job. But as a consultant,	16:59
6			you're trained to think independently and to manage all	
7			of the information that comes your way and to make, you	
8			know, a rational balanced decision on care for a	
9			patient, together with the patient. So there will	
LO			always be differences in style and differences in	16:59
L1			opinion. But I think if you're talking about do we all	
L2			try to adhere to preoperative assessment and things	
L3			like that, yeah, I think we do.	
L4	380	Q.	Well I'm thinking more of the movement towards, I mean	
L5			certainly in cancer care the movement has really been	17:00
L6			towards multi-disciplinary practice rather than	
L7			individual practice, and I'm wondering is there now	
L8			more of that across the in board in the Department or	
L9			not?	
20		Α.	I don't quite share the view that was expressed by	17:00
21			Dr. Hughes that it is a team who is responsible for the	
22			patient. That's not true. That doesn't fly in	
23			reality. There's a named consultant. So whilst we all	
24			participate in the meeting for the benefit of the	
25			patients, there is somebody's name over the bed, there	17:00
26			is somebody's name over the clinic, you take	
27			responsibility. So I think we work together to ensure	
28			that that's as safe for the patients as it can be, but	
29			at the end of the day the patient is meeting with an	

1			individual consultant and they will have that	
2			discussion on a one-to-one basis.	
3	381	Q.	Just say, for example, there's a patient who you're not	
4			quite certain as to how you might treat this patient.	
5		Α.	Yes.	17:01
6	382	Q.	Do I take it you pick up the phone and you speak to	
7			somebody?	
8		Α.	It's entirely appropriate to bring that to an MDT type	
9			scenario. It is just a pity on the benign side there	
10			really isn't that kind of forum, because those patients	17:01
11			can be just as difficult to manage as the cancer	
12			patients, and in many respects will are fewer	
13			guidelines for those patients that there are for the	
14			cancer patients.	
15	383	Q.	But I'm just wondering, are those the kind of cases	17:01
16			that you might discuss at the departmental meeting, for	
17			example, or is that not really	
18		Α.	The departmental meeting, no, it wouldn't be	
19			appropriate for that agenda, but it would be something	
20			that we could certainly discuss as consultants, and I	17:01
21			would not infrequently refer patients, for instance, to	
22			Mr. O'Donoghue, who has an interest in functional	
23			urology, and has expertise, and I would seek his	
24			opinion. I have referred several patients to a	
25			colleague in Altnagelvin who has a similar interest,	17:02
26			for neurological conditions, for SNS. So, you know,	
27			there's no difficulty in referring and seeking expert	
28			opinion for patients.	
29	384	0.	So I suppose the corollary of that is that you	

1			described Mr. O'Brien holding on to his patients. Was	
2			he the only one to do that or was that a common	
3			practice in the past that has mow changed?	
4		Α.	We grew up in a different era, a different training. I	
5			think many urologists who were trained in a previous	17:02
6			era would have delivered the entirety of urology in	
7			their practice, and that has changed over time. The	
8			sub-specialisation that Mr. Hanbury referred to has	
9			become increasingly common, but there are downsides to	
10			that too.	17:02
11	385	Q.	If what you have described, you described the	
12			meeting where you discussed triage and you thought that	
13			that had been recorded, but we certainly have not seen	
14			a transcript of that meeting. But it was clear that	
15			Mr. O'Brien, from what you've told us, had no intention	17:03
16			of changing his working practices. Is that your view?	
17		Α.	Mr. O'Brien was very difficult to dissuade from his	
18			position on many issues, and that would have been an	
19			experience that I think many of us would have observed.	
20			If you were going to argue the toss with Mr. O'Brien	17:03
21			about something, he would be well fit to have that	
22			discussion with you for a long period of time.	
23	386	Q.	And is that part of what Mr. Haynes described as a	
24			challenge to challenge then?	
25		Α.	That's the way Mr. Haynes termed it, but I would	17:03
26			recognise that aspect of his personality.	
27	387	Q.	So recognising that aspect of his personality, would it	
28			be fair then to say that if someone has challenged him	
29			and had to be well fit to get a lengthy discussion	

1			about the issue, that after a while they might just	
2			give up?	
3		Α.	You might be exhausted by it.	
4	388	Q.	Just checking. Yes. The 2015 figures that we saw I	
5			think earlier today about the 48% of the clinical nurse	17:04
6			specialists, I just wondered, urology being so much	
7			less having so many fewer clinical nurse specialists or	
8			key workers assigned to their patients, I just wondered	
9			what did the Department do when that figure was	
10			presented to them to seek to improve the situation?	17:04
11		Α.	I don't know in 2015 because I wasn't	
12	389	Q.	You weren't	
13		Α.	I wasn't a clinical lead at that point in time. So I	
14			can't answer.	
15	390	Q.	Do you remember any discussion at the departmental	17:04
16			meeting about it?	
17		Α.	I think there was a very clear understanding in our	
18			department around that time, and before, that we	
19			couldn't deliver what was expected of us with two	
20			clinical nurse specialists.	17:05
21	391	Q.	Okay. Coming back to the clinical nurse specialist,	
22			and you talked about after the telephone call from	
23			Dr. Hughes and before you met with Dr. Hughes, you	
24			informally sounded out Kate O'Neill and Leanne McCourt	
25			to see what their experience was, and I wonder just	17:05
26			what the tone of that was, that conversation from them?	
27		Α.	So, as you heard, I gave evidence earlier today about	
28			my sensitivity to the fact that we were all going to be	
29			asked difficult questions, not only by Dr. Hughes but	

1			also by this Inquiry, and I went into the meeting not	
2			trying to provoke a response from anybody, but just	
3			trying to understand what their experienced had been.	
4			So the questions I asked them were quite open. I	
5			wasn't trying to narrow it down to any particular	17:06
6			person's practice. And I just wanted to get a sense of	
7			where they were and what their experience had been,	
8			because I was taken aback when Dr. Hughes told me over	
9			the phone that all nine of those patients had not had a	
10			CNS involved in their care. That was quite I was	17:06
11			alarmed, and I wanted to	
12	392	Q.	You wanted to try to get to the bottom of it, was it?	
13		Α.	I just wanted to know what had been happening.	
14	393	Q.	And what was the tenor of their conversation with you?	
15		Α.	I think we were all in quite a fragile state at that	17:06
16			point in time. I think we were all quite upset. I	
17			think we were - I suppose anger was a natural enough	
18			response from us at that time too. We were coming to	
19			terms with what was unfolding. So, you know, Leanne	
20			relayed the story of how she had spoken to Mr. O'Brien	17:07
21			in the kitchen, and I didn't want to push them into	
22			saying things that they weren't going to volunteer,	
23			because I knew that they'd have to be giving their	
24			version of events anyway.	
25	394	Q.	Well the conversation that she, or what she related to	17:07
26			you about that conversation in the kitchen, what	
27			impression were you left with?	
28		Α.	My impression of the way that she relayed it was, first	
29			of all I couldn't understand why he didn't, why there	

1			was any issue about the key worker, because this had	
2			been a feature of MDT working for a long, long time.	
3			It was part of the operational policy. He had drafted	
4			the operational policy that we were working to at that	
5			time. I don't see why it would have been - to me it	17:07
6			shouldn't have even been anything that would have	
7			required any conversation or questioning. So I was	
8			kind of taken aback that she had received that	
9			response.	
10	395	Q.	She has told this Inquiry that despite what was	17:08
11			recorded in the minutes of the meeting with the MDT,	
12			and what was or, sorry, with the nurses, I should	
13			say and what she put in her statement to this	
14			Inquiry, she said that "Oh, it was Mr. O'Brien joking	
15			with her." Is that the impression she gave you?	17:08
16		Α.	No, that's not the way it came across to me, and I	
17			didn't probe her at the time about that, and I think I	
18			was upset about what was going on. It was quite clear	
19			to me that Leanne and Kate were upset about what was	
20			going on, and I didn't want to add to their degree of	17:08
21			upset, but it didn't come to me across as a joke.	
22	396	Q.	Thank you. Just one other thing about, I mean there	
23			has been talk about the contrast of the support that	
24			was put in place for Mr. Suresh compared to how	
25			Mr. O'Brien did not receive similar type of support. I	17:09
26			suppose one of the would you say that one of the	
27			main issues for that was because of the MHPS process	
28			and the whole issue of confidentiality around that and	
29			not really understanding in the team just what the	

1			issues were?	
2		Α.	I don't, I don't see any reason why support couldn't	
3			have been provided to Mr. O'Brien in parallel to the	
4			MHPS process happening. Now, I'm not by any means an	
5			expert in MHPS, I have never participated in the	17:09
6			process, but I have read in preparation for this	
7			documents relating to it. So I see no reason why the	
8			Trusts couldn't have put supports in place. I also	
9			think that the kind of shrouded approach that was	
10			adopted didn't serve us well.	17:10
11	397	Q.	And, finally, just one other thing. Did Mr. O'Brien	
12			ever ask you, or to your knowledge, any of your	
13			colleagues for help? Did he ever say to you apart	
14			from these meetings where he said it is impossible to	
15			do this as urologist of the week, for example, in	17:10
16			relation to triage, did he ever say "Look, can any of	
17			you help me here?"	
18		Α.	He never expressed those, that kind of request to me.	
19			Did I sit at times thinking how is he? How is he	
20			coping? Yes, it did cross my mind. I regret that I	17:10
21			didn't have that conversation.	
22			CHAIR: Okay. Thank you. That's been really helpful,	
23			Mr. Glackin, and I am pleased to say that we have	
24			concluded your evidence, so you're free to go. Unless	
25			there's anything further, Mr. Wolfe?	17:11
26			MR. WOLFE: Not from me.	
27				
28				
29				

1	CHAIR: No. Okay. Thank you very much. Ladies and
2	gentlemen then I think we're back on - I have forgotten
3	the date, but Tuesday the week after next.
4	
5	THE INQUIRY WAS ADJOURNED TO TUESDAY, 31ST OCTOBER 2023 17:11
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